METROHEALTH MEDICAL CENTER CLEVELAND, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lori-Linell Hollins, MD							
	Type of ART and Procedural Factors a				Patient Diagnosis b						
	IVF Unstimulated Used gestational carrier		With ICSI Used PGD	80% 0%	Tubal factor Ovulatory dysfunction Diminished ovarian reserve Endometriosis	30% 10%	Uterine factor Male factor Other factor Unknown factor		Multiple Factors: Female factors only Female & male factors	0% 0%	

Endometriosis	U% U	nknown iac	101 50%	0			
2013 ART SUCCESS RATES Total number of cycles ^d : 10 (i	includes	s 0 cycle[s] using fr	ozen egg	s)		
			Age of	Age of Woman			
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	5	0	1	3	1	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	1/5	_	0/1	1/3	0/1	_	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.0	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/6		1/1	0/3	0/3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/2			0/1	0/1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/5		0/1	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/5		0/1	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1/5		0/1	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1/5		0/1	0/3	0/1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/5		1/1	1/3	0/1		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	4	0	1	2	1	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	0/4		0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/4		0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/4		0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/4		0/1	0/2	0/1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/4		1/1	1/2	0/1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		, and the second					
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Fresh Embryos ^f				Frozen Embryos ^f		
Donor Eggs			yus	os Froz		yus	
Number of cycles Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		U			U		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%) Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
1 Goothage of transiers resulting in programoies (70)							

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.