Table C-12a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	Receiving special education or early intervention services
otal	7.2 (0.22)
Sex	
1ale	9.5 (0.34)
emale	4.9 (0.24)
Age	
-4 years	3.7 (0.28)
-11 years	8.7 (0.36)
2-17 years	8.3 (0.39)
Race	7.0 (0.00)
ne race ²	7.2 (0.22)
White	7.3 (0.26)
Black or African American	7.5 (0.50) 6.0 (4.42)
American Indian or Alaska Native Asian	6.9 (1.42) 3.5 (0.58)
Asian Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	3.3 (U.36) *
wo or more races ³	9.2 (1.18)
Black or African American and white	8.3 (1.51)
American Indian or Alaska Native and white	17.4 (3.65)
	(5.55)
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race	5.5 (0.04)
ispanic or Latino	5.5 (0.31)
Mexican or Mexican American	4.9 (0.35)
ot Hispanic or Latino	7.8 (0.27)
White, single race	8.1 (0.35) 7.5 (0.52)
Black or African American only, single race	7.3 (0.32)
Family structure ⁵	
lother and father	6.4 (0.26)
Nother, no father	8.6 (0.43)
ather, no mother	8.6 (1.15)
either mother nor father	12.6 (1.52)
Parent's education ⁶	
ess than high school diploma	6.5 (0.56)
ligh school diploma or GED ⁷	7.7 (0.49)
ore than high school	7.0 (0.26)
Family income ⁸	
ess than \$35,000	9.7 (0.44)
35,000 or more	6.4 (0.28)
\$35,000-\$49,999	6.8 (0.61)
\$50,000-\$74,999	7.1 (0.64)
\$75,000-\$99,999	6.1 (0.54)
\$100,000 or more	5.9 (0.45)

Table C-12a. Age-adjusted percentages (with standard errors) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	Receiving special education or early intervention services ¹
Poverty status ⁹	
Poor	10.4 (0.55)
Near poor	7.3 (0.43)
Not poor	6.2 (0.30)
Health insurance coverage ¹⁰	
Private	6.0 (0.28)
Medicaid or other public	9.5 (0.39)
Other	9.1 (1.91)
Uninsured	4.8 (0.71)
Place of residence ¹¹	
_arge MSA	7.0 (0.30)
Small MSA	7.7 (0.39)
Not in MSA	7.0 (0.52)
Region	
Northeast	9.4 (0.62)
Midwest	8.7 (0.51)
South	6.4 (0.34)
West	6.0 (0.37)
Current health status	
Excellent or very good	5.5 (0.22)
Good	14.9 (0.77)
Fair or poor	29.8 (2.59)

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

NOTES: Based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all children in the family, not only the sample child. Data came from the Person File and were weighted using the Person weight. Estimates are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using age groups 0-4 years, 5-11 years, and 12-17 years. Estimates for age groups are not age-adjusted. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes schildren of other races not shown separately and children with unknown family structure, parent's education, family income, poverty status, health insurance, or current health status. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Bloom B, Freeman G. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

¹Based on the question, "Do any of these family members receive Special Education or Early Intervention Services?"

²Refers to children with only a single race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to children with more than one race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to children who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to children who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race

⁵Refers to parents living in the household. "Mother and father" can include biological, adoptive, step, in-law, or foster relationships. Legal guardians are classified in "Neither mother nor father."

⁶Refers to the education level of the parent with the higher level of education, regardless of that parent's age, provided the parent(s) live(s) in the household.

