

Assisted Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Reproductive Health



Updates to this report will be posted on the CDC website at the following address:

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2017 Assisted Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

October 2019

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Preface

For many people who want to start a family, the dream of having a child is not easily realized. Assisted reproductive technology (ART) has been used in the United States since 1981 to help patients become pregnant, most commonly through the transfer of fertilized human eggs into a woman's uterus. However, for many people, deciding whether to undergo this expensive and time-consuming treatment can be difficult.

The goal of this report is to help patients make informed decisions about ART by providing some of the information needed to answer the following questions:

- What are my chances of having a child by using ART?
- Where can I go to get this treatment?

The Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), an organization of ART providers affiliated with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM), has been collecting data and publishing annual reports of pregnancy success rates for fertility clinics in the United States and Canada since 1989. In 1992, the US Congress passed the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This law requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to publish pregnancy success rates for ART in fertility clinics in the United States. (For more details about the law, see www.cdc.gov/art/nass/policy.html.) Since 1995, CDC has worked in consultation with SART and ASRM to report ART success rates.

This report is based on the latest available data on the type, number, and outcome of ART cycles performed in US clinics.

The 2017 ART report has three major sections:

- **Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System**

This section provides background information on infertility and ART, an explanation of the data collection, analysis, and publication processes, and links to resources for people experiencing infertility or people interested in ART.

- **Fertility Clinic Tables**

Many factors contribute to the success of ART, including the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals, the quality of services, and the characteristics of the patient population. The Fertility Clinic Tables section displays ART results and success rates for individual US fertility clinics as well as the National Summary table, which combines data from all clinics.

- **Appendixes**

Appendix A provides information about this year's data validation activities.

Appendix B provides definitions for technical and medical terms used throughout the report.

Appendix C includes the current names and addresses of all reporting clinics along with a list of clinics known to be in operation in 2017 that did not report their data to CDC as required by law.

This report is intended for the general public, and the emphasis is on presenting the information in an easily understandable form. CDC hopes that this report is informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure. Please contact us with any questions at artinfo@cdc.gov.

Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System

Background Information, Data Collection Methods, Content and Design of the Report, and Additional Information About ART in the United States

1. How many people in the United States experience infertility?

The latest data on infertility available to CDC are from the 2011–2015 National Survey of Family Growth. (For more details about the data, see www.cdc.gov/nchs/nsfg/key_statistics/i.htm#infertilityservices.)

- Of the approximately 61 million women aged 15–44 years in 2011–2015, more than 7 million, or 12%, had received any infertility services.
- Additionally, almost 7% of married women aged 15–44 years were unable to get pregnant after at least 12 consecutive months of trying to conceive.

2. What is assisted reproductive technology (ART)?

Although various definitions have been used for ART, the definition used in this report is based on the 1992 law that requires CDC to publish this report. According to this definition, ART includes all fertility treatments in which either eggs or embryos are handled. In general, ART procedures involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries, combining them with sperm in the laboratory, and returning them to a female patient or gestational carrier or donating them to another patient. They do NOT include treatments in which only sperm are handled (such as intrauterine insemination) or procedures in which a woman takes drugs only to stimulate egg production without the intention of having eggs surgically retrieved.

The main type of ART is **in vitro fertilization (IVF)**. IVF involves extracting a woman's eggs, fertilizing the eggs in the laboratory, and then transferring the resulting embryos into the uterus of the female patient or gestational carrier. For some IVF procedures, fertilization involves a specialized technique known as intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI). In ICSI, a single sperm is injected directly into a woman's egg.

Other types of ART exist, but are rarely performed. **Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)** involves using a fiber optic instrument called a laparoscope to guide the transfer of unfertilized eggs and sperm (gametes) into a woman's fallopian tubes through small incisions in her abdomen. **Zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT)** involves fertilizing a woman's eggs in the laboratory and then using a laparoscope to guide the transfer of the fertilized eggs (zygotes) into a woman's fallopian tubes.

In addition, ART often is categorized according to whether the procedure was started with the intent to freeze all eggs or embryos (banking), whether the procedure used a female patient's own eggs (nondonor) or eggs from another woman (donor), whether the eggs were frozen and thawed before use, and whether the embryos used were newly fertilized (fresh) or previously fertilized, frozen, and then thawed (frozen).

3. What is an ART cycle?

Because ART consists of several steps over an interval of approximately 2 weeks, an ART procedure is typically referred to as a **cycle** of treatment rather than a procedure at a single point in time. The start of an ART cycle is when a woman begins taking drugs to stimulate egg production or starts ovarian monitoring with the intent of having embryos transferred. For the purposes of this report, data on all cycles that were started, even those that were discontinued before all steps were undertaken, are counted in the clinic's success rates.

4. How do United States ART clinics report data to CDC about their success rates?

CDC contracts with a statistical survey research organization, Westat, to obtain the data published in the *Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*. Westat maintains a list of all ART clinics known to be in operation, identifies new clinics throughout the year, and tracks clinic reorganizations and closings. This list includes clinics and individual providers that are members of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) as well as clinics and providers that are not SART members. Westat maintains the National ART Surveillance System (NASS), the web-based data collection system that all ART clinics use to submit data to CDC. Clinics either electronically enter or import data into NASS for each ART cycle started in a given reporting year. SART-member clinics can report directly to SART, and SART submits the data to NASS. The data collected include de-identified information on the patient's medical history (such as infertility diagnoses), clinical information pertaining to the ART procedure, and information on resulting pregnancies and births.

5. Why is the report of 2017 success rates being published in 2019?

Before success rates based on live births can be calculated, every ART pregnancy must be followed up to determine whether a birth occurred. Therefore, the earliest possible date that clinics can report complete annual data is about 9 months past the end of the reporting year, when all the births have occurred. Accordingly, the results of all the cycles initiated in 2017 were not known until October 2018. After ART outcomes are known, the following occurs before the report is published:

- Clinics enter their 2017 data into NASS and verify that the generated clinic tables are accurate before submitting the data at the end of 2018.
- Preliminary data for individual fertility clinic tables are prepared and made available in the spring of 2019 on CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/art/artdata/index.html.
- After CDC conducts extensive data checks, the full report with all fertility clinic tables and the National Summary table is prepared and published on the CDC website at www.cdc.gov/art/artdata/index.html.

6. Which clinics are represented in this report?

The data in this report come from 448 fertility clinics that provided and verified information about the outcomes of the ART cycles.

Although almost all clinics that provided ART services in the United States during 2017 are represented in this report, data from 50 clinics or individual providers are not included because they did not report as required. Clinics known to have been in operation at any time during 2017 that did not report and verify their data are listed in this report as nonreporters, as required by law (see Appendix C: 2017 Nonreporting Clinics, by State on pages 575–577).

Given the estimated number of ART cycles performed in nonreporting clinics, we estimate that ART surveillance covered 98% of ART cycles performed in the United States in 2017. We will continue to make every effort to include in future reports all clinics that provide ART services.

7. Why aren't the clinics ranked by their success rates?

Many factors contribute to the success rate of an ART procedure, and a difference in success rates between two ART clinics may reflect differences in the characteristics of patients treated, the types of procedures performed, or other factors. More explanations on how to use the success rates and other statistics published in this report are in the Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables section (see pages 11–22). The report should be used to help people considering an ART procedure find clinics where they can meet personally with ART providers to discuss their specific medical situation and their likelihood of success using ART. Contacting a clinic also may provide additional information that could be helpful in deciding whether or not to use ART. Because ART offers several treatment options, and because there are non-ART treatment options for infertility, there are many other factors that may affect the decision. This report may be a helpful starting point for consumers to obtain information and consider their options.

8. Does this report include all ART cycles performed by the reporting clinics?

This report includes 284,385 ART cycles performed in 2017 by the 448 clinics that reported their data as required. The 284,385 total cycles performed in 2017 excludes 18 cycles started in which a new treatment procedure was being evaluated. The number of new treatment procedures performed is shown for each clinic in footnote “a” of their table.

9. How are the success rates determined?

Because this report is geared toward patients, the focus is on live birth success rates. Singleton live births (births of a single, live infant), are emphasized as a separate measure of success because they have a much lower risk than multiple-infant births for adverse infant health outcomes, including prematurity, low birth weight, disability, and death. This report presents several measures of success for ART, including the percentage of live births among ART cycles in which at least one egg or embryo is transferred to a patient or gestational carrier. Note that not all transfers cycles result in a pregnancy, and not all pregnancies result in a live birth. All live-birth deliveries were reported to the ART clinic by either the patient or the patient's obstetric provider.

10. What are my chances of getting pregnant using ART?

Many consumers ask this question because they assume that a pregnancy will lead to a live birth. Unfortunately, not all ART procedures that result in a pregnancy lead to the delivery of a live infant; some pregnancies result in miscarriage or stillbirth. The percentage of cycles resulting in live births based on the overall number of cycles performed to retrieve eggs or to transfer eggs or embryos will give a more accurate answer to the question, “If I have an ART procedure, what is my chance that I will have a baby?” It is important to note that ART success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. These characteristics include age, type of infertility diagnosis, number of embryos transferred, type of ART procedure, use of techniques such as ICSI, and history of previous births, miscarriages, and ART cycles. CDC's Division of Reproductive Health recently released the In Vitro Fertilization (IVF) success estimator tool to estimate the chance of having a live birth using IVF—the most common type of Assisted Reproductive

Technology (ART). The estimates are calculated based on the experiences of women and couples with similar characteristics. This estimator is published on the CDC website at www.cdc.gov/art/ivf-success-estimator/index.html.

11. What quality control steps are used to ensure data accuracy?

To have their success rates published in this annual report, clinics have to submit their data in time for analysis and the clinics' medical directors have to verify by signature that the generated clinic tables are accurate. Then, Westat conducts an in-house review of the data and contacts the clinics if corrections are necessary. After the data have been checked, a quality control process called validation begins.

In 2017, 34 (almost 8%) of the 448 reporting clinics were selected for validation. During the annual validation process, members of the Westat Validation Team visit the selected clinics and review medical record data for a sample of the clinic's ART cycles. (See Appendix A: Validation of ART Data on page 525 for a more detailed presentation of sampling strategy.) For each cycle, the validation team abstracts information from the patient's medical record. The abstracted information is then compared with the data submitted for the report.

The data validation process does not include any assessment of clinical practice or overall record keeping. Validation primarily helps ensure that clinics submit accurate data. It also serves to identify any systematic problems that could cause data collection to be inconsistent or incomplete. (See Appendix A: Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation on pages 526–527 for findings.)

12. Does CDC collect any data that it does not report in the annual *Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*?

Yes. CDC uses the data collected and not reported in the annual ART reports for surveillance of emerging practice patterns, to better understand success rates by the characteristics of the patient or practice, evaluation of emerging ART research questions, and the monitoring of safety and efficacy issues related to ART treatment for improving maternal and child health outcomes. A select list of ART publications is available at www.cdc.gov/art/key-findings/index.html.

13. How does CDC ensure the confidentiality of the ART data it collects?

CDC has an Assurance of Confidentiality for the ART database. An assurance is a formal confidentiality protection used for projects conducted by CDC staff or contractors involving the collection or maintenance of sensitive, identifiable, or potentially identifiable information. The assurance allows CDC programs to assure that individuals and institutions involved in research or nonresearch projects protect the confidentiality of the data collected. The ART data are stored in a secure, limited-access, password-protected environment.

14. Why doesn't the report contain specific medical information about ART?

This report describes average chances of success per ART cycle. Although the report provides some information about factors such as age and type of infertility diagnosis, patients have many unique medical situations. This population-based registry of ART procedures cannot capture detailed information about specific medical conditions associated with infertility. Patients should consult

with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of success using ART.

15. Why are statistics in the Fertility Clinic Tables published by CDC different from statistics reported by SART's IVF Success Rate Reports?

In 2017, of all the ART clinics reporting data to CDC, 82% were SART members. Annual summary statistics of ART treatments performed in each of these SART member clinics are available in this report, as well as online at www.sart.org. Discrepancies in tabulated statistics between the SART and CDC tables may be due to (1) the inclusion in the CDC Fertility Clinic Reports of ART treatments performed at non-SART member clinics; (2) differences in the data submission deadlines between SART and CDC, which may result in ART clinics being excluded from CDC's annual Fertility Clinic Reports; and (3) differences in data processing procedures, statistical methods, and data presentation.

16. Does CDC have any information on the women who donate eggs?

When a woman seeks treatment for the purpose of donating her eggs, the following information is collected:

- Characteristics such as age and race/ethnicity.
- Details about the stimulation, if any, such as medications used.
- Details about the retrieval, such as number of oocytes retrieved.

For cycles of ART treatment using donated eggs, CDC collects information on the age and race/ethnicity of the donor. Success rates for cycles using donor eggs or using embryos derived from donor eggs are related to the age of the woman who produced the eggs. However, the cycles in which eggs are donated are not linked to the cycles in which donated eggs are used by another ART patient and CDC does not present data about egg donors in the individual clinic tables for this report.

17. Are there any medical guidelines for ART performed in the United States?

ASRM and SART issue guidelines dealing with specific ART practice issues, such as the number of embryos to be transferred in an ART procedure. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (telephone 205-978-5000 or at websites www.asrm.org and www.sart.org).

18. Where can I get additional information on United States fertility clinics?

For further information on specific clinics, contact the clinic directly. (See Appendix C: ART Clinics on pages 537–574 for contact information.) In addition, SART can provide general information on its member clinics (telephone 205-978-5000).

19. What resources are available for people experiencing infertility or people interested in ART?

Resources for people experiencing infertility can be found at www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/infertility/ under Related Links. Resources for people interested in ART can be found at www.cdc.gov/art/whatis.html under Related Resources.

20. What's new in the 2017 report?

CDC is constantly striving to present the most accurate and relevant ART clinic success rates to help guide potential patients' decisions. Because of changes in clinical practice and more variation in ART treatment options, including improvements in egg and embryo cryopreservation (freezing), the field of ART is moving toward reporting "cumulative" success rates. This is accomplished by calculating success rates that take into account all transfers of eggs or embryos that took place within one year after a single egg retrieval cycle.

Highlights of modifications to this report to enhance clarity and provide a more comprehensive presentation of data include the following:

- Success rates for patients using their own eggs were based on all cycles that started in calendar year 2016, and were followed for 12 months. Cumulative ART success rates among all patients (with or without prior ART cycles) and new patients (with no prior ART cycles) using their own eggs are reported per intended retrievals, actual retrievals, and embryo transfers, by patient age group.
- ART success rates for ART transfers among patients using fresh donor embryos are reported more specifically by egg source: fresh embryos from fresh donor eggs and fresh embryos from frozen donor eggs for cycles that began in 2017.
- A section presenting characteristics of ART cycles by patient age groups has been added for cycles that began in 2017.
- There are updated categories for reporting the reason for using ART.

2017

Fertility Clinic Tables



INTRODUCTION TO FERTILITY CLINIC TABLES

Presentation of fertility table data begins on page 23 with the National Summary of combined data from all clinics. Individual clinic tables follow, beginning on page 25, with each clinic's data presented in a one-page table that includes success rates, characteristics of ART cycles, reasons for using ART, and individual clinic services and profile information. Clinics reporting their data to CDC are listed in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic name. Each known nonreporting clinic is also included in alphabetical order, although no data are presented for these clinics. An explanation of how to read a fertility clinic table begins on page 14.

Many people considering ART will want to use this report to find the “best” clinic. However, comparisons between clinics must be made with caution. Many factors contribute to the success of an ART procedure. Some factors are related to the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals and the quality of services they provide. Other factors are related to the patients themselves, such as their age, quality of their eggs and sperm, cause of their infertility, and genetic factors. Some clinics may be more willing than others to accept patients with low chances of success or may specialize in ART treatments that attract particular types of patients.

We encourage consumers considering ART to contact clinics to discuss their specific medical situations and their potential for success using ART. Because clinics did not have the opportunity to provide narratives to explain their data in this report, such conversations could provide additional information to help consumers decide whether to use ART.

Although ART offers important options for the treatment of infertility, the decision to use ART involves many factors in addition to success rates. Therefore, consumers should carefully

examine all related financial, psychological, and medical issues before beginning treatment. They also will want to consider the location of the clinic, the counseling and support services available, and the rapport that staff members have with their patients.

Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic

- **ART statistics are from cycles performed more than a year ago**

Data for the 2017 cycles could not be published until 2019 because the final outcomes of pregnancies conceived from ART cycles started in December 2017 were not known until October 2018. Additional time was then required to collect and analyze the data and prepare the report. Many factors that contribute to a clinic's success rate may have changed in the intervening years since the cycles included in this report were performed. Personnel may be different. Equipment and training may or may not have been updated. As a result, the success rates included in this report may not necessarily represent current rates.

- **Success rates may vary**

A clinic's success rates may vary from year to year even if all determining factors remain the same. The more cycles that a clinic carries out, the less the rate is likely to vary. Conversely, clinics that perform fewer cycles are likely to have more variability in success rates from year to year. As an extreme example, if a clinic reports only one ART cycle in a given category, as is sometimes the case in the data presented here, the clinic's success rate in that category would be either 0% or 100%.

- **Some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems**

Some clinics offer ART to most potential patients, even those who have a low probability of success. Others discourage such patients or encourage them to use donor eggs, a practice that results in higher success rates among older patients. Clinics that accept a higher percentage of patients who previously have had multiple unsuccessful ART cycles will generally have lower success rates. In contrast, clinics that offer ART procedures to patients who might have become pregnant with less technologically advanced treatment will generally have higher success rates. CDC does not collect information on clinic-specific patient selection practices.

- **Cumulative success rates are calculated by looking at embryo transfers from a single egg retrieval or across several egg retrievals**

Cumulative success rates shown in this report are presented for patients using their own eggs and by the patient's history of prior ART. ART cycles were monitored for 12 months after an intended retrieval cycle was started. The live births of all embryo transfers resulting from the retrieval cycles within this period were used to calculate success rates. Success rates presented in this report were based on retrieval cycles that started in calendar year 2016, and were followed for 12 months.

- **The number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic**

The American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) discourage the transfer of a large number of embryos because of the increased likelihood of multiple-fetus pregnancies. Multiple-fetus pregnancies, in turn, increase the probability of premature births and related health problems.

SAMPLE CLINIC TABLE

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

2 Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} 1 Data verified by Sample Doctor, MD

		Patient Age				
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
2A	All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
	Number of intended retrievals	60	42	25	3	0
	Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	50.0%	80.0%	1 / 3	
	Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	50.0%	40.0%	1 / 3	
	Number of retrievals	55	35	20	3	0
	Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.5%	60.0%	100%	1 / 3	
	Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.6%	60.0%	50.0%	1 / 3	
	Number of transfers	58	28	45	3	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.7%	75.0%	44.4%	1 / 3	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	75.0%	22.2%	1 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.0	1.3	3.0		
2B	New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
	Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.0%	33.3%	0 / 15	0 / 1	
	Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.5%	66.7%	5 / 15	0 / 1	
	Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.0%	66.7%	5 / 15	1 / 1	
	Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.3	3.0	
	Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.0	

3 Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	4	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2	3 / 4	5 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2	2 / 4	4 / 5	

4 Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	32	40	28	15	4	119
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	12.5%	5.0%	3.6%	2 / 15	1 / 4	8.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.1%	7.5%	7.1%	1 / 15	0 / 4	5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.3%	5.0%	7.1%	0 / 15	0 / 4	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	0.0%	4.6%	1 / 12	0 / 3	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	40.0%	59.3%	45.5%	8 / 12	2 / 3	51.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.0%	51.9%	68.2%	7 / 12	2 / 3	65.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.0%	11.1%	18.2%	2 / 12	1 / 3	16.9%

5 Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

6 Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	15%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	15%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 2 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table

This section is provided to help consumers understand the information presented in the fertility clinic tables within this report. The number before each heading refers to the number of the corresponding section in the Sample Clinic Table on page 13. The terms are defined in the Glossary of Terms (Appendix B on pages 531–534).

Although the goal of ART is to deliver a healthy infant, this report defined success as a live birth or a singleton live birth. A live birth is the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Signs of life include breathing, beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of the voluntary muscles. Any birth event in which an infant shows signs of life is counted as a live birth, regardless of gestational age at birth. Live births are counted as birth events (for example, a triplet live birth is counted as one live birth). A singleton live birth is defined as a single live infant (does not include pregnancies that begin with multiple fetuses yet result in a singleton live birth). Multiple-infant births are associated with increased risk of adverse outcomes for birth mothers and infants, including higher rates of caesarean section, prematurity, low birth weight, and infant disability or death.

1. Verification

Success rates are published in the annual report when a clinic’s medical director verifies the accuracy of the generated clinic table. The name of the medical director who verified the clinic’s data is shown.

2. Success rates for ART intended retrievals among patients using their own eggs

This section of the clinic table describes success rates for patients who used their own eggs. An ART cycle starts when a woman begins taking

fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production with the intent to retrieve eggs (intended retrieval). If eggs are produced, the cycle progresses to egg retrieval. Retrieved eggs are either combined with sperm to create embryos or frozen for future use. If fertilization is successful, at least one embryo may be selected for transfer. The embryos may be transferred back to the patient or to a gestational carrier. Other embryos can be cryopreserved (frozen) for future use. If embryo transfer results in implantation, the cycle may progress to clinical pregnancy and possibly live birth. If the initial transfer did not result in pregnancy and birth, frozen embryos (if available) can be used for future transfers.

Fertility preservation cycles (when patients freeze their eggs or embryos for future use with no intent to become pregnant within 12 months) are excluded from the success rates in this section. This section also excludes cycles that were considered research—that is, cycles performed to evaluate new procedures.

Beginning in 2017, CDC reported *cumulative* success rates—that is, ART retrieval cycles were monitored for 12 months after a cycle was started, and the live births of all associated embryo transfers (transfers using the retrieved eggs) within this period were used to calculate success rates. Success rates presented in this section of the report were based on cycles that started in calendar year 2016 and were followed for 12 months.

For patients that use their own eggs, success rates were presented by female patient’s age group at the start of the cycle. Because a woman’s fertility declines with age, success rates were lower for older female patients who attempted to become pregnant with their own eggs. For this reason, success rates for patients who use their own eggs or embryos were reported separately by age groups for patients

younger than age 35, aged 35–37, aged 38–40, aged 41–42, and age 43 or older.

Success rates were reported for:

- 2A. All patients with or without any prior ART cycles.
- 2B. New patients with no prior ART cycles.

2A. Success rates for all patients (with or without prior ART cycles)

This section reports success rates for all patients undergoing ART who used their own eggs, regardless of whether they had any prior ART cycles. The success rates are shown per intended retrieval, per actual retrieval, and per transfer.

• Number of intended retrievals

This is the number of ART cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve eggs from the patient. Not all cycles started with the intent to retrieve eggs result in actual egg retrieval; some cycles may be canceled before the egg retrieval is performed. Cycles may be canceled for many reasons, such as eggs may not have developed, the patient became ill, or the patient chose to stop treatment. Therefore, the number of intended retrievals may be higher than the number of actual retrievals.

• Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births

This is the percentage of cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve eggs that resulted in a live birth. The denominator for this measure includes the number of intended retrievals described above. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that have resulted from the intended retrievals and associated transfers within 12 months of cycle start. For example, if a clinic started 60 intended egg retrievals in 2016, and these resulted in 30 live births in 2016 or 2017, the average live birth rate for intended retrievals would be $30 \text{ (live births)} \div 60 \text{ (intended retrievals)} = 0.5$, or 50.0% of intended retrievals resulting in a live birth.

• Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births

This is the percentage of all intended retrievals started in 2016 that resulted in the birth of a single live infant. The denominator for this measure includes the number of intended retrievals described above. The numerator includes singleton live birth(s) that resulted from the intended retrievals and associated transfers within 12 months of cycle start. For example, if a clinic started 60 intended retrievals in 2016, and these resulted in 24 singleton live births in 2016 or 2017, the average live birth rate for intended retrievals would be $24 \text{ (singleton live births)} \div 60 \text{ (intended retrievals)} = 0.4$, or 40.0% of intended retrievals resulting in a singleton live birth.

• Number of retrievals

This is the number of ART cycles started in 2016 in which at least one egg was retrieved (actual retrieval) from the patient.

• Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births

This is the percentage of actual retrievals that resulted in a live birth. The denominator for this measure includes the number of actual retrievals described above. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that resulted from the retrievals and associated transfers within 12 months of cycle start. For example, if a clinic started 60 intended retrievals in 2016, and 55 of these intended retrieval cycles progressed to egg retrieval stage, which resulted in 30 live births in 2016 or 2017, the average live birth rate per egg retrieval would be $30 \text{ (live births)} \div 55 \text{ (retrievals)} = 0.545$, or 54.5% of actual retrievals resulting in a live birth.

• Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births

This is the percentage of actual retrievals that resulted in the birth of a single live infant. The

denominator for this measure includes the number of actual retrievals described above. The numerator includes singleton live births that resulted from the retrievals and associated transfers within 12 months of cycle start. For example, if a clinic started 60 intended egg retrievals in 2016, and 55 of these intended retrieval cycles progressed to egg retrieval stage, which resulted in 24 singleton live births in 2016 or 2017, the average singleton live birth rate per egg retrieval would be $24 \text{ (singleton live births)} \div 55 \text{ (retrievals)} = 0.436$, or 43.6% of retrievals resulting in a singleton live birth.

- **Number of transfers**

This is the number of egg or embryo transfers where at least one egg was retrieved from the patient in 2016 and at least one egg or embryo was transferred within 12 months of the start of the cycle (in 2016 or 2017). The eggs or embryos can be either fresh or previously frozen and thawed.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in live births**

This is the percentage of egg or embryo transfers that resulted in a live birth. The denominator for this measure includes the number of transfers described above. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that resulted from the transfer(s) of eggs or embryos. For example, if 60 intended retrievals were associated with 58 transfers within 12 months, which resulted in 30 live births, the average success rate per transfer would be $30 \text{ (live births)} \div 58 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.517$, or 51.7% of transfers resulting in a live birth.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births**

This is the percentage of transfers that resulted in the birth of a single live infant. The denominator for this measure includes number of transfers described above. The numerator includes singleton live births that resulted from

the transfer(s) of eggs or embryos. For example, if 60 intended retrievals were associated with 58 transfers within 12 months, which resulted in 24 singleton live births, the average success rate per transfer would be $24 \text{ (singleton live births)} \div 58 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.414$, or 41.4% of transfers resulting in a singleton live birth.

- **Number of intended retrievals per live birth**

This is the number of intended egg retrievals that resulted in a live birth. The denominator for this measure includes the number of live births resulting from the transfer of eggs or embryos following cycles started in 2016. The numerator is the number of intended retrievals described above. For example, if 30 live births and 60 intended retrievals were reported, the number of intended retrievals per live birth would be $60 \text{ (intended retrievals)} \div 30 \text{ (live births)} = 2.0$ intended retrievals per live birth.

2B. Success rates for new patients (with no prior ART cycles)

This section reports the success rates for first-time ART users that intended to use their own eggs in 2016. These patients were reported to have no previous ART stimulations or previous frozen ART cycles. CDC reported cumulative success rates for patients with no prior ART cycles after their first intended retrieval, first or second intended retrieval, and after all intended retrievals that occurred in 2016. If the first intended retrieval did not result in live birth, the patients may have initiated additional cycle(s). Therefore, the success rate for multiple retrievals was calculated.

- **Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval**

This is the percentage of patients with no prior ART cycles that had a live birth after their first intended retrieval. The denominator for this measure includes the number of new patients. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that

resulted from the first intended retrievals and associated transfers within 12 months of cycle start. For example, if there were 40 patients and their first intended retrieval resulted in 22 live births, the average live birth rate for the first intended retrieval would be $22 \text{ (live births)} \div 40 \text{ (new patients)} = 0.55$, or 55.0% of patients with no prior ART cycles having a live birth after the first retrieval.

- **Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals**

This is the percentage of patients with no prior ART cycles that had a live birth after their first or second (if first retrieval did not result in live birth) intended retrieval. The denominator includes the number of new patients. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that have resulted from the associated transfer(s) of eggs or embryos after the first or second egg retrieval. For example, if there were 40 patients, and their first intended retrievals resulted in 22 live births. Some of the remaining patients who did not have a live birth would then have second egg retrievals in 2016, which resulted in 3 live births, making the total number of live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals 25. Thus, the average live birth rate after the first or second intended retrievals would be $25 \text{ (live births)} \div 40 \text{ (new patients)} = 0.625$, or 62.5% of patients with no prior ART having a live birth after the first or second retrieval.

