Last revision June 10, 2008
Tabulating data for fiscal year 1965 NHIS current estimates tables - examples
Table 1: All acute conditions (in thousands) (see table footnote)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: acute condition (col. 37=1), onset in last two weeks (col. 68=0,1), restricted activity days and/or doctor ever seen (cols. 38-39>00 or col. 63=1)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of all acute conditions (in thousands)): 400,828
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 2: Restricted activity days from all acute conditions (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: acute condition (col. 37=1), restricted activity days (cols. 38-39)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of restricted activity days from all acute conditions (in thousands)): 1,567,872
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 3: Bed days from all acute conditions (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat) Criteria: acute condition (col. 37=1), bed days (cols. 40-41)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of bed days from all acute conditions (in thousands)): 657,822
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 7: Lost school days (ages 6-16) from all acute conditions (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: acute condition (col. 37=1), days lost (cols. 42-43), age 6-16 (cols. 26-27 between 06 and 16)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of lost school days (ages 6-16) from all acute conditions (in thousands)): 189,305
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 8: Lost work days (ages 17+) from all acute conditions (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: acute condition (col. 37=1), days lost (cols. 42-43), age 17+ (cols. 26-27 is 17 or more), current activity is working (col. 30=1,2)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of lost work days (ages 17+) from all acute conditions (in thousands)): 240,478
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 9: Persons with one or more chronic conditions (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year person file (person.dat)
Criteria: chronic conditions present (col. 54>0)
Weight: Final annual weight (cols. 151-156)
Result (estimated number of persons with one or more chronic conditions (in thousands)): 87,301
Table 10: Total injuries (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: first injury (col. 85='-'), onset in last two weeks (col. 68=0,1)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result: (estimated number of persons injured (in thousands)): 54,234
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 11: Days of restricted activity associated with injury (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: first injury (col. 85='-'), restricted activity days (cols. 38-39)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of days of restricted activity associated with injury (in thousands)): 534,556
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 12: Bed days associated with injury (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year condition file (condition.dat)
Criteria: first injury (col. 85='-'), bed days (cols. 40-41)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of bed days associated with injury (in thousands)): 135,566
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from condition file.

Table 13: Number of discharges from short-stay hospitals (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year hospital file (hospital.dat)
Criteria: j-recode: discharge in last 6 months (col. 137=1,2), short-stay hospital (col. 89=1)
Weight (semiannual estimate): Final quarterly weight (cols. 115-120) divided by 2, rounded to nearest integer
Result (estimated number of discharges from short-stay hospitals (in thousands)): 24,226
Note: estimates for this table may be a little lower than published estimates due to removal of several duplicate records from hospital file.

Table 14: Restricted-activity days (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year person file (person.dat)
Criteria: restricted activity days (cols. 38-39)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of restricted activity days (in thousands)): 3,086,097
Table 15: Lost school days (ages 6-16) (in thousands)
File: 1965 fiscal year person file (person.dat)
Criteria: days lost (cols. 42-43), age 6-16 (cols. 26-27 between 06 and 16)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (estimated number of lost school days (ages 6-16) (in thousands)): 214,033
Table 16: Average cost per acquisition of prescribed medicine
(refer also to tables 7-14 in Series 2, No. 33, where the term "purchase" is used instead of "acquisition")
File: 1965 fiscal year prescribed medicine file (presmed.dat)
Criteria: purchase cost known, greater than zero (cols. 44-47>=0001)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)
Result (average cost per purchase of prescribed medicine, rounded to nearest ten cents): \$3.70 Note: averages for this table could vary from published averages due to removal of duplicate records from prescribed medicine file.

Table 17: Distribution of cost of nonprescribed medicine by place from which obtained File: 1965 fiscal year nonprescribed medicine file (npresmed.dat)
Criteria: where bought (col. 52 - collapse '4','5','9' into an "other" category), purchase cost per user known, greater than zero (cols. 48-51>=0001)
Weight: Weight 6.5 (cols. 109-114)*cost
Result (distribution of cost of nonprescribed medicine by place from which obtained): 65.3\% drug store, $20.2 \%$ grocery store, $1.6 \%$ mail order house, $4.7 \%$ department store, $7.4 \%$ other, 0.9\% unknown

Note: distributions for this table could vary from published distributions due to removal of duplicate records from nonprescribed medicine file.

