

UCSF CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Marcelle I. Cedars, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	21%	

2014 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,965 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		144	164	212	150	77	18
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		10.4	19.5	24.1	24.7	22.1	5 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.9	2.7	4.1	4.4	5.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.1	31.5	16.5	8.6	8.0	1.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		45.8	21.1	3.3	0.0	2.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.1	21.3	9.0	7.3	7.8	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.6	24.4	10.8	8.7	10.4	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.9	6.1	4.2	1.3	0.0	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.4	30.5	15.1	10.0	10.4	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.7	34.8	24.5	19.3	27.3	1 / 18
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		105	116	134	80	54	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.1	30.2	14.2	13.8	11.1	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.9	34.5	17.2	16.3	14.8	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.7	8.6	6.7	2.5	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.6	43.1	23.9	18.8	14.8	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.1	49.1	38.8	36.3	38.9	1 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		111	157	151	61	34	12
Number of transfers		105	142	139	58	30	11
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	2.0	2.7	3.7	3.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.8	38.6	26.8	16.6	7.2	8.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	26.1	23.0	13.8	16.7	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.9	31.0	27.3	15.5	20.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.8	7.7	6.5	6.9	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.7	39.4	33.8	22.4	20.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.4	50.7	43.2	39.7	33.3	3 / 11
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		89	139	120	79	43	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		73			102		
Number of transfers		63			101		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.3			34.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			30.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.1			34.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.7			5.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.8			40.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.4			48.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.