- **Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals**

This is the percentage of patients with no prior ART cycles that had a live birth after all intended retrievals in 2016. The number of intended retrievals varies by patient; it could be 1, 2, 3, or more intended retrievals. The denominator includes the number of new patients. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that have resulted from the associated transfer(s) of eggs or embryos after all egg retrievals were performed in 2016. For example, if there were 40 new patients that

had 26 live births after all intended retrievals in 2016, the average live birth rate after all intended retrievals would be $26 \text{ (live births)} \div 40 \text{ (new patients)} = 0.65$, or 65.0% of patients with no prior ART having a live birth after all intended retrievals.

- **Average number of intended retrievals per new patient**

This is the average number of intended retrievals started in 2016 among patients with no prior ART cycles. The denominator is the number of new patients. The numerator is the number of intended retrievals among new patients. For example, if a clinic started 45 intended retrievals among 40 patients, the average number of intended retrievals would be $45 \text{ (new patient intended retrievals)} \div 40 \text{ (new patients)} = 1.1$ intended retrievals among patients with no prior ART cycles.

- **Average number of transfers per intended retrieval**

This is the average number of transfers of eggs or embryos that occurred per intended retrieval, among patients with no prior ART cycles. The denominator is the number of total intended retrievals among new patients. The numerator is the total number of transfers within 12 months after intended retrievals among new patients. For example, there were 55 transfers after 45 intended retrievals among new patients in 2016. Therefore, the average number of transfers per intended retrieval would be $55 \text{ (transfers)} \div 45 \text{ (intended retrieval)} = 1.2$ transfers per intended retrieval among patients with no prior ART cycles.

3. Success rates for ART transfers among patients using eggs or embryos from a donor

This section of the clinic table reports success rates for all ART cycles that involve the transfer of donor eggs, embryos created from donor eggs, or donated embryos. The patient or intended parent

(male or female) in this section is not the woman who uses her own eggs to achieve a pregnancy. Intended female parents who have premature ovarian failure (early menopause), whose ovaries have been removed, or who have a genetic concern about using their own eggs may consider using eggs that are donated by a woman without these conditions. Embryos may also be donated by patients who previously had ART.

This section describes the transfers of eggs or embryos from a donor that started in 2017. Eggs or embryos may be transferred to the intended parent or to a gestational carrier. If an embryo transfer results in implantation, the cycle may progress to clinical pregnancy and possibly live birth. If the initial transfer did not result in pregnancy and birth, frozen embryos (if available) can be used for future transfers.

Success rates presented in this section are based on donor cycles that had egg or embryo transfers in 2017, regardless of retrieval date. For example, an ART donor cycle that starts as an intended retrieval in March 2016 and has an embryo transfer in 2017 will be included in the 2017 report. This section also includes cycles in which intended parents transferred donated embryos in 2017 but do not know the date of egg retrieval. This section excludes cycles that were considered research—that is, cycles performed to evaluate new procedures.

Success rates are not presented by age group because previous data show that an intended parent's age does not substantially affect success when using donor eggs or donated embryos. The success rates are presented by types of embryos and eggs used in the transfer.

- **Fresh embryos, fresh eggs**

This is ART cycles involving fresh embryos created from fresh donor eggs. The eggs were retrieved from a donor and fertilized (if applicable) during the current cycle. Neither the donated eggs nor any resulting embryos were ever frozen prior to transfer.

- **Fresh embryos, frozen eggs**

This is ART cycles involving fresh embryos created from frozen donor eggs. The eggs were retrieved from a donor during a previous cycle and frozen for future use. The eggs were then thawed, fertilized (if applicable), and transferred in 2017. The donated eggs were frozen prior to transfer, but any resulting embryos were not.

- **Frozen embryos**

This is ART cycles involving frozen embryos created from fresh or frozen donor eggs. In the case of fresh donor eggs, the eggs were retrieved from a donor during a previous cycle and fertilized, and then the resulting embryo was frozen for future use. In the case of frozen donor eggs, the eggs were retrieved from a donor during a previous cycle, frozen, thawed, and fertilized, and then the resulting embryos were frozen for future use. For both fresh and frozen donor eggs, the frozen embryos were thawed for transfer in 2017.

- **Donated embryos**

This is ART cycles involving donated embryos—that is, embryos donated from another patient or couple after their own ART treatment. The embryos can be fresh or frozen.

- **Number of transfers**

This is the number of transfers of at least one donor egg, one embryo created from a donor egg, or one donated embryo that was transferred to the patient or to a gestational carrier.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in live births**

This is the percentage of transfers in 2017 of at least one donor egg or embryo that resulted in a live birth. The denominator includes the number of transfers described above. The numerator includes the live birth(s) that have resulted from the transfer(s) of donated eggs or embryos. For example, if 20 transfers using at

least one donor egg or embryo resulted in 10 live births, the average success rate per transfer would be $10 \text{ (live births)} \div 20 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.5$, or 50.0% of donor egg or embryo transfers resulting in a live birth.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births**

This is the percentage of transfers in 2017 of at least one donor egg or embryo that resulted in the birth of a single live infant. The denominator includes the number of transfers described above. The numerator includes singleton live births that have resulted from the transfer(s) of donated eggs or embryos. For example, if 20 transfers using at least one donor egg or embryo resulted in 8 singleton live births, the average success rate per transfer would be $8 \text{ (singleton live births)} \div 20 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.4$, or 40.0% of donor egg or embryo transfers resulting in a singleton live birth.

4. Characteristics of ART cycles

This section reports the number of ART cycles started in 2017 as well as characteristics of those cycles. Characteristics are reported in total and by age group of the intended parents at the time that the cycle was started. This section excludes cycles that were considered research—that is, cycles performed to evaluate new procedures.

- **Total number of cycles**

This is the number of ART cycles started in 2017 by age group and in total. The total number of ART cycles is calculated as the sum of (1) the number of cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos (for example, short term banking or fertility preservation); (2) the number of cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh or frozen eggs retrieved from either the patient or donor; and (3) the number of cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh or frozen embryos created from fresh or frozen eggs retrieved from either the patient or donor.

- **Percentage of cycles canceled prior to retrieval or thaw**

This is the percentage of ART cycles that were started and then subsequently canceled either before retrieval of eggs or before thawing of the frozen eggs or embryos occurred. The canceled cycles include cycles started with the intent to retrieve eggs that were canceled prior to the egg retrieval and cycles started with the intent to transfer a frozen egg or embryo that were canceled prior to the egg or embryo being thawed. A cycle may be canceled for a variety of reasons, including the following: a woman's ovaries do not respond to fertility medications and thus do not produce a sufficient number of eggs, illness, or other medical or personal reasons. The denominator includes the total number of cycles as described above. The numerator includes cycles that were canceled either before egg retrieval or before frozen eggs or embryos were thawed for transfer.

- **Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking**

This is the percentage of cycles that were stopped between retrieval of eggs (if applicable) and either egg or embryo transfer or banking. This includes (1) cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos (short term banking or fertility preservation) in which a retrieval was attempted but no eggs were retrieved; (2) cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which eggs were retrieved but no eggs or embryos were frozen; (3) cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs or fresh embryos from fresh eggs in which retrieval was attempted but no eggs were retrieved or in which eggs were retrieved but no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and (4) cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred. A cycle may be stopped for a variety of reasons, including the eggs or embryos produced are not of sufficient

quality for freezing or transfer, previously frozen eggs or embryos do not survive thaw, illness, or other medical or personal reasons. The denominator includes the total number of cycles as described above. The numerator includes all cycles that were stopped after an attempted retrieval but before a transfer or banking occurred.

- **Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation**

This is the percentage of all cycles that were intended for fertility preservation. These cycles include cycles that were started with the intent to freeze all retrieved eggs or embryos from the patient or a donor for use more than 12 months in the future. The denominator includes the total number of cycles as described above. The numerator includes all fertility preservation cycles.

- **Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier**

This is the percentage of transfers in which the intended parent does not intend to carry the pregnancy but rather use a gestational carrier. A gestational carrier (also known as a gestational surrogate) is a woman who gestates an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman with the expectation of returning the infant to its intended parent(s). The eggs or embryos can be either fresh or previously frozen and thawed and may come from either intended parents or donors. The denominator includes all cycles in which at least one egg or embryo was transferred. The numerator includes the total number of transfers in which the pregnancy carrier was a gestational carrier.

- **Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos**

This is the percentage of transfers in which at least one frozen embryo created from either fresh or frozen eggs was transferred to the intended parent or gestational carrier. The

denominator includes all cycles in which at least one egg or embryo was transferred. The numerator includes all transfers that included at least one frozen embryo.

- **Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI**

This is the percentage of transfers in which at least one embryo was fertilized using ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection). ICSI is a procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg for fertilization. It is an alternative to conventional in vitro fertilization in which sperm compete to fertilize an egg. Transferred embryos may be fresh or frozen and may use fresh or frozen eggs retrieved from the intended parent or donor. The denominator includes all cycles in which at least one egg or embryo was transferred. The numerator includes all transfers in which ICSI was performed.

- **Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT**

This is the percentage of transfers in which at least one embryo underwent PGT (preimplantation genetic testing). PGT is used to detect chromosomal or genetic abnormalities and prevent transmission of inherited diseases. The denominator includes all cycles in which at least one egg or embryo was transferred. The numerator includes all transfers in which PGT was performed on at least one embryo.

5. Clinic current services and profile

This section reports the services offered by the clinic. The individual clinic table provides a “Yes” or “No” to offering the listed service at the time of reporting. It also indicates whether the clinic is a member of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) and whether the clinic’s laboratory (lab) accreditation has been verified. CDC provides this information as a public service and does not oversee any of these nonfederal, accreditation programs. Certified

laboratories must be in compliance with the accrediting organization's standards. Depending on the organization, accrediting standards may include components for personnel, quality control and quality assurance, specimen tracking, results reporting, or the performance of technical procedures. Compliance with these standards is confirmed by documentation provided by the laboratory and by on-site inspections.

- **Donor eggs**

A clinic may have a donor egg program for ART in which a donor egg is retrieved from one woman (the donor) and fertilized with either partner or donor sperm, and then the resulting embryo is transferred to the uterus of another woman (the recipient). Policies regarding the sharing of donor eggs vary from clinic to clinic. A "Yes" indicates the clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **Donated embryos**

A clinic may have a donor embryo program for ART using embryos that were donated by other patients who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available. A "Yes" indicates the clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **Embryo cryopreservation**

A clinic may have a program for freezing embryos. A "Yes" indicates the clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **Egg cryopreservation**

A clinic may have a program for freezing eggs. A "Yes" indicates the clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **Single women**

Clinics have varying policies regarding ART services for unmarried patients—for example, single women. A clinic may have provided services to single women. A "Yes" indicates the

clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **Gestational carriers**

Policies regarding ART services using gestational carriers vary from clinic to clinic. Some states do not permit clinics to offer this service. A clinic may have a gestational carrier or surrogate program for ART. A "Yes" indicates the clinic provided the service and a "No" means they did not.

- **SART member**

Some clinics choose to become members of SART. A "Yes" indicates that the clinic was a member at the time of reporting and a "No" means they were not.

- **Verified lab accreditation**

A "Yes" indicates the clinic had an embryo laboratory accreditation at the time of reporting by at least one of three specified accrediting organizations: the College of American Pathologists, The Joint Commission, or the New York State Tissue Bank Program. A "No" indicates that the embryo laboratory was not accredited by any of these organizations or did not provide proof of accreditation to CDC. A "Pending" means that the clinic submitted an application for accreditation to one or more of the three organizations and provided proof of such application to CDC.

Further information on laboratory accreditation for specific clinics is provided in Appendix C.

6. Reason for using ART

This section reports the reasons for using ART among cycles started in 2017. Percentages may add to more than 100% because there may be more than one reason or diagnosis that can be reported for each ART cycle. This section excludes cycles performed to evaluate new procedures.

- **Male factor**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents that have a diagnosis of infertility due to low sperm count or problems with sperm function in male patients that makes it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

- **Endometriosis**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients that have a diagnosis of endometriosis, which is described as a history of a medical condition that involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining outside the uterus.

- **Tubal factor**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients that have a diagnosis of blocked or damaged fallopian tubes, which makes it difficult for an egg or embryo to travel to the uterus.

- **Ovulatory dysfunction**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients whose ovaries are not producing eggs normally. Ovulatory dysfunction is characterized by irregular menstrual cycles reflective of ovaries that are not producing one mature egg each month. It includes polycystic ovary syndrome and functional hypothalamic amenorrhea.

- **Uterine factor**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients with a structural or functional disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.

- **PGT**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients whose primary reason for using ART was for conducting PGT, which includes diagnosis or screening to detect chromosomal or genetic abnormalities and prevent an inherited disease. This includes cycles performed for aneuploidy screening.

- **Gestational carrier**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents using a gestational carrier—that is, a woman who gestates an embryo formed from the egg of either the intended parent or a donor with the expectation of returning the infant to its intended parent(s).

- **Diminished ovarian reserve**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients with a decreased number of available eggs. Reasons include congenital, medical, or surgical causes or advanced age.

- **Egg or embryo banking**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents using ART for the purpose of freezing eggs or embryos for future use.

- **Recurrent pregnancy loss**

This is the percentage of cycles started for patients that have recurrent pregnancy loss, described as two or more failed pregnancies.

- **Other, infertility**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents using ART with a diagnosis for a known reason that is not listed; this diagnosis was related to infertility.

- **Other, non-infertility**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents using ART with a diagnosis for a known reason that is not listed, but was NOT related to infertility.

- **Unexplained**

This is the percentage of cycles started for intended parents with infertility but for which no cause of infertility was found.

NATIONAL SUMMARY

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b} Number of reporting clinics: 448

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	52,428	28,996	28,287	14,358	11,604
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.6%	37.5%	23.5%	11.8%	3.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	31.4%	20.4%	10.7%	3.2%
Number of retrievals	49,641	26,479	24,893	12,277	9,319
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.5%	41.1%	26.7%	13.8%	4.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.9%	34.4%	23.2%	12.5%	4.0%
Number of transfers	55,706	25,325	18,600	6,810	3,572
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.5%	43.0%	35.8%	24.9%	11.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	36.0%	31.1%	22.5%	10.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.7	4.3	8.5	29.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.2%	40.7%	25.6%	13.0%	4.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.8%	47.5%	31.8%	16.9%	5.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.7%	49.0%	33.9%	18.6%	5.6%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3,220	3,038	14,381	2,089
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.3%	46.7%	46.5%	42.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	39.4%	39.5%	36.1%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^a

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	106,966	63,369	55,203	26,788	32,059	284,385
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.4%	7.5%	9.1%	11.1%	12.0%	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^d	7.8%	7.3%	9.7%	13.6%	14.7%	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.6%	7.0%	5.9%	3.9%	2.3%	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	3.4%	4.0%	5.0%	12.0%	4.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	69.1%	71.3%	69.7%	65.8%	69.1%	69.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.4%	75.7%	74.5%	72.8%	66.5%	75.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	27.8%	35.1%	38.6%	34.4%	28.4%	31.9%

Current Services & Profile (percentage of clinics)

Donor eggs?	89%	Verified lab accreditation? Yes 92% No 8% Pending 1%
Donated embryos?	62%	
Embryo cryopreservation?	100%	
Egg cryopreservation?	98%	
Single women?	99%	
Gestational carriers?	88%	
SART member?	82%	

Reason for Using ART^{a,e}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 18 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^c Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^d Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^e Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ALABAMA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Janet M. Bouknight, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	30	11	12	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	2 / 11	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	2 / 11	3 / 12	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	24	5	9	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	2 / 5	4 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	2 / 5	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	30	8	13	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	33.3%	2 / 8	4 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	2 / 8	3 / 13	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	5.5	3.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.9%	1 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	40.9%	1 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	40.9%	1 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	58	19	13	7	5	102
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	2 / 19	2 / 13	1 / 7	2 / 5	11.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.4%	0 / 19	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 5	3.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	25.5%	7 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 5	2 / 3	30.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	46.8%	6 / 16	7 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 3	46.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.1%	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 3	2.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	25%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ART FERTILITY PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Virginia L. Houseman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	110	49	31	6	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.1%	32.7%	19.4%	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.5%	16.3%	19.4%	0 / 6	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	105	42	22	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.0%	38.1%	27.3%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.7%	19.0%	27.3%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	105	34	16	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.0%	47.1%	6 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.7%	23.5%	6 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.1	5.2		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	34.7%	27.3%	5 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	44.0%	36.4%	5 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	44.0%	36.4%	5 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	7	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	2 / 3	4 / 7	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	1 / 3	4 / 7	1 / 9

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	208	104	55	22	16	405
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	14.4%	15.4%	21.8%	31.8%	6 / 16	17.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.0%	12.5%	16.4%	22.7%	2 / 16	13.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.4%	6.7%	9.1%	0.0%	0 / 16	4.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 8	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.1%	58.8%	51.9%	8 / 10	6 / 8	56.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.5%	68.6%	70.4%	6 / 10	5 / 8	79.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.2%	15.7%	11.1%	1 / 10	0 / 8	10.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	60%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	27%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	53%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Deidre D. Gunn, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	76	29	23	5	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.6%	34.5%	26.1%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.3%	34.5%	21.7%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	70	29	21	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.4%	34.5%	28.6%	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.7%	34.5%	23.8%	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	72	24	14	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.7%	41.7%	6 / 14	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.2%	41.7%	5 / 14	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.9	3.8		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.8%	4 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	6 / 15	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.6%	6 / 15	5 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	2	12	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3	1 / 2	8 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3	1 / 2	7 / 12	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	121	52	42	13	16	244
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.1%	5.8%	14.3%	2 / 13	6 / 16	9.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	5.8%	4.8%	2 / 13	2 / 16	5.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.0%	1.9%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 16	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.7%	87.1%	95.0%	5 / 8	5 / 7	81.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.0%	71.0%	60.0%	4 / 8	2 / 7	70.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	45.3%	48.4%	65.0%	4 / 8	3 / 7	48.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	24%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**HUNTSVILLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC
MADISON, ALABAMA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George T. Koulianos, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	82	34	26	16	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.8%	35.3%	38.5%	0 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.9%	23.5%	23.1%	0 / 16	1 / 5
Number of retrievals	78	26	25	11	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.8%	46.2%	40.0%	0 / 11	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.2%	30.8%	24.0%	0 / 11	1 / 5
Number of transfers	105	29	24	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.7%	41.4%	41.7%	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.3%	27.6%	25.0%	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.8	2.6		5.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.3%	31.8%	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.3%	36.4%	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.0%	36.4%	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.1	3.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	11	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	5 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	186	58	55	21	24	344
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.2%	6.9%	12.7%	28.6%	29.2%	12.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.7%	12.1%	9.1%	14.3%	8.3%	14.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.8%	1.7%	0.0%	9.5%	0.0%	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	2.3%	0.0%	0 / 8	3 / 14	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	58.0%	50.0%	55.3%	3 / 8	6 / 14	54.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.6%	95.5%	89.5%	7 / 8	8 / 14	92.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.9%	0.0%	15.8%	3 / 8	1 / 14	7.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA IVF AND ART PROGRAM MOBILE, ALABAMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Botros M. Rizk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	15	6	4	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	12	4	3	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	12	4	3	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5				
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	5 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	5 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	21	11	9	3	5	49
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5	2.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	2 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 3	3 / 5	10.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	14.3%	1 / 11	0 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 5	12.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	5 / 13	1 / 6	4 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	35.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 13	6 / 6	6 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 1	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	47%
Endometriosis	31%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	35%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	41%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NEW DIRECTION FERTILITY CENTERS GILBERT, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark Amols, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	224	106	53	36	40
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.8%	47.2%	39.6%	5.6%	7.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.6%	34.0%	32.1%	2.8%	5.0%
Number of retrievals	223	105	53	36	40
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.1%	47.6%	39.6%	5.6%	7.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.8%	34.3%	32.1%	2.8%	5.0%
Number of transfers	233	82	36	10	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	61.4%	61.0%	58.3%	2 / 10	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	43.9%	47.2%	1 / 10	2 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	2.5	18.0	13.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.7%	52.2%	40.0%	1 / 15	2 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	74.2%	62.7%	50.0%	1 / 15	2 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	76.1%	62.7%	53.3%	1 / 15	2 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.7	2.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		7 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		4 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	458	195	181	59	62	955
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.1%	1.5%	0.6%	5.1%	4.8%	1.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.4%	8.2%	6.6%	22.0%	24.2%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.4%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.4%	2.2%	1.5%	0 / 15	1 / 12	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	99.6%	98.9%	97.0%	15 / 15	11 / 12	98.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.6%	72.0%	69.7%	12 / 15	8 / 12	73.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.8%	20.4%	21.2%	6 / 15	4 / 12	20.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	99%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	<1%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	72%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TROCHÉ FERTILITY CENTERS GLENDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vladimir Troché, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	42	33	16	2	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	54.5%	2 / 16	1 / 2	1 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.7%	36.4%	1 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	42	31	16	2	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	58.1%	2 / 16	1 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.7%	38.7%	1 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 6
Number of transfers	54	37	17	2	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.6%	48.6%	2 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.8%	32.4%	1 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.8	8.0	2.0	7.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.8%	50.0%	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.8%	60.0%	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.8%	60.0%	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	1	20	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 9	0 / 1	20.0%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 9	0 / 1	15.0%	1 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	95	72	42	10	17	236
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	12.5%	0.0%	0 / 10	2 / 17	5.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.4%	4.2%	2.4%	1 / 10	1 / 17	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	1.4%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 17	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	5.3%	5.7%	1 / 8	0 / 13	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.7%	64.9%	51.4%	7 / 8	7 / 13	63.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.3%	80.7%	94.3%	5 / 8	8 / 13	84.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.0%	21.1%	17.1%	0 / 8	1 / 13	14.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	71%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS, LLC PHOENIX, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Drew V. Moffitt, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	56	38	32	8	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	36.8%	15.6%	0 / 8	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	36.8%	9.4%	0 / 8	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	54	30	23	7	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	46.7%	21.7%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.9%	46.7%	13.0%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Number of transfers	70	36	16	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.3%	38.9%	5 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	38.9%	3 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.7	6.4		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.3%	40.7%	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.8%	40.7%	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.8%	40.7%	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	4	34	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	2 / 4	47.1%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	2 / 4	47.1%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	180	83	54	21	31	369
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.7%	10.8%	16.7%	9.5%	12.9%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.1%	3.6%	0.0%	9.5%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.9%	1.2%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 8	5.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.7%	100.0%	96.2%	7 / 8	95.0%	97.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.1%	73.2%	88.5%	4 / 8	60.0%	82.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	29.9%	39.0%	46.2%	4 / 8	20.0%	34.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	45%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	46%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GONDRA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE CARE & ADVANCED GYNECOLOGY PHOENIX, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Maria M. Gondra, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	3	0	0	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3			1 / 1	
Number of retrievals	3	0	0	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3			1 / 1	
Number of transfers	3	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3			1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5			1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	0 / 1				
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 1				
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 1				
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	2.0				
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0				

