

Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Total	100.0	93.0 (0.11)	5.3 (0.10)	1.0 (0.04)	0.7 (0.03)
Sex					
Male	100.0	94.0 (0.13)	4.4 (0.11)	0.9 (0.05)	0.6 (0.04)
Female	100.0	92.0 (0.16)	6.2 (0.15)	1.0 (0.05)	0.7 (0.05)
Age					
Under 12 years	100.0	94.0 (0.24)	5.4 (0.23)	0.5 (0.06)	0.2 (0.05)
12-17 years	100.0	97.9 (0.20)	1.8 (0.19)	0.2 (0.05)	0.1 (0.03)
18-44 years	100.0	94.5 (0.16)	4.4 (0.14)	0.6 (0.05)	0.5 (0.05)
45-64 years	100.0	92.5 (0.19)	5.3 (0.16)	1.2 (0.08)	1.0 (0.08)
65 years and over	100.0	84.8 (0.36)	10.5 (0.29)	2.8 (0.16)	1.9 (0.13)
Race					
One race ²	100.0	93.1 (0.11)	5.3 (0.10)	1.0 (0.04)	0.7 (0.03)
White	100.0	93.0 (0.12)	5.4 (0.11)	1.0 (0.04)	0.6 (0.03)
Black or African American	100.0	92.4 (0.33)	5.3 (0.26)	1.2 (0.12)	1.1 (0.11)
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	92.9 (1.00)	4.6 (0.85)	0.7 (0.27)	1.8 (0.50)
Asian	100.0	95.6 (0.36)	3.5 (0.31)	0.6 (0.13)	0.3 (0.10)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	93.3 (1.99)	*	0.1 (0.13)	0.7 (0.50)
Two or more races ³	100.0	92.1 (0.73)	5.7 (0.58)	1.0 (0.29)	1.3 (0.29)
Black or African American, white	100.0	93.1 (1.41)	5.6 (0.98)	0.1 (0.10)	1.2 (0.97)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	100.0	90.6 (1.42)	6.2 (1.15)	1.1 (0.49)	2.1 (0.62)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race					
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	94.2 (0.25)	4.3 (0.21)	0.8 (0.10)	0.6 (0.08)
Mexican or Mexican American	100.0	94.1 (0.34)	4.5 (0.30)	0.7 (0.13)	0.7 (0.10)
Not Hispanic or Latino	100.0	92.8 (0.12)	5.5 (0.11)	1.0 (0.04)	0.7 (0.04)
White, single race	100.0	92.6 (0.15)	5.7 (0.13)	1.0 (0.05)	0.7 (0.04)
Black or African American, single race	100.0	92.4 (0.33)	5.3 (0.27)	1.2 (0.12)	1.1 (0.11)
Education ⁵					
Less than a high school diploma	100.0	90.7 (0.39)	6.2 (0.32)	1.4 (0.13)	1.7 (0.17)
High school diploma or GED ⁶	100.0	91.2 (0.24)	6.3 (0.21)	1.2 (0.10)	1.2 (0.10)
Some college	100.0	90.9 (0.22)	6.5 (0.20)	1.4 (0.10)	1.1 (0.09)
Bachelor's degree or higher	100.0	93.2 (0.21)	5.3 (0.18)	1.0 (0.08)	0.5 (0.06)

Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Family income ⁷					
Less than \$35,000	100.0	91.1 (0.22)	6.1 (0.18)	1.5 (0.09)	1.3 (0.09)
\$35,000 or more	100.0	93.6 (0.13)	5.1 (0.12)	0.8 (0.04)	0.5 (0.04)
\$35,000–\$49,999	100.0	92.6 (0.32)	5.7 (0.28)	0.9 (0.11)	0.8 (0.11)
\$50,000–\$74,999	100.0	93.0 (0.26)	5.5 (0.24)	0.9 (0.09)	0.6 (0.07)
\$75,000–\$99,999	100.0	93.8 (0.29)	4.9 (0.26)	0.9 (0.10)	0.4 (0.07)
\$100,000 or more	100.0	94.2 (0.20)	4.8 (0.19)	0.6 (0.06)	0.4 (0.05)
Poverty status ⁸					
Poor	100.0	90.8 (0.33)	6.0 (0.27)	1.5 (0.14)	1.7 (0.16)
Near poor	100.0	91.4 (0.26)	6.1 (0.22)	1.4 (0.11)	1.1 (0.10)
Not poor	100.0	93.7 (0.13)	5.1 (0.12)	0.8 (0.04)	0.5 (0.03)
Health insurance coverage ⁹					
Under 65:					
Private	100.0	94.9 (0.14)	4.2 (0.13)	0.6 (0.04)	0.3 (0.03)
Medicaid or other public	100.0	90.1 (0.33)	7.0 (0.28)	1.5 (0.13)	1.5 (0.14)
Other	100.0	91.0 (0.69)	6.1 (0.60)	1.7 (0.33)	1.2 (0.23)
Uninsured	100.0	96.2 (0.26)	3.2 (0.24)	0.4 (0.07)	0.3 (0.06)
65 and over:					
Private	100.0	84.3 (0.53)	11.0 (0.42)	2.7 (0.24)	2.0 (0.20)
Dual eligible	100.0	81.3 (1.49)	10.3 (1.05)	4.2 (0.73)	4.2 (0.79)
Medicare Advantage	100.0	86.1 (0.70)	10.0 (0.58)	2.3 (0.28)	1.6 (0.26)
Medicare only	100.0	83.8 (0.88)	11.7 (0.75)	2.7 (0.34)	1.7 (0.27)
Other coverage	100.0	80.4 (1.44)	12.5 (1.24)	4.8 (0.80)	2.2 (0.58)
Uninsured	100.0	**96.4 (2.40)	0.9 (0.66)	*	-
Place of residence ¹⁰					
Large MSA	100.0	93.5 (0.14)	5.0 (0.12)	0.9 (0.05)	0.6 (0.04)
Small MSA	100.0	92.4 (0.21)	5.8 (0.18)	1.1 (0.06)	0.7 (0.06)
Not in MSA	100.0	92.1 (0.32)	5.9 (0.28)	1.1 (0.10)	0.9 (0.08)
Region					
Northeast	100.0	93.2 (0.26)	5.1 (0.23)	1.0 (0.09)	0.7 (0.08)
Midwest	100.0	92.2 (0.25)	6.0 (0.22)	1.1 (0.08)	0.7 (0.07)
South	100.0	92.7 (0.18)	5.5 (0.16)	1.0 (0.06)	0.8 (0.05)
West	100.0	94.1 (0.19)	4.7 (0.17)	0.8 (0.07)	0.5 (0.05)

Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	100.0	94.8 (0.36)	3.5 (0.30)	1.0 (0.16)	0.7 (0.13)
Hispanic or Latina, female	100.0	93.6 (0.34)	5.1 (0.32)	0.7 (0.11)	0.6 (0.11)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	100.0	93.8 (0.16)	4.7 (0.14)	0.9 (0.06)	0.6 (0.05)
White, single race, female	100.0	91.5 (0.22)	6.7 (0.20)	1.1 (0.07)	0.7 (0.06)
Black or African American, single race, male	100.0	93.4 (0.42)	4.7 (0.38)	1.1 (0.17)	0.9 (0.15)
Black or African American, single race, female	100.0	91.4 (0.45)	6.0 (0.37)	1.3 (0.18)	1.3 (0.16)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	100.0	92.4 (0.61)	5.4 (0.52)	1.3 (0.27)	0.9 (0.21)
Near poor	100.0	93.9 (0.49)	4.3 (0.41)	0.9 (0.19)	0.8 (0.20)
Not Poor	100.0	94.8 (0.34)	4.1 (0.31)	0.6 (0.12)	0.5 (0.10)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	100.0	90.1 (0.54)	6.6 (0.44)	1.6 (0.20)	1.8 (0.24)
Near poor	100.0	90.0 (0.39)	7.2 (0.33)	1.7 (0.16)	1.1 (0.13)
Not poor	100.0	93.3 (0.16)	5.4 (0.15)	0.8 (0.05)	0.5 (0.04)
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	100.0	89.8 (0.77)	6.1 (0.63)	2.0 (0.33)	2.1 (0.36)
Near poor	100.0	91.2 (0.72)	5.8 (0.58)	1.5 (0.29)	1.5 (0.29)
Not poor	100.0	93.5 (0.44)	4.8 (0.38)	0.8 (0.16)	0.8 (0.15)

* Estimate is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), and is not shown.

** Complement of the estimate is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf).

- Quantity zero.

¹Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over. Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁸"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. Unless otherwise specified, estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 0-11, 12-17, 18-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. Estimates for age groups are not age-adjusted. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2016 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2018. Available from: <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2016.

Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Total	318,703	294,962	17,520	3,347	2,433
Sex					
Male	155,763	145,867	7,140	1,477	1,083
Female	162,940	149,095	10,380	1,870	1,350
Age					
Under 12 years	48,656	45,685	2,603	222	96
12-17 years	24,909	24,365	456	39	22
18-44 years	113,399	106,998	5,010	729	527
45-64 years	83,702	77,280	4,411	1,034	855
65 years and over	48,037	40,633	5,039	1,323	933
Race					
One race ²	310,493	287,373	17,025	3,291	2,364
White	246,719	227,860	14,033	2,677	1,803
Black or African American	40,871	37,714	2,156	476	440
American Indian or Alaska Native	3,537	3,303	156	23	55
Asian	18,683	17,851	646	114	61
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	683	**645	*	1	3
Two or more races ³	8,209	7,589	495	56	69
Black or African American, white	2,448	2,227	201	10	10
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	2,277	2,062	143	25	48
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race					
Hispanic or Latino	57,092	53,993	2,338	396	289
Mexican or Mexican American	35,066	33,179	1,462	209	185
Not Hispanic or Latino	261,611	240,969	15,182	2,951	2,144
White, single race	195,663	179,526	11,991	2,323	1,554
Black or African American, single race	38,642	35,627	2,047	456	426
Education ⁵					
Less than a high school diploma	26,429	23,588	1,831	443	505
High school diploma or GED ⁶	54,194	48,936	3,722	783	694
Some college	59,474	53,946	3,902	883	659
Bachelor's degree or higher	72,239	67,308	3,767	725	377

Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Family income ⁷					
Less than \$35,000	78,945	71,249	5,134	1,335	1,099
\$35,000 or more	193,807	181,334	9,893	1,520	1,017
\$35,000–\$49,999	30,341	27,926	1,826	296	283
\$50,000–\$74,999	46,225	42,855	2,623	462	280
\$75,000–\$99,999	35,309	33,113	1,728	317	147
\$100,000 or more	81,931	77,439	3,716	445	307
Poverty status ⁸					
Poor	39,623	36,271	2,228	517	541
Near poor	55,904	50,963	3,461	809	611
Not poor	198,489	185,084	10,429	1,719	1,128
Health insurance coverage ⁹					
Under 65:					
Private	175,659	166,412	7,420	1,051	636
Medicaid or other public	54,121	49,459	3,349	627	597
Other	10,163	9,037	712	213	166
Uninsured	27,611	26,462	920	124	92
65 and over:					
Private	19,907	16,879	2,105	509	385
Dual eligible	3,208	2,604	329	134	133
Medicare Advantage	11,953	10,279	1,168	269	189
Medicare only	8,436	7,090	968	221	142
Other coverage	3,845	3,134	450	173	81
Uninsured	391	**379	*	*	-
Place of residence ¹⁰					
Large MSA	180,282	168,040	9,101	1,669	1,202
Small MSA	94,292	86,643	5,690	1,103	754
Not in MSA	44,129	40,278	2,729	575	478
Region					
Northeast	59,285	54,917	3,155	666	474
Midwest	69,223	63,521	4,266	835	552
South	115,308	106,328	6,535	1,229	1,023
West	74,887	70,196	3,565	616	383

Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	28,616	27,304	919	222	140
Hispanic or Latina, female	28,476	26,689	1,418	173	149
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	95,977	89,097	5,006	1,013	731
White, single race, female	99,686	90,429	6,984	1,311	824
Black or African American, single race, male	17,947	16,788	802	175	150
Black or African American, single race, female	20,695	18,839	1,245	281	276
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	12,090	11,297	584	111	83
Near poor	15,592	14,729	643	115	97
Not poor	24,493	23,292	937	138	92
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	14,656	13,188	954	224	259
Near poor	27,909	24,791	2,169	540	363
Not poor	139,231	129,024	7,926	1,381	831
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	8,991	8,175	510	141	145
Near poor	8,084	7,387	462	115	113
Not poor	17,936	16,726	887	146	151

* Corresponding crude percentage for the frequency is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), so the frequency is not shown.

** Complement of the corresponding crude percentage for the frequency is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf).

- Quantity zero.

