

ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James P. Toner, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	<1%	Used PGD	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	14%	

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 799 (includes 51 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	214	126	88	26	18	1
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2.3	12.7	13.6	7.7	2 / 18	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	35.2	21.7	18.4	1 / 18	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.0	4.8	3.6	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	15.9	9.1	15.4	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	19.8	15.9	15.4	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	11.9	3.4	3.8	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.4	31.7	19.3	19.2	0 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	36.5	26.1	23.1	1 / 18	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	179	89	60	16	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	22.5	13.3	4 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	28.1	23.3	4 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.6	16.9	5.0	1 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.1	44.9	28.3	5 / 16	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.6	51.7	38.3	6 / 16	1 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	45	31	3	2	0
Number of transfers	86	40	29	3	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	1.6	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.4	36.7	43.2	4 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	22.5	41.4	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	30.0	51.7	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	10.0	3.4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	40.0	55.2	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	42.5	55.2	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	15	8	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		38		28		
Number of transfers		33		26		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.2		26.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3		30.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3		38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.2		0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.6		38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.7		46.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.