

**Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Total	100.0	92.8 (0.11)	5.5 (0.10)	1.0 (0.04)	0.7 (0.03)
Sex					
Male	100.0	93.7 (0.14)	4.6 (0.12)	1.0 (0.05)	0.7 (0.05)
Female	100.0	91.8 (0.16)	6.4 (0.15)	1.1 (0.06)	0.7 (0.04)
Age					
Under 12 years	100.0	93.4 (0.24)	6.0 (0.22)	0.5 (0.07)	0.2 (0.04)
12-17 years	100.0	98.0 (0.18)	1.7 (0.17)	0.2 (0.06)	*0.1 (0.04)
18-44 years	100.0	94.2 (0.15)	4.7 (0.13)	0.7 (0.05)	0.5 (0.05)
45-64 years	100.0	92.3 (0.21)	5.5 (0.17)	1.3 (0.09)	0.9 (0.07)
65 years and over	100.0	84.8 (0.37)	10.3 (0.31)	2.9 (0.17)	2.0 (0.14)
Race					
One race <sup>2</sup>	100.0	92.8 (0.11)	5.5 (0.10)	1.0 (0.04)	0.7 (0.03)
White	100.0	92.8 (0.13)	5.6 (0.12)	1.0 (0.05)	0.6 (0.03)
Black or African American	100.0	91.8 (0.29)	5.8 (0.25)	1.3 (0.11)	1.1 (0.11)
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	92.4 (0.87)	6.0 (0.78)	*0.8 (0.28)	*0.8 (0.31)
Asian	100.0	95.0 (0.35)	3.9 (0.30)	0.7 (0.11)	0.4 (0.09)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	93.2 (2.19)	*3.7 (1.19)	*	*
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	100.0	91.7 (0.73)	6.0 (0.63)	1.2 (0.31)	1.1 (0.30)
Black or African American, white	100.0	93.9 (1.43)	5.0 (1.40)	*	*0.6 (0.28)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	100.0	92.8 (1.11)	5.1 (0.98)	*1.6 (0.52)	*
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race					
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	93.4 (0.23)	4.9 (0.19)	1.0 (0.10)	0.7 (0.07)
Mexican or Mexican American	100.0	93.6 (0.32)	4.7 (0.25)	1.0 (0.14)	0.7 (0.10)
Not Hispanic or Latino	100.0	92.6 (0.13)	5.6 (0.11)	1.0 (0.05)	0.7 (0.04)
White, single race	100.0	92.6 (0.15)	5.8 (0.14)	1.0 (0.05)	0.6 (0.04)
Black or African American, single race	100.0	91.8 (0.30)	5.7 (0.26)	1.3 (0.11)	1.2 (0.11)
Education <sup>5</sup>					
Less than a high school diploma	100.0	89.8 (0.39)	6.2 (0.30)	2.1 (0.20)	1.8 (0.19)
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	100.0	91.4 (0.27)	6.3 (0.23)	1.4 (0.10)	1.0 (0.09)
Some college	100.0	90.8 (0.24)	6.6 (0.21)	1.6 (0.11)	1.1 (0.09)
Bachelor's degree or higher	100.0	92.9 (0.21)	5.7 (0.19)	0.9 (0.08)	0.6 (0.06)

**Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>7</sup>					
Less than \$35,000	100.0	90.4 (0.23)	6.6 (0.20)	1.6 (0.09)	1.4 (0.10)
\$35,000 or more	100.0	93.5 (0.14)	5.3 (0.13)	0.8 (0.05)	0.4 (0.03)
\$35,000–\$49,999	100.0	92.7 (0.34)	5.4 (0.29)	1.1 (0.12)	0.8 (0.10)
\$50,000–\$74,999	100.0	93.3 (0.28)	5.3 (0.25)	0.9 (0.09)	0.5 (0.07)
\$75,000–\$99,999	100.0	93.2 (0.33)	5.5 (0.30)	0.9 (0.11)	0.4 (0.07)
\$100,000 or more	100.0	94.0 (0.22)	5.1 (0.20)	0.7 (0.08)	0.3 (0.05)
Poverty status <sup>8</sup>					
Poor	100.0	89.4 (0.37)	6.9 (0.29)	2.0 (0.17)	1.7 (0.16)
Near poor	100.0	91.5 (0.26)	6.1 (0.23)	1.3 (0.10)	1.0 (0.09)
Not poor	100.0	93.4 (0.14)	5.3 (0.13)	0.8 (0.04)	0.5 (0.03)
Health insurance coverage <sup>9</sup>					
Under 65:					
Private	100.0	94.8 (0.13)	4.4 (0.12)	0.5 (0.04)	0.2 (0.02)
Medicaid or other public	100.0	88.9 (0.37)	7.6 (0.29)	1.7 (0.15)	1.8 (0.17)
Other	100.0	91.5 (0.74)	6.0 (0.67)	1.4 (0.21)	1.1 (0.22)
Uninsured	100.0	95.8 (0.29)	3.1 (0.26)	0.7 (0.11)	0.4 (0.08)
65 and over:					
Private	100.0	84.5 (0.56)	11.1 (0.49)	2.7 (0.26)	1.7 (0.20)
Dual eligible	100.0	77.7 (1.51)	12.4 (1.15)	5.3 (0.74)	4.7 (0.77)
Medicare Advantage	100.0	84.6 (0.76)	10.3 (0.64)	3.1 (0.37)	2.0 (0.31)
Medicare only	100.0	86.9 (0.84)	9.4 (0.72)	2.1 (0.39)	1.6 (0.27)
Other coverage	100.0	82.4 (1.38)	10.7 (1.07)	4.0 (0.68)	2.9 (0.73)
Uninsured	100.0	86.8 (4.59)	*9.5 (3.90)	*	*
Place of residence <sup>10</sup>					
Large MSA	100.0	93.2 (0.14)	5.1 (0.12)	1.0 (0.05)	0.7 (0.05)
Small MSA	100.0	92.2 (0.20)	6.1 (0.19)	1.1 (0.07)	0.6 (0.05)
Not in MSA	100.0	92.1 (0.32)	6.0 (0.28)	1.1 (0.11)	0.8 (0.10)
Region					
Northeast	100.0	92.9 (0.28)	5.4 (0.25)	1.0 (0.11)	0.7 (0.07)
Midwest	100.0	91.8 (0.23)	6.1 (0.22)	1.3 (0.10)	0.8 (0.07)
South	100.0	92.7 (0.19)	5.5 (0.16)	1.1 (0.06)	0.7 (0.05)
West	100.0	93.7 (0.21)	5.0 (0.18)	0.7 (0.07)	0.6 (0.08)

**Table P-10a. Age-adjusted percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	100.0	94.6 (0.31)	3.9 (0.26)	0.8 (0.13)	0.6 (0.11)
Hispanic or Latina, female	100.0	92.1 (0.33)	6.0 (0.29)	1.2 (0.13)	0.7 (0.09)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	100.0	93.4 (0.18)	4.9 (0.16)	1.0 (0.07)	0.7 (0.06)
White, single race, female	100.0	91.7 (0.23)	6.7 (0.21)	1.1 (0.08)	0.6 (0.05)
Black or African American, single race, male	100.0	92.9 (0.39)	4.8 (0.32)	1.3 (0.17)	0.9 (0.14)
Black or African American, single race, female	100.0	90.9 (0.40)	6.4 (0.36)	1.3 (0.14)	1.4 (0.16)
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	100.0	91.3 (0.61)	5.6 (0.49)	1.7 (0.28)	1.4 (0.22)
Near poor	100.0	93.4 (0.40)	5.1 (0.37)	0.9 (0.14)	0.6 (0.12)
Not Poor	100.0	94.1 (0.36)	4.5 (0.31)	0.9 (0.13)	0.5 (0.10)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	100.0	88.7 (0.62)	7.1 (0.50)	2.3 (0.29)	1.9 (0.27)
Near poor	100.0	90.6 (0.41)	6.9 (0.36)	1.5 (0.17)	1.0 (0.14)
Not poor	100.0	93.3 (0.18)	5.5 (0.16)	0.8 (0.05)	0.4 (0.03)
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	100.0	88.0 (0.77)	8.1 (0.66)	2.1 (0.34)	1.8 (0.31)
Near poor	100.0	90.8 (0.59)	6.0 (0.47)	1.3 (0.23)	1.9 (0.27)
Not poor	100.0	93.4 (0.38)	4.9 (0.32)	1.2 (0.16)	0.6 (0.12)