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	19	12	15	3	1	50
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	2.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4 / 19	4 / 12	5 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1	28.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 6		1 / 1	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	6 / 14	4 / 8	4 / 6		0 / 1	48.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	14 / 14	8 / 8	5 / 6		1 / 1	96.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3 / 14	2 / 8	3 / 6		0 / 1	27.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	46%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	30%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	12%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sujatha Gunnala, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	12	15	4	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	7 / 12	3 / 15	2 / 4	1 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	5 / 12	2 / 15	2 / 4	1 / 8
Number of retrievals	27	12	12	4	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	44.4%	7 / 12	3 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	5 / 12	2 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 8
Number of transfers	28	15	8	4	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	7 / 15	3 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	5 / 15	2 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	1.7	5.0	2.0	8.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.0%	6 / 9	2 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	40.0%	6 / 9	2 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	40.0%	6 / 9	2 / 9	2 / 3	1 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	2	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	72	40	29	11	1	153
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	0.0%	6.9%	1 / 11	0 / 1	3.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.5%	5.0%	3.4%	0 / 11	0 / 1	7.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	2.5%	6.9%	0 / 11	0 / 1	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	10.7%	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1	2.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.8%	46.4%	5 / 14	4 / 7	0 / 1	48.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.9%	92.9%	13 / 14	7 / 7	1 / 1	93.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.8%	14.3%	3 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	8.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CARE, PLLC SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Frederick W. Larsen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	100	66	45	18	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.0%	43.9%	31.1%	4 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.0%	37.9%	26.7%	4 / 18	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	96	58	36	11	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.5%	50.0%	38.9%	4 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.2%	43.1%	33.3%	4 / 11	0 / 1
Number of transfers	123	59	24	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.0%	49.2%	58.3%	4 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	42.4%	50.0%	4 / 10	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.3	3.2	4.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.5%	46.3%	25.0%	3 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.5%	56.1%	35.7%	3 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.9%	56.1%	35.7%	3 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	11	21	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 7	8 / 11	38.1%	5 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 7	8 / 11	33.3%	5 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	213	116	71	27	25	452
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.3%	6.9%	8.5%	11.1%	8.0%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	0.0%	4.2%	7.4%	20.0%	4.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	5.2%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	3.2%	2.6%	1 / 13	1 / 16	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	82.3%	83.9%	68.4%	11 / 13	6 / 16	77.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.6%	67.7%	68.4%	7 / 13	11 / 16	65.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	41.6%	56.5%	52.6%	8 / 13	1 / 16	45.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	46%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	51%
Uterine factor	17%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	48%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ARIZONA ASSOCIATES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ketan S. Patel, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	56	25	23	6	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.8%	32.0%	34.8%	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.6%	28.0%	34.8%	1 / 6	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	49	24	23	5	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.2%	33.3%	34.8%	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.0%	29.2%	34.8%	1 / 5	0 / 4
Number of transfers	61	21	16	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.5%	38.1%	8 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.0%	33.3%	8 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.1	2.9	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.2%	5 / 11	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.6%	5 / 11	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.6%	5 / 11	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	81	59	50	12	3	205
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.7%	6.8%	12.0%	1 / 12	1 / 3	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	22.2%	8.5%	10.0%	4 / 12	0 / 3	15.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	6.8%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 3	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 3	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.0%	100.0%	96.2%	3 / 3	1 / 1	98.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.5%	91.7%	73.1%	3 / 3	0 / 1	79.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	27.5%	50.0%	53.8%	1 / 3	1 / 1	41.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	45%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	42%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES
(ACFS)
SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jay S. Nemiro, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	12	8	9	5	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 12	4 / 8	5 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 12	3 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	12	8	9	5	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 12	4 / 8	5 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 12	3 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4
Number of transfers	9	8	7	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 9	4 / 8	5 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 9	3 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	2.0	1.8	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.5	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			6 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			4 / 7	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	22	13	21	1	15	72
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%	0 / 1	0 / 15	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%	0 / 1	2 / 15	2.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	4 / 13	9.5%	0 / 1	2 / 15	11.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	10.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	11 / 11	4 / 4	7 / 7	1 / 1	6 / 6	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	11 / 11	4 / 4	7 / 7	1 / 1	5 / 6	96.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11 / 11	4 / 4	6 / 7	1 / 1	5 / 6	93.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	60%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	60%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	65%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BLOOM REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Millie A. Behera, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	88	66	54	29	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.7%	42.4%	18.5%	3.4%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.6%	25.8%	13.0%	3.4%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	88	59	47	21	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.7%	47.5%	21.3%	4.8%	0 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.6%	28.8%	14.9%	4.8%	0 / 14
Number of transfers	94	41	27	5	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.1%	68.3%	37.0%	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.2%	41.5%	25.9%	1 / 5	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.4	5.4	29.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	62.1%	44.7%	18.8%	0 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	52.6%	25.0%	1 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.2%	55.3%	28.1%	1 / 15	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	21	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 2	47.6%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	38.1%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	199	98	106	35	44	482
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	6.1%	12.3%	5.7%	15.9%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.5%	6.1%	9.4%	8.6%	15.9%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	3.1%	8.5%	5.7%	2.3%	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	94.4%	100.0%	97.4%	10 / 11	59.1%	92.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.8%	75.0%	56.4%	7 / 11	50.0%	69.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	71.1%	80.0%	59.0%	10 / 11	59.1%	70.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	50%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	46%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOSTON IVF, THE ARIZONA CENTER, LLC SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Alan S. Penzias, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	50	30	24	7	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.0%	40.0%	16.7%	1 / 7	0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.0%	36.7%	16.7%	1 / 7	0 / 11
Number of retrievals	49	27	22	5	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.2%	44.4%	18.2%	1 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.0%	40.7%	18.2%	1 / 5	0 / 6
Number of transfers	60	21	10	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.3%	57.1%	4 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	52.4%	4 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.5	6.0	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.4%	6 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.4%	7 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.4%	8 / 13	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.7	1.6	2.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 5	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 5	1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	130	31	41	16	14	232
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.4%	3.2%	7.3%	2 / 16	1 / 14	6.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.5%	6.5%	14.6%	2 / 16	3 / 14	10.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 14	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	83.3%	12 / 14	16 / 17	5 / 9	3 / 5	82.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.1%	9 / 14	12 / 17	6 / 9	5 / 5	66.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	69.2%	11 / 14	12 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 5	67.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	43%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	60%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF PHOENIX SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John L. Couvaras, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	55	28	23	13	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	18.2%	10.7%	0.0%	1 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.4%	7.1%	0.0%	1 / 13	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	51	24	20	11	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	19.6%	12.5%	0.0%	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	17.6%	8.3%	0.0%	1 / 11	0 / 4
Number of transfers	35	14	6	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	28.6%	3 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.7%	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.5	9.3	13.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	14.8%	1 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	29.6%	2 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	33.3%	3 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		2 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	51	43	35	19	16	164
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.9%	7.0%	11.4%	2 / 19	0 / 16	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.7%	16.3%	31.4%	5 / 19	4 / 16	20.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	0 / 16	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 7	5.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	95.7%	13 / 13	3 / 3	5 / 5	6 / 7	96.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.6%	13 / 13	3 / 3	3 / 5	5 / 7	84.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.1%	9 / 13	3 / 3	1 / 5	2 / 7	47.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	41%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	38%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER, PC TEMPE, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by H. Randall Craig, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	86	59	62	30	23
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.7%	39.0%	17.7%	10.0%	4.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.6%	20.3%	14.5%	10.0%	4.3%
Number of retrievals	77	52	49	18	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.2%	44.2%	22.4%	3 / 18	1 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	23.1%	18.4%	3 / 18	1 / 12
Number of transfers	69	46	34	13	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.4%	50.0%	32.4%	3 / 13	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.6%	26.1%	26.5%	3 / 13	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.6	5.6	10.0	23.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.7%	38.9%	28.6%	0 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.0%	44.4%	38.1%	1 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.0%	50.0%	38.1%	1 / 7	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	28	22
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			28.6%	50.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			10.7%	36.4%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	156	131	125	53	83	548
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.8%	6.1%	12.0%	15.1%	8.4%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.2%	5.3%	9.6%	15.1%	8.4%	7.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	4.6%	3.2%	1.9%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.8%	100.0%	95.2%	86.4%	97.9%	96.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.9%	83.6%	80.6%	72.7%	57.4%	76.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.6%	7.5%	19.4%	13.6%	12.8%	13.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Timothy J. Gelety, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	67	30	24	9	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.2%	30.0%	12.5%	1 / 9	1 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.8%	20.0%	8.3%	1 / 9	1 / 9
Number of retrievals	66	29	22	9	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.1%	31.0%	13.6%	1 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.4%	20.7%	9.1%	1 / 9	1 / 8
Number of transfers	81	39	23	7	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.7%	23.1%	13.0%	1 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	15.4%	8.7%	1 / 7	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.3	8.0	9.0	9.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.7%	34.8%	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	34.8%	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.0%	34.8%	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		1 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	109	48	55	14	24	250
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%	0 / 14	16.7%	2.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.6%	6.3%	1.8%	1 / 14	16.7%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%	0 / 14	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 15	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	49.5%	44.2%	40.8%	4 / 13	7 / 15	45.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	49.5%	34.9%	40.8%	4 / 13	6 / 15	43.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.9%	7.0%	4.1%	0 / 13	0 / 15	5.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christine W. Mansfield, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	83	52	23	10	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.2%	30.8%	13.0%	0 / 10	5.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.2%	26.9%	8.7%	0 / 10	5.0%
Number of retrievals	82	49	21	10	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.0%	32.7%	14.3%	0 / 10	1 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.8%	28.6%	9.5%	0 / 10	1 / 19
Number of transfers	105	53	14	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.6%	30.2%	3 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.1%	26.4%	2 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	3.3	7.7		20.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.6%	40.0%	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.3%	44.0%	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.3%	44.0%	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	4	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 6	1 / 4	2 / 11	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 11	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	162	89	70	28	22	371
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	3.4%	5.7%	3.6%	18.2%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.1%	3.4%	8.6%	14.3%	4.5%	5.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.3%	4.5%	2.9%	3.6%	0.0%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 13	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	58.9%	66.7%	74.4%	7 / 14	5 / 13	61.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.3%	93.3%	89.7%	12 / 14	10 / 13	93.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.1%	28.3%	35.9%	5 / 14	3 / 13	23.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CENTER TUCSON, ARIZONA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Scot M. Hutchison, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	51	20	15	9	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	20.0%	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	15.0%	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	51	20	15	9	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	20.0%	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	15.0%	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 4
Number of transfers	46	17	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.0%	4 / 17	2 / 4	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	3 / 17	2 / 4	2 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	5.0	7.5	4.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	29.3%	3 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	34.1%	3 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	34.1%	3 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	12	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 3	7 / 12	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 3	6 / 12	1 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	109	49	37	23	15	233
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.8%	2.0%	2.7%	4.3%	0 / 15	2.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	44.0%	40.8%	54.1%	78.3%	5 / 15	47.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	10.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 10	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.2%	100.0%	16 / 16	3 / 4	9 / 10	97.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.1%	100.0%	15 / 16	4 / 4	8 / 10	92.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	75.0%	65.2%	12 / 16	2 / 4	1 / 10	66.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	30%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ARKANSAS FERTILITY CENTER LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Dean M. Moutos, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	108	47	18	6	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.8%	29.8%	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.8%	21.3%	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	101	42	15	5	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.4%	33.3%	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	23.8%	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of transfers	122	45	13	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.7%	31.1%	5 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	22.2%	5 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.4	3.6	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.7%	21.7%	4 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.9%	30.4%	4 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.3%	30.4%	4 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	2.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 8		3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 8		3 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	204	48	53	9	7	321
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.8%	8.3%	18.9%	2 / 9	0 / 7	12.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.4%	8.3%	11.3%	2 / 9	0 / 7	8.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 7	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 3	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	47.8%	41.0%	48.5%	2 / 3	4 / 7	47.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.4%	69.2%	78.8%	1 / 3	4 / 7	75.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.8%	0.0%	12.1%	0 / 3	0 / 7	4.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	26%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

LIFESTART FERTILITY CENTER AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Anita P. Singh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	3	0	4	1	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 3		1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	3	0	2	1	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 3		1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		1 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		1 / 1		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0		4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0		1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7		0.0	0.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		1 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	9	4	2	5	1	21
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1	4.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	1 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 2	0 / 1	4 / 14
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	6 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	8 / 14
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	2 / 2	0 / 1	3 / 14

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	67%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	29%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ryszard J. Chetkowski, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	2	8	3	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	
Number of retrievals	6	2	6	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Number of transfers	10	2	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	1.0	8.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2		5 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2		5 / 11	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	12	21	28	10	10	81
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 12	9.5%	7.1%	0 / 10	1 / 10	7.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 12	9.5%	3.6%	0 / 10	0 / 10	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 12	9.5%	3.6%	3 / 10	0 / 10	7.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 7	1 / 10	2 / 16	1 / 6	3 / 6	15.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	6 / 7	8 / 10	13 / 16	4 / 6	6 / 6	82.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	6 / 7	9 / 10	10 / 16	2 / 6	4 / 6	68.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5 / 7	7 / 10	10 / 16	4 / 6	4 / 6	66.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	17%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	56%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	16%
PGT	14%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & GYNECOLOGY
(CRH&G)
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sam Najmabadi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	11	10	19	4	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	7 / 11	5 / 10	5 / 19	2 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 11	3 / 10	4 / 19	2 / 4	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	10	10	15	4	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	7 / 10	5 / 10	5 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 10	3 / 10	4 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 5
Number of transfers	10	10	8	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 10	5 / 10	5 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 10	3 / 10	4 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.0	3.8	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 9	4 / 9	3 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 9	4 / 9	4 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 9	4 / 9	4 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 7		3 / 4	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 7		3 / 4	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	32	27	22	16	32	129
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	2 / 16	6.3%	4.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.1%	3.7%	4.5%	0 / 16	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	31.3%	33.3%	22.7%	8 / 16	37.5%	34.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 5	1 / 15	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	9 / 15	9 / 12	6 / 9	3 / 5	7 / 15	60.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 15	9 / 12	7 / 9	4 / 5	12 / 15	80.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4 / 15	5 / 12	2 / 9	2 / 5	3 / 15	28.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	55%	Diminished ovarian reserve	45%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REPRODUCTIVE CENTER BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark W. Surrey, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	149	81	102	64	48
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.6%	30.9%	21.6%	14.1%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	27.2%	20.6%	14.1%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	148	81	99	61	47
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.9%	30.9%	22.2%	14.8%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	27.2%	21.2%	14.8%	0.0%
Number of transfers	112	38	38	11	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.4%	65.8%	57.9%	9 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.4%	57.9%	55.3%	9 / 11	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.2	4.6	7.1	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.9%	27.7%	20.8%	18.2%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.4%	38.3%	33.3%	22.7%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	46.4%	38.3%	39.6%	27.3%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	0	65	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 4		61.5%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4		47.7%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	401	305	264	135	164	1,269
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.5%	2.6%	2.3%	2.2%	2.4%	2.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.7%	0.7%	5.7%	4.4%	8.5%	3.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	17.7%	30.5%	20.5%	16.3%	5.5%	19.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.3%	6.8%	9.9%	19.0%	40.4%	13.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.2%	97.7%	97.5%	97.6%	93.0%	95.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.1%	73.9%	66.7%	69.0%	47.4%	71.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	83.3%	87.5%	85.2%	92.9%	73.7%	84.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	3%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	64%
Tubal factor	1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	88%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CARE OF ORANGE COUNTY BREA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Changnin T. Lee, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	27	18	27	15	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	9 / 18	14.8%	0 / 15	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.7%	7 / 18	11.1%	0 / 15	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	23	16	20	13	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.5%	9 / 16	20.0%	0 / 13	1 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	7 / 16	15.0%	0 / 13	1 / 12
Number of transfers	35	13	14	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.1%	9 / 13	4 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.4%	7 / 13	3 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.0	6.8		17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.6%	8 / 13	3 / 16	0 / 6	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.1%	8 / 13	4 / 16	0 / 6	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.1%	8 / 13	4 / 16	0 / 6	1 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	16	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			10 / 16	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			8 / 16	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	116	74	61	28	42	321
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	13.5%	16.4%	10.7%	23.8%	13.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.7%	0.0%	3.3%	3.6%	2.4%	1.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	2.7%	1.6%	0.0%	2.4%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	8.2%	8.1%	4.0%	2 / 11	10 / 19	13.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	97.3%	96.0%	11 / 11	19 / 19	98.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.4%	97.3%	100.0%	10 / 11	18 / 19	97.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	90.2%	62.2%	80.0%	7 / 11	16 / 19	79.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	89%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	66%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA IVF PROGRAM WOMEN'S SPECIALTY AND FERTILITY CENTER CLOVIS, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by H. Michael Synn, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	78	42	26	9	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.3%	38.1%	30.8%	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	33.3%	30.8%	0 / 9	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	75	38	23	7	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	42.1%	34.8%	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.0%	36.8%	34.8%	0 / 7	0 / 3
Number of transfers	91	43	30	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.0%	37.2%	26.7%	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.3%	32.6%	26.7%	0 / 6	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.6	3.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.6%	50.0%	5 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.2%	54.2%	6 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.8%	54.2%	6 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.2	0.7	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	6	10	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	2 / 6	4 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	0 / 6	3 / 10	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	152	60	50	21	11	294
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.2%	8.3%	10.0%	14.3%	1 / 11	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.2%	3.3%	6.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.3%	1.7%	0.0%	4.8%	0 / 11	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	1 / 9	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.4%	51.1%	51.3%	5 / 14	6 / 9	52.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.2%	84.4%	92.3%	13 / 14	5 / 9	88.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.6%	15.6%	10.3%	1 / 14	3 / 9	11.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lori L. Arnold, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	12	6	5	3	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 12	2 / 6	3 / 5	1 / 3	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 12	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 3	
Number of retrievals	12	6	4	3	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 12	2 / 6	3 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 12	2 / 6	2 / 4	1 / 3	
Number of transfers	16	3	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 16	2 / 3	3 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 16	2 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	3.0	1.7	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 10	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 4	1 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.5	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	25	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		60.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		48.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	40	23	22	13	35	133
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	4.3%	4.5%	1 / 13	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	0.0%	4.5%	1 / 13	5.7%	3.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	1 / 13	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5 / 19	3 / 13	4 / 10	3 / 6	14 / 15	46.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	16 / 19	12 / 13	8 / 10	6 / 6	15 / 15	90.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	17 / 19	11 / 13	8 / 10	6 / 6	14 / 15	88.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16 / 19	12 / 13	6 / 10	6 / 6	15 / 15	87.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	48%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	14%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

HRC FERTILITY-ENCINO ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael A. Feinman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	126	110	110	64	60
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	74.6%	44.5%	34.5%	17.2%	3.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.6%	31.8%	29.1%	15.6%	3.3%
Number of retrievals	126	108	104	61	50
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	74.6%	45.4%	36.5%	18.0%	4.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.6%	32.4%	30.8%	16.4%	4.0%
Number of transfers	138	95	75	35	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.1%	51.6%	50.7%	31.4%	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.7%	36.8%	42.7%	28.6%	2 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	2.2	2.9	5.8	30.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	75.9%	47.4%	37.5%	17.9%	5.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	79.5%	56.4%	40.6%	23.1%	5.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	79.5%	56.4%	40.6%	23.1%	5.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	48	4	133	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.4%	3 / 4	51.1%	8 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	2 / 4	42.1%	6 / 13

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	252	208	310	137	256	1,163
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	3.8%	6.1%	5.8%	6.3%	5.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.8%	2.9%	6.1%	10.9%	6.6%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.4%	12.5%	8.7%	6.6%	1.2%	6.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	16.2%	16.8%	13.5%	22.6%	42.4%	23.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.6%	68.1%	73.8%	77.4%	72.9%	71.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.7%	66.4%	69.0%	64.5%	58.2%	66.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	54.1%	51.3%	53.2%	54.8%	51.8%	52.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	12%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	45%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	20%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

LOS ANGELES REPRODUCTIVE CENTER (LARC) ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Nurit Winkler, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	15	14	15	6	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 15	1 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	1 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 7
Number of retrievals	15	12	14	4	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 15	1 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	1 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 6
Number of transfers	7	4	8	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 7	1 / 4	2 / 8		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 7	1 / 4	2 / 8		1 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	14.0	7.5		7.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	5 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	5 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	22	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			68.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			63.6%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	47	29	33	8	24	141
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	4.2%	0.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2 / 8	16.7%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0.0%	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	26.9%	3 / 11	4 / 17	0 / 1	6 / 12	29.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.3%	11 / 11	17 / 17	1 / 1	11 / 12	95.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.7%	4 / 11	5 / 17	1 / 1	5 / 12	44.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.7%	6 / 11	10 / 17	1 / 1	5 / 12	55.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	37%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	13%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	14%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WESTERN FERTILITY INSTITUTE ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ashim V. Kumar, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	30	30	21	31	14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	43.3%	28.6%	19.4%	0 / 14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	33.3%	28.6%	16.1%	0 / 14
Number of retrievals	30	30	19	29	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	43.3%	6 / 19	20.7%	0 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	33.3%	6 / 19	17.2%	0 / 13
Number of transfers	23	20	7	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	69.6%	65.0%	6 / 7	6 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	52.2%	50.0%	6 / 7	5 / 9	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.3	3.5	5.2	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.4%	4 / 14	5 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.1%	7 / 14	6 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.1%	8 / 14	6 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	166	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			68.1%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			45.8%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	99	96	106	63	192	556
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.0%	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	3.1%	1.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.0%	1.0%	0.0%	7.9%	9.4%	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.1%	11.5%	16.0%	27.0%	17.2%	16.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	49.1%	73.1%	62.7%	77.8%	73.0%	66.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.9%	80.8%	82.4%	88.9%	88.8%	86.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	92.7%	98.1%	100.0%	100.0%	95.5%	96.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	2%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	21%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	18%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ZOUVES FERTILITY CENTER FOSTER CITY, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christo G. Zouves, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	108	75	108	53	44
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.8%	29.3%	19.4%	7.5%	2.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.3%	28.0%	19.4%	7.5%	2.3%
Number of retrievals	103	73	106	51	42
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	30.1%	19.8%	7.8%	2.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.9%	28.8%	19.8%	7.8%	2.4%
Number of transfers	92	65	55	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.7%	33.8%	38.2%	4 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.2%	32.3%	38.2%	4 / 11	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	3.4	5.1	13.3	44.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.1%	34.3%	10.0%	0 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.2%	37.1%	16.7%	1 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.8%	37.1%	26.7%	1 / 15	0 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	22	73	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		59.1%	45.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		45.5%	37.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	189	193	212	122	111	827
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.6%	1.6%	1.9%	0.8%	1.8%	1.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.8%	6.2%	14.6%	23.0%	27.9%	13.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.3%	10.9%	9.0%	1.6%	1.8%	6.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	13.5%	14.9%	14.3%	11.9%	32.2%	16.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	99.0%	100.0%	93.4%	88.1%	86.4%	94.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.3%	87.4%	83.5%	83.1%	59.3%	83.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	96.2%	100.0%	89.0%	83.1%	78.0%	90.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTER FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David G. Diaz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	26	18	21	9	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.5%	4 / 18	14.3%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	3 / 18	9.5%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	26	17	19	9	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	38.5%	4 / 17	3 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	3 / 17	2 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 7
Number of transfers	24	9	8	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	4 / 9	3 / 8	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	3 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 5	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	4.5	7.0	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	8 / 19	2 / 11	1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 19	3 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 19	3 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.5	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	10	14	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 7	5 / 10	8 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 7	5 / 10	7 / 14	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	50	49	47	25	25	196
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	8.2%	10.6%	12.0%	12.0%	8.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.0%	2.0%	34.0%	12.0%	20.0%	13.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	4.1%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.0%	6.7%	1 / 15	0 / 15	4 / 15	7.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	87.9%	86.7%	11 / 15	7 / 15	9 / 15	75.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.8%	86.7%	15 / 15	13 / 15	15 / 15	88.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.2%	26.7%	4 / 15	3 / 15	1 / 15	19.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	10%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

XPERT FERTILITY CARE OF CALIFORNIA

MINH N. HO, MD, FACOG

FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Minh N. Ho, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	2	5	3	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	7	2	5	3	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of transfers	11	2	6	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.2		2.5	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3			

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	4	2	3	3	3	15
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 15
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3	4 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	4 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	3 / 3	1 / 3	8 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	2 / 3	4 / 13

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH-FREMONT FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lisa Farah-Ewais, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	276	204	170	90	42
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	66.3%	50.0%	37.6%	24.4%	9.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.1%	47.1%	34.7%	20.0%	9.5%
Number of retrievals	256	196	154	80	35
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	71.5%	52.0%	41.6%	27.5%	11.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	64.8%	49.0%	38.3%	22.5%	11.4%
Number of transfers	314	236	147	60	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.3%	43.2%	43.5%	36.7%	15.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	52.9%	40.7%	40.1%	30.0%	15.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.0	2.7	4.1	10.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.3%	50.0%	39.7%	23.7%	18.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.7%	53.8%	44.6%	27.1%	18.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	73.1%	53.8%	44.6%	28.8%	18.2%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	36	0	33	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.3%		39.4%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	55.6%		33.3%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	486	372	306	131	119	1,414
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	4.3%	9.5%	9.2%	5.9%	6.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.3%	4.0%	5.2%	10.7%	10.1%	5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	0.3%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	53.6%	47.3%	44.9%	49.4%	50.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.4%	84.4%	88.8%	84.6%	77.5%	86.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.4%	20.0%	19.5%	23.1%	11.2%	16.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CARE FERTILITY GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Rudy Quintero, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	65	42	59	17	22
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.3%	33.3%	22.0%	2 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.5%	26.2%	16.9%	2 / 17	0.0%
Number of retrievals	62	33	51	16	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	42.4%	25.5%	2 / 16	0 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	33.3%	19.6%	2 / 16	0 / 16
Number of transfers	57	31	31	11	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.6%	45.2%	41.9%	2 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.4%	35.5%	32.3%	2 / 11	0 / 9
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.0	4.5	8.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.7%	32.1%	32.3%	1 / 11	0 / 14
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.2%	42.9%	35.5%	1 / 11	0 / 14
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.2%	42.9%	35.5%	1 / 11	0 / 14
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	5	20	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 5	50.0%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 5	45.0%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	156	96	86	43	60	441
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	6.3%	9.3%	9.3%	11.7%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.8%	15.6%	8.1%	9.3%	11.7%	9.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.6%	2.1%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.7%	0.0%	10.3%	0.0%	13.3%	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.3%	86.4%	94.9%	95.0%	83.3%	89.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.3%	93.2%	94.9%	70.0%	76.7%	88.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.0%	15.9%	43.6%	35.0%	10.0%	25.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MARIN FERTILITY CENTER GREENBRAE, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peter S. Uzelac, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	42	42	27	33	22
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.5%	35.7%	29.6%	12.1%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	28.6%	29.6%	12.1%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	42	40	26	26	22
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.5%	37.5%	30.8%	15.4%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	30.0%	30.8%	15.4%	0.0%
Number of transfers	48	33	18	9	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.1%	45.5%	8 / 18	4 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	36.4%	8 / 18	4 / 9	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.8	3.4	8.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.9%	36.0%	6 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	48.0%	7 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	48.0%	7 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 10
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3		5 / 10	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 3		5 / 10	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	89	80	96	48	42	355
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.0%	11.3%	11.5%	18.8%	11.9%	11.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.2%	5.0%	5.2%	14.6%	14.3%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.6%	1.3%	11.5%	8.3%	4.8%	6.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	12.5%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 16	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	77.6%	90.0%	93.1%	8 / 11	10 / 16	82.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	81.6%	77.5%	82.8%	9 / 11	14 / 16	81.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	36.7%	77.5%	75.9%	4 / 11	6 / 16	55.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	49%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COASTAL FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER, INC. IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lawrence B. Werlin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	48	43	44	7	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	18.8%	23.3%	6.8%	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.7%	18.6%	6.8%	0 / 7	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	43	41	35	7	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	20.9%	24.4%	8.6%	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	18.6%	19.5%	8.6%	0 / 7	0 / 4
Number of transfers	41	25	17	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	22.0%	40.0%	3 / 17	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	19.5%	32.0%	3 / 17	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.3	4.3	14.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	10.8%	21.4%	7.4%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	16.2%	28.6%	11.1%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	16.2%	32.1%	11.1%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	3	21	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	28.6%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	23.8%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	191	92	79	30	24	416
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.0%	2.2%	2.5%	16.7%	4.2%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.6%	7.6%	10.1%	10.0%	4.2%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	53.9%	2.2%	7.6%	3.3%	0.0%	26.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.4%	6.3%	3.1%	0 / 12	1 / 13	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.6%	93.8%	100.0%	11 / 12	12 / 13	95.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.9%	93.8%	90.6%	12 / 12	9 / 13	91.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	83.3%	77.1%	87.5%	10 / 12	9 / 13	81.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	57%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	28%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	19%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ilene E. Hatch, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	24	21	22	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	71.4%	58.3%	42.9%	31.8%	1 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	64.3%	54.2%	38.1%	27.3%	1 / 5
Number of retrievals	27	24	18	19	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	74.1%	58.3%	9 / 18	7 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	66.7%	54.2%	8 / 18	6 / 19	1 / 4
Number of transfers	32	22	13	13	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	62.5%	63.6%	9 / 13	7 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	59.1%	8 / 13	6 / 13	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	1.7	2.3	3.1	5.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	70.8%	8 / 12	5 / 11	5 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.8%	8 / 12	6 / 11	5 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.8%	8 / 12	6 / 11	5 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	12	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			7 / 12	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			7 / 12	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	74	48	48	56	31	257
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	16.1%	12.9%	6.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	4.2%	2.1%	5.4%	3.2%	2.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.1%	6.3%	8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.0%	0.0%	1 / 17	0.0%	0 / 16	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.5%	100.0%	17 / 17	95.7%	16 / 16	98.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	92.6%	15 / 17	82.6%	9 / 16	87.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	72.5%	70.4%	13 / 17	52.2%	6 / 16	64.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	44%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	12%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**HOPE IVF AND FERTILITY CENTER
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LIFE IVF CENTER IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Frank D. Yelian, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	272	294	511	345	860
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	27.6%	17.7%	7.8%	3.5%	1.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.3%	17.0%	7.4%	3.5%	1.0%
Number of retrievals	257	263	450	298	714
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	29.2%	19.8%	8.9%	4.0%	1.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.7%	19.0%	8.4%	4.0%	1.3%
Number of transfers	120	101	94	32	39
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	62.5%	51.5%	42.6%	37.5%	23.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	55.0%	49.5%	40.4%	37.5%	23.1%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.6	5.7	12.8	28.8	95.6
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	25.8%	7.5%	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.2%	24.5%	11.5%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.9%	30.2%	26.4%	4.7%	1.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.9	2.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	87	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			54.0%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			50.6%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	402	363	508	518	1,142	2,933
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.7%	7.2%	4.9%	7.3%	11.0%	8.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.2%	20.1%	25.2%	36.7%	43.4%	31.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	12.7%	11.7%	13.8%	18.2%	42.3%	22.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.9%	97.1%	93.6%	96.1%	98.2%	95.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.4%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.1%	52.4%	58.7%	50.6%	44.0%	52.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	76%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	76%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	18%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER LINFERTILITY FAMILY FOUNDATION IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James P. Lin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	157	95	88	40	67
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	35.7%	30.5%	12.5%	2.5%	3.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.8%	25.3%	11.4%	2.5%	1.5%
Number of retrievals	155	92	85	37	57
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	35.5%	31.5%	12.9%	2.7%	3.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.5%	26.1%	11.8%	2.7%	1.8%
Number of transfers	108	57	33	8	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.9%	50.9%	33.3%	1 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.9%	42.1%	30.3%	1 / 8	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.3	8.0	40.0	33.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.3%	36.8%	8.2%	0 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	40.7%	38.6%	14.3%	0 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	40.7%	38.6%	16.3%	0 / 17	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	61	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		57.4%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		50.8%	2 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	246	238	202	94	135	915
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	1.1%	5.9%	1.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.7%	4.2%	12.9%	24.5%	25.2%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.4%	2.1%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.4%	6.6%	2.5%	24.1%	33.3%	9.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.4%	95.0%	98.7%	93.1%	97.8%	95.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.8%	99.2%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	74.5%	73.6%	79.7%	72.4%	82.2%	75.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	43%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	60%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	25%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**LA JOLLA IVF
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS FERTILITY CENTER-SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by V. Gabriel Garzo, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	107	94	77	45	48
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	37.2%	18.2%	13.3%	2.1%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.4%	35.1%	16.9%	13.3%	2.1%
Number of retrievals	99	83	61	40	38
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.6%	42.2%	23.0%	15.0%	2.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.6%	39.8%	21.3%	15.0%	2.6%
Number of transfers	103	67	33	15	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.3%	52.2%	42.4%	6 / 15	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.4%	49.3%	39.4%	6 / 15	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.7	5.5	7.5	48.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.6%	39.6%	22.2%	9.5%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.2%	47.9%	22.2%	14.3%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.5%	50.0%	25.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	30	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		53.3%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		53.3%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	199	205	210	92	90	796
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.5%	13.7%	15.7%	12.0%	15.6%	12.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	32.7%	29.8%	28.6%	31.5%	24.4%	29.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.0%	4.9%	5.7%	2.2%	0.0%	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	8.9%	3.9%	2.5%	14.8%	7.9%	6.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	99.0%	100.0%	98.7%	100.0%	89.5%	98.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.2%	77.5%	75.9%	51.9%	76.3%	76.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	55.4%	67.6%	86.1%	81.5%	60.5%	68.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**ACACIO FERTILITY CENTER
LAGUNA NIGUEL, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gihan M. Barih, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	73	53	35	13	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.8%	37.7%	8.6%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.5%	34.0%	8.6%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	71	43	26	10	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.1%	46.5%	11.5%	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.4%	41.9%	11.5%	2 / 10	0 / 3
Number of transfers	74	47	26	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.2%	42.6%	11.5%	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.1%	38.3%	11.5%	2 / 8	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.7	11.7	6.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.6%	35.5%	9.5%	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.8%	45.2%	9.5%	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.8%	45.2%	9.5%	1 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	12	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 8		7 / 12	4 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 8		5 / 12	2 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	88	69	76	19	24	276
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.4%	8.7%	14.5%	5 / 19	8.3%	12.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.0%	7.2%	7.9%	4 / 19	12.5%	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.8%	2.9%	0.0%	0 / 19	0.0%	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	2.0%	3.8%	0 / 7	0 / 17	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	36.8%	45.1%	60.4%	4 / 7	9 / 17	48.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.0%	88.2%	79.2%	5 / 7	14 / 17	85.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.3%	9.8%	3.8%	0 / 7	1 / 17	5.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	51%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	16%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CALIFORNIA FERTILITY PARTNERS LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard P. Marrs, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	92	108	139	142	119
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.7%	25.0%	17.3%	4.9%	0.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.2%	20.4%	15.8%	4.9%	0.8%
Number of retrievals	85	95	118	118	88
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.6%	28.4%	20.3%	5.9%	1.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	23.2%	18.6%	5.9%	1.1%
Number of transfers	77	79	47	27	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.8%	34.2%	51.1%	25.9%	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.1%	27.8%	46.8%	25.9%	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	4.0	5.8	20.3	119.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.3%	28.3%	20.0%	8.0%	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	30.0%	24.0%	12.0%	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	30.0%	30.0%	16.0%	0 / 16
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	20	0	230	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.0%		50.4%	4 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.0%		43.0%	2 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	244	246	325	278	385	1,478
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.2%	11.8%	11.7%	18.3%	18.7%	14.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.8%	2.8%	4.3%	10.4%	5.7%	5.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.0%	15.4%	8.3%	1.1%	0.5%	6.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	30.5%	42.6%	37.1%	41.6%	54.7%	42.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.8%	85.1%	92.2%	94.4%	91.9%	90.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.6%	92.6%	87.1%	80.9%	72.1%	82.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	83.1%	74.5%	75.9%	68.5%	68.0%	73.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	48%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	48%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	78%
Uterine factor	25%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	75%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	16%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Margareta D. Pisarska, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	16	16	20	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	3 / 16	5 / 16	5.0%	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	3 / 16	4 / 16	5.0%	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	19	14	16	16	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 19	3 / 14	5 / 16	1 / 16	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 19	3 / 14	4 / 16	1 / 16	
Number of transfers	17	11	10	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 17	3 / 11	5 / 10	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 17	3 / 11	4 / 10	1 / 6	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	5.3	3.2	20.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 14	2 / 12	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 14	2 / 12	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 14	2 / 12	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	44	37	27	17	8	133
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.4%	0.0%	22.2%	1 / 17	3 / 8	11.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	2.7%	14.8%	2 / 17	0 / 8	7.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	27.3%	13.5%	11.1%	1 / 17	0 / 8	15.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1 / 15	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 3	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	9 / 15	60.9%	4 / 6	6 / 9	3 / 3	64.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 15	78.3%	6 / 6	9 / 9	2 / 3	85.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8 / 15	56.5%	3 / 6	5 / 9	2 / 3	55.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Joshua J. Berger, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	34	35	22	11	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.9%	31.4%	22.7%	1 / 11	0 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	28.6%	22.7%	1 / 11	0 / 12
Number of retrievals	33	35	21	10	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.6%	31.4%	23.8%	1 / 10	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	28.6%	23.8%	1 / 10	0 / 11
Number of transfers	33	24	11	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.6%	45.8%	5 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	41.7%	5 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.2	4.4	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	6 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.0%	8 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.0%	8 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	53	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		41.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		30.2%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	31	53	40	22	78	224
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	3.8%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	11.3%	10.0%	31.8%	5.1%	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	19.4%	13.2%	7.5%	13.6%	0.0%	8.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 11	0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 7	8.7%	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	11 / 11	14 / 14	13 / 13	7 / 7	97.8%	98.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	11 / 11	13 / 14	10 / 13	6 / 7	76.1%	82.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9 / 11	14 / 14	9 / 13	5 / 7	65.2%	73.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	6%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	<1%	Egg or embryo banking	55%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Catherine M. DeUgarte, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	18	22	34	10	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	9 / 18	40.9%	20.6%	2 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 18	27.3%	14.7%	1 / 10	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	16	22	32	9	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	9 / 16	40.9%	21.9%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 16	27.3%	15.6%	0 / 9	0 / 8
Number of transfers	16	17	20	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 16	9 / 17	35.0%	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 16	6 / 17	25.0%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.4	4.9	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 12	4 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	8 / 12	4 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	8 / 12	5 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	4	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 6	2 / 4	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	37	62	58	26	35	218
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	0.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.7%	3.2%	12.1%	19.2%	14.3%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.8%	16.1%	15.5%	11.5%	14.3%	14.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 17	0.0%	4.5%	0 / 12	0 / 14	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	16 / 17	95.5%	72.7%	8 / 12	8 / 14	79.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	15 / 17	90.9%	86.4%	11 / 12	13 / 14	89.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12 / 17	68.2%	68.2%	6 / 12	8 / 14	64.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	58%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**LA IVF CLINIC
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This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER-LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vicken Sahakian, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	50	46	27	13	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	23.9%	11.1%	1 / 13	1 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.0%	17.4%	11.1%	1 / 13	1 / 15
Number of retrievals	47	46	24	13	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.6%	23.9%	12.5%	1 / 13	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	17.4%	12.5%	1 / 13	1 / 15
Number of transfers	42	23	10	4	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.6%	47.8%	3 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.1%	34.8%	3 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	4.2	9.0	13.0	15.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.8%	29.6%	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.3%	29.6%	2 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.3%	33.3%	2 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	35	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 11	40.0%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 11	28.6%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	51	74	73	29	48	275
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.9%	2.7%	1.4%	3.4%	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.0%	4.1%	2.7%	6.9%	6.3%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.9%	10.8%	4.1%	0.0%	4.2%	5.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	17.9%	19.4%	20.0%	3 / 12	40.7%	24.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.4%	90.3%	96.7%	11 / 12	100.0%	95.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.6%	93.5%	100.0%	12 / 12	96.3%	93.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	82.1%	83.9%	86.7%	9 / 12	96.3%	85.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	11%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UCLA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kathleen M. Brennan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	35	16	20	14	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.4%	3 / 16	35.0%	1 / 14	2 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.4%	3 / 16	35.0%	1 / 14	2 / 15
Number of retrievals	35	14	18	14	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.4%	3 / 14	7 / 18	1 / 14	2 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.4%	3 / 14	7 / 18	1 / 14	2 / 14
Number of transfers	33	13	11	5	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.5%	3 / 13	7 / 11	1 / 5	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.5%	3 / 13	7 / 11	1 / 5	2 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	5.3	2.9	14.0	7.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.6%	1 / 7	4 / 10	1 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.7%	2 / 7	6 / 10	1 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.7%	2 / 7	6 / 10	1 / 8	2 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	13	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			4 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			4 / 13	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	80	61	57	19	27	244
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.3%	3.3%	8.8%	3 / 19	3.7%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	4.9%	5.3%	1 / 19	14.8%	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	26.3%	26.2%	17.5%	0 / 19	3.7%	19.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 13	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	88.6%	92.3%	78.3%	5 / 8	11 / 13	84.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.7%	76.9%	95.7%	7 / 8	10 / 13	84.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	68.6%	57.7%	65.2%	4 / 8	10 / 13	64.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	52%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

