27-13. Establish laws on smoke-free indoor air that prohibit smoking in public places and worksites.

27-13i. Bars.

National Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

State Data Source State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation

System (STATE System), CDC, NCCDPHP, OSH.

Healthy People 2000

Objective

Adapted from 3.12 (Tobacco) (also 10.19).

Changes since the

2000 Publication

New subobjective (see Comments).

Number. Measure

Baseline (Year) 0 (1998)

Target 51

Target-Setting Method Total coverage.

For a discussion of target-setting methods, see Part

A, section 4.

Number of States and the District of Columbia with Numerator

comprehensive laws for private workplaces

prohibiting smoking.

Denominator Not applicable.

Population Targeted Not applicable.

Questions Used To Obtain the National

Baseline Data

Not applicable.

Expected Periodicity Annual

Comments Newly enacted State tobacco-control legislation is

> downloaded from Lexis-Nexis, an on-line legal database. CDC, OSH searches two Lexis-Nexis subfiles: the StateTrack System and the Advanced Legislative Services System. The downloads are

coded according to variables identified by CDC, OSH, which include the comprehensiveness of the law, includes smoking areas permitted or required, separately ventilated smoking areas required, and no smoking allowed. In some cases, data on enforcement authority, penalty for violation, and signage required are also collected.

The text of objective 27-13 was revised at the Healthy People 2010 Midcourse Review. The language about limiting smoking to "separately ventilated areas" was dropped. The rationale was that laws that prohibit smoking altogether in worksites better protect the health of workers.

This subobjective was added at the Healthy People 2010 Midcourse Review in response to the need to monitor smoking policies in bars separately from restaurants. Since the start of Healthy People 2010, several jurisdictions across the country have banned smoking in bars. The addition of a subobjective on bars will give public health professionals and lawmakers a more comprehensive look at indoor air laws that affect worker's and the general public's health.

Objective 27-13 was adapted from Healthy People 2000 objective 3.12, which monitored States with laws that prohibited smoking in workplaces and public places or limited it to separately ventilated areas. The Healthy People 2000 objective tracked 7 types of places: public workplaces, private workplaces, restaurants, public transportation, hospitals, day care centers, and grocery stores. In addition to these places, objective 27-13 monitors States that prohibit smoking in retain stores (rather than grocery stores) and bars, as well as laws enacted by Tribes and Territories.

See Part C for a description of the STATE System and Appendix A for focus area contact information.