REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

a Gavrilova-Jordan. MD
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Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	33%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors:
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	23%	Female factors only 7%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	2%	Female & male factors 12%
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

Endometriosis	7% U	nknown fac	tor 9%			
2013 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles 45	(includes	0 cycle[s] using fr	ozen egg:	s)	
			Age of	ge of Woman		
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	4	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations (%)	2/19	1/7	1/4	0/3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.7	2/12	2/7	0/4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4/16	0/5	0/3	0/3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	5/19	1/7	0/4	0/3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5/19	2/7	0/4	0/3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3/19	0/7	1/4	0/3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8/19	2/7	1/4	0/3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9/19	2/7	1/4	1/3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	5	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births e (%)	5/17	1/5	0/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5/17	2/5	0/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3/17	0/5	1/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	2/5	1/3	0/3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9/17	2/5	1/3	1/3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	0	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	O	2	0.0	U	O
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		2.0	0.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/8		2/4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)			0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/5		0/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/5		1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/5		1/2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/5		1/2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs	Ero	sh Embr	vosf	Froz	en Embr	vosf
Number of cycles	FIC	Fresh Embryos [†]		F102	0	yus
Number of transfers		2			0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			U	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4/3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%))	1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1/2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2/2				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates

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Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

[°] Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.