USC FERTILITY LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard J. Paulson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	82	93	88	59	45
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	33.3%	29.5%	15.3%	4.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.2%	25.8%	27.3%	11.9%	4.4%
Number of retrievals	77	84	78	57	41
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	36.9%	33.3%	15.8%	4.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	28.6%	30.8%	12.3%	4.9%
Number of transfers	80	86	75	55	33
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.0%	36.0%	34.7%	16.4%	6.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	27.9%	32.0%	12.7%	6.1%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.0	3.4	6.6	22.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.7%	32.8%	27.5%	14.8%	2 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.3%	37.5%	37.5%	18.5%	2 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.3%	39.1%	42.5%	18.5%	2 / 17
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	11	31	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 17	3 / 11	45.2%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 17	3 / 11	29.0%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	216	225	178	116	164	899
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	5.3%	10.7%	11.2%	14.6%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.3%	2.7%	3.4%	3.4%	3.0%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	44.9%	32.0%	30.3%	15.5%	14.0%	29.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.5%	0.9%	0.0%	8.6%	13.5%	5.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.3%	53.5%	64.6%	55.7%	55.2%	58.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.0%	90.4%	79.3%	67.1%	64.6%	77.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.7%	19.3%	18.3%	7.1%	7.3%	14.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	46%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	41%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	30%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	19%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CARE FOR THE BAY AREA LOS GATOS, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Karen J. Purcell, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	3	14	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	1 / 3	6 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	1 / 3	6 / 14	0 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	106	66	62	53	62	349
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.9%	1.5%	6.5%	24.5%	12.9%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.5%	3.0%	12.9%	20.8%	22.6%	12.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.5%	13.6%	9.7%	5.7%	6.5%	8.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.7%	16.7%	0.0%	8.0%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	76.8%	86.5%	87.5%	71.4%	52.0%	76.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.5%	45.9%	45.8%	61.9%	60.0%	54.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	55.1%	75.7%	66.7%	52.4%	32.0%	57.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INNOVATIVE FERTILITY CENTER MANHATTAN BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark J. Rispler, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	10	15	16	4	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 10	6 / 15	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 10	6 / 15	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 10
Number of retrievals	10	15	16	4	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 10	6 / 15	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	7 / 10	6 / 15	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 10
Number of transfers	9	8	12	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 9	6 / 8	8 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 9	6 / 8	8 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	2.5	2.0	4.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	7 / 9	3 / 8	5 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	8 / 9	4 / 8	7 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	8 / 9	5 / 8	7 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 10
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.5	1.3	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		5 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		5 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	27	37	35	19	20	138
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.4%	0.0%	11.4%	2 / 19	25.0%	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	55.6%	54.1%	42.9%	13 / 19	40.0%	51.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 10	0 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	10 / 10	17 / 17	15 / 16	4 / 4	7 / 7	98.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	4 / 10	10 / 17	11 / 16	2 / 4	4 / 7	57.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8 / 10	3 / 17	10 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 7	42.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	83%
Tubal factor	1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	13%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	51%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**CCRM SAN FRANCISCO
BAY AREA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, LLC (BACRM)
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Salli Tazuke, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	7	21	4	6	1	39
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 7	4.8%	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1	2.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 7	9.5%	1 / 4	4 / 6	0 / 1	20.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 7	19.0%	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1	12.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier			0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos			1 / 1			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI			1 / 1			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT			1 / 1			1 / 1

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	74%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	97%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	28%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER MONTEREY BAY IVF MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Edward J. Ramirez, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	21	15	15	10	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.9%	6 / 15	3 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	5 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	21	15	11	7	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.9%	6 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	5 / 15	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2
Number of transfers	28	16	9	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.4%	6 / 16	3 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	5 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.5	5.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 15	4 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 5		2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5		1 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	47	24	18	11	9	109
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.1%	12.5%	1 / 18	0 / 11	1 / 9	5.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.3%	8.3%	0 / 18	2 / 11	3 / 9	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 18	0 / 11	0 / 9	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 6	1 / 5	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.1%	9 / 13	6 / 10	4 / 6	3 / 5	59.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	12 / 13	10 / 10	6 / 6	4 / 5	97.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	1 / 13	1 / 10	2 / 6	1 / 5	7.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	15%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard J. Schmidt, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	88	96	105	52	42
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.8%	37.5%	20.0%	13.5%	4.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.0%	33.3%	17.1%	13.5%	4.8%
Number of retrievals	85	88	92	48	39
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.2%	40.9%	22.8%	14.6%	5.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.1%	36.4%	19.6%	14.6%	5.1%
Number of transfers	87	71	57	20	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.2%	50.7%	36.8%	35.0%	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	45.1%	31.6%	35.0%	2 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	2.7	5.0	7.4	21.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.0%	33.3%	18.4%	1 / 12	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.0%	40.5%	26.3%	1 / 12	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.0%	42.9%	28.9%	1 / 12	1 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	0	29	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 6		34.5%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6		27.6%	1 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	150	160	141	89	60	600
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.3%	1.9%	3.5%	6.7%	5.0%	3.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.7%	8.8%	10.6%	12.4%	5.0%	9.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.3%	10.0%	6.4%	7.9%	0.0%	7.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	13.6%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.8%	94.9%	98.6%	95.7%	95.5%	96.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	32.5%	27.8%	16.4%	17.4%	4.5%	21.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	43.4%	45.6%	30.1%	21.7%	34.1%	36.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	53%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HRC FERTILITY-ORANGE COUNTY NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel A. Potter, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	259	135	136	63	57
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.8%	51.1%	35.3%	22.2%	3.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	39.3%	31.6%	19.0%	3.5%
Number of retrievals	256	134	124	59	49
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	51.5%	38.7%	23.7%	4.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.4%	39.6%	34.7%	20.3%	4.1%
Number of transfers	231	114	82	25	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	63.6%	60.5%	58.5%	56.0%	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.7%	46.5%	52.4%	48.0%	2 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.0	2.8	4.5	28.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.6%	54.0%	35.5%	20.5%	5.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	59.7%	55.8%	37.4%	25.0%	5.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.2%	55.8%	38.3%	25.0%	5.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	47	5	53	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.3%	4 / 5	47.2%	46.2%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.1%	4 / 5	37.7%	42.3%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	674	405	371	157	204	1,811
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	4.4%	6.2%	7.0%	14.7%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.5%	11.6%	20.2%	26.1%	20.1%	14.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.1%	3.7%	2.2%	1.3%	1.5%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.7%	5.0%	5.5%	7.0%	19.6%	6.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.1%	59.1%	49.4%	47.4%	66.0%	56.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.2%	81.8%	84.1%	87.7%	63.9%	84.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	59.8%	59.1%	59.1%	56.1%	53.6%	58.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	36%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	42%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	21%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NEWPORT FERTILITY CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark T. Kan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	31	40	40	18	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.6%	37.5%	40.0%	2 / 18	1 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.5%	32.5%	37.5%	1 / 18	1 / 16
Number of retrievals	31	40	40	18	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.6%	37.5%	40.0%	2 / 18	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.5%	32.5%	37.5%	1 / 18	1 / 15
Number of transfers	32	26	18	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	57.7%	16 / 18	2 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.4%	50.0%	15 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.7	2.5	9.0	16.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	40.0%	7 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.2%	40.0%	11 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.2%	40.0%	12 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		8 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		6 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	62	62	44	35	33	236
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	8.6%	6.1%	2.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.6%	1.6%	2.3%	5.7%	3.0%	2.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.8%	4.8%	13.6%	11.4%	3.0%	7.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.9%	6.7%	1 / 19	2 / 10	4 / 15	9.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.1%	86.7%	19 / 19	9 / 10	14 / 15	93.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.3%	100.0%	15 / 19	9 / 10	11 / 15	89.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	80.0%	73.3%	15 / 19	7 / 10	12 / 15	77.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	48%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	53%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	18%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

OC FERTILITY NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sharon E. Moayeri, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	16	15	8	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.6%	8 / 16	7 / 15	3 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	8 / 16	7 / 15	2 / 8	1 / 7
Number of retrievals	29	16	14	8	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.6%	8 / 16	7 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	8 / 16	7 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 7
Number of transfers	32	13	12	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.1%	8 / 13	7 / 12	3 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	8 / 13	7 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.7	7.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.1%	7 / 13	6 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.2%	8 / 13	6 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.2%	8 / 13	6 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.0	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			6 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			6 / 8	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	103	66	56	36	23	284
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.9%	6.1%	8.9%	11.1%	4.3%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.7%	15.2%	8.9%	11.1%	0.0%	9.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.3%	3.8%	4.0%	0 / 6	1 / 12	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	6 / 6	11 / 12	99.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.4%	73.1%	80.0%	6 / 6	4 / 12	72.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	97.7%	88.5%	92.0%	5 / 6	9 / 12	91.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	56%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	29%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert E. Anderson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	85	81	90	43	33
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.5%	49.4%	31.1%	9.3%	6.1%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.2%	48.1%	28.9%	9.3%	6.1%
Number of retrievals	83	79	81	39	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.1%	50.6%	34.6%	10.3%	8.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.7%	49.4%	32.1%	10.3%	8.3%
Number of transfers	75	67	48	13	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	72.0%	59.7%	58.3%	4 / 13	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	69.3%	58.2%	54.2%	4 / 13	2 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.0	3.2	10.8	16.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.1%	48.0%	42.9%	9.1%	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.6%	52.0%	44.9%	13.6%	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.6%	52.0%	44.9%	13.6%	1 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	54	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			64.8%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			64.8%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	179	163	203	100	109	754
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	7.4%	5.4%	6.0%	7.3%	6.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.6%	8.6%	12.8%	27.0%	28.4%	14.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.4%	3.7%	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	2.4%	8.3%	2.4%	17.4%	5.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.8%	91.7%	87.5%	95.2%	84.8%	89.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	97.7%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	97.8%	99.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	48%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	46%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	74%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	53%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LANE FERTILITY INSTITUTE NOVATO, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Danielle E. Lane, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	17	8	25	7	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 17	2 / 8	4.0%	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 17	2 / 8	4.0%	0 / 7	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	16	7	20	6	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 16	2 / 7	5.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 16	2 / 7	5.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2
Number of transfers	12	3	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.4	4.0	25.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	2.0	1.7	2.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	29	22	13	18	7	89
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 18	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	9.1%	2 / 13	3 / 18	2 / 7	10.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	31.0%	36.4%	3 / 13	3 / 18	2 / 7	28.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	9 / 9	5 / 5	5 / 5	5 / 5	2 / 2	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	8 / 9	4 / 5	2 / 5	3 / 5	1 / 2	69.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9 / 9	5 / 5	4 / 5	4 / 5	1 / 2	88.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	67%
Tubal factor	1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	42%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

AMERICAN REPRODUCTIVE CENTERS PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Maher A. Abdallah, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	74	40	39	13	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	28.4%	27.5%	12.8%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	17.6%	20.0%	12.8%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	70	39	36	12	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	30.0%	28.2%	13.9%	2 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	18.6%	20.5%	13.9%	2 / 12	0 / 5
Number of transfers	53	24	25	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	39.6%	45.8%	20.0%	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.5%	33.3%	20.0%	2 / 7	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.5	3.6	7.8	6.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	22.2%	33.3%	9.5%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	25.9%	37.5%	14.3%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	27.8%	37.5%	14.3%	0 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3		5 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3		5 / 7	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	76	68	51	16	22	233
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.3%	1.5%	2.0%	0 / 16	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.6%	17.6%	21.6%	2 / 16	31.8%	15.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 16	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.4%	0.0%	5.0%	1 / 6	0 / 9	2.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	48.8%	53.1%	60.0%	5 / 6	5 / 9	54.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	6 / 6	9 / 9	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.7%	25.0%	30.0%	3 / 6	3 / 9	30.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	66%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	49%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BAY IVF CENTER PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Francis Polansky, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	46	24	34	9	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.3%	45.8%	17.6%	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.7%	33.3%	8.8%	0 / 9	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	42	24	30	9	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.5%	45.8%	20.0%	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	33.3%	10.0%	0 / 9	0 / 1
Number of transfers	47	25	28	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.2%	44.0%	21.4%	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.7%	32.0%	10.7%	0 / 11	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	5.7	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	9 / 16	5 / 15	1 / 7	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.9%	9 / 16	5 / 15	1 / 7	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.9%	9 / 16	5 / 15	1 / 7	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	2	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	72	57	49	26	14	218
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	7.0%	4.1%	7.7%	2 / 14	5.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	37.5%	21.1%	32.7%	30.8%	2 / 14	29.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 10	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	86.1%	76.5%	88.9%	14 / 16	7 / 10	82.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.8%	67.6%	63.0%	8 / 16	2 / 10	63.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.6%	2.9%	11.1%	0 / 16	0 / 10	4.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Pending
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	57%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	12%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HRC FERTILITY-PASADENA PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John G. Wilcox, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	494	328	328	171	307
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.9%	32.0%	16.8%	5.8%	0.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	28.4%	14.9%	5.8%	0.7%
Number of retrievals	480	312	303	147	250
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.1%	33.7%	18.2%	6.8%	0.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	29.8%	16.2%	6.8%	0.8%
Number of transfers	386	206	131	36	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.6%	51.0%	42.0%	27.8%	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	45.1%	37.4%	27.8%	2 / 18
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.1	6.0	17.1	153.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.4%	30.8%	16.9%	4.2%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.7%	41.3%	22.8%	5.3%	0.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.0%	43.8%	24.9%	8.4%	0.6%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	1	453	19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 8	1 / 1	44.2%	11 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 8	1 / 1	36.2%	9 / 19

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,110	715	660	394	948	3,827
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	6.9%	7.7%	9.1%	12.1%	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.6%	6.6%	9.2%	15.2%	13.6%	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	4.5%	3.6%	3.3%	0.7%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	22.5%	31.3%	33.5%	43.8%	64.0%	37.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.7%	87.5%	91.0%	92.9%	96.3%	91.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.1%	85.2%	85.0%	77.7%	70.5%	81.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	30.0%	27.0%	28.3%	26.8%	21.3%	26.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	2%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	32%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	14%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-BEVERLY HILLS, REDONDO BEACH & WESTMINSTER REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bill Yee, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	205	221	261	181	100
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.8%	38.9%	19.2%	9.9%	3.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	36.2%	18.4%	9.9%	3.0%
Number of retrievals	194	194	222	152	86
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.5%	44.3%	22.5%	11.8%	3.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	41.2%	21.6%	11.8%	3.5%
Number of transfers	194	160	127	63	32
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.5%	53.8%	39.4%	28.6%	9.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	50.0%	37.8%	28.6%	9.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.6	5.2	10.1	33.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.7%	43.0%	14.4%	9.5%	8.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.6%	48.4%	22.5%	16.2%	8.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.2%	48.4%	26.1%	17.6%	8.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	31	80	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		41.9%	47.5%	4 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		35.5%	43.8%	3 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	495	490	516	252	252	2,005
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.1%	14.7%	13.0%	13.5%	15.1%	12.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.6%	3.3%	4.5%	6.0%	8.7%	3.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.1%	13.9%	8.3%	5.2%	0.8%	8.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.9%	4.4%	4.9%	9.4%	0.9%	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	90.5%	96.7%	92.7%	79.2%	83.2%	90.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.4%	82.4%	78.5%	81.3%	69.0%	80.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	66.7%	69.2%	60.0%	58.3%	39.8%	60.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	12%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	44%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael Murray, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	179	83	92	32	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.8%	38.6%	23.9%	21.9%	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	27.7%	20.7%	18.8%	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	173	79	85	29	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.8%	40.5%	25.9%	24.1%	1 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.8%	29.1%	22.4%	20.7%	1 / 14
Number of transfers	214	70	62	22	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	45.7%	35.5%	31.8%	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.9%	32.9%	30.6%	27.3%	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.6	4.2	4.6	17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.3%	42.9%	25.5%	25.0%	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.2%	46.4%	34.0%	30.0%	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.9%	46.4%	34.0%	30.0%	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	1	37	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 17	1 / 1	64.9%	8 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 17	1 / 1	45.9%	6 / 14

