Healthy People 2010 Operational Definition

- 21-2. Reduce the proportion of children, adolescents, and adults with untreated dental decay.
- 21-2b. Reduce the proportion of children with untreated dental decay in their primary teeth and permanent teeth.

National Data Source National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

(NHANES), CDC, NCHS.

State Data Source Not identified.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

13.2 (Oral Health).

Changes since the 2000 Publication

Revised baseline (see Comments).

Measure Percent.

Baseline (Year) 28 (1988–94)

Target 21

Target-Setting Method Better than the best racial/ethnic subgroup.

For a discussion of target-setting methods, see Part

A, section 4.

Numerator Number of children aged 6 to 8 years with a clinical

diagnosis of dental decay in at least one primary or

permanent tooth that has not been restored.

Denominator Number of children aged 6 to 8 years.

Population Targeted U.S. civilian, noninstitutionalized population.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Baseline Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Periodic.

Comments This objective uses the same measurement protocol

as the comparable Healthy People 2000 objective 13.2. A description of the clinical protocol used to diagnose dental decay for Healthy People 2000 has

been published by NCHS.1

Baseline data for the American Indian/Alaska Native population are from the 1999 Oral Health Survey of Native Americans. IHS collects data approximately every 10 years on the American Indian/Alaska Native population. Data are collected on clinic users to assess the oral health status and treatment needs of the IHS service area population. The data reflect a weighted sample.

Baseline data for the Asian population are from the 1993-94 California Oral Health Needs Assessment of Children. This data set was used because it had the largest representative sample of Asian children for which clinical oral health status indicators were assessed. Data were collected from a representative sample of California children in schools by trained examiners.

Baseline data for the Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander population are from the 1999 Hawai'i Children's Oral Health Assessment. The Hawaii State Department of Health collects oral health data of school children periodically (previously in 1998). In 1999 25,553 school children aged 5 - 11 years were surveyed. Data were collected by calibrated examiners from a representative sample of Hawaii children attending public schools.

The original baseline of 29 percent was revised to 28 percent using the publicly available data released after the original baseline was released. The original target of 21 percent did not change.

For some measures, data do not meet the criteria for statistical reliability, data quality, or confidentiality and have been suppressed. Information on suppression of data for the major Healthy People 2010 data systems has been published in a *Healthy People Statistical Note.*²

See Part C for a description of NHANES and Appendix A for focus area contact information.

Operational Definition: Objective 21-2b

References

- 1. Vargas, C.; Schober, S.; and Gift, H. Operational definitions for year 2000 objectives: Priority area 13, Oral Health. *Healthy People 2000 Statistical Notes*, No. 12. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), 1997.
- 2. Klein, R.J.; Proctor, S.E.; Boudreault, M.A.; Turczyn, K.M. Healthy People 2010 Criteria for Data Suppression. *Statistical Notes* No. 24. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 2002.

Operational Definition: Objective 21-2b