⁷GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁸Includes children in families that reported either dollar amounts or would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁹"Poor" children live in families defined as below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" children live in families with incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" children live in families with incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

¹⁰Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Children with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes children who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹¹MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

Table C-12b. Frequencies (in thousands) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	All children under age 18 years	Receiving special education or early intervention services ¹
otal	73,406	5,305
Sex		
Male	37,487	3,535
remale	35,920	1,770
A 70		
Age	19,871	737
i-4 years i-11 years	28,572	2,494
2-17 years	24,964	2,074
	21,001	2,071
Race		
One race ²	70,005	4,999
White	54,255	3,982
Black or African American	10,883	815
American Indian or Alaska Native	914	62
Asian	3,796	133
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander wo or more races ³	157	
	3,401	306
Black or African American and white	1,521 658	120 121
American Indian or Alaska Native and white	000	121
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race		
lispanic or Latino	17,906	982
Mexican or Mexican American	12,210	588
lot Hispanic or Latino	55,500	4,324
White, single race	38,438	3,120
Black or African American only, single race	10,019	743
Family structure ⁵		
Nother and father	50,530	3,192
lother, no father	17,682	1,550
ather, no mother	2,872	263
leither mother nor father	2,322	300
Parent's education ⁶		
ess than high school diploma	8,632	561
ligh school diploma or GED ⁷	14,173	1,086
Nore than high school	47,810	3,333
Family income ⁸		
ess than \$35,000	20,870	1,981
:35,000 or more	43,860	2,798
\$35,000 of more \$35,000-\$49,999	8,004	543
\$50,000-\$74,999	10,345	723
\$75,000-\$99,999	7,985	487
\$100,000 or more	17,526	1,044

Table C-12b. Frequencies (in thousands) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	All children under age 18 years	Receiving special education or early intervention services ¹
Poverty status ⁹	ca.c a.a.c. age .e jea.c	intervention services
Poor	15,535	1,578
Near poor	15,911	1,156
Not poor	36,799	2,271
Health insurance coverage ¹⁰		
Private	39,115	2,358
Medicaid or other public	27,771	2,549
Other	2,022	185
Uninsured	3,946	191
Place of residence ¹¹		
Large MSA	39,750	2,780
Small MSA	23,777	1,830
Not in MSA	9,880	696
Region		
Northeast	10,876	1,029
Midwest	16,455	1,420
South	28,325	1,801
West	17,751	1,056
Current health status		
Excellent or very good	61,949	3,374
Good	10,189	1,558
Fair or poor	1,209	371

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

NOTES: Based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all children in the family, not only the sample child. Data came from the Person File and were weighted using the Person weight. Estimates of "All children under 18 years" in this table differ slightly from estimates of "All children under 18 years" in the other detailed tables that were based on the Sample Child File and were weighted using the Sample Child weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the frequencies, but they are included in the "All children under 18 years" column. "Total" includes children of other races not shown separately and children with unknown family structure, parent's education, family income, poverty status, health insurance, or current health status. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables:

National Health Interview Survey (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.). Suggested citation: Bloom B, Freeman G. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: 2014

National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

¹Based on the question, "Do any of these family members receive Special Education or Early Intervention Services?"

²Refers to children with only a single race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to children with more than one race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to children who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to children who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Refers to parents living in the household. "Mother and father" can include biological, adoptive, step, in-law, or foster relationships. Legal guardians are classified in "Neither mother nor father."

⁶Refers to the education level of the parent with the higher level of education, regardless of that parent's age, provided the parent(s) live(s) in the household.

⁷GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁸Includes children in families that reported either dollar amounts or would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁹"Poor" children live in families defined as below the poverty threshold. "Near poor" children live in families with incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" children live in families with incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

¹⁰Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Children with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes children who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹¹MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.