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	342	201	164	63	67	837
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	5.0%	3.7%	3.2%	3.0%	3.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	21.1%	13.9%	10.4%	15.9%	13.4%	16.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	3.5%	0.6%	1.6%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.3%	1.7%	3.6%	9.1%	9.5%	3.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.4%	68.7%	77.1%	78.8%	59.5%	74.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.6%	71.3%	57.8%	54.5%	66.7%	68.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.8%	24.3%	44.6%	30.3%	21.4%	25.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	40%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	32%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CALIFORNIA IVF FERTILITY CENTER SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ernest J. Zeringue, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	81	53	30	24	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.9%	50.9%	23.3%	16.7%	0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	41.5%	20.0%	8.3%	0 / 11
Number of retrievals	81	50	28	21	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.9%	54.0%	25.0%	19.0%	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	44.0%	21.4%	9.5%	0 / 10
Number of transfers	102	58	27	13	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.2%	46.6%	25.9%	4 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.5%	37.9%	22.2%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.0	4.3	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.4%	53.8%	5 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.9%	53.8%	5 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.9%	53.8%	5 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.4	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	71	0	220	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.1%		39.5%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.4%		30.0%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	194	143	136	75	185	733
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.0%	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	2.2%	1.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.1%	3.5%	7.4%	1.3%	3.8%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	12.4%	9.1%	12.5%	9.3%	5.4%	9.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.4%	1.0%	0.0%	3.4%	2.6%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.3%	85.3%	79.1%	83.1%	81.3%	82.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	46.5%	39.2%	30.2%	18.6%	11.0%	29.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.5%	12.7%	11.6%	3.4%	7.1%	8.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	44%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH-SACRAMENTO SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kenneth K. Vu, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	170	77	67	18	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	70.0%	53.2%	38.8%	3 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.0%	45.5%	32.8%	3 / 18	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	167	71	57	18	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	71.3%	57.7%	45.6%	3 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.1%	49.3%	38.6%	3 / 18	0 / 7
Number of transfers	237	88	65	18	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.2%	46.6%	40.0%	3 / 18	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.0%	39.8%	33.8%	3 / 18	0 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	1.9	2.6	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	70.7%	56.9%	43.2%	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.0%	58.6%	47.7%	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.0%	58.6%	50.0%	1 / 9	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	0	18	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 13		11 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13		10 / 18	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	296	207	98	35	27	663
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.7%	8.7%	6.1%	2.9%	7.4%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.5%	10.1%	7.1%	8.6%	3.7%	10.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	1.9%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	2.6%	2.7%	0.0%	4.2%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	61.2%	53.3%	46.6%	32.0%	58.3%	55.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	69.0%	61.2%	75.3%	68.0%	37.5%	66.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.6%	7.9%	6.8%	4.0%	8.3%	7.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MEDICAL GROUP SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Arlene J. Morales, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	79	58	56	28	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.8%	24.1%	8.9%	7.1%	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	24.1%	5.4%	7.1%	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	75	49	49	23	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.3%	28.6%	10.2%	8.7%	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.7%	28.6%	6.1%	8.7%	0 / 3
Number of transfers	82	31	35	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.1%	45.2%	14.3%	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	45.2%	8.6%	2 / 7	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	4.1	11.2	14.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.5%	19.4%	13.5%	2 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.2%	27.8%	13.5%	2 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.2%	27.8%	13.5%	2 / 18	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	17	41	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	4 / 17	31.7%	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	3 / 17	19.5%	2 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	213	126	126	58	44	567
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	11.1%	19.0%	10.3%	2.3%	10.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.6%	2.4%	7.9%	8.6%	2.3%	5.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.5%	11.1%	6.3%	5.2%	9.1%	7.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.8%	5.4%	11.1%	3.1%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	86.9%	77.4%	78.6%	85.2%	71.9%	81.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.3%	98.1%	75.0%	70.4%	68.8%	86.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	47.7%	62.3%	46.4%	44.4%	37.5%	48.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	43%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HANABUSA IVF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lyndon Chang, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	16	18	45	66	88
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 16	2 / 18	6.7%	9.1%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 16	2 / 18	6.7%	9.1%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	15	16	39	54	71
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 15	2 / 16	7.7%	11.1%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	2 / 16	7.7%	11.1%	0.0%
Number of transfers	11	3	7	11	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 11	2 / 3	3 / 7	6 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 11	2 / 3	3 / 7	6 / 11	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.2	9.0	15.0	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	3.9
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	31	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2		45.2%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2		35.5%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	25	53	75	66	98	317
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	7.5%	1.3%	4.5%	1.0%	2.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.0%	20.8%	30.7%	33.3%	44.9%	32.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.0%	1.9%	2.7%	1.5%	3.1%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3 / 10	3 / 17	3 / 17	8 / 18	48.6%	35.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	10 / 10	12 / 17	14 / 17	17 / 18	91.4%	87.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	6 / 10	14 / 17	11 / 17	12 / 18	82.9%	74.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8 / 10	13 / 17	10 / 17	10 / 18	85.7%	73.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	69%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Other, infertility	24%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	57%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	9%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER SAN DIEGO INFERTILITY CLINIC SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Larry R. Laufer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	68	36	23	6	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.6%	38.9%	21.7%	1 / 6	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	33.3%	8.7%	1 / 6	
Number of retrievals	67	36	22	6	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.3%	38.9%	22.7%	1 / 6	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.8%	33.3%	9.1%	1 / 6	
Number of transfers	72	40	18	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.3%	35.0%	5 / 18	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.1%	30.0%	2 / 18	1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.6	4.6	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	41.3%	38.2%	3 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	41.3%	38.2%	5 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	41.3%	38.2%	5 / 17	1 / 5	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.2	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.2	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	148	70	36	11	2	267
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	29.7%	14.3%	27.8%	4 / 11	0 / 2	25.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	71.6%	57.6%	69.2%	6 / 7	2 / 2	67.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	98.3%	100.0%	7 / 7	2 / 2	99.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 2	1.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	2%
Tubal factor	25%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	<1%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	23%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES MEDICAL CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Minh N. Ho, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	65	43	45	32	47
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	20.0%	18.6%	6.7%	6.3%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	18.5%	16.3%	6.7%	6.3%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	65	42	43	30	41
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	20.0%	19.0%	7.0%	6.7%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	18.5%	16.7%	7.0%	6.7%	0.0%
Number of transfers	31	16	12	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.9%	8 / 16	3 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	7 / 16	3 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.0	5.4	15.0	16.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	17.9%	21.2%	8.8%	4.8%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	21.4%	24.2%	8.8%	4.8%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	21.4%	24.2%	8.8%	4.8%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	64	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			43.8%	6 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			37.5%	6 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	169	111	94	65	155	594
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1.8%	1.1%	7.7%	0.6%	1.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.6%	8.1%	8.5%	12.3%	21.3%	10.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	55.7%	71.8%	59.0%	10 / 16	88.9%	67.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.6%	100.0%	100.0%	16 / 16	98.1%	99.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0.0%	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	63%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	63%
Gestational carrier	21%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SAN DIEGO FERTILITY CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sandy Chuan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	180	133	147	72	44
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.8%	32.3%	20.4%	11.1%	4.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	27.1%	19.0%	9.7%	4.5%
Number of retrievals	169	124	129	65	34
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.9%	34.7%	23.3%	12.3%	5.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.0%	29.0%	21.7%	10.8%	5.9%
Number of transfers	204	106	71	28	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.2%	40.6%	42.3%	28.6%	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	34.0%	39.4%	25.0%	2 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.1	4.9	9.0	22.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.7%	32.9%	15.5%	9.7%	1 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.8%	41.1%	24.1%	12.9%	2 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.7%	42.5%	27.6%	12.9%	2 / 19
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	38	1	466	25
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	71.1%	0 / 1	56.2%	44.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	0 / 1	43.1%	32.0%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	586	458	425	243	551	2,263
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	11.6%	10.8%	6.2%	11.4%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.6%	7.0%	7.8%	15.2%	10.3%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	4.6%	4.2%	4.1%	0.7%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	35.5%	31.3%	35.6%	39.0%	48.9%	38.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.6%	97.4%	93.3%	93.0%	92.8%	95.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.0%	87.7%	85.6%	86.0%	81.4%	86.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	45.6%	60.0%	56.1%	38.0%	48.9%	50.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	55%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	17%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	13%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**WILLIAMS OB/GYN & ASSOCIATES
SAN DIMAS, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LAUREL FERTILITY CARE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Collin B. Smikle, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	51	30	30	14	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.7%	33.3%	13.3%	4 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	20.0%	13.3%	4 / 14	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	51	28	29	12	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.7%	35.7%	13.8%	4 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	21.4%	13.8%	4 / 12	0 / 7
Number of transfers	62	23	20	10	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.6%	43.5%	20.0%	4 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	26.1%	20.0%	4 / 10	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.0	7.5	3.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.4%	7 / 18	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.3%	7 / 18	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.3%	7 / 18	3 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	5	17	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	4 / 5	7 / 17	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3	2 / 5	6 / 17	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	141	104	105	34	55	439
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	9.6%	15.2%	8.8%	29.1%	11.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.7%	5.8%	5.7%	5.9%	12.7%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	15.6%	13.5%	9.5%	2.9%	3.6%	11.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	0.0%	2.4%	1 / 15	16.7%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.7%	79.2%	90.2%	13 / 15	75.0%	74.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.4%	91.7%	78.0%	8 / 15	37.5%	77.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.2%	58.3%	61.0%	11 / 15	45.8%	48.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	38%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Philip E. Chenette, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	161	136	218	120	70
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	38.2%	26.6%	12.5%	5.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.0%	36.8%	26.1%	11.7%	5.7%
Number of retrievals	149	112	188	106	55
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.7%	46.4%	30.9%	14.2%	7.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.4%	44.6%	30.3%	13.2%	7.3%
Number of transfers	183	109	116	39	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.3%	47.7%	50.0%	38.5%	4 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.5%	45.9%	49.1%	35.9%	4 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	3.8	8.0	17.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.1%	37.6%	29.7%	18.0%	3.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.1%	44.1%	36.0%	19.7%	3.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.1%	46.2%	37.8%	23.0%	3.6%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	321	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		36.4%	3 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		33.6%	3 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	502	438	475	272	422	2,109
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.0%	7.1%	8.4%	9.9%	12.6%	8.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.2%	1.8%	2.5%	4.8%	4.3%	2.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	24.9%	33.8%	19.6%	20.2%	3.6%	20.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	6.9%	6.2%	11.2%	11.2%	10.3%	9.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.1%	96.0%	98.1%	97.6%	96.3%	96.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	52.9%	45.2%	37.7%	23.2%	43.9%	42.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	81.9%	84.2%	83.7%	70.4%	64.6%	76.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	32%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	23%
PGT	20%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SPRING FERTILITY SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Nam D. Tran, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	39	20	19	14	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.6%	55.0%	5 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.5%	55.0%	4 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 10
Number of retrievals	39	19	19	14	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.6%	11 / 19	5 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.5%	11 / 19	4 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 10
Number of transfers	29	16	10	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.6%	11 / 16	5 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.7%	11 / 16	4 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	1.8	3.8	7.0	10.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.7%	10 / 17	3 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.3%	11 / 17	5 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.7%	11 / 17	5 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	3	19	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	2 / 3	8 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	2 / 3	8 / 19	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	348	301	184	95	57	985
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.4%	1.3%	2.7%	3.2%	8.8%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	51.7%	50.8%	43.5%	46.3%	15.8%	47.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	3.4%	5.3%	0.0%	6.7%	3.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	84.4%	87.6%	80.7%	80.0%	60.0%	81.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.6%	84.3%	77.2%	80.0%	86.7%	84.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	63.5%	77.5%	49.1%	43.3%	40.0%	60.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	9%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	67%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	68%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	66%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UCSF CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Marcelle I. Cedars, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	292	280	435	258	145
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.5%	37.1%	21.8%	15.5%	4.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	32.1%	18.9%	14.7%	3.4%
Number of retrievals	264	229	361	217	115
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	45.4%	26.3%	18.4%	6.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.8%	39.3%	22.7%	17.5%	4.3%
Number of transfers	256	229	263	141	66
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.6%	45.4%	36.1%	28.4%	10.6%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.1%	39.3%	31.2%	27.0%	7.6%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.7	4.6	6.5	20.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.6%	41.2%	29.1%	20.0%	2.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.4%	51.4%	33.7%	25.3%	2.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.0%	52.7%	35.2%	28.4%	2.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	52	19	138	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	76.9%	11 / 19	47.1%	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	73.1%	10 / 19	42.8%	2 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	603	722	669	407	421	2,822
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.6%	10.1%	13.5%	14.0%	13.1%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.8%	3.9%	4.5%	6.9%	8.3%	5.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	27.7%	25.5%	12.9%	6.6%	3.3%	16.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.9%	0.9%	3.9%	2.6%	6.0%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	58.4%	58.7%	58.1%	57.7%	60.9%	58.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	69.1%	69.0%	75.6%	81.6%	69.0%	72.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	27.5%	29.8%	30.2%	23.5%	19.4%	26.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	11%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	38%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	26%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 18 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PALO ALTO MEDICAL FOUNDATION FERTILITY PHYSICIANS OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mohammad Ezzati, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	129	109	124	76	54
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.4%	45.9%	28.2%	11.8%	1.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.7%	43.1%	25.8%	6.6%	1.9%
Number of retrievals	122	98	109	55	40
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	51.0%	32.1%	16.4%	2.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.4%	48.0%	29.4%	9.1%	2.5%
Number of transfers	151	124	101	50	28
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.0%	40.3%	34.7%	18.0%	3.6%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	37.9%	31.7%	10.0%	3.6%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.2	3.5	8.4	54.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.5%	40.9%	23.5%	6.3%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.5%	51.5%	32.4%	15.6%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.5%	51.5%	33.8%	15.6%	4.2%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	5	38	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 8	2 / 5	28.9%	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 8	2 / 5	26.3%	2 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	294	267	222	94	133	1,010
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	10.5%	8.6%	16.0%	14.3%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.6%	12.4%	8.1%	9.6%	13.5%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.5%	4.9%	8.6%	5.3%	0.8%	6.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.8%	3.8%	2.2%	0.0%	4.6%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.7%	69.4%	71.1%	49.1%	69.0%	67.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.6%	76.9%	68.9%	78.2%	56.3%	73.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.4%	20.6%	17.0%	10.9%	16.1%	15.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	25%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

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REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	359	231	211	90	24
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.0%	56.7%	35.1%	22.2%	20.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.7%	50.6%	31.8%	21.1%	20.8%
Number of retrievals	329	221	173	79	23
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	68.7%	59.3%	42.8%	25.3%	21.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.9%	52.9%	38.7%	24.1%	21.7%
Number of transfers	378	235	123	37	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.8%	55.7%	60.2%	54.1%	5 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.8%	49.8%	54.5%	51.4%	5 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	1.8	2.9	4.5	4.8
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.3%	59.9%	38.4%	31.1%	2 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.7%	69.7%	50.9%	37.8%	2 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	73.7%	71.8%	52.7%	37.8%	2 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	57	21	122	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.6%	71.4%	57.4%	6 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	57.9%	61.9%	51.6%	6 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	745	637	500	229	222	2,333
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.7%	13.7%	15.8%	17.5%	14.4%	13.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.9%	7.4%	6.2%	8.3%	2.7%	7.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.9%	3.9%	4.8%	0.4%	0.5%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	5.5%	7.9%	6.1%	10.6%	6.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	71.9%	76.9%	88.8%	84.7%	65.5%	76.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.8%	73.8%	80.5%	84.7%	69.7%	75.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	29.0%	40.3%	57.2%	61.2%	34.5%	40.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	58%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	30%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SANTA BARBARA FERTILITY CENTER SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by René B. Allen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	19	18	7	19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.3%	5 / 19	4 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	4 / 19	3 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 19
Number of retrievals	29	17	16	6	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.3%	5 / 17	4 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	4 / 17	3 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 14
Number of transfers	36	20	18	5	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.9%	25.0%	4 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	20.0%	3 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.8	4.5	3.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.3%	4 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.3%	4 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.3%	4 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	0	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 6		5 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6		5 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	49	34	46	27	28	184
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.2%	8.8%	17.4%	7.4%	10.7%	10.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	2.9%	4.3%	0.0%	14.3%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.1%	11.8%	2.2%	3.7%	0.0%	4.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.4%	47.8%	53.3%	59.1%	6 / 13	52.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	86.5%	65.2%	90.0%	90.9%	12 / 13	84.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.1%	13.0%	26.7%	4.5%	3 / 13	14.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	16%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SANTA MONICA FERTILITY SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John K. Jain, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	4	4	4	4	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 4	2 / 4	3 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 4	2 / 4	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	3	3	4	4	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 3	1 / 3	3 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 3	1 / 3	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2
Number of transfers	3	4	4	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3	2 / 4	3 / 4	3 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 3	2 / 4	3 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	2.0	1.3	1.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	29	5	76	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	69.0%	3 / 5	68.4%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	65.5%	1 / 5	60.5%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	26	26	34	38	117	241
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0.9%	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	19.2%	30.8%	11.8%	28.9%	7.7%	15.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5 / 13	4 / 12	3 / 16	4 / 19	21.4%	23.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	11 / 13	9 / 12	10 / 16	15 / 19	71.4%	72.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 13	12 / 12	16 / 16	19 / 19	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10 / 13	4 / 12	5 / 16	8 / 19	21.4%	31.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	7%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	<1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	47%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	15%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	12%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**SANTA MONICA UCLA GYN SUBSPECIALTIES GROUP
SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ADVANCED FERTILITY ASSOCIATES MEDICAL GROUP, INC. SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jennifer V. Ratcliffe, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	45	21	16	19	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.8%	38.1%	6 / 16	1 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.9%	33.3%	5 / 16	1 / 19	1 / 4
Number of retrievals	41	21	15	11	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.4%	38.1%	6 / 15	1 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.7%	33.3%	5 / 15	1 / 11	1 / 4
Number of transfers	52	28	14	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	28.6%	6 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	25.0%	5 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.6	2.7	19.0	4.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.8%	6 / 14	5 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.6%	6 / 14	5 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.6%	7 / 14	5 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.2	0.8	0.8	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	15	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		3 / 15	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		1 / 15	2 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	54	43	41	15	30	183
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.6%	0.0%	7.3%	1 / 15	16.7%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.9%	4.7%	0.0%	1 / 15	6.7%	3.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.3%	7.0%	2.4%	0 / 15	0.0%	4.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	0 / 13	4.8%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	55.9%	40.6%	5 / 13	81.0%	52.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.6%	88.2%	96.9%	11 / 13	61.9%	86.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.1%	0.0%	9.4%	2 / 13	0.0%	6.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	63%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, INC. WEST COAST WOMEN'S REPRODUCTIVE CENTER SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Tina B. Koopersmith, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	18	7	10	10	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	10 / 18	5 / 7	2 / 10	3 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 18	4 / 7	2 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	18	7	10	10	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	10 / 18	5 / 7	2 / 10	3 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 18	4 / 7	2 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 5
Number of transfers	19	5	11	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	10 / 19	5 / 5	2 / 11	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 19	4 / 5	2 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.4	5.0	3.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	10 / 16	5 / 7	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 16	5 / 7	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 16	5 / 7	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.7	2.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.4	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	27	14	21	17	3	82
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.7%	0 / 14	0.0%	1 / 17	0 / 3	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.7%	0 / 14	0.0%	3 / 17	2 / 3	7.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	4 / 14	14.3%	0 / 17	0 / 3	9.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	14 / 17	3 / 6	5 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1	74.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 17	6 / 6	6 / 8	2 / 3	1 / 1	80.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7 / 17	3 / 6	5 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1	48.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	52%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

STANFORD MEDICINE FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ruben J. Alvero, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	198	160	182	102	80
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.4%	31.9%	13.7%	6.9%	2.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.9%	29.4%	13.7%	6.9%	2.5%
Number of retrievals	186	147	163	85	58
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.2%	34.7%	15.3%	8.2%	3.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	32.0%	15.3%	8.2%	3.4%
Number of transfers	178	113	92	30	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.2%	45.1%	27.2%	23.3%	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	41.6%	27.2%	23.3%	2 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.1	7.3	14.6	40.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.8%	32.7%	13.1%	4.5%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.1%	41.8%	16.7%	9.1%	2.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.2%	43.9%	23.8%	11.4%	2.6%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	1	28	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 13	0 / 1	39.3%	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 13	0 / 1	39.3%	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	426	373	296	156	220	1,471
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.6%	9.7%	10.5%	15.4%	23.6%	12.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.9%	6.2%	9.1%	14.7%	16.8%	10.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	18.5%	19.3%	16.6%	14.1%	7.3%	16.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.2%	5.3%	5.0%	8.7%	13.2%	6.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.0%	91.4%	88.0%	80.4%	73.5%	86.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	67.5%	57.9%	62.0%	67.4%	48.5%	61.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.6%	67.1%	74.0%	65.2%	32.4%	60.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	41%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY VERMESH CENTER FOR FERTILITY TARZANA, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael Vermesh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	59	24	43	30	49
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	45.8%	37.2%	26.7%	2.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	37.5%	32.6%	20.0%	2.0%
Number of retrievals	59	24	42	30	48
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	45.8%	38.1%	26.7%	2.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	37.5%	33.3%	20.0%	2.1%
Number of transfers	57	19	34	19	20
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.1%	11 / 19	47.1%	8 / 19	5.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.4%	9 / 19	41.2%	6 / 19	5.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.8	49.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.5%	8 / 17	50.0%	5 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	10 / 17	57.7%	5 / 14	4.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.5%	10 / 17	57.7%	6 / 14	4.5%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	53	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 7		69.8%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 7		49.1%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	95	78	73	40	133	419
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	9.0%	8.2%	2.5%	0.8%	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.1%	9.0%	2.7%	7.5%	14.3%	7.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.5%	17.9%	8.2%	2.5%	3.8%	8.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.1%	12.5%	20.0%	25.0%	24.3%	17.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.5%	65.6%	62.9%	70.0%	73.0%	67.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.8%	87.5%	85.7%	90.0%	81.1%	82.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	46.4%	40.6%	60.0%	40.0%	47.3%	47.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	47%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Other, infertility	62%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	55%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	6%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TREE OF LIFE CENTER FOR FERTILITY KINDERWUNSCHZENTRUM LOS ANGELES TARZANA, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vuk Jovanovic, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	5	5	10	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 5	1 / 5	3 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	1 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	5	4	9	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 5	1 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	1 / 4	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	3	2	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3	1 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	5.0	3.3	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 5	1 / 3	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 5	1 / 3	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 1	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	1 / 1	2 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	7	3	9	6	11	36
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 11	5.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 9	1 / 6	4 / 11	19.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2 / 7	0 / 3	6 / 9	2 / 6	3 / 11	36.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	2 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 3	3 / 3	10 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	2 / 3	2 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 3	9 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 3	3 / 3	9 / 13

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	56%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	58%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	19%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATES OF CALIFORNIA THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gary Hubert, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	113	129	135	79	73
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.1%	45.0%	20.0%	15.2%	5.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	39.5%	18.5%	15.2%	5.5%
Number of retrievals	112	129	131	74	64
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.6%	45.0%	20.6%	16.2%	6.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.2%	39.5%	19.1%	16.2%	6.3%
Number of transfers	109	93	71	30	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.0%	62.4%	38.0%	40.0%	4 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	49.5%	54.8%	35.2%	40.0%	4 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.2	5.0	6.6	18.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.8%	45.2%	25.8%	14.3%	3.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.5%	58.9%	27.4%	17.9%	6.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.5%	61.6%	27.4%	17.9%	6.5%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	75	23
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	2 / 3	44.0%	34.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	2 / 3	37.3%	30.4%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	304	270	311	168	195	1,248
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.9%	5.9%	6.1%	12.5%	14.4%	7.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.3%	3.7%	6.1%	10.1%	9.7%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	2.2%	4.5%	1.2%	1.0%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.1%	12.9%	11.3%	10.0%	25.0%	12.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	99.2%	98.4%	100.0%	94.3%	98.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.0%	90.2%	83.1%	73.3%	59.1%	81.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	85.1%	88.6%	87.9%	75.0%	72.7%	83.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	55%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PACIFIC REPRODUCTIVE CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Rifaat Salem, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	104	46	44	23	23
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	45.7%	25.0%	4.3%	4.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.7%	39.1%	22.7%	4.3%	4.3%
Number of retrievals	100	42	39	18	21
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.0%	50.0%	28.2%	1 / 18	4.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	42.9%	25.6%	1 / 18	4.8%
Number of transfers	95	42	35	11	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.0%	50.0%	31.4%	1 / 11	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.8%	42.9%	28.6%	1 / 11	1 / 17
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	4.0	23.0	23.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	40.9%	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.1%	45.5%	5 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.1%	45.5%	5 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.9

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 8		3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 8		3 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	122	88	71	30	34	345
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	4.5%	5.6%	16.7%	5.9%	5.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.3%	4.5%	8.5%	6.7%	5.9%	5.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.1%	3.4%	4.2%	3.3%	2.9%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.2%	1.7%	2.0%	0 / 18	1 / 18	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	23.7%	25.9%	17.6%	0 / 18	6 / 18	21.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.7%	100.0%	98.0%	17 / 18	18 / 18	97.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	19.4%	24.1%	21.6%	5 / 18	1 / 18	20.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	10%
PGT	12%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Omid A. Khorram, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	46	34	42	20	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.7%	38.2%	28.6%	0.0%	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	19.6%	29.4%	19.0%	0.0%	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	46	32	39	19	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.7%	40.6%	30.8%	0 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	19.6%	31.3%	20.5%	0 / 19	0 / 6
Number of transfers	48	32	37	18	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.8%	40.6%	32.4%	0 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	18.8%	31.3%	21.6%	0 / 18	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.6	3.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.0%	42.3%	27.8%	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.0%	42.3%	30.6%	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.0%	42.3%	30.6%	0 / 15	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	0	10	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4		2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 4		0 / 10	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	98	56	61	53	32	300
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.0%	1.8%	1.6%	3.8%	0.0%	1.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	37.8%	30.4%	29.5%	28.3%	28.1%	32.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.0%	1.8%	6.6%	0.0%	6.3%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 19	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	72.4%	64.9%	50.0%	45.7%	13 / 19	61.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	41.4%	43.2%	23.7%	25.7%	3 / 19	32.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10.3%	5.4%	13.2%	8.6%	2 / 19	9.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	23%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER WEST HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peyman Saadat, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	105	86	101	56	50
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	44.2%	26.7%	16.1%	14.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	31.4%	19.8%	12.5%	14.0%
Number of retrievals	105	85	98	53	46
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	44.7%	27.6%	17.0%	15.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	31.8%	20.4%	13.2%	15.2%
Number of transfers	105	88	76	33	23
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.4%	43.2%	35.5%	27.3%	30.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	30.7%	26.3%	21.2%	30.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.3	3.7	6.2	7.1
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.7%	53.7%	20.5%	21.7%	2 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.7%	57.4%	28.2%	21.7%	3 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.7%	59.3%	33.3%	21.7%	3 / 19
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	15	8	24	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 15	4 / 8	50.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	2 / 8	29.2%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	187	137	214	112	114	764
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.7%	1.5%	3.7%	3.6%	7.9%	3.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	10.2%	10.7%	12.5%	13.2%	11.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	8.0%	7.9%	6.3%	5.3%	6.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	1.4%	2.7%	0.0%	1.8%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	73.8%	66.2%	60.2%	58.5%	40.4%	61.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.5%	97.3%	92.9%	94.3%	98.2%	94.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.7%	17.6%	12.4%	9.4%	3.5%	13.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	47%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HQA FERTILITY CENTERS COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Paul C. Magarelli, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	138	55	33	22	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.2%	29.1%	15.2%	9.1%	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.5%	21.8%	15.2%	4.5%	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	136	55	29	20	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	36.8%	29.1%	17.2%	10.0%	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.9%	21.8%	17.2%	5.0%	0 / 8
Number of transfers	120	38	21	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	42.1%	23.8%	2 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.7%	31.6%	23.8%	1 / 6	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.4	6.6	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.4%	23.1%	18.2%	1 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.5%	35.9%	22.7%	1 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	46.5%	38.5%	22.7%	2 / 15	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	12	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			6 / 12	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			5 / 12	1 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	202	89	65	21	28	405
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.5%	3.4%	0.0%	4.8%	7.1%	2.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.0%	3.4%	21.5%	9.5%	7.1%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	4.3%	12.5%	0 / 9	0 / 13	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	9 / 9	13 / 13	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	9 / 9	13 / 13	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	73.9%	78.3%	91.7%	9 / 9	9 / 13	78.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	55%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO
DENVER, COLORADO**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Edward H. Illions, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	56	20	11	3	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	35.0%	5 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.8%	30.0%	5 / 11	0 / 3	
Number of retrievals	56	19	11	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	7 / 19	5 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.8%	6 / 19	5 / 11	0 / 2	
Number of transfers	65	21	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.2%	33.3%	5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.6%	28.6%	5 / 7		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.9	2.2		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.9%	4 / 16	4 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.9%	5 / 16	4 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.9%	5 / 16	4 / 9	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	9	19	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	5 / 9	10 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3	4 / 9	9 / 19	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	169	63	69	17	14	332
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.9%	7.9%	5.8%	0 / 17	0 / 14	7.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.6%	0.0%	1.4%	0 / 17	0 / 14	0.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.7%	9.5%	8.7%	0 / 17	0 / 14	6.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0 / 14	1 / 13	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	90.5%	88.2%	93.9%	10 / 14	9 / 13	87.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	58.3%	52.9%	51.5%	8 / 14	8 / 13	56.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	41.7%	47.1%	57.6%	3 / 14	2 / 13	42.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	16%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY DENVER, COLORADO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Susan W. Trout, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	15	8	6	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	16.7%	3 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 6	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.5%	3 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 6	
Number of retrievals	24	14	8	5	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	16.7%	3 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.5%	3 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Number of transfers	17	14	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 17	3 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 17	3 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	6.0	5.0	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	19.0%	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	19.0%	2 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	19.0%	2 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	4	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 4	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	56	35	28	13	15	147
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	11.4%	10.7%	3 / 13	3 / 15	11.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.1%	28.6%	28.6%	2 / 13	2 / 15	21.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.8%	8.6%	7.1%	0 / 13	0 / 15	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	6.1%	0 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 10	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.6%	11 / 13	7 / 7	5 / 6	8 / 10	73.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	0.0%	3 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 10	5.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.1%	1 / 13	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 10	7.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DENVER FERTILITY-ALBRECHT WOMEN'S CARE ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bruce H. Albrecht, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	18	16	6	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.3%	6 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	5 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	27	16	12	4	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.9%	6 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	5 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2
Number of transfers	30	12	10	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.7%	6 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	5 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.0	8.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.5%	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.5%	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.7	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	1	16	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 4	0 / 1	4 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	0 / 1	3 / 16	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	70	36	31	16	22	175
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	8.3%	12.9%	2 / 16	18.2%	10.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.1%	19.4%	29.0%	5 / 16	13.6%	20.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	8.3%	6.5%	2 / 16	0.0%	4.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	10.3%	0 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 14	5.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.6%	12 / 17	10 / 12	5 / 5	9 / 14	83.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.4%	9 / 17	7 / 12	2 / 5	7 / 14	59.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	62.1%	4 / 17	4 / 12	4 / 5	2 / 14	41.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kevin E. Bachus, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	16	10	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	9 / 16	4 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	5 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	23	16	10	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.6%	9 / 16	4 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	5 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	30	24	12	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.3%	37.5%	4 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.7%	20.8%	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	1.8	2.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.2%	9 / 15	2 / 6		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.7%	9 / 15	2 / 6		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.7%	9 / 15	2 / 6		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.5	1.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		1 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	55	27	10	5	0	97
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.8%	3.7%	0 / 10	0 / 5		2.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.8%	3.7%	0 / 10	0 / 5		2.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 5		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 5		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.5%	37.5%	7 / 10	1 / 5		42.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.2%	91.7%	9 / 10	5 / 5		94.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 5		0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	1%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF COLORADO LITTLETON, COLORADO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark R. Bush, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	248	138	111	36	29
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.3%	40.6%	32.4%	27.8%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.2%	34.8%	29.7%	27.8%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	239	127	97	33	26
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.4%	44.1%	37.1%	30.3%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.1%	37.8%	34.0%	30.3%	0.0%
Number of transfers	200	84	49	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	71.0%	66.7%	73.5%	10 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	63.5%	57.1%	67.3%	10 / 17	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.5	3.1	3.6	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	39.4%	37.7%	4 / 17	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.1%	50.7%	42.6%	4 / 17	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.1%	50.7%	44.3%	4 / 17	0 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	6	55	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 6	69.1%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 6	52.7%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	525	262	211	66	56	1,120
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	5.7%	10.9%	12.1%	8.9%	6.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.8%	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	2.4%	2.2%	4.3%	6.9%	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.2%	97.6%	100.0%	95.7%	93.1%	97.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.4%	95.3%	97.8%	95.7%	96.6%	97.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	93.6%	90.6%	96.7%	82.6%	79.3%	92.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	52%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	11%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LONE TREE, COLORADO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William B. Schoolcraft, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	509	377	448	281	240
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.2%	45.6%	30.6%	17.1%	7.1%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.2%	35.8%	23.9%	15.7%	5.8%
Number of retrievals	493	356	430	255	220
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.0%	48.3%	31.9%	18.8%	7.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.7%	37.9%	24.9%	17.3%	6.4%
Number of transfers	435	256	218	78	30
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	65.7%	67.2%	62.8%	61.5%	56.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	52.9%	52.7%	49.1%	56.4%	46.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	3.3	5.9	14.1
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.0%	45.8%	38.1%	21.6%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.2%	55.6%	44.4%	23.5%	2.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	74.1%	56.9%	49.2%	31.4%	8.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	14	12	190	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	12 / 14	9 / 12	61.1%	12 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 14	8 / 12	52.1%	9 / 15