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

<sup>1</sup>Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

<sup>2</sup>Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup>Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup>Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup>Shown only for persons aged 25 and over. Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using three age groups: 25-44, 45-64, and 65 and over.

<sup>6</sup>GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup>Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>8</sup>"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>9</sup>Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>10</sup>MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. Unless otherwise specified, estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 0-11, 12-17, 18-44, 45-64, and 65 and over. Estimates for age groups are not age-adjusted. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2015 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2017. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2015.

**Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Total	315,948	291,732	17,878	3,492	2,379
Sex					
Male	154,358	144,021	7,347	1,592	1,155
Female	161,590	147,711	10,531	1,900	1,224
Age					
Under 12 years	48,778	45,512	2,901	225	102
12-17 years	24,674	24,145	421	55	*29
18-44 years	112,758	106,084	5,240	774	548
45-64 years	83,238	76,655	4,535	1,098	772
65 years and over	46,500	39,336	4,782	1,340	928
Race					
One race <sup>2</sup>	308,730	285,029	17,485	3,435	2,318
White	245,849	226,636	14,275	2,774	1,757
Black or African American	40,617	37,304	2,301	515	459
American Indian or Alaska Native	3,237	2,994	186	*24	*25
Asian	18,202	17,307	692	119	74
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	825	788	*30	*	*
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	7,218	6,703	393	57	61
Black or African American, white	2,309	2,162	120	*	*16
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	2,023	1,862	113	*37	*
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race					
Hispanic or Latino	55,844	52,420	2,585	457	318
Mexican or Mexican American	35,535	33,512	1,545	256	190
Not Hispanic or Latino	260,103	239,312	15,293	3,035	2,061
White, single race	195,777	179,616	11,968	2,363	1,484
Black or African American, single race	38,499	35,362	2,154	503	446
Education <sup>5</sup>					
Less than a high school diploma	26,423	23,371	1,823	644	532
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	53,134	48,112	3,579	824	567
Some college	59,525	53,890	3,977	948	644
Bachelor's degree or higher	69,906	64,947	3,893	617	386

**Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>7</sup>					
Less than \$35,000	80,712	72,393	5,654	1,405	1,172
\$35,000 or more	186,981	174,718	9,747	1,580	846
\$35,000–\$49,999	31,126	28,736	1,756	351	261
\$50,000–\$74,999	45,724	42,527	2,481	453	238
\$75,000–\$99,999	34,686	32,332	1,893	302	147
\$100,000 or more	75,445	71,123	3,618	474	201
Poverty status <sup>8</sup>					
Poor	40,173	36,287	2,606	660	594
Near poor	57,501	52,503	3,579	767	603
Not poor	192,472	179,114	10,454	1,743	993
Health insurance coverage <sup>9</sup>					
Under 65:					
Private	174,525	165,160	7,720	988	466
Medicaid or other public	53,089	48,083	3,596	709	678
Other	10,370	9,187	746	246	178
Uninsured	28,358	27,086	929	199	117
65 and over:					
Private	19,240	16,348	2,064	500	308
Dual eligible	3,279	2,542	404	174	153
Medicare Advantage	11,211	9,517	1,119	329	219
Medicare only	8,505	7,369	782	176	134
Other coverage	3,684	3,032	384	146	108
Uninsured	303	276	*20	*	*
Place of residence <sup>10</sup>					
Large MSA	174,234	161,839	8,995	1,832	1,294
Small MSA	97,390	89,400	6,051	1,105	679
Not in MSA	44,323	40,492	2,832	555	405
Region					
Northeast	54,405	50,221	3,058	602	421
Midwest	69,959	63,951	4,388	957	590
South	118,516	109,323	6,750	1,371	907
West	73,068	68,237	3,683	562	461

