

MAIN LINE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BRYN MAWR, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2014 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Glassner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	27%	

2014 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,263 (includes 99 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	254	148	158	53	32	12
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.5	2.7	12.0	22.6	12.5	0 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.4	3.5	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.6	28.0	22.2	13.9	6.2	0 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.3	0.8	5.5	0.0	4.5	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.1	22.3	19.0	7.5	9.4	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	25.7	21.5	9.4	9.4	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	8.1	3.8	1.9	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.1	33.8	25.3	11.3	9.4	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	43.2	36.7	18.9	18.8	0 / 12
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	202	127	126	32	24	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	26.0	23.8	12.5	12.5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.2	29.9	27.0	15.6	12.5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	9.4	4.8	3.1	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.1	39.4	31.7	18.8	12.5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	50.4	46.0	31.3	25.0	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	133	50	43	17	13	0
Number of transfers	118	49	40	15	9	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	32.9	29.7	34.5	3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	28.6	22.5	5 / 15	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	30.6	22.5	7 / 15	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	6.1	2.5	0 / 15	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.7	36.7	25.0	7 / 15	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	49.0	42.5	9 / 15	3 / 9	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	48	31	51	24	3	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			75	
Number of transfers		12			70	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.1			25.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 12			22.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 12			28.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 12			2.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 12			31.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 12			37.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.