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	966	809	868	428	426	3,497
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	2.1%	3.1%	3.5%	4.0%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.2%	2.3%	4.8%	5.1%	11.5%	4.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.8%	6.2%	5.4%	4.0%	2.3%	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.4%	4.1%	2.2%	8.6%	14.2%	5.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	90.2%	93.7%	98.0%	98.4%	94.5%	94.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.6%	87.8%	86.2%	82.2%	66.2%	85.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	67.0%	78.5%	84.5%	85.9%	71.7%	76.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	46%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	44%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN FERTILITY CENTER PARKER, COLORADO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Deborah L. Smith, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	46	21	10	2	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.5%	47.6%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	33.3%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Number of retrievals	46	21	10	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.5%	47.6%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	33.3%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Number of transfers	53	23	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.1%	43.5%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.7%	30.4%	1 / 10	2 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.1	10.0	1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.8%	7 / 17	0 / 8	2 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.6%	7 / 17	0 / 8	2 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.6%	7 / 17	0 / 8	2 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	2	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 5	2 / 2	3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	2 / 2	2 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	70	38	26	8	7	149
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	7.9%	11.5%	0 / 8	0 / 7	6.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.7%	5.3%	0.0%	1 / 8	1 / 7	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	0.0%	11.5%	0 / 8	0 / 7	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.8%	0 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 6	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	52.4%	73.1%	9 / 14	3 / 5	3 / 6	60.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	14 / 14	5 / 5	6 / 6	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	19.0%	19.2%	4 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 6	19.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	55%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John C. Nulsen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	452	202	196	110	49
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.1%	46.0%	24.0%	10.9%	6.1%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.0%	33.7%	19.4%	10.0%	4.1%
Number of retrievals	403	177	156	87	39
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.8%	52.5%	30.1%	13.8%	7.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.6%	38.4%	24.4%	12.6%	5.1%
Number of transfers	447	183	123	52	25
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.7%	50.8%	38.2%	23.1%	12.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.5%	37.2%	30.9%	21.2%	8.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	4.2	9.2	16.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.1%	54.9%	23.7%	5.9%	2 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.4%	61.9%	30.1%	20.6%	2 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.1%	61.9%	33.3%	23.5%	2 / 19
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	40	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 10	52.5%	8 / 12	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 10	32.5%	8 / 12	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	626	369	343	190	134	1,662
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.4%	9.8%	9.9%	18.4%	14.2%	9.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.5%	6.5%	11.1%	13.2%	15.7%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.4%	1.4%	2.9%	0.5%	1.5%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	1.6%	1.2%	2.5%	2.7%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.5%	48.4%	45.0%	39.2%	35.6%	47.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.8%	85.0%	85.4%	77.2%	76.7%	80.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.5%	17.5%	19.9%	20.3%	6.8%	15.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GREENWICH FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER, PC GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Barry R. Witt, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	119	89	74	47	29
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.2%	47.2%	16.2%	10.6%	10.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.0%	40.4%	14.9%	10.6%	10.3%
Number of retrievals	115	84	67	43	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.8%	50.0%	17.9%	11.6%	12.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	42.9%	16.4%	11.6%	12.5%
Number of transfers	121	83	37	13	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.5%	50.6%	32.4%	5 / 13	3 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	43.4%	29.7%	5 / 13	3 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.1	6.2	9.4	9.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.8%	50.0%	15.4%	2 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.1%	65.9%	25.6%	2 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.1%	68.2%	28.2%	2 / 16	0 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	20	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		50.0%	10 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		45.0%	10 / 17	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	191	162	142	95	68	658
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	9.3%	12.0%	16.8%	17.6%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.7%	5.6%	4.2%	12.6%	8.8%	6.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	6.8%	4.2%	10.5%	4.4%	5.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	10.3%	7.9%	13.4%	15.4%	19.4%	11.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.5%	80.3%	83.6%	80.8%	63.9%	74.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	29.4%	31.6%	29.9%	26.9%	38.9%	30.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	50.8%	67.1%	74.6%	65.4%	44.4%	59.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	11%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	25%
Gestational carrier	6%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

YALE FERTILITY CENTER NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Pasquale Patrizio, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	166	92	108	61	34
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.4%	35.9%	34.3%	11.5%	2.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.3%	29.3%	28.7%	8.2%	2.9%
Number of retrievals	147	80	99	41	26
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.8%	41.3%	37.4%	17.1%	3.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.2%	33.8%	31.3%	12.2%	3.8%
Number of transfers	160	75	84	27	25
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.3%	44.0%	44.0%	25.9%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.8%	36.0%	36.9%	18.5%	4.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.8	2.9	8.7	34.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.3%	35.8%	30.0%	2 / 19	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.9%	43.4%	44.0%	5 / 19	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.8%	47.2%	44.0%	5 / 19	1 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	18	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 8		7 / 18	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 8		5 / 18	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	225	148	184	73	80	710
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.2%	14.9%	16.8%	16.4%	20.0%	13.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.1%	12.8%	7.6%	15.1%	7.5%	9.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.0%	7.4%	19.6%	2.7%	5.0%	10.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.6%	2.2%	0.0%	3.2%	4.5%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	49.7%	40.4%	58.1%	51.6%	50.0%	49.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.4%	84.3%	82.6%	83.9%	84.1%	82.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.3%	6.7%	25.6%	22.6%	20.5%	15.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF CONNECTICUT NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark P. Leondires, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	251	161	235	96	69
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.2%	38.5%	18.7%	16.7%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.7%	31.1%	16.6%	14.6%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	240	157	199	77	50
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.4%	39.5%	22.1%	20.8%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	31.8%	19.6%	18.2%	0.0%
Number of transfers	244	145	112	30	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.6%	42.8%	39.3%	53.3%	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.7%	34.5%	34.8%	46.7%	0 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.6	5.3	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.6%	37.4%	14.6%	18.2%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.6%	46.2%	26.2%	21.2%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.0%	51.6%	30.1%	24.2%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	13	138	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 8	9 / 13	57.2%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 8	8 / 13	51.4%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	594	369	443	218	212	1,836
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.8%	8.1%	12.6%	17.0%	9.4%	10.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.9%	10.6%	14.0%	15.6%	23.1%	12.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.6%	6.0%	3.6%	3.2%	0.9%	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	8.9%	7.1%	7.8%	10.7%	38.2%	11.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	72.7%	82.6%	87.8%	78.7%	85.4%	79.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	63.5%	63.6%	72.2%	70.7%	56.2%	65.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.1%	59.8%	64.4%	66.7%	48.3%	51.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	16%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	67%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	59%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	6%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gad Lavy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	47	29	55	15	25
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.7%	37.9%	9.1%	2 / 15	4.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	24.1%	7.3%	1 / 15	4.0%
Number of retrievals	39	24	42	13	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.8%	45.8%	11.9%	2 / 13	1 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.2%	29.2%	9.5%	1 / 13	1 / 16
Number of transfers	41	22	28	9	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.2%	50.0%	17.9%	2 / 9	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.9%	31.8%	14.3%	1 / 9	1 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.6	11.0	7.5	25.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.8%	6 / 11	1 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.5%	6 / 11	2 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.5%	6 / 11	2 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	5	84	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 5	3 / 5	51.2%	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	2 / 5	41.7%	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	68	46	78	51	155	398
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	6.5%	17.9%	7.8%	10.3%	9.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.9%	4.3%	14.1%	13.7%	9.0%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.9%	4.3%	9.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	30.2%	65.4%	48.3%	51.9%	67.9%	55.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	72.1%	92.3%	72.4%	85.2%	82.1%	80.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.7%	42.3%	72.4%	59.3%	60.7%	63.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	32.6%	53.8%	48.3%	44.4%	44.0%	43.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	16%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	74%
Gestational carrier	7%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**CT FERTILITY
TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

PARK AVENUE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Andrew J. Levi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	49	35	36	16	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	17.1%	16.7%	2 / 16	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.9%	14.3%	13.9%	2 / 16	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	46	29	28	12	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.9%	20.7%	21.4%	2 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	17.2%	17.9%	2 / 12	0 / 3
Number of transfers	40	21	19	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	70.0%	28.6%	6 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	57.5%	23.8%	5 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	5.8	6.0	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.3%	5 / 18	4 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	6 / 18	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.0%	6 / 18	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.8	2.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	15	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			7 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			7 / 15	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	61	46	58	28	34	227
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	8.7%	20.7%	14.3%	14.7%	11.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.5%	17.4%	15.5%	7.1%	14.7%	13.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	2 / 17	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	40.0%	60.9%	40.7%	10 / 15	14 / 17	53.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.0%	95.7%	85.2%	12 / 15	16 / 17	91.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.0%	13.0%	11.1%	4 / 15	4 / 17	16.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	32%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA NEWARK, DELAWARE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jeffrey B. Russell, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	68	35	35	10	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	33.8%	28.6%	2.9%	0 / 10	0 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.4%	28.6%	2.9%	0 / 10	0 / 10
Number of retrievals	65	35	32	9	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	35.4%	28.6%	3.1%	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.8%	28.6%	3.1%	0 / 9	0 / 8
Number of transfers	76	31	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	30.3%	32.3%	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.3%	32.3%	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	3.5	35.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	29.1%	31.8%	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	36.4%	36.4%	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	36.4%	36.4%	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	9	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	3 / 9	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	3 / 9	2 / 15

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	180	67	60	25	29	361
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	16.4%	15.0%	4.0%	3.4%	8.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	23.9%	29.9%	33.3%	44.0%	24.1%	28.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 11	0 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	99.0%	100.0%	18 / 18	10 / 11	17 / 17	98.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.8%	91.7%	13 / 18	6 / 11	3 / 17	81.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	68.8%	75.0%	14 / 18	8 / 11	10 / 17	69.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	6%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%
Endometriosis	25%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	40%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	24%	Unexplained	23%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE NEWARK, DELAWARE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ronald F. Feinberg, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	143	34	63	20	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.2%	58.8%	22.2%	10.0%	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.8%	58.8%	22.2%	10.0%	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	127	34	48	16	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	70.1%	58.8%	29.2%	2 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	68.5%	58.8%	29.2%	2 / 16	0 / 5
Number of transfers	168	38	42	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.0%	52.6%	33.3%	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.8%	52.6%	33.3%	2 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	1.7	4.5	10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.7%	60.0%	23.3%	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	74.3%	68.0%	33.3%	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.2%	68.0%	36.7%	0 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	46	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2	2 / 3	47.8%	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2	2 / 3	47.8%	2 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	302	182	139	50	58	731
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	11.0%	11.5%	10.0%	13.8%	10.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.6%	3.8%	3.6%	4.0%	8.6%	7.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	1.6%	2.2%	6.0%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	3.0%	1.3%	0 / 18	2.9%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	84.9%	94.9%	98.8%	17 / 18	94.3%	91.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.7%	78.8%	77.5%	16 / 18	57.1%	82.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.5%	68.7%	76.3%	13 / 18	51.4%	56.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	39%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	35%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	54%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COLUMBIA FERTILITY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Safa Rifka, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	103	116	122	70	77
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	31.1%	19.0%	13.1%	7.1%	3.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.2%	16.4%	13.1%	7.1%	2.6%
Number of retrievals	94	105	106	59	53
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	34.0%	21.0%	15.1%	8.5%	5.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.7%	18.1%	15.1%	8.5%	3.8%
Number of transfers	89	88	73	33	32
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.0%	25.0%	21.9%	15.2%	9.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.2%	21.6%	21.9%	15.2%	6.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.2	5.3	7.6	14.0	25.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	35.7%	22.6%	16.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.9%	34.0%	18.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	44.6%	34.0%	22.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	2	53	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 6	1 / 2	37.7%	4 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 6	1 / 2	26.4%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	197	194	225	129	154	899
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.7%	10.3%	13.3%	16.3%	14.3%	12.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.1%	5.7%	11.6%	10.1%	18.2%	10.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	16.8%	19.6%	20.9%	14.7%	5.2%	16.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.8%	10.2%	9.3%	7.3%	13.9%	9.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.6%	66.7%	58.8%	67.3%	61.1%	64.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.4%	75.0%	75.3%	72.7%	62.5%	73.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	41.2%	33.3%	38.1%	27.3%	6.9%	31.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	62%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	21%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEDICAL FACULTY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David Frankfurter, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	54	73	65	34	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	26.0%	16.9%	2.9%	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.5%	23.3%	15.4%	2.9%	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	47	62	56	29	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	38.3%	30.6%	19.6%	3.4%	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.2%	27.4%	17.9%	3.4%	0 / 10
Number of transfers	58	50	43	19	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.0%	38.0%	25.6%	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.3%	34.0%	23.3%	1 / 19	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	3.8	5.9	34.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.4%	26.3%	16.1%	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.5%	34.2%	22.6%	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.5%	36.8%	29.0%	1 / 10	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	9	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 9	4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 9	4 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	108	134	108	44	47	441
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	9.0%	12.0%	13.6%	23.4%	11.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.2%	14.9%	11.1%	29.5%	10.6%	13.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.0%	9.7%	6.5%	2.3%	0.0%	7.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.4%	75.4%	59.7%	31.8%	48.3%	59.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.3%	86.9%	82.3%	95.5%	65.5%	86.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.3%	26.2%	19.4%	9.1%	0.0%	15.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	23%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOCAFERTILITY BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Moshe (Maurice) R. Peress, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	19	20	6	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.4%	7 / 19	25.0%	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	6 / 19	20.0%	1 / 6	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	28	18	19	6	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	7 / 18	5 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.7%	6 / 18	4 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 4
Number of transfers	31	17	14	6	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.7%	7 / 17	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.3%	6 / 17	4 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	2.7	4.0	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	33.3%	3 / 13	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	37.5%	5 / 13	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	37.5%	5 / 13	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	0	29	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 13		41.4%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13		34.5%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	87	41	44	24	50	246
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.6%	2.4%	0.0%	8.3%	4.0%	3.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.1%	9.8%	13.6%	4.2%	10.0%	6.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	9.8%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	0.0%	16.0%	1 / 11	28.1%	11.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.0%	100.0%	84.0%	9 / 11	78.1%	89.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	66.0%	61.9%	52.0%	6 / 11	15.6%	50.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.0%	4.8%	8.0%	3 / 11	25.0%	14.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	61%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark S. Denker, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	35	24	12	8	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	25.0%	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.3%	16.7%	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	32	21	12	8	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.8%	28.6%	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	19.0%	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2
Number of transfers	32	15	8	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.8%	6 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	4 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	4.0	6.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.5%	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.8%	4 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	47.8%	4 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	1	20	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 9	0 / 1	40.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	0 / 1	30.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	29	35	23	24	170
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	24.1%	5.7%	13.0%	12.5%	10.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.6%	17.2%	25.7%	17.4%	8.3%	16.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.6%	10.3%	20.0%	8.7%	12.5%	13.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	15.0%	1 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 14	2 / 16	11.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	6 / 14	6 / 15	3 / 14	11 / 16	46.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.5%	12 / 14	14 / 15	14 / 14	11 / 16	88.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	35.0%	1 / 14	4 / 15	5 / 14	3 / 16	27.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

POLCZ FERTILITY CENTER BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Tibor E. Polcz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	3	4	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 4		
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 4		
Number of retrievals	7	3	4	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 4		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 4		
Number of transfers	7	3	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 4		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.0	2.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 3		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 3		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 3		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	1.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2			

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	6	9	5	1	1	22
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 6	0 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	0 / 6	3 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	19.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	4 / 6	6 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1	57.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	32%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FLORIDA FERTILITY INSTITUTE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark D. Sanchez, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	80	30	27	5	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.5%	23.3%	25.9%	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.8%	16.7%	22.2%	0 / 5	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	79	26	23	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.0%	26.9%	30.4%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.2%	19.2%	26.1%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of transfers	89	26	21	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.2%	26.9%	33.3%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.3%	19.2%	28.6%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	4.3	3.9		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.2%	5 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.8%	7 / 16	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.8%	7 / 16	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	5	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	4 / 5	3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	4 / 5	0 / 8	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	108	57	38	18	16	237
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.1%	7.0%	7.9%	0 / 18	0 / 16	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.0%	5.3%	26.3%	3 / 18	3 / 16	13.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 16	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 12	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.3%	41.0%	6 / 16	10 / 14	4 / 12	51.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	81.1%	82.1%	12 / 16	11 / 14	11 / 12	81.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.8%	15.4%	3 / 16	2 / 14	2 / 12	17.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	44%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CONCEPTIONS FLORIDA: CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GENETICS CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Armando E. Hernandez-Rey, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	59	34	52	18	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.0%	26.5%	25.0%	3 / 18	1 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.1%	26.5%	21.2%	2 / 18	1 / 9
Number of retrievals	56	26	49	14	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.1%	34.6%	26.5%	3 / 14	1 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	34.6%	22.4%	2 / 14	1 / 9
Number of transfers	50	25	44	14	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.0%	36.0%	29.5%	3 / 14	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.0%	36.0%	25.0%	2 / 14	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.8	4.0	6.0	9.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	41.5%	26.9%	23.5%	1 / 12	1 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	43.9%	26.9%	35.3%	1 / 12	1 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.8%	30.8%	35.3%	1 / 12	1 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	13	22	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		4 / 13	63.6%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		3 / 13	40.9%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	125	105	89	48	28	395
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.6%	18.1%	14.6%	16.7%	21.4%	13.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.2%	7.6%	10.1%	8.3%	14.3%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	4.8%	10.1%	6.3%	0.0%	5.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	5.4%	0.0%	8.0%	3 / 16	4.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.3%	58.9%	77.5%	60.0%	11 / 16	62.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	21.3%	17.9%	22.5%	24.0%	3 / 16	20.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.7%	23.2%	42.5%	8.0%	3 / 16	23.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	51%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	2%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	34%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	28%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA FERTILITY CENTER, PA FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jacob L. Glock, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	10	16	15	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.0%	4 / 10	4 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	3 / 10	3 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	20	10	14	13	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.0%	4 / 10	4 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	3 / 10	3 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 8
Number of transfers	22	10	13	9	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	4 / 10	4 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	3 / 10	3 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.5	4.0	15.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 19	4 / 9	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 19	4 / 9	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 19	4 / 9	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	21	6	8	14	8	57
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 14	1 / 8	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 8	1 / 14	2 / 8	5.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	23.8%	0 / 6	3 / 8	6 / 14	0 / 8	24.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	5 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 4	24.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	3 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 5	4 / 7	3 / 4	29.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 7	1 / 4	5.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	18%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PA EMBRYO DONATION INTERNATIONAL, PL FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Craig R. Sweet, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	43	20	9	4	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.8%	30.0%	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	20.0%	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Number of retrievals	43	18	8	4	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.8%	6 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	4 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 4	
Number of transfers	49	20	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.0%	30.0%	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.6%	20.0%	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.3	4.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.0%	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.0%	4 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.0%	4 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	1.5	0.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	0	14	38
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 4		3 / 14	36.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4		2 / 14	28.9%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	54	26	27	13	39	159
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.1%	7.7%	14.8%	3 / 13	20.5%	14.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.6%	0.0%	3.7%	0 / 13	2.6%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	47.5%	54.5%	54.5%	8 / 10	93.1%	63.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.5%	68.2%	50.0%	2 / 10	27.6%	57.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.5%	22.7%	9.1%	1 / 10	10.3%	13.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	12%	Diminished ovarian reserve	60%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UF HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AT SPRINGHILL GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Alice S. Rhoton-Vlasak, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	23	16	9	2	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.2%	6 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	6 / 16	2 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	21	15	7	2	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	6 / 15	3 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	6 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3
Number of transfers	26	14	5	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.2%	6 / 14	3 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	6 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.7	3.0	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	10 / 18	4 / 11	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 18	5 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 18	5 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 5	2 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	12	10	2	8	91
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	0 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 8	5.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	22.0%	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 8	14.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	2 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 8	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	65.0%	4 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2	3 / 7	53.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.5%	5 / 10	7 / 7	2 / 2	6 / 7	65.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.0%	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 7	6.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	22%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	34%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ASSISTED FERTILITY PROGRAM JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Marwan M. Shaykh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	26	8	12	5	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.2%	3 / 8	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.5%	2 / 8	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	24	8	10	5	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	3 / 8	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	2 / 8	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of transfers	27	7	12	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.4%	3 / 7	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	2 / 7	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.7	4.0	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 19	3 / 7	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	14	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3		5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		4 / 14	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	53	28	18	8	20	127
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.9%	0.0%	2 / 18	0 / 8	5.0%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	39.6%	21.4%	2 / 18	2 / 8	40.0%	30.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 8	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	1 / 6	1 / 11	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.6%	61.9%	11 / 14	4 / 6	9 / 11	74.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	51.6%	42.9%	9 / 14	3 / 6	3 / 11	48.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.1%	14.3%	3 / 14	0 / 6	3 / 11	16.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	1%
Tubal factor	31%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	11%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BROWN FERTILITY JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Samuel E. Brown, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	145	69	47	16	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.0%	50.7%	34.0%	2 / 16	1 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.3%	34.8%	29.8%	2 / 16	1 / 10
Number of retrievals	133	63	45	14	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.6%	55.6%	35.6%	2 / 14	1 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	38.1%	31.1%	2 / 14	1 / 10
Number of transfers	203	79	65	13	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.5%	44.3%	24.6%	2 / 13	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.1%	30.4%	21.5%	2 / 13	1 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.0	2.9	8.0	10.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.8%	45.2%	25.0%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.9%	52.4%	35.7%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.0%	52.4%	35.7%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.4	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	35	0	59	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.7%		40.7%	4 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%		33.9%	3 / 12

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	345	144	118	68	71	746
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.9%	2.8%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.8%	9.0%	9.3%	16.2%	9.9%	12.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.3%	0.7%	0.8%	1.5%	0.0%	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	0.8%	4.0%	0.0%	4.7%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.5%	56.6%	60.0%	70.9%	68.8%	59.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	99.3%	100.0%	99.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.5%	4.9%	6.0%	5.5%	12.5%	5.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%
Endometriosis	22%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kevin L. Winslow, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	201	84	48	35	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.7%	39.3%	27.1%	5.7%	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.2%	34.5%	22.9%	5.7%	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	187	79	44	33	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	68.4%	41.8%	29.5%	6.1%	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.0%	36.7%	25.0%	6.1%	0 / 7
Number of transfers	246	96	41	18	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.0%	34.4%	31.7%	2 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.1%	30.2%	26.8%	2 / 18	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.5	3.7	17.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.0%	46.3%	31.0%	2 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.5%	50.0%	31.0%	2 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.5%	51.9%	31.0%	2 / 15	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.2	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	20	45	77
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2	40.0%	37.8%	29.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	40.0%	31.1%	23.4%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	581	272	203	80	73	1,209
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.4%	15.1%	10.8%	22.5%	15.1%	11.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.6%	9.2%	9.4%	7.5%	2.7%	10.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.1%	1.5%	0.5%	0.0%	1.4%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.3%	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.8%	93.0%	93.2%	77.3%	80.4%	91.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.3%	82.4%	83.5%	75.0%	71.4%	82.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.8%	41.5%	53.4%	20.5%	19.6%	38.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	15%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

JACKSONVILLE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	83	43	24	17	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	30.1%	25.6%	12.5%	2 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.5%	18.6%	12.5%	2 / 17	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	73	38	21	15	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	34.2%	28.9%	14.3%	2 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	23.3%	21.1%	14.3%	2 / 15	0 / 5
Number of transfers	78	31	17	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	32.1%	35.5%	3 / 17	2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	21.8%	25.8%	3 / 17	2 / 10	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.3	3.9	8.0	8.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	32.7%	16.1%	0 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	36.4%	22.6%	1 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	36.4%	22.6%	2 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	2.0	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	21	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 7		19.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 7		14.3%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	177	91	56	33	25	382
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.6%	5.5%	7.1%	9.1%	8.0%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.3%	17.6%	26.8%	30.3%	16.0%	18.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	5.5%	5.4%	3.0%	4.0%	3.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 12	1 / 16	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.2%	52.2%	59.3%	9 / 12	13 / 16	60.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	34.3%	32.6%	22.2%	4 / 12	9 / 16	34.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.2%	21.7%	25.9%	5 / 12	2 / 16	23.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	35%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
LUTZ, FLORIDA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**FERTILITY CENTER OF ORLANDO
MAITLAND, FLORIDA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

