- 7-2. Increase the proportion of middle, junior high, and senior high schools that provide school health education to prevent health problems in the following areas: unintentional injury; violence; suicide; tobacco use and addiction; alcohol and other drug use; unintended pregnancy, HIV/AIDS, and STD infection; unhealthy dietary patterns; inadequate physical activity; and environmental health.
- 7-2c. Violence.

| National Data Source                                      | School Health Policies and Programs Study (SHPPS), CDC, NCCDPHP.  |
|---|---|
| State Data Source   | School Health Education Profiles, (SHEPS), CDC, NCCDPHP.  |
| Healthy People 2000<br>Objective                          | Adapted from 8.4 (Educational and Community-<br>Based Programs).  |
| Changes since the 2000 Publication                        | None  |
| Measure   | Percent.  |
| Baseline (Year)   | 58 (1994)   |
| Target  | 80  |
| Target-Setting Method                                     | 38 percent improvement.   |
|   | For a discussion of target-setting methods, see Part A, section 4.  |
| Numerator   | Number of middle, junior, and senior high schools that provide health education on conflict resolution/violence prevention. |
| Denominator   | Number of middle, junior, and senior high schools.  |
| Population Targeted                                       | Middle, junior, and senior high schools.  |
| Questions Used To<br>Obtain the National<br>Baseline Data | From the 1994 School Health Policies and<br>Programs Study:   |

| Expected Periodicity | <ul> <li>Now I'd like to ask which health education topics are taught in any of the required courses that we've listed. Please give me the numbers of the topics your school teaches at some time in required courses.</li> <li>None of these topics</li> <li>Alcohol and other drug use prevention</li> <li>Conflict resolution/violence prevention</li> <li>Dietary behaviors and nutrition</li> <li>Environmental health</li> <li>HIV prevention</li> <li>Injury prevention and safety</li> <li>Physical activity and fitness</li> <li>Pregnancy prevention</li> <li>Sexually transmitted disease (STD) prevention</li> <li>Tobacco use prevention</li> <li>Other (List additional topics here):</li> </ul> |
|----------------------|--|
|                      |  |
| Comment              | A school is considered to provide health education<br>on key risk behavior and content areas if they report<br>having a required course on conflict resolution/<br>violence prevention.  |
|                      | Objective 7-2 is adapted from Healthy People 2000<br>objective 8.4, which tracked the proportion of<br>elementary and secondary schools that included<br>instruction in six key behavioral areas (unintentional<br>and intentional injury, tobacco use, alcohol and<br>other drug use, sexual behaviors, unhealthy dietary<br>behaviors, physical inactivity) in their health<br>education program. Objective 7-2 tracks middle,<br>junior, and senior high schools: it excludes<br>elementary schools. The 2010 measure also<br>includes environmental health.<br>See Part C for a description of SHPPS and   |
|                      | Appendix A for focus area contact information.   |