REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE OF SOUTH TEXAS **MCALLEN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11-20).

2013 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Esteban O. Brown, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	29%	Multiple Factors:		
Unstimulated	0%	Used PGD	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	50%	Female factors only	27%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	41%	Female & male factors	34%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	3%			

2013 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c Total number of cycles ^d : 154	(include	s 0 cycle	s] using f	rozen eg	gs)		
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
Type of Cycle	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	43-44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	65	23	18	7	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations (%)	4.6	4.3	1 / 18	1/7			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	20.0	15.4	1 / 11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0/11	0/5			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	10.8	17.4	2/18	1/7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.8	21.7	2/18	1/7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	4.3	0/18	0/7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.8	26.1	2/18	1/7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.8	34.8	4/18	1/7			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	55	19	14	6	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	12.7	4 / 19	2/14	1/6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.4	5 / 19	2/14	1/6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.6	1 / 19	0/14	0/6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	6 / 19	2/14	1/6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	8 / 19	4/14	1/6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	13	5	2	3	1	5	
Number of transfers	13	5	2	3	1	5	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.7	0/4	3/4	1/4	0/2	3/9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	0/5	1/2	1/3	0/1	1/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4/13	0/5	1/2	1/3	0/1	3/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3/13	0/5	1/2	0/3	0/1	0/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	0/5	2/2	1/3	0/1	3/5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	1/5	2/2	1/3	0/1	3/5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos ^f			Frozen Embryos ^f			
Number of cycles	12			0			
Number of transfers		12			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 15					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births (%)		3 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2/12					
· · ·		5/12					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Reproductive Institute of South Texas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is <100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (e.g., twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.