IVF FLORIDA REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES MARGATE, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David I. Hoffman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	301	163	224	89	52
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.2%	39.3%	18.8%	14.6%	3.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.5%	31.3%	15.6%	13.5%	3.8%
Number of retrievals	288	147	188	76	43
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.3%	43.5%	22.3%	17.1%	4.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	34.7%	18.6%	15.8%	4.7%
Number of transfers	345	152	163	62	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.2%	42.1%	25.8%	21.0%	7.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	33.6%	21.5%	19.4%	7.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.5	5.3	6.8	26.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.7%	42.3%	18.1%	15.0%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.2%	48.1%	25.0%	22.5%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.2%	50.0%	26.7%	25.0%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	97	58	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 4	42.3%	31.0%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4	40.2%	25.9%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	533	323	324	218	184	1,582
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	6.5%	12.3%	11.9%	16.3%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.6%	10.2%	9.3%	11.5%	12.0%	11.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.9%	7.4%	3.7%	0.9%	1.1%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	2.1%	5.7%	5.0%	14.2%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.1%	59.3%	53.8%	47.1%	39.8%	55.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.8%	69.3%	66.5%	74.4%	68.1%	71.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.5%	20.1%	24.1%	12.4%	8.0%	15.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	20%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VIERA FERTILITY CENTER MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Diran J. Chamoun, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	11	9	2	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	24.1%	1 / 11	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	17.2%	0 / 11	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	24	11	7	2	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	29.2%	1 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.8%	0 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 3
Number of transfers	20	10	5	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.0%	1 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	0 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.1	11.0	9.0	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.5	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 8	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 8	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	51	31	20	11	10	123
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	3.2%	10.0%	0 / 11	0 / 10	3.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.7%	9.7%	35.0%	2 / 11	1 / 10	16.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	3.2%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 10	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	11.8%	1 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 9	2 / 8	10.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	55.9%	12 / 19	6 / 9	5 / 9	7 / 8	62.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.5%	11 / 19	7 / 9	4 / 9	2 / 8	63.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.2%	4 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 9	2 / 8	26.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	26%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Other, infertility	50%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	16%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI, INC. MIAMI, FLORIDA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael H. Jacobs, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	100	70	71	26	32
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.0%	42.9%	23.9%	23.1%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	31.4%	18.3%	23.1%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	93	67	60	24	26
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.2%	44.8%	28.3%	25.0%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.6%	32.8%	21.7%	25.0%	0.0%
Number of transfers	103	57	40	10	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.8%	52.6%	42.5%	6 / 10	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.0%	38.6%	32.5%	6 / 10	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	2.3	4.2	4.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.6%	40.4%	20.7%	2 / 12	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.1%	48.9%	31.0%	3 / 12	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	49.1%	48.9%	31.0%	3 / 12	0 / 16
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	61	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	1 / 3	60.7%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	0 / 3	41.0%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	156	109	140	72	82	559
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	6.4%	7.9%	6.9%	7.3%	6.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	9.2%	22.9%	26.4%	18.3%	16.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	3.7%	3.6%	4.2%	1.2%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	8.9%	14.0%	3.6%	10.0%	45.0%	14.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.1%	89.5%	87.5%	90.0%	92.5%	90.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.9%	73.7%	89.3%	53.3%	75.0%	79.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	69.6%	71.9%	53.6%	66.7%	72.5%	66.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	77%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI INFERTILITY CENTER MIAMI, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George R. Attia, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	43	39	16	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.6%	30.2%	25.6%	4 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	23.3%	15.4%	4 / 16	0 / 11
Number of retrievals	51	40	36	15	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	32.5%	27.8%	4 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.2%	25.0%	16.7%	4 / 15	0 / 9
Number of transfers	54	43	40	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	63.0%	30.2%	25.0%	4 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	23.3%	15.0%	4 / 8	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	3.3	3.9	4.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.3%	32.3%	25.0%	3 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.3%	35.5%	25.0%	3 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.3%	35.5%	25.0%	3 / 13	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	4	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	1 / 4	5 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	1 / 4	2 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	103	55	53	11	18	240
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	7.3%	9.4%	1 / 11	3 / 18	8.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.8%	7.3%	7.5%	2 / 11	0 / 18	7.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.9%	3.6%	1.9%	0 / 11	0 / 18	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	0 / 8	1 / 15	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.5%	63.3%	31.4%	3 / 8	7 / 15	52.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.6%	93.3%	94.3%	6 / 8	9 / 15	89.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.1%	36.7%	14.3%	1 / 8	4 / 15	36.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	<1%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	26%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Barry A. Ripps, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	103	41	24	11	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.5%	41.5%	20.8%	0 / 11	0 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	29.3%	20.8%	0 / 11	0 / 10
Number of retrievals	95	37	17	7	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	45.9%	5 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.8%	32.4%	5 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 9
Number of transfers	107	34	14	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.7%	50.0%	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.7%	35.3%	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.4	4.8		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.1%	38.5%	4 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.5%	46.2%	4 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.5%	50.0%	5 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	14	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		8 / 14	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		8 / 14	1 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	165	77	32	12	12	298
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.3%	6.5%	6.3%	1 / 12	5 / 12	8.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.9%	9.1%	12.5%	0 / 12	2 / 12	10.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 12	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	46.4%	39.6%	45.5%	1 / 6	1 / 4	43.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.5%	97.9%	95.5%	5 / 6	3 / 4	94.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.3%	22.9%	9.1%	0 / 6	1 / 4	11.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY & GENETICS PLANTATION, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mick Abaé, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	44	23	38	12	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.4%	47.8%	21.1%	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	47.8%	21.1%	1 / 12	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	40	22	37	12	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	50.0%	21.6%	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	50.0%	21.6%	1 / 12	0 / 2
Number of transfers	57	25	28	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	28.1%	44.0%	28.6%	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.6%	44.0%	28.6%	1 / 8	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	2.1	4.8	12.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.4%	9 / 16	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.4%	10 / 16	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.4%	10 / 16	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	7	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 4	4 / 7	5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 4	4 / 7	5 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	101	56	50	20	20	247
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.0%	7.1%	4.0%	15.0%	5.0%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.9%	8.9%	20.0%	15.0%	10.0%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1.8%	2.0%	0.0%	5.0%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	4.5%	0 / 7	1 / 11	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	75.9%	84.6%	72.7%	2 / 7	5 / 11	71.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.6%	80.8%	68.2%	6 / 7	10 / 11	87.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	37.9%	65.4%	54.5%	0 / 7	2 / 11	42.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	57%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	36%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	23%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	21%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER & APPLIED GENETICS OF FLORIDA SARASOTA, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	38	25	28	10	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.9%	40.0%	14.3%	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.3%	40.0%	14.3%	1 / 10	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	34	21	20	8	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.7%	47.6%	20.0%	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.8%	47.6%	20.0%	1 / 8	0 / 4
Number of transfers	37	17	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.5%	10 / 17	4 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	56.8%	10 / 17	4 / 7	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.5	7.0	10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.6%	6 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.4%	8 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.4%	8 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			2 / 6	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	73	38	23	15	14	163
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.5%	5.3%	21.7%	4 / 15	1 / 14	9.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.5%	2.6%	21.7%	3 / 15	0 / 14	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	0 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	4.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	18 / 18	8 / 8	2 / 2	3 / 3	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	18 / 18	8 / 8	2 / 2	3 / 3	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	97.2%	18 / 18	7 / 8	2 / 2	3 / 3	97.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Other Reason	Percentage
Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	55%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	91%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	95%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVFMD/SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SOUTH MIAMI, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Juergen Eisermann, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	295	157	181	111	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	46.5%	28.2%	8.1%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.7%	34.4%	22.1%	8.1%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	273	144	150	84	17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.6%	50.7%	34.0%	10.7%	0 / 17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.0%	37.5%	26.7%	10.7%	0 / 17
Number of transfers	277	125	132	47	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.8%	58.4%	38.6%	19.1%	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.3%	43.2%	30.3%	19.1%	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	3.5	12.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.0%	47.1%	32.5%	12.0%	0 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.3%	54.9%	36.0%	12.0%	0 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.8%	56.9%	36.8%	12.0%	0 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	76	45	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2	63.2%	40.0%	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2	56.6%	40.0%	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	522	385	296	159	113	1,475
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.0%	12.5%	11.8%	7.5%	14.2%	10.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.6%	5.5%	6.4%	11.3%	3.5%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.8%	7.0%	5.7%	0.6%	0.0%	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	2.5%	1.5%	0.0%	3.6%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	73.7%	75.3%	66.9%	64.4%	54.2%	70.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.7%	80.8%	78.7%	79.5%	63.9%	76.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.7%	31.8%	41.2%	37.0%	19.3%	29.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	40%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	22%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE GROUP TAMPA, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Timothy R. Yeko, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	209	97	76	43	18
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.9%	39.2%	25.0%	7.0%	1 / 18
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.2%	35.1%	25.0%	7.0%	1 / 18
Number of retrievals	203	93	71	38	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.6%	40.9%	26.8%	7.9%	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.7%	36.6%	26.8%	7.9%	1 / 15
Number of transfers	223	82	37	11	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.2%	46.3%	51.4%	3 / 11	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.9%	41.5%	51.4%	3 / 11	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.6	4.0	14.3	18.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	43.9%	30.6%	8.7%	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.3%	45.5%	32.7%	13.0%	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.3%	47.0%	32.7%	13.0%	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	0	53	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 6		49.1%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 6		45.3%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	463	284	200	88	81	1,116
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	6.7%	10.5%	10.2%	11.1%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	4.9%	5.5%	15.9%	4.9%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	0.7%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	0.7%	2.4%	3.2%	4.4%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	95.1%	97.3%	97.6%	93.5%	93.3%	95.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.1%	79.9%	84.5%	77.4%	73.3%	81.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	62.4%	73.8%	78.6%	74.2%	53.3%	67.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA IVF TAMPA, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Shayne M. Plosker, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	120	59	39	32	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.7%	47.5%	23.1%	3.1%	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	39.0%	15.4%	3.1%	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	114	55	36	27	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.6%	50.9%	25.0%	3.7%	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.5%	41.8%	16.7%	3.7%	0 / 5
Number of transfers	129	62	36	20	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.7%	45.2%	25.0%	5.0%	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.1%	37.1%	16.7%	5.0%	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.1	4.3	32.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.2%	48.8%	15.0%	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.5%	53.5%	15.0%	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.5%	53.5%	15.0%	0 / 14	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	12	20	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 12	45.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		5 / 12	30.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	162	110	95	43	26	436
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	7.3%	11.6%	4.7%	3.8%	7.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.6%	10.9%	8.4%	14.0%	3.8%	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.8%	7.3%	0.0%	9.3%	0.0%	5.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	3.2%	1.9%	4.2%	8.7%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.3%	68.3%	55.8%	45.8%	65.2%	58.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	68.6%	74.6%	75.0%	58.3%	78.3%	71.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.2%	22.2%	30.8%	12.5%	17.4%	19.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? No
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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WESTON, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Minna R. Selub, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	10	5	3	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	10	5	3	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	11	4	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.0	5.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0		1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7		1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	1	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 7	0 / 1	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	30	7	7	6	5	55
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.7%	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 5	10.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 7	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 5	5.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	1 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.8%	2 / 6	0 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 2	41.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.3%	6 / 6	4 / 4	1 / 3	2 / 2	84.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.2%	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	1 / 2	5.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	47%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	16%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS, LLC WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	8	7	5	2	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Number of retrievals	7	5	5	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Number of transfers	5	4	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.0	7.0	5.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 3	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	0.6	1.4	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	1	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	1 / 1	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	1 / 1	3 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	28	18	15	5	10	76
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	2 / 18	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 10	11.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.6%	5 / 18	1 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 10	11.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.6%	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 10	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	10 / 14	4 / 7	5 / 5	1 / 2	7 / 8	75.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 14	2 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 8	25.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3 / 14	1 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 8	16.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randall A. Loy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	193	136	141	82	38
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.3%	33.1%	21.3%	9.8%	2.6%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.6%	30.9%	19.1%	7.3%	2.6%
Number of retrievals	182	118	116	68	29
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	38.1%	25.9%	11.8%	3.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.5%	35.6%	23.3%	8.8%	3.4%
Number of transfers	187	102	76	30	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.9%	44.1%	39.5%	26.7%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.1%	41.2%	35.5%	20.0%	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.0	4.7	10.3	38.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.7%	36.7%	21.8%	15.2%	1 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.4%	38.9%	24.4%	18.2%	1 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.4%	40.0%	25.6%	18.2%	1 / 16
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	33	46	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		45.5%	39.1%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		42.4%	34.8%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	647	319	300	125	127	1,518
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	13.1%	15.4%	17.3%	16.8%	27.6%	15.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.6%	3.4%	8.7%	18.4%	15.0%	7.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	3.1%	2.0%	0.8%	0.8%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.4%	2.9%	3.5%	2.2%	1.8%	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.5%	90.0%	87.7%	77.8%	72.7%	88.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.1%	82.1%	82.5%	91.1%	52.7%	78.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.9%	47.9%	51.8%	51.1%	20.0%	35.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	16%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CARE THE IVF CENTER WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark P. Trolice, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	48	24	22	5	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.1%	50.0%	27.3%	0 / 5	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	50.0%	18.2%	0 / 5	
Number of retrievals	45	24	20	5	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.6%	50.0%	30.0%	0 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.1%	50.0%	20.0%	0 / 5	
Number of transfers	51	28	28	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.0%	42.9%	21.4%	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	42.9%	14.3%	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.0	3.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	9 / 18	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.5%	10 / 18	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.5%	10 / 18	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.7	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	3	6	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	1 / 3	2 / 6	5 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	1 / 3	2 / 6	4 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	91	50	41	13	25	220
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.0%	18.0%	22.0%	3 / 13	44.0%	19.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.2%	4.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	2.0%	4.9%	0 / 13	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	1 / 13	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	70.4%	81.5%	66.7%	5 / 6	5 / 13	69.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	68.5%	81.5%	71.4%	3 / 6	9 / 13	71.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.9%	7.4%	4.8%	0 / 6	0 / 13	3.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	9%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	62%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ATLANTA, GEORGIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kathryn C. Calhoun, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	268	149	148	65	30
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.9%	34.9%	16.9%	9.2%	3.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	32.9%	15.5%	7.7%	3.3%
Number of retrievals	251	131	124	55	22
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.2%	39.7%	20.2%	10.9%	4.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.2%	37.4%	18.5%	9.1%	4.5%
Number of transfers	295	110	77	15	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.4%	47.3%	32.5%	6 / 15	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.0%	44.5%	29.9%	5 / 15	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.9	5.9	10.8	30.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.5%	36.3%	19.8%	2.6%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.9%	40.2%	23.3%	7.7%	5.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.9%	41.2%	25.6%	10.3%	5.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	92	81	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	45.7%	35.8%	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	40.2%	32.1%	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	737	404	356	139	143	1,779
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	5.4%	11.0%	10.1%	14.0%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.8%	5.0%	7.9%	12.2%	10.5%	5.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.8%	4.7%	4.2%	4.3%	0.0%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.9%	3.1%	4.3%	3.5%	0.0%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	79.5%	88.2%	81.1%	73.7%	54.4%	79.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.5%	83.8%	82.3%	77.2%	58.9%	81.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	40.6%	55.9%	61.6%	50.9%	12.2%	45.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	33%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	23%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

EMORY REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ATLANTA, GEORGIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jennifer F. Kawwass, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	115	66	61	25	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.6%	51.5%	29.5%	20.0%	0 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.3%	37.9%	21.3%	20.0%	0 / 15
Number of retrievals	106	61	55	20	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.9%	55.7%	32.7%	25.0%	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.7%	41.0%	23.6%	25.0%	0 / 10
Number of transfers	115	59	56	16	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	62.6%	57.6%	32.1%	5 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.3%	42.4%	23.2%	5 / 16	0 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	1.9	3.4	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.4%	56.4%	37.9%	2 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	69.0%	56.4%	37.9%	4 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.1%	59.0%	37.9%	4 / 13	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	8	14	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 8	3 / 8	10 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 8	2 / 8	8 / 14	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	177	141	91	41	35	485
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	10.6%	8.8%	14.6%	0.0%	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	5.7%	7.7%	7.3%	11.4%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	16.9%	11.3%	8.8%	2.4%	2.9%	11.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.6%	1.1%	1.9%	3.3%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	52.2%	53.9%	55.8%	33.3%	57.7%	51.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	65.2%	80.9%	76.9%	93.3%	76.9%	75.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.8%	18.0%	15.4%	16.7%	7.7%	12.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	15%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	25%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES ATLANTA, GEORGIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel B. Shapiro, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	298	156	144	43	25
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.7%	41.0%	30.6%	23.3%	8.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.0%	37.2%	27.1%	16.3%	8.0%
Number of retrievals	289	137	135	42	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.6%	46.7%	32.6%	23.8%	2 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.6%	42.3%	28.9%	16.7%	2 / 19
Number of transfers	354	139	106	34	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.4%	46.0%	41.5%	29.4%	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	41.7%	36.8%	20.6%	2 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.4	3.3	4.3	12.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.3%	44.8%	29.2%	26.9%	2 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.6%	50.5%	38.2%	26.9%	2 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.5%	53.3%	38.2%	26.9%	2 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	144	177	34
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		50.0%	38.4%	55.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		47.2%	34.5%	52.9%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	855	454	350	165	277	2,101
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.6%	2.6%	4.3%	4.8%	4.0%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.3%	0.9%	3.1%	2.4%	2.9%	1.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	6.6%	3.4%	3.6%	0.7%	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	4.6%	7.2%	4.5%	6.6%	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.3%	83.7%	83.8%	70.9%	64.3%	79.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.5%	81.6%	68.9%	67.3%	48.9%	75.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.6%	37.6%	36.9%	27.3%	16.3%	33.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	50%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	19%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY-ATLANTA ATLANTA, GEORGIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark Perloe, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	92	61	43	20	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	64.1%	41.0%	37.2%	15.0%	2 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.0%	34.4%	34.9%	15.0%	2 / 11
Number of retrievals	89	55	42	17	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.3%	45.5%	38.1%	3 / 17	2 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	64.0%	38.2%	35.7%	3 / 17	2 / 10
Number of transfers	121	61	40	10	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.8%	41.0%	40.0%	3 / 10	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	34.4%	37.5%	3 / 10	2 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.4	2.7	6.7	5.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.5%	43.9%	43.3%	3 / 11	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.5%	46.3%	43.3%	3 / 11	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.8%	46.3%	43.3%	3 / 11	1 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	12	41	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	4 / 12	56.1%	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	4 / 12	56.1%	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	189	128	117	55	52	541
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	2.3%	9.4%	7.3%	11.5%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.9%	2.3%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	3.9%	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	3.8%	3.0%	2.9%	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	84.8%	81.3%	82.1%	68.6%	82.1%	81.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	54.4%	60.0%	46.3%	51.4%	48.7%	53.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	62.4%	60.0%	58.2%	57.1%	51.3%	59.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	40%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Larisa Gavrilova-Jordan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	47	16	9	6	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	72.3%	10 / 16	2 / 9	3 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.9%	5 / 16	1 / 9	3 / 6	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	44	15	8	6	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	77.3%	10 / 15	2 / 8	3 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.3%	5 / 15	1 / 8	3 / 6	0 / 2
Number of transfers	52	19	8	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	65.4%	10 / 19	2 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	5 / 19	1 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	1.6	4.5	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	72.7%	8 / 13	2 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.0%	9 / 13	2 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.0%	9 / 13	2 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.2	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	69	37	19	18	3	146
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	5.4%	0 / 19	1 / 18	1 / 3	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.9%	8.1%	1 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 3	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.8%	5.4%	1 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 3	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.6%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 2	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	35.7%	45.8%	4 / 13	6 / 12	1 / 2	39.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.1%	83.3%	12 / 13	8 / 12	1 / 2	81.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.6%	12.5%	0 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 2	5.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	29%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	31%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Edouard J. Servy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	86	62	50	18	23
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.5%	17.7%	20.0%	3 / 18	8.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.7%	11.3%	12.0%	3 / 18	8.7%
Number of retrievals	78	55	40	14	18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.6%	20.0%	25.0%	3 / 14	2 / 18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.2%	12.7%	15.0%	3 / 14	2 / 18
Number of transfers	81	59	41	12	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.0%	18.6%	24.4%	3 / 12	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.8%	11.9%	14.6%	3 / 12	2 / 18
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	5.6	5.0	6.0	11.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.8%	19.6%	15.2%	3 / 11	9.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.4%	19.6%	18.2%	3 / 11	9.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	21.6%	18.2%	3 / 11	9.5%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	5	14	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 6	2 / 5	10 / 14	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 6	2 / 5	7 / 14	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	92	62	40	28	36	258
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.3%	3.2%	10.0%	3.6%	5.6%	4.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.0%	11.3%	15.0%	14.3%	8.3%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	4.8%	2.5%	7.1%	2.8%	3.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2 / 18	3.6%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	64.7%	55.3%	57.7%	9 / 18	53.6%	58.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.4%	68.1%	42.3%	7 / 18	50.0%	55.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10.3%	6.4%	11.5%	1 / 18	7.1%	8.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	33%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Prakash J. Thirupathi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	64	7	13	4	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.3%	3 / 7	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	2 / 7	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	55	5	12	2	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.7%	3 / 5	4 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	2 / 5	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of transfers	70	9	12	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.4%	3 / 9	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.0%	2 / 9	3 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.3	3.3	4.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.5%	3 / 7	3 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.1%	3 / 7	3 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	49.1%	3 / 7	3 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3		2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		1 / 6	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	89	32	21	8	4	154
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	12.5%	14.3%	1 / 8	0 / 4	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.7%	9.4%	19.0%	0 / 8	0 / 4	13.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 4	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 4	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	61.7%	61.9%	8 / 14	2 / 6	3 / 4	60.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	95.2%	14 / 14	5 / 6	4 / 4	98.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.0%	4.8%	0 / 14	2 / 6	1 / 4	6.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	59%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	17%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	35%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	84%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Patrick L. Blohm, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	79	29	17	8	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.8%	48.3%	2 / 17	3 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.0%	34.5%	1 / 17	3 / 8	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	74	26	13	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.9%	53.8%	2 / 13	3 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	38.5%	1 / 13	3 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	87	30	17	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.2%	46.7%	2 / 17	3 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	33.3%	1 / 17	3 / 6	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	8.5	2.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.1%	43.5%	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.1%	56.5%	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	56.5%	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 9		1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 9		1 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	122	41	21	14	9	207
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.7%	9.8%	9.5%	1 / 14	2 / 9	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	2.4%	4.8%	0 / 14	0 / 9	2.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	34.8%	27.8%	5 / 18	5 / 13	1 / 7	32.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.5%	75.0%	13 / 18	10 / 13	7 / 7	78.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.8%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 13	1 / 7	1.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	<1%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christopher T. Huang, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	45	16	20	15	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.9%	2 / 16	40.0%	3 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	1 / 16	40.0%	2 / 15	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	44	15	20	15	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	2 / 15	40.0%	3 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	1 / 15	40.0%	2 / 15	0 / 8
Number of transfers	44	15	15	8	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	2 / 15	8 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	1 / 15	8 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	8.0	2.5	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.2%	2 / 14	7 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.2%	2 / 14	7 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.2%	2 / 14	7 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 2	8 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	7 / 8	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	60	60	50	26	31	227
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	3.3%	2.0%	0.0%	6.5%	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.3%	1.7%	12.0%	7.7%	12.9%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.3%	3.3%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	1 / 13	3 / 16	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	18 / 18	12 / 13	15 / 16	98.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.9%	92.0%	18 / 18	10 / 13	10 / 16	87.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	32.1%	32.0%	5 / 18	2 / 13	1 / 16	25.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	66%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	47%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	24%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	17%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John L. Frattarelli, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	88	46	33	11	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.4%	54.3%	45.5%	2 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	41.3%	36.4%	2 / 11	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	86	46	32	11	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.7%	54.3%	46.9%	2 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.2%	41.3%	37.5%	2 / 11	0 / 6
Number of transfers	92	44	31	10	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.1%	56.8%	48.4%	2 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	43.2%	38.7%	2 / 10	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	1.8	2.2	5.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.7%	52.4%	50.0%	2 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.9%	59.5%	50.0%	2 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.9%	59.5%	50.0%	2 / 9	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	12	23	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		9 / 12	78.3%	5 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		9 / 12	78.3%	5 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	133	88	50	43	47	361
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.8%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.0%	1.1%	0.0%	2.3%	2.1%	1.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.8%	10.2%	6.0%	7.0%	4.3%	7.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	87.5%	90.9%	76.5%	72.4%	72.7%	82.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.2%	56.4%	64.7%	69.0%	54.5%	60.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	83.0%	80.0%	73.5%	62.1%	57.6%	74.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	69%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Benton H. Chun, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	22	26	32	12	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	50.0%	31.3%	2 / 12	4 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	30.8%	18.8%	1 / 12	4 / 11
Number of retrievals	20	23	28	11	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	56.5%	35.7%	2 / 11	4 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	34.8%	21.4%	1 / 11	4 / 10
Number of transfers	24	21	32	12	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	61.9%	31.3%	2 / 12	4 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.2%	38.1%	18.8%	1 / 12	4 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.0	3.2	6.0	2.8
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 16	10 / 19	8 / 14	2 / 10	3 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 16	11 / 19	8 / 14	2 / 10	3 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 16	11 / 19	8 / 14	2 / 10	3 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.0	0.9

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			2 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	46	59	61	25	27	218
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.7%	3.4%	8.2%	16.0%	14.8%	8.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.4%	15.3%	9.8%	16.0%	7.4%	13.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	3.4%	4.9%	0.0%	3.7%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 16	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.6%	60.0%	72.2%	10 / 13	10 / 16	69.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	13 / 13	15 / 16	99.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.1%	11.4%	2.8%	2 / 13	1 / 16	7.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	86%	Diminished ovarian reserve	51%
Endometriosis	34%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	52%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

PACIFIC IN VITRO FERTILIZATION INSTITUTE HONOLULU, HAWAII

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Thomas S. Kosasa, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	44	38	28	30	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.9%	31.6%	25.0%	6.7%	10.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.3%	18.4%	25.0%	6.7%	10.0%
Number of retrievals	40	36	25	27	18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.0%	33.3%	28.0%	7.4%	2 / 18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.0%	19.4%	28.0%	7.4%	2 / 18
Number of transfers	49	38	26	26	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.7%	31.6%	26.9%	7.7%	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.5%	18.4%	26.9%	7.7%	2 / 18
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.2	4.0	15.0	10.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.2%	34.4%	4 / 15	2 / 16	1 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.9%	34.4%	4 / 15	2 / 16	1 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.9%	34.4%	4 / 15	2 / 16	1 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.9

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	44	1	139	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.7%	0 / 1	46.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	0 / 1	30.9%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	103	103	87	62	190	545
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.9%	5.8%	9.2%	8.1%	3.7%	5.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	22.3%	20.4%	14.9%	11.3%	4.2%	13.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.8%	2.9%	4.6%	4.8%	2.1%	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	6.9%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	82.3%	66.7%	67.2%	65.9%	74.3%	72.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.1%	93.9%	87.9%	90.2%	70.8%	82.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.2%	7.6%	8.6%	2.4%	24.3%	12.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	55%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	31%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER IVF INSTITUTE TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Nia R. Middleton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	43	14	5	6	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.8%	5 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.5%	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Number of retrievals	42	12	5	6	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	5 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Number of transfers	37	13	4	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.8%	5 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.9%	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.8		6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	4 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 6	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.6%	5 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 6	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.6%	5 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 6	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	97	69	52	18	7	243
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.2%	13.0%	13.5%	2 / 18	1 / 7	11.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.2%	8.7%	7.7%	1 / 18	1 / 7	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.1%	2.9%	3.8%	4 / 18	0 / 7	4.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	43.4%	51.3%	54.5%	1 / 9	3 / 3	46.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.6%	100.0%	95.5%	9 / 9	1 / 3	93.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.1%	7.7%	4.5%	0 / 9	0 / 3	9.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	30%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IDAHO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOISE, IDAHO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Cristin C. Slater, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	108	44	41	9	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.9%	34.1%	24.4%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	20.5%	19.5%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	101	41	37	8	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.5%	36.6%	27.0%	1 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.6%	22.0%	21.6%	1 / 8	0 / 7
Number of transfers	113	39	25	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.7%	38.5%	40.0%	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.6%	23.1%	32.0%	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.9	4.1	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.1%	31.0%	29.6%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.7%	41.4%	37.0%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.7%	41.4%	37.0%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	11	2	130	27
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 11	2 / 2	54.6%	48.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 11	1 / 2	44.6%	33.3%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	248	144	111	45	84	632
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	3.5%	6.3%	11.1%	6.0%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.5%	1.4%	3.6%	2.2%	3.6%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	0.7%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	17.9%	26.9%	36.1%	50.0%	66.7%	31.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	82.1%	88.2%	85.2%	91.7%	86.3%	85.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	53.6%	61.3%	60.7%	66.7%	70.6%	59.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.4%	50.5%	57.4%	58.3%	56.9%	48.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	31%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	13%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