Table C-12c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	Receiving special education or early intervention services ¹	
otal	7.2 (0.22)	
Sex		
lale	9.4 (0.34)	
emale	4.9 (0.24)	
Age		
-4 years	3.7 (0.28)	
-11 years	8.7 (0.36)	
2-17 years	8.3 (0.39)	
Race		
ne race ²	7.1 (0.23)	
White	7.3 (0.27)	
Black or African American	7.5 (0.50)	
American Indian or Alaska Native	6.8 (1.39)	
Asian	3.5 (0.58)	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	
wo or more races ³	9.0 (1.14)	
Black or African American and white	7.9 (1.46)	
American Indian or Alaska Native and white	18.4 (4.04)	
Hispanic or Latino origin ⁴ and race		
ispanic or Latino	5.5 (0.31)	
Mexican or Mexican American	4.8 (0.35)	
ot Hispanic or Latino	7.8 (0.27)	
White, single race	8.1 (0.35)	
Black or African American only, single race	7.4 (0.52)	
Family structure ⁵		
other and father	6.3 (0.26)	
lother, no father	8.8 (0.45)	
ather, no mother	9.2 (1.20)	
either mother nor father	13.0 (1.61)	
Parent's education ⁶		
ess than high school diploma	6.5 (0.55)	
igh school diploma or GED ⁷	7.7 (0.49)	
lore than high school	7.0 (0.26)	
Family income ⁸		
ess than \$35,000	9.5 (0.43)	
35,000 or more	6.4 (0.28)	
\$35,000-\$49,999	6.8 (0.62)	
\$50,000-\$74,999	7.0 (0.64)	
\$75,000-\$99,999	6.1 (0.54)	
\$100,000 or more	6.0 (0.45)	

Table C-12c. Crude percentages (with standard errors) of receiving special education or early intervention services for children under age 18 years, by selected characteristics: United States, 2014

Selected characteristic	Receiving special education or early intervention services ¹
Poverty status ⁹	
Poor	10.2 (0.55)
Near poor	7.3 (0.43)
Not poor	6.2 (0.30)
Health insurance coverage ¹⁰	
Private	6.0 (0.29)
Medicaid or other public	9.2 (0.38)
Other	9.1 (1.93)
Uninsured	4.8 (0.70)
Place of residence ¹¹	
Large MSA	7.0 (0.31)
Small MSA	7.7 (0.39)
Not in MSA	7.0 (0.54)
Region	
Northeast	9.5 (0.63)
Midwest	8.6 (0.51)
South	6.4 (0.35)
West	6.0 (0.36)
Current health status	
Excellent or very good	5.5 (0.22)
Good	15.3 (0.79)
Fair or poor	30.8 (2.66)

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 50%.

NOTES: Based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. This table is based on responses about all children in the family, not only the sample child. Data came from the Person File and were weighted using the Person weight. Unknowns for the columns were not included in the denominators when calculating percentages. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding. "Total" includes children of other races not shown separately and children with unknown family structure, parent's education, family income, poverty status, health insurance, or current health status. For more information on the data source, methods, and definitions used for this table, refer to Technical Notes for Summary Health Statistics Tables: National Health Interview (available from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm). Suggested citation: Bloom B, Freeman G. Tables of Summary Health Statistics for U.S. Children: 2014 National Health Interview Survey. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/SHS/tables.htm).

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014.

¹Based on the question, "Do any of these family members receive Special Education or Early Intervention Services?"

²Refers to children with only a single race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin.

³Refers to children with more than one race group indicated, including those of Hispanic or Latino origin. Only two combinations of multiple race groups are shown due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

⁴Refers to children who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races. "Not Hispanic or Latino" refers to children who are not of Hispanic or Latino origin, regardless of race.

⁵Refers to parents living in the household. "Mother and father" can include biological, adoptive, step, in-law, or foster relationships. Legal guardians are classified in "Neither mother nor father."

⁶Refers to the education level of the parent with the higher level of education, regardless of that parent's age, provided the parent(s) live(s) in the household

⁷GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma.

⁸Includes children in families that reported either dollar amounts or would not provide a dollar amount but provided an income interval.

⁹"Poor" children live in families defined as below the poverty threshold. "Not poor" children live in families with incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold. "Not poor" children live in families with incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater.

¹⁰Based on a hierarchy of mutually exclusive categories. Children with more than one type of health insurance were assigned to the first appropriate category in the hierarchy. "Uninsured" includes children who had no coverage as well as those who had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care.

¹¹MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Large MSAs have a population size of 1 million or more; small MSAs have a population size of less than 1 million. "Not in MSA" consists of persons not living in a metropolitan statistical area.