**Table P-10b. Frequency distribution (number in thousands) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	28,009	26,718	944	168	150
Hispanic or Latina, female	27,835	25,702	1,641	290	168
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	96,091	88,886	5,126	1,103	788
White, single race, female	99,687	90,730	6,843	1,260	696
Black or African American, single race, male	17,939	16,701	830	233	157
Black or African American, single race, female	20,560	18,661	1,324	270	289
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	12,710	11,791	648	135	129
Near poor	15,507	14,573	739	110	76
Not poor	22,710	21,436	972	178	96
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	15,188	13,473	1,079	340	283
Near poor	28,703	25,705	2,117	498	350
Not poor	137,101	127,011	7,934	1,289	736
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	8,812	7,865	661	152	130
Near poor	8,811	8,017	523	114	158
Not poor	17,153	15,992	840	204	118

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

<sup>1</sup>Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

<sup>2</sup>Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup>Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup>Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup>Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

<sup>6</sup>GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup>Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>8</sup>"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>9</sup>Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>10</sup>MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the frequencies, but they were included in the "All persons" column. Includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2015 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2017. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2015.

**Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Total	100.0	92.5 (0.12)	5.7 (0.10)	1.1 (0.04)	0.8 (0.04)
Sex					
Male	100.0	93.5 (0.15)	4.8 (0.12)	1.0 (0.06)	0.7 (0.05)
Female	100.0	91.5 (0.17)	6.5 (0.15)	1.2 (0.06)	0.8 (0.05)
Age					
Under 12 years	100.0	93.4 (0.24)	6.0 (0.22)	0.5 (0.07)	0.2 (0.04)
12-17 years	100.0	98.0 (0.18)	1.7 (0.17)	0.2 (0.06)	*0.1 (0.04)
18-44 years	100.0	94.2 (0.15)	4.7 (0.13)	0.7 (0.05)	0.5 (0.05)
45-64 years	100.0	92.3 (0.21)	5.5 (0.17)	1.3 (0.09)	0.9 (0.07)
65 years and over	100.0	84.8 (0.37)	10.3 (0.31)	2.9 (0.17)	2.0 (0.14)
Race					
One race <sup>2</sup>	100.0	92.5 (0.12)	5.7 (0.10)	1.1 (0.04)	0.8 (0.03)
White	100.0	92.3 (0.13)	5.8 (0.12)	1.1 (0.05)	0.7 (0.04)
Black or African American	100.0	91.9 (0.29)	5.7 (0.25)	1.3 (0.10)	1.1 (0.11)
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	92.7 (0.86)	5.8 (0.77)	*0.7 (0.26)	*0.8 (0.31)
Asian	100.0	95.1 (0.35)	3.8 (0.30)	0.7 (0.11)	0.4 (0.09)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	95.5 (1.22)	*3.7 (1.16)	*	*
Two or more races <sup>3</sup>	100.0	92.9 (0.59)	5.4 (0.52)	0.8 (0.20)	0.8 (0.22)
Black or African American, white	100.0	93.8 (0.97)	5.2 (0.90)	*	*0.7 (0.32)
American Indian or Alaska Native, white	100.0	92.0 (1.29)	5.6 (1.09)	*1.8 (0.63)	*
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> and race					
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	94.0 (0.21)	4.6 (0.19)	0.8 (0.08)	0.6 (0.06)
Mexican or Mexican American	100.0	94.4 (0.27)	4.4 (0.23)	0.7 (0.10)	0.5 (0.07)
Not Hispanic or Latino	100.0	92.1 (0.13)	5.9 (0.11)	1.2 (0.05)	0.8 (0.04)
White, single race	100.0	91.9 (0.16)	6.1 (0.14)	1.2 (0.06)	0.8 (0.05)
Black or African American, single race	100.0	91.9 (0.30)	5.6 (0.25)	1.3 (0.11)	1.2 (0.11)
Education <sup>5</sup>					
Less than a high school diploma	100.0	88.6 (0.42)	6.9 (0.33)	2.4 (0.22)	2.0 (0.19)
High school diploma or GED <sup>6</sup>	100.0	90.6 (0.29)	6.7 (0.24)	1.6 (0.11)	1.1 (0.09)
Some college	100.0	90.6 (0.25)	6.7 (0.21)	1.6 (0.12)	1.1 (0.09)
Bachelor's degree or higher	100.0	93.0 (0.21)	5.6 (0.19)	0.9 (0.08)	0.6 (0.06)

**Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Family income <sup>7</sup>					
Less than \$35,000	100.0	89.8 (0.25)	7.0 (0.21)	1.7 (0.10)	1.5 (0.10)
\$35,000 or more	100.0	93.5 (0.14)	5.2 (0.12)	0.8 (0.05)	0.5 (0.03)
\$35,000–\$49,999	100.0	92.4 (0.35)	5.6 (0.29)	1.1 (0.13)	0.8 (0.10)
\$50,000–\$74,999	100.0	93.1 (0.28)	5.4 (0.25)	1.0 (0.10)	0.5 (0.07)
\$75,000–\$99,999	100.0	93.2 (0.33)	5.5 (0.29)	0.9 (0.11)	0.4 (0.08)
\$100,000 or more	100.0	94.3 (0.21)	4.8 (0.19)	0.6 (0.07)	0.3 (0.04)
Poverty status <sup>8</sup>					
Poor	100.0	90.4 (0.34)	6.5 (0.28)	1.6 (0.14)	1.5 (0.14)
Near poor	100.0	91.4 (0.27)	6.2 (0.23)	1.3 (0.10)	1.0 (0.09)
Not poor	100.0	93.1 (0.14)	5.4 (0.13)	0.9 (0.05)	0.5 (0.04)
Health insurance coverage <sup>9</sup>					
Under 65:					
Private	100.0	94.7 (0.13)	4.4 (0.11)	0.6 (0.04)	0.3 (0.03)
Medicaid or other public	100.0	90.6 (0.31)	6.8 (0.25)	1.3 (0.11)	1.3 (0.12)
Other	100.0	88.7 (0.74)	7.2 (0.60)	2.4 (0.36)	1.7 (0.28)
Uninsured	100.0	95.6 (0.26)	3.3 (0.23)	0.7 (0.11)	0.4 (0.08)
65 and over:					
Private	100.0	85.1 (0.55)	10.7 (0.47)	2.6 (0.24)	1.6 (0.19)
Dual eligible	100.0	77.6 (1.52)	12.4 (1.14)	5.3 (0.75)	4.7 (0.78)
Medicare Advantage	100.0	85.1 (0.73)	10.0 (0.61)	2.9 (0.35)	2.0 (0.30)
Medicare only	100.0	87.1 (0.83)	9.2 (0.71)	2.1 (0.38)	1.6 (0.27)
Other coverage	100.0	82.6 (1.36)	10.5 (1.04)	4.0 (0.68)	2.9 (0.74)
Uninsured	100.0	91.1 (3.04)	*6.5 (2.49)	*	*
Place of residence <sup>10</sup>					
Large MSA	100.0	93.0 (0.15)	5.2 (0.13)	1.1 (0.06)	0.7 (0.05)
Small MSA	100.0	91.9 (0.21)	6.2 (0.19)	1.1 (0.08)	0.7 (0.06)
Not in MSA	100.0	91.4 (0.31)	6.4 (0.28)	1.3 (0.12)	0.9 (0.11)
Region					
Northeast	100.0	92.5 (0.29)	5.6 (0.25)	1.1 (0.11)	0.8 (0.08)
Midwest	100.0	91.5 (0.24)	6.3 (0.23)	1.4 (0.11)	0.8 (0.08)
South	100.0	92.4 (0.20)	5.7 (0.17)	1.2 (0.07)	0.8 (0.06)
West	100.0	93.5 (0.22)	5.0 (0.18)	0.8 (0.07)	0.6 (0.08)



