20-4. Reduce pneumoconiosis deaths.

National Data Source	National Surveillance System for Pneumoconiosis Mortality (NSSPM), CDC, NIOSH.	
State Data Source	National Surveillance System for Pneumoconiosis Mortality (NSSPM), CDC, NIOSH.	
Healthy People 2000 Objective	Adapted from 10.17 (Occupational Safety and Health).	
Changes since the 2000 Publication	None.	
Measure	Number of deaths.	
Baseline (Year)	2,928 (1997)	
Target	1900	
Target-Setting Method	10 percent fewer than the number of pneumoconiosis deaths projected for 2010 based on a 15-year trend (1982-97).	
	For a discussion of target-setting methods, see Part A, section 4.	
Numerator	Number of deaths with pneumoconiosis (ICD-10 codes J60 to J66 – see Comments) coded as an underlying or contributing cause of death.	Comment [r1]: ICD-9 has been replaced with ICD-10.
Numerator Denominator	Number of deaths with pneumoconiosis (ICD-10 codes J60 to J66 – see Comments) coded as an	
	Number of deaths with pneumoconiosis (ICD-10 codes J60 to J66 – see Comments) coded as an underlying or contributing cause of death.	
Denominator	Number of deaths with pneumoconiosis (ICD-10 codes J60 to J66 – see Comments) coded as an underlying or contributing cause of death. Not applicable.	
Denominator Population Targeted Questions Used To Obtain the National	Number of deaths with pneumoconiosis (ICD-10 codes J60 to J66 – see Comments) coded as an underlying or contributing cause of death. Not applicable. U.S. resident population.	

revision) codes listed as underlying cause or on the entity axis of the multiple-cause-of-death files.

Data are restricted to decedents aged 15 years and older in order to more closely represent members of the population who are of working age and older. The baseline was based on ICD-9 codes 500-505. Information on comparability between ICD-9 and ICD-10 has been published by NCHS.¹ There has been no substantial break in the trend of pneumoconiosis death counts associated with the switch from ICD-9 to ICD-10 codes.

See Part A, section 8 for a discussion of the International Classification of Diseases.

Objective 20-4 is similar to Healthy People 2000 objective 10.17, which tracked the combined death rate from byssinosis, asbestosis, coal workers' pneumoconiosis, and silicosis.

See Part C for a description of NVSS-M and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

References

 Anderson, R.N.; Minino, A.M.; Hoyert, D.L.; Rosenberg, H.M.; Comparability of cause of death between ICD-9 and ICD-10: Preliminary estimates. *National Vital Statistics Reports.* Vol. 49 No.2. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics, 2001.

Operational Definition: Objective 20-4