¹Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁸"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the frequencies, but they were included in the "All persons" column. Includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2016 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2018. Available from: <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2016

Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Total	100.0	92.7 (0.11)	5.5 (0.09)	1.1 (0.04)	0.8 (0.03)
Sex					
Male	100.0	93.8 (0.14)	4.6 (0.12)	0.9 (0.05)	0.7 (0.05)
Female	100.0	91.6 (0.16)	6.4 (0.14)	1.1 (0.06)	0.8 (0.05)
Age					
Under 12 years	100.0	94.0 (0.24)	5.4 (0.23)	0.5 (0.06)	0.2 (0.05)
12-17 years	100.0	97.9 (0.20)	1.8 (0.19)	0.2 (0.05)	0.1 (0.03)
18-44 years	100.0	94.5 (0.16)	4.4 (0.14)	0.6 (0.05)	0.5 (0.05)
45-64 years	100.0	92.5 (0.19)	5.3 (0.16)	1.2 (0.08)	1.0 (0.08)
65 years and over	100.0	84.8 (0.36)	10.5 (0.29)	2.8 (0.16)	1.9 (0.13)
Race					
One race ²	100.0	92.7 (0.11)	5.5 (0.10)	1.1 (0.04)	0.8 (0.03)
White	100.0	92.5 (0.13)	5.7 (0.11)	1.1 (0.05)	0.7 (0.04)
Black or African American	100.0	92.5 (0.33)	5.3 (0.26)	1.2 (0.11)	1.1 (0.11)
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	93.4 (0.87)	4.4 (0.75)	0.6 (0.23)	1.6 (0.44)
Asian	100.0	95.6 (0.36)	3.5 (0.30)	0.6 (0.14)	0.3 (0.11)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	**94.4 (1.88)	*	0.1 (0.10)	0.5 (0.37)
Two or more races ³	100.0	92.4 (0.68)	6.0 (0.61)	0.7 (0.19)	0.8 (0.20)
Black or African American, white	100.0	91.0 (1.36)	8.2 (1.32)	0.4 (0.30)	0.4 (0.22)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	100.0	90.6 (1.46)	6.3 (1.18)	1.1 (0.48)	2.1 (0.62)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race					
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	94.7 (0.22)	4.1 (0.20)	0.7 (0.08)	0.5 (0.06)
Mexican or Mexican American	100.0	94.7 (0.29)	4.2 (0.26)	0.6 (0.10)	0.5 (0.08)
Not Hispanic or Latino	100.0	92.2 (0.12)	5.8 (0.11)	1.1 (0.04)	0.8 (0.04)
White, single race	100.0	91.9 (0.15)	6.1 (0.13)	1.2 (0.05)	0.8 (0.04)
Black or African American, single race	100.0	92.4 (0.33)	5.3 (0.27)	1.2 (0.12)	1.1 (0.11)
Education ⁵					
Less than a high school diploma	100.0	89.5 (0.43)	6.9 (0.36)	1.7 (0.15)	1.9 (0.18)
High school diploma or GED ⁶	100.0	90.4 (0.25)	6.9 (0.22)	1.4 (0.11)	1.3 (0.10)
Some college	100.0	90.8 (0.22)	6.6 (0.20)	1.5 (0.10)	1.1 (0.09)
Bachelor's degree or higher	100.0	93.3 (0.21)	5.2 (0.18)	1.0 (0.08)	0.5 (0.06)

Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Family income ⁷					
Less than \$35,000	100.0	90.4 (0.24)	6.5 (0.19)	1.7 (0.10)	1.4 (0.09)
\$35,000 or more	100.0	93.6 (0.13)	5.1 (0.12)	0.8 (0.04)	0.5 (0.04)
\$35,000–\$49,999	100.0	92.1 (0.33)	6.0 (0.28)	1.0 (0.12)	0.9 (0.12)
\$50,000–\$74,999	100.0	92.7 (0.26)	5.7 (0.24)	1.0 (0.09)	0.6 (0.07)
\$75,000–\$99,999	100.0	93.8 (0.29)	4.9 (0.26)	0.9 (0.11)	0.4 (0.07)
\$100,000 or more	100.0	94.5 (0.19)	4.5 (0.17)	0.5 (0.05)	0.4 (0.05)
Poverty status ⁸					
Poor	100.0	91.7 (0.31)	5.6 (0.26)	1.3 (0.11)	1.4 (0.13)
Near poor	100.0	91.3 (0.28)	6.2 (0.23)	1.4 (0.11)	1.1 (0.10)
Not poor	100.0	93.3 (0.13)	5.3 (0.12)	0.9 (0.04)	0.6 (0.04)
Health insurance coverage ⁹					
Under 65:					
Private	100.0	94.8 (0.13)	4.2 (0.12)	0.6 (0.04)	0.4 (0.03)
Medicaid or other public	100.0	91.5 (0.28)	6.2 (0.24)	1.2 (0.10)	1.1 (0.10)
Other	100.0	89.2 (0.66)	7.0 (0.55)	2.1 (0.30)	1.6 (0.27)
Uninsured	100.0	95.9 (0.26)	3.3 (0.23)	0.5 (0.08)	0.3 (0.08)
65 and over:					
Private	100.0	84.9 (0.51)	10.6 (0.40)	2.6 (0.23)	1.9 (0.20)
Dual eligible	100.0	81.4 (1.50)	10.3 (1.05)	4.2 (0.73)	4.2 (0.79)
Medicare Advantage	100.0	86.3 (0.69)	9.8 (0.57)	2.3 (0.28)	1.6 (0.26)
Medicare only	100.0	84.2 (0.88)	11.5 (0.74)	2.6 (0.34)	1.7 (0.27)
Other coverage	100.0	81.7 (1.40)	11.7 (1.17)	4.5 (0.73)	2.1 (0.52)
Uninsured	100.0	**97.0 (1.50)	*	*	-
Place of residence ¹⁰					
Large MSA	100.0	93.3 (0.14)	5.1 (0.12)	0.9 (0.05)	0.7 (0.05)
Small MSA	100.0	92.0 (0.21)	6.0 (0.18)	1.2 (0.07)	0.8 (0.06)
Not in MSA	100.0	91.4 (0.33)	6.2 (0.27)	1.3 (0.11)	1.1 (0.10)
Region					
Northeast	100.0	92.7 (0.27)	5.3 (0.23)	1.1 (0.11)	0.8 (0.09)
Midwest	100.0	91.8 (0.25)	6.2 (0.22)	1.2 (0.09)	0.8 (0.08)
South	100.0	92.4 (0.18)	5.7 (0.16)	1.1 (0.06)	0.9 (0.06)
West	100.0	93.9 (0.20)	4.8 (0.17)	0.8 (0.07)	0.5 (0.05)

Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2016

Selected characteristic	All persons	None ¹	One ¹	Two ¹	Three or more ¹
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	100.0	95.5 (0.29)	3.2 (0.24)	0.8 (0.12)	0.5 (0.09)
Hispanic or Latina, female	100.0	93.9 (0.33)	5.0 (0.31)	0.6 (0.10)	0.5 (0.09)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	100.0	93.0 (0.18)	5.2 (0.15)	1.1 (0.07)	0.8 (0.06)
White, single race, female	100.0	90.8 (0.21)	7.0 (0.18)	1.3 (0.07)	0.8 (0.06)
Black or African American, single race, male	100.0	93.7 (0.41)	4.5 (0.37)	1.0 (0.15)	0.8 (0.14)
Black or African American, single race, female	100.0	91.3 (0.46)	6.0 (0.37)	1.4 (0.18)	1.3 (0.17)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	100.0	93.6 (0.50)	4.8 (0.45)	0.9 (0.17)	0.7 (0.16)
Near poor	100.0	94.5 (0.42)	4.1 (0.37)	0.7 (0.15)	0.6 (0.14)
Not poor	100.0	95.2 (0.31)	3.8 (0.29)	0.6 (0.11)	0.4 (0.08)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	100.0	90.2 (0.55)	6.5 (0.44)	1.5 (0.19)	1.8 (0.24)
Near poor	100.0	89.0 (0.43)	7.8 (0.35)	1.9 (0.18)	1.3 (0.14)
Not poor	100.0	92.7 (0.15)	5.7 (0.14)	1.0 (0.05)	0.6 (0.05)
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	100.0	91.1 (0.70)	5.7 (0.59)	1.6 (0.27)	1.6 (0.28)
Near poor	100.0	91.5 (0.70)	5.7 (0.57)	1.4 (0.27)	1.4 (0.28)
Not poor	100.0	93.4 (0.45)	5.0 (0.39)	0.8 (0.16)	0.8 (0.15)

* * * Estimate is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), and is not shown.

** Complement of the estimate is considered unreliable, as specified in National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf).

- Quantity zero.

¹Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

²Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁷Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁸"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

⁹Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹⁰MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2016 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2018. Available from: <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2016.