REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013	ABT	~ I E		
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Data verified by Samuel H. Wood, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	13%	Multiple Factors:	
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	33%	Female factors only	15%
Used gestational carrier	8%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	33%	Female & male factors	28%
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	4%		

2013 ART SUCCESS BATES

Total number of cycles^d: 91 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES Total r	number of cycles ^a : 91 (incl	ludes	0 cycle[s	using fro	ozen eggs	s)		
Time of Ovels		Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle	<	:35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		4	9	6	3	2	1	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	0) / 4	0/9	0/6	0/3	0/2	1/1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2	2.0	1.9	1.3	2.5	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantati	ion (%) 5	5/8	8 / 17	6/8	1/5	1/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%	0) / 4	2/9	2/4	0/2	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle								
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & s	singleton live births ^e (%)	/ 4	4/9	2/6	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1	/ 4	5/9	3/6	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2	2/4	0/9	1/6	0/3	0/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3	3 / 4	6/9	4/6	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3	3 / 4	6/9	5/6	1/3	1/2	0/1	
Outcomes per Transfer								
Number of transfers		4	9	6	2	2	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight		/ 4	4/9	2/6	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (9		/ 4	5/9	3/6	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2/4	0/9	1/6	0/2	0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4	6/9	4/6	1/2	1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3	3 / 4	6/9	5/6	1/2	1/2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs								
Number of cycles		5	4	8	0	0	0	
Number of transfers		5	4	8	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval			0.8	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2	2.0	1.8	2.3				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantati	ion (%) 4	1/9	2/7	3 / 18				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight	& singleton live births ^e (%) 1	/5	1/4	1/8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%) 2	2/5	1/4	1/8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1	/5	0/4	1/8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3	3/5	1/4	2/8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4	1/5	1/4	2/8				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	3	2	5	1	5	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles		15			18			
Number of transfers			13			17		
Average number of embryos transferred			1.8			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantati		50.0			66.7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight			5 / 13			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (6 / 13			9 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			2 / 13			5 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			8 / 13			14 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			10 / 13			16 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Sciences Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.