**Table P-10c. Crude percent distribution (with standard errors) of number of overnight hospital stays during the past 12 months, by selected characteristics: United States, 2015**

Selected characteristic	All persons	None <sup>1</sup>	One <sup>1</sup>	Two <sup>1</sup>	Three or more <sup>1</sup>
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and sex					
Hispanic or Latino, male	100.0	95.5 (0.25)	3.4 (0.21)	0.6 (0.09)	0.5 (0.08)
Hispanic or Latina, female	100.0	92.4 (0.32)	5.9 (0.29)	1.0 (0.12)	0.6 (0.08)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race, male	100.0	92.7 (0.20)	5.3 (0.17)	1.2 (0.08)	0.8 (0.07)
White, single race, female	100.0	91.2 (0.23)	6.9 (0.21)	1.3 (0.09)	0.7 (0.06)
Black or African American, single race, male	100.0	93.2 (0.38)	4.6 (0.31)	1.3 (0.16)	0.9 (0.14)
Black or African American, single race, female	100.0	90.8 (0.40)	6.4 (0.35)	1.3 (0.15)	1.4 (0.16)
Hispanic or Latino origin <sup>4</sup> , race, and poverty status					
Hispanic or Latino:					
Poor	100.0	92.8 (0.48)	5.1 (0.42)	1.1 (0.18)	1.0 (0.16)
Near poor	100.0	94.0 (0.36)	4.8 (0.34)	0.7 (0.11)	0.5 (0.09)
Not poor	100.0	94.5 (0.34)	4.3 (0.29)	0.8 (0.11)	0.4 (0.08)
Not Hispanic or Latino:					
White, single race:					
Poor	100.0	88.8 (0.63)	7.1 (0.51)	2.2 (0.29)	1.9 (0.27)
Near poor	100.0	89.7 (0.43)	7.4 (0.37)	1.7 (0.18)	1.2 (0.15)
Not poor	100.0	92.7 (0.18)	5.8 (0.16)	0.9 (0.06)	0.5 (0.04)
Black or African American, single race:					
Poor	100.0	89.3 (0.73)	7.5 (0.64)	1.7 (0.27)	1.5 (0.26)
Near poor	100.0	91.0 (0.60)	5.9 (0.47)	1.3 (0.22)	1.8 (0.27)
Not poor	100.0	93.2 (0.38)	4.9 (0.32)	1.2 (0.16)	0.7 (0.13)

\* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

<sup>1</sup>Based on the questions: "During the past 12 months was [person] a patient in a hospital overnight?" and "How many different times did [person] stay in any hospital overnight or longer during the past 12 months?" Hospital stays due to childbirth for both the mother and the child are included, but overnight stays in an emergency room are excluded.

<sup>2</sup>Refers to persons who indicated only a single race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

<sup>3</sup>Refers to persons who indicated more than one race group, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

<sup>4</sup>Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to persons who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

<sup>5</sup>Shown only for persons aged 25 and over.

<sup>6</sup>GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

<sup>7</sup>Includes persons who reported a dollar amount or who would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

<sup>8</sup>"Poor" persons are defined as having income below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

<sup>9</sup>Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Persons with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes persons who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

<sup>10</sup>MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

NOTES: Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all persons in the family. Data came from the Person file and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes other races not shown separately and persons with unknown education, family income, poverty status, and health insurance characteristics. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>). Suggested citation: Lucas JW, Benson V. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for the U.S. Population: 2015 National Health Interview Survey. National Center for Health Statistics. 2017. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm>.  
SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2015.