RUSH-COPLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AURORA, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Zvi Binor, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	58	29	26	13	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	34.5%	3.4%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	57	27	23	6	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	35.1%	3.7%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2
Number of transfers	59	28	23	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	33.9%	3.6%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.9	29.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	39.3%	1 / 6	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	39.3%	1 / 6	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.9%	1 / 6	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.7	1.6	2.4	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	66	31	14	13	6	130
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	21.2%	6.5%	3 / 14	4 / 13	4 / 6	20.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.1%	3.2%	2 / 14	0 / 13	2 / 6	6.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.6%	0 / 9	0 / 9		1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	27.1%	14.3%	1 / 9	1 / 9		20.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	9 / 9	9 / 9		100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 9		0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS-RIVER NORTH IVF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christopher Sipe, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	722	414	422	218	133
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.5%	34.8%	26.1%	7.8%	2.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.0%	29.0%	23.2%	6.4%	2.3%
Number of retrievals	659	357	344	159	94
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.4%	40.3%	32.0%	10.7%	3.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.4%	33.6%	28.5%	8.8%	3.2%
Number of transfers	771	369	302	107	43
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.2%	39.0%	36.4%	15.9%	7.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.1%	32.5%	32.5%	13.1%	7.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.9	3.8	12.8	44.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.9%	38.5%	27.7%	11.8%	2.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.6%	46.8%	35.3%	13.2%	4.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.1%	48.6%	38.0%	14.7%	4.2%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	21	25	57	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	32.0%	42.1%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.1%	32.0%	29.8%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,241	876	707	294	212	3,330
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	11.3%	13.4%	20.4%	19.8%	11.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.4%	7.8%	10.5%	14.6%	16.0%	9.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.4%	7.3%	4.8%	1.4%	0.0%	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	2.0%	3.3%	2.7%	6.3%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.8%	53.2%	51.9%	45.9%	45.9%	51.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.1%	89.7%	90.4%	88.5%	81.1%	91.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.1%	13.1%	21.2%	18.9%	9.0%	13.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INSTITUTE FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (IHR) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David P. Cohen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	114	63	70	69	72
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.5%	34.9%	21.4%	5.8%	1.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	28.6%	20.0%	5.8%	1.4%
Number of retrievals	114	60	63	59	59
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.5%	36.7%	23.8%	6.8%	1.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	30.0%	22.2%	6.8%	1.7%
Number of transfers	105	44	33	18	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	50.0%	45.5%	4 / 18	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.1%	40.9%	42.4%	4 / 18	1 / 14
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	2.9	4.7	17.3	72.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.3%	28.2%	18.4%	6.3%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.4%	51.3%	34.2%	6.3%	4.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.3%	56.4%	36.8%	12.5%	4.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.9
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	12	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	6 / 12	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	5 / 12	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	226	111	140	86	90	653
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.6%	7.2%	9.3%	7.0%	23.3%	9.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	9.9%	10.0%	18.6%	15.6%	10.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.9%	2.9%	10.5%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	87.0%	84.9%	84.5%	80.0%	81.8%	85.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.5%	67.9%	72.4%	88.0%	63.6%	74.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.1%	50.9%	37.9%	60.0%	51.5%	44.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Pending
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	54%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTHWESTERN FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mary Ellen Pavone, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	298	182	147	88	38
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	33.5%	23.1%	15.9%	10.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.0%	29.7%	19.7%	13.6%	10.5%
Number of retrievals	277	169	123	77	35
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.8%	36.1%	27.6%	18.2%	11.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.4%	32.0%	23.6%	15.6%	11.4%
Number of transfers	298	179	106	67	24
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	34.1%	32.1%	20.9%	16.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.0%	30.2%	27.4%	17.9%	16.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.0	4.3	6.3	9.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.9%	29.0%	24.0%	12.2%	3 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	59.7%	38.0%	26.7%	19.5%	4 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.7%	42.0%	29.3%	24.4%	4 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	1	53	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 17	1 / 1	47.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 17	1 / 1	45.3%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	700	487	384	141	107	1,819
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.7%	8.0%	14.1%	19.1%	14.0%	10.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.6%	6.2%	6.3%	9.2%	8.4%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.1%	12.7%	9.6%	5.7%	0.0%	10.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	2.7%	1.1%	1.5%	1.6%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.3%	54.1%	55.2%	53.0%	51.6%	53.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.7%	85.9%	84.5%	81.8%	89.1%	85.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.0%	26.7%	28.2%	22.7%	25.0%	22.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	16%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	41%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	32%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO MEDICINE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by A. Mousa Zamah, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	20	32	11	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	30.0%	21.9%	3 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	25.0%	21.9%	2 / 11	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	25	17	28	9	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.0%	6 / 17	25.0%	3 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	5 / 17	25.0%	2 / 9	0 / 3
Number of transfers	28	15	18	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	6 / 15	7 / 18	3 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	5 / 15	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.3	4.6	3.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 18	2 / 9	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 18	5 / 9	6 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 18	5 / 9	6 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		2 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	55	35	45	10	9	154
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	14.3%	8.9%	2 / 10	2 / 9	9.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.5%	22.9%	20.0%	2 / 10	2 / 9	18.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.3%	0.0%	8.9%	0 / 10	0 / 9	5.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 18	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	65.6%	13 / 18	57.1%	3 / 6	1 / 4	61.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.5%	10 / 18	76.2%	4 / 6	3 / 4	75.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.4%	3 / 18	19.0%	0 / 6	0 / 4	12.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO IVF PROGRAM CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Humberto Scoccia, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	61	28	40	18	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.1%	28.6%	22.5%	1 / 18	5.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	28.6%	20.0%	1 / 18	5.0%
Number of retrievals	54	26	33	11	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.7%	30.8%	27.3%	1 / 11	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	30.8%	24.2%	1 / 11	1 / 11
Number of transfers	54	25	33	7	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.7%	32.0%	27.3%	1 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	32.0%	24.2%	1 / 7	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.5	4.4	18.0	20.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	35.5%	6 / 14	2 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	41.9%	6 / 14	4 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.2%	7 / 14	5 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5		1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	63	50	47	18	16	194
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.8%	10.0%	14.9%	4 / 18	4 / 16	11.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.8%	16.0%	6.4%	1 / 18	1 / 16	8.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 16	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	33.3%	42.9%	50.0%	6 / 13	4 / 11	40.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.1%	82.9%	73.5%	9 / 13	10 / 11	76.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 11	2.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VIOS FERTILITY INSTITUTE-CHICAGO CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Angeline Beltsos, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.				
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	2	18	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 4	2 / 2	8 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	2 / 2	8 / 18	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	119	114	104	73	79	489
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.8%	0.9%	1.0%	4.1%	8.9%	2.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	13.2%	5.8%	17.8%	25.3%	11.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	16.8%	10.5%	8.7%	6.8%	8.9%	10.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	12.0%	2.3%	4.5%	23.1%	7.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	87.0%	70.0%	62.8%	68.2%	65.4%	72.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.8%	68.0%	74.4%	72.7%	42.3%	69.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.1%	36.0%	48.8%	27.3%	26.9%	33.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	53%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	54%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CONSULTANTS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mary W. Molo, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	47	44	27	27	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	31.9%	29.5%	25.9%	7.4%	1 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.8%	25.0%	22.2%	7.4%	1 / 15
Number of retrievals	45	42	24	22	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	31.0%	29.2%	9.1%	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.1%	26.2%	25.0%	9.1%	1 / 11
Number of transfers	55	43	25	18	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	27.3%	30.2%	28.0%	2 / 18	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.5%	25.6%	24.0%	2 / 18	1 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.1	3.4	3.9	13.5	15.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.7%	33.3%	3 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	36.7%	41.7%	4 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	40.0%	41.7%	4 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.1	2.0	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		3 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	97	60	60	35	32	284
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.2%	3.3%	8.3%	5.7%	21.9%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	3.3%	10.0%	11.4%	9.4%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.3%	1.7%	1.7%	2.9%	3.1%	4.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.5%	3.0%	0 / 18	0 / 12	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	72.7%	57.5%	75.8%	13 / 18	5 / 12	67.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	97.5%	100.0%	18 / 18	12 / 12	99.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	2 / 18	0 / 12	3.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	29%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	18%
Ovulatory dysfunction	42%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	45%	Other, non-infertility	33%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/JOLIET IVF CREST HILL, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by R. Scott Springer, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	22	18	6	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.6%	40.9%	0 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	36.4%	0 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	54	22	17	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	40.9%	0 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	36.4%	0 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	73	22	16	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.6%	40.9%	0 / 16	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.9%	36.4%	0 / 16	1 / 6	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.4		6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.9%	4 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.6%	4 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.6%	4 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	2.5	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.2	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		3 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	138	36	29	4	8	215
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 4	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.2%	2.8%	13.8%	2 / 4	1 / 8	8.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 4	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.9%	87.5%	52.4%	2 / 2	2 / 6	81.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	2 / 2	6 / 6	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	28.1%	8.3%	33.3%	1 / 2	1 / 6	25.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	10%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MIDWEST FERTILITY CENTER DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Amos E. Madanes, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	53	30	19	11	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	17.0%	10.0%	3 / 19	1 / 11	2 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	15.1%	6.7%	3 / 19	1 / 11	2 / 12
Number of retrievals	49	25	15	9	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	18.4%	12.0%	3 / 15	1 / 9	2 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.3%	8.0%	3 / 15	1 / 9	2 / 12
Number of transfers	56	33	18	11	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	16.1%	9.1%	3 / 18	1 / 11	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	14.3%	6.1%	3 / 18	1 / 11	2 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.9	10.0	6.3	11.0	6.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	16.2%	3 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	18.9%	3 / 19	3 / 15	0 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	21.6%	3 / 19	3 / 15	0 / 8	2 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	0	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 10		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 10		0 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	58	29	28	12	30	157
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.7%	3.4%	3.6%	1 / 12	13.3%	5.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%	1 / 12	3.3%	1.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.1%	21.4%	29.2%	2 / 10	24.0%	30.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	53.6%	53.6%	62.5%	5 / 10	40.0%	52.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.8%	3.6%	8.3%	1 / 10	0.0%	3.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	12%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

DAVIES FERTILITY & IVF SPECIALISTS, SC GLENVIEW, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Susan A. Davies, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	104	41	45	26	27
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.3%	36.6%	20.0%	11.5%	7.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	34.1%	17.8%	11.5%	7.4%
Number of retrievals	93	36	35	21	18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.2%	41.7%	25.7%	14.3%	2 / 18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	38.9%	22.9%	14.3%	2 / 18
Number of transfers	91	35	27	9	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.3%	42.9%	33.3%	3 / 9	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	40.0%	29.6%	3 / 9	2 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	2.7	5.0	8.7	13.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.4%	50.0%	3 / 18	2 / 10	2 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.5%	54.5%	6 / 18	2 / 10	2 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.6%	59.1%	6 / 18	2 / 10	2 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		4 / 11	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	173	106	48	37	26	390
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.2%	7.5%	6.3%	29.7%	15.4%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	22.5%	13.2%	27.1%	24.3%	11.5%	20.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	4.7%	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 12	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.0%	91.8%	46.2%	8 / 10	9 / 12	83.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	91.8%	96.2%	9 / 10	9 / 12	95.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	49.4%	63.3%	23.1%	5 / 10	7 / 12	50.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	25%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF CHICAGO GURNEE, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michelle Catenacci, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	266	90	112	39	26
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	66.9%	51.1%	30.4%	23.1%	3.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.4%	42.2%	28.6%	20.5%	3.8%
Number of retrievals	261	84	101	33	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	68.2%	54.8%	33.7%	27.3%	4.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.3%	45.2%	31.7%	24.2%	4.2%
Number of transfers	297	91	84	28	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.9%	50.5%	40.5%	32.1%	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.4%	41.8%	38.1%	28.6%	1 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.0	3.3	4.3	26.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	76.6%	52.5%	32.7%	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	80.8%	55.0%	42.9%	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	81.4%	55.0%	42.9%	0 / 8	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	35	53	51	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	80.0%	71.7%	51.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	65.7%	52.8%	43.1%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	437	252	230	103	97	1,119
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.7%	9.1%	9.6%	11.7%	5.2%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.7%	3.2%	5.7%	11.7%	9.3%	4.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	1.6%	2.6%	0.0%	1.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.2%	1.2%	2.7%	0.0%	2.8%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.3%	53.3%	46.6%	41.8%	41.7%	46.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.4%	98.8%	93.9%	94.5%	88.9%	95.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	21.1%	35.9%	29.1%	21.8%	16.7%	25.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS-HIGHLAND PARK IVF CENTER HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Brian R. Kaplan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	370	276	261	137	93
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.0%	30.1%	17.6%	6.6%	2.2%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.5%	25.7%	16.9%	6.6%	2.2%
Number of retrievals	343	239	223	118	76
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.4%	34.7%	20.6%	7.6%	2.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	29.7%	19.7%	7.6%	2.6%
Number of transfers	331	186	142	42	23
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.0%	44.6%	32.4%	21.4%	8.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.8%	38.2%	31.0%	21.4%	8.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.3	5.7	15.2	46.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.1%	32.1%	15.0%	8.6%	3.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.8%	41.0%	20.0%	11.4%	7.4%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.6%	44.8%	26.0%	14.3%	7.4%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	16	175	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 12	12 / 16	47.4%	3 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 12	6 / 16	41.7%	3 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	693	497	502	216	272	2,180
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.4%	8.5%	7.4%	13.9%	9.9%	8.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.1%	6.8%	11.6%	12.5%	15.4%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.6%	7.6%	2.4%	3.2%	0.0%	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.6%	11.1%	13.9%	13.9%	34.4%	14.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	88.2%	86.8%	86.1%	81.2%	85.1%	86.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.5%	89.3%	84.5%	82.2%	74.0%	85.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	40.2%	46.9%	49.0%	50.5%	51.3%	46.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	57%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	29%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HINSDALE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION HINSDALE, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael J. Hickey, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	6	10	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	4 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	2 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	17	6	7	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 17	4 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	20	8	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.0%	4 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	2 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	1.5	10.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 15	3 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 15	3 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 15	3 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.3	0.3	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	30	21	10	1	4	66
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.3%	9.5%	5 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 4	13.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.7%	14.3%	0 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 4	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 4		0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.5%	10 / 14	1 / 4		3 / 3	61.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.7%	11 / 14	3 / 4		1 / 3	84.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 4		0 / 3	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	20%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INVIA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vishvanath C. Karande, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	167	84	59	26	22
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.7%	42.9%	25.4%	7.7%	4.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.5%	39.3%	25.4%	7.7%	4.5%
Number of retrievals	159	76	52	24	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.8%	47.4%	28.8%	8.3%	1 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.2%	43.4%	28.8%	8.3%	1 / 16
Number of transfers	187	81	35	13	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.1%	44.4%	42.9%	2 / 13	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.7%	40.7%	42.9%	2 / 13	1 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	3.9	13.0	22.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.4%	52.1%	34.5%	1 / 12	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	58.3%	37.9%	1 / 12	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	58.3%	41.4%	1 / 12	1 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	0	49	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 9		40.8%	6 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 9		40.8%	6 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	378	210	176	96	63	923
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.7%	8.1%	11.9%	6.3%	7.9%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.9%	14.3%	13.6%	17.7%	17.5%	15.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.9%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	1.6%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	1.5%	2.2%	0.0%	11.4%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	69.0%	66.2%	73.0%	74.5%	71.4%	69.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.4%	75.0%	66.3%	68.1%	54.3%	72.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.7%	25.0%	25.8%	34.0%	8.6%	23.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, LTD.
JOLIET, ILLINOIS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE ADVANCED IVF INSTITUTE CHARLES E. MILLER, MD, SC & ASSOCIATES NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Charles E. Miller, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	173	117	75	51	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.4%	42.7%	21.3%	7.8%	1 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.8%	33.3%	17.3%	7.8%	1 / 10
Number of retrievals	155	97	61	42	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.2%	51.5%	26.2%	9.5%	1 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.7%	40.2%	21.3%	9.5%	1 / 9
Number of transfers	155	85	47	28	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	65.2%	58.8%	34.0%	14.3%	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.7%	45.9%	27.7%	14.3%	1 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.3	4.7	12.8	10.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.2%	46.0%	24.0%	4 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.0%	58.0%	28.0%	4 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.0%	62.0%	28.0%	4 / 18	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	20	0	34	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	70.0%		47.1%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	65.0%		35.3%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	264	154	94	59	45	616
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	8.4%	9.6%	15.3%	4.4%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	23.1%	14.9%	17.0%	13.6%	8.9%	18.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	3.2%	1.1%	1.7%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	0.0%	1.8%	2.9%	6.9%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.7%	68.8%	50.0%	55.9%	75.9%	64.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.8%	89.6%	91.1%	97.1%	79.3%	90.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10.1%	18.8%	14.3%	17.6%	34.5%	15.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randy S. Morris, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	139	84	62	39	26
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.2%	44.0%	27.4%	23.1%	7.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.4%	40.5%	24.2%	20.5%	7.7%
Number of retrievals	133	78	57	30	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.9%	47.4%	29.8%	30.0%	8.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.9%	43.6%	26.3%	26.7%	8.3%
Number of transfers	163	74	30	14	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.1%	50.0%	56.7%	9 / 14	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.2%	45.9%	50.0%	8 / 14	2 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	3.6	4.3	13.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	67.5%	55.6%	40.0%	3 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.9%	64.4%	56.0%	6 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	77.1%	64.4%	60.0%	6 / 16	1 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	2	36	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	1 / 2	50.0%	9 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	1 / 2	44.4%	9 / 18

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	349	182	168	83	84	866
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.2%	13.7%	11.3%	12.0%	21.4%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.0%	9.3%	14.9%	31.3%	25.0%	11.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	0.5%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.8%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	95.8%	98.8%	100.0%	90.6%	88.9%	96.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.1%	86.3%	82.7%	71.9%	72.2%	85.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	56.3%	72.5%	70.7%	53.1%	16.7%	58.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Elena Trukhacheva, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	261	157	189	76	57
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.6%	26.8%	18.0%	18.4%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	20.4%	14.8%	18.4%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	248	143	179	73	35
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.2%	29.4%	19.0%	19.2%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	22.4%	15.6%	19.2%	0.0%
Number of transfers	283	133	136	48	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.6%	31.6%	25.0%	29.2%	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.9%	24.1%	20.6%	29.2%	0 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.7	5.6	5.4	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.1%	33.3%	19.6%	11.8%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.1%	40.7%	26.5%	20.6%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.2%	40.7%	27.5%	23.5%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	15	8	38	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	10 / 15	5 / 8	42.1%	4 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	9 / 15	4 / 8	34.2%	4 / 13

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	574	385	290	125	121	1,495
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	7.5%	7.2%	7.2%	17.4%	7.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.7%	15.3%	12.1%	22.4%	14.0%	15.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.9%	3.6%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	3.0%	2.5%	5.6%	7.1%	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.8%	66.9%	52.1%	53.5%	55.7%	63.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.0%	87.7%	95.1%	95.8%	87.1%	92.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.4%	28.8%	25.8%	16.9%	12.9%	20.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	24%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	19%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DANIEL ROSTEIN, MD, SC OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel A. Rostein, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	1	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	0 / 1				
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1				
Number of retrievals	0	0	1	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	0 / 1				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1				
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1				
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		0 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1	0	3	0	4	8
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 1		0 / 3		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 1		0 / 3		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 1		0 / 3		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 1		0 / 3		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	0 / 1		0 / 3		3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	0 / 1		1 / 3		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 1		0 / 3		0 / 4	

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	38%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	13%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Todd D. Deutch, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	51	20	15	8	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.9%	55.0%	4 / 15	1 / 8	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.3%	50.0%	3 / 15	1 / 8	
Number of retrievals	47	19	12	8	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.6%	11 / 19	4 / 12	1 / 8	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	10 / 19	3 / 12	1 / 8	
Number of transfers	53	19	10	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.8%	11 / 19	4 / 10	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	10 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 7	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.8	3.8	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.6%	7 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.1%	8 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.1%	9 / 12	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.9	2.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.6	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3		5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3		3 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	80	27	13	5	11	136
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	3.7%	0 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 11	3.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.0%	3.7%	3 / 13	0 / 5	2 / 11	7.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.5%	3.7%	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 11	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.9%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 9	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	32.9%	29.2%	4 / 10	3 / 3	6 / 9	37.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	70.0%	70.8%	5 / 10	0 / 3	8 / 9	68.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.9%	8.3%	1 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 9	6.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER
ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS**

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CHICAGO IVF SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Joel G. Brasch, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	186	90	71	38	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	31.7%	17.8%	12.7%	0.0%	0 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	22.6%	10.0%	9.9%	0.0%	0 / 16
Number of retrievals	183	88	69	36	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	32.2%	18.2%	13.0%	0.0%	0 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	23.0%	10.2%	10.1%	0.0%	0 / 13
Number of transfers	245	111	80	33	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	24.1%	14.4%	11.3%	0.0%	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	17.1%	8.1%	8.8%	0.0%	0 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.2	5.6	7.9		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.9%	22.2%	17.5%	0 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	39.6%	25.9%	20.0%	0 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	39.6%	25.9%	20.0%	0 / 17	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	20	23	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	25.0%	4.3%	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	20.0%	4.3%	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	266	118	121	65	47	617
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	2.5%	0.8%	4.6%	0.0%	1.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.6%	3.4%	9.9%	9.2%	8.5%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	0.8%	3.3%	4.6%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	46.2%	43.6%	55.7%	36.2%	42.9%	46.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.7%	92.1%	88.6%	89.4%	71.4%	90.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.1%	10.9%	20.3%	12.8%	0.0%	9.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTH SHORE FERTILITY SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Anne Borkowski, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	9	27	27	32
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	25.0%	1 / 9	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	1 / 9	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	23	9	27	24	23
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	26.1%	1 / 9	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.1%	1 / 9	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Number of transfers	26	10	26	16	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	23.1%	1 / 10	7.7%	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	23.1%	1 / 10	3.8%	0 / 16	0 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.0	9.0	13.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 18	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	5 / 18	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	5 / 18	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 10
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	4	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 4	0 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	90	41	32	23	30	216
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.3%	24.4%	15.6%	17.4%	16.7%	12.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	8.7%	3.3%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	70.7%	61.5%	61.9%	4 / 15	63.6%	62.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.7%	92.3%	100.0%	15 / 15	100.0%	98.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.3%	11.5%	19.0%	2 / 15	4.5%	14.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	<1%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	25%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by J. Ricardo Loret de Mola, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	81	37	16	10	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	64.2%	37.8%	6 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.1%	29.7%	6 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	78	35	11	9	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	40.0%	6 / 11	2 / 9	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	31.4%	6 / 11	2 / 9	
Number of transfers	90	35	11	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.8%	40.0%	6 / 11	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.3%	31.4%	6 / 11	2 / 8	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.6	2.7	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.5%	44.4%	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.9%	51.9%	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.9%	51.9%	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	11	1	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 11	1 / 1	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	105	49	24	13	7	198
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	8.2%	25.0%	2 / 13	2 / 7	11.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	1 / 7	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%	0 / 13	0 / 7	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 4	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	34.5%	43.9%	7 / 14	2 / 7	0 / 4	37.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	33.3%	14.6%	4 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 4	26.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.2%	9.8%	1 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 4	4.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VIOS FERTILITY INSTITUTE-SWANSEA SWANSEA, ILLINOIS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Amber Cooper, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	65	44	19	6	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.2%	27.3%	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.5%	22.7%	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	59	33	16	2	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	36.4%	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.8%	30.3%	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of transfers	58	33	9	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.2%	36.4%	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.6%	30.3%	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.7	9.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.1%	40.9%	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.9%	45.5%	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.2%	45.5%	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	4.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2	3 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	2 / 5	2 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	247	116	59	30	18	470
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.1%	22.4%	23.7%	10.0%	5 / 18	15.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.0%	14.7%	8.5%	23.3%	4 / 18	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	1.7%	5.1%	3.3%	0 / 18	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.2%	60.0%	55.0%	8 / 11	2 / 6	63.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.2%	97.8%	95.0%	11 / 11	5 / 6	96.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.2%	28.9%	15.0%	4 / 11	0 / 6	15.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	30%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SETH LEVRANT, MD, PC PARTNERS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Seth G. Levrant, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	29	9	12	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.2%	2 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.7%	0 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	25	8	12	3	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.0%	2 / 8	3 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.0%	0 / 8	3 / 12	0 / 3	
Number of transfers	39	7	16	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.0%	2 / 7	3 / 16	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.5%	0 / 7	3 / 16	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	4.5	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	11 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	14 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	14 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	0.7	1.3	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		0 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	45	38	26	5	10	124
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.1%	21.1%	11.5%	0 / 5	2 / 10	14.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	2.6%	3.8%	0 / 5	0 / 10	1.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	7.9%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 10	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.0%	40.0%	6 / 16	3 / 5	3 / 7	41.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.1%	52.0%	7 / 16	2 / 5	7 / 7	58.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.1%	8.0%	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 7	5.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Other, infertility	31%
Uterine factor	25%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MIDWEST FERTILITY SPECIALISTS CARMEL, INDIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Laura M. Reuter, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	309	116	76	26	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.2%	25.0%	11.8%	7.7%	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.7%	22.4%	11.8%	7.7%	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	284	98	64	22	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.6%	29.6%	14.1%	9.1%	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.6%	26.5%	14.1%	9.1%	0 / 3
Number of transfers	265	75	41	10	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.7%	38.7%	22.0%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.2%	34.7%	22.0%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	4.0	8.4	13.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.3%	22.6%	16.7%	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.8%	30.2%	16.7%	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	49.8%	32.1%	16.7%	1 / 15	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	9	87	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 6	5 / 9	28.7%	34.6%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 6	4 / 9	27.6%	34.6%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	557	244	169	65	56	1,091
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	10.7%	16.6%	10.8%	12.5%	10.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.6%	9.8%	13.0%	12.3%	5.4%	9.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	1.2%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	4.1%	5.3%	6.5%	6.1%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.7%	82.9%	89.3%	83.9%	93.9%	86.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.7%	73.2%	74.7%	77.4%	66.7%	79.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.5%	56.9%	65.3%	41.9%	54.5%	57.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Pending
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	36%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTION INSTITUTE, LLC ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP EVANSVILLE, INDIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	60	19	11	8	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	6 / 19	3 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.7%	4 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	55	17	11	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	6 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	4 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	68	18	10	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.8%	6 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.9%	4 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.2	3.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.9%	3 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.1%	4 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.1%	4 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	0	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4		2 / 3	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4		1 / 3	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	78	34	12	10	13	147
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.0%	8.8%	2 / 12	1 / 10	4 / 13	11.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	2.9%	0 / 12	0 / 10	1 / 13	1.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 13	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	15.4%	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 7	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	48.5%	50.0%	3 / 9	3 / 7	4 / 7	47.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	33.8%	26.9%	2 / 9	4 / 7	0 / 7	30.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 7	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	25%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	42%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	31	17	13	3	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.6%	8 / 17	2 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	7 / 17	2 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	26	14	11	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.5%	8 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.2%	7 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	29	16	8	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.2%	8 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	7 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.1	6.5	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.6%	4 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	5 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.6%	5 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.3	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	1 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	39	21	2	5	5	72
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	0.0%	0 / 2	2 / 5	0 / 5	5.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.1%	0.0%	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 5	2.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	10.0%	5.0%	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 5	6.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	46.7%	80.0%	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 5	51.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	36.7%	25.0%	0 / 2	1 / 3	4 / 5	35.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.3%	5.0%	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 5	3.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	46%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David E. Carnovale, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	49	23	15	4	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.9%	30.4%	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.7%	30.4%	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	42	21	12	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	33.3%	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	33.3%	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	48	23	10	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.8%	30.4%	1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.4%	30.4%	0 / 10		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.3	15.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.5%	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.5%	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.5%	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		1 / 3	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	101	37	30	12	2	182
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.9%	2.7%	13.3%	2 / 12	0 / 2	9.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.9%	10.8%	3.3%	2 / 12	1 / 2	8.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.0%	2.7%	3.3%	0 / 12	0 / 2	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	42.1%	55.6%	37.5%	4 / 8	1 / 1	44.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.4%	88.9%	91.7%	7 / 8	1 / 1	91.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.5%	7.4%	4.2%	0 / 8	0 / 1	10.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	24%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James G. Donahue, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	75	30	36	4	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	21.3%	3.3%	2.8%	0 / 4	0 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	3.3%	0.0%	0 / 4	0 / 10
Number of retrievals	67	27	29	1	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	23.9%	3.7%	3.4%	0 / 1	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	22.4%	3.7%	0.0%	0 / 1	0 / 8
Number of transfers	62	18	16	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	25.8%	1 / 18	1 / 16		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.2%	1 / 18	0 / 16		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.7	30.0	36.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	26.1%	5.0%	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	30.4%	5.0%	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	30.4%	5.0%	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	133	62	44	28	15	282
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	12.8%	8.1%	11.4%	14.3%	4 / 15	12.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.5%	11.3%	11.4%	32.1%	1 / 15	12.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	64.1%	71.4%	11 / 15	2 / 4	6 / 8	67.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.1%	80.0%	12 / 15	2 / 4	3 / 8	77.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.5%	45.7%	6 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 8	27.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	30%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael A. Henry, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	62	14	8	7	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	72.6%	4 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 7	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.2%	2 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 7	
Number of retrievals	55	10	5	6	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	81.8%	4 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 6	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.9%	2 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 6	
Number of transfers	70	9	4	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	64.3%	4 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	2 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 5	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	3.5	4.0	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	79.2%	3 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	83.3%	4 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	83.3%	4 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.4	2.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	0	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 5		6 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5		4 / 10	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	100	23	21	10	6	160
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.0%	13.0%	14.3%	0 / 10	0 / 6	4.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.0%	8.7%	4.8%	1 / 10	0 / 6	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.8%	1 / 14	3 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	7.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.3%	8 / 14	7 / 16	7 / 8	2 / 3	49.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	30.2%	1 / 14	5 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	25.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.3%	3 / 14	2 / 16	4 / 8	1 / 3	14.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	45%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	5%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John C. Jarrett II, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	190	74	48	12	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.8%	39.2%	31.3%	1 / 12	0 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.4%	28.4%	29.2%	1 / 12	0 / 16
Number of retrievals	179	67	43	8	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.7%	43.3%	34.9%	1 / 8	0 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.8%	31.3%	32.6%	1 / 8	0 / 14
Number of transfers	209	55	33	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.6%	52.7%	45.5%	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	38.2%	42.4%	1 / 2	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.6	3.2	12.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.1%	36.7%	30.0%	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.6%	46.9%	33.3%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.4%	49.0%	33.3%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	27	0	32	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.4%		34.4%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.4%		28.1%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	370	131	83	33	25	642
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.4%	12.2%	10.8%	9.1%	4.0%	7.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.6%	9.9%	9.6%	6.1%	8.0%	14.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	1.3%	0.0%	1 / 18	0 / 19	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	74.9%	71.4%	68.9%	13 / 18	10 / 19	72.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.2%	92.2%	93.3%	15 / 18	15 / 19	89.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.5%	40.3%	51.1%	6 / 18	5 / 19	30.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Marguerite K. Shepard, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 2				
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2				
Number of retrievals	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 2				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2				
Number of transfers	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2				
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0				
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 2				
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 2				
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 2				
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0				
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0				

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	16	1	7	0	1	25
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 16	0 / 1	1 / 7	1 / 1		12.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 16	0 / 1	1 / 7	0 / 1		8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 16	0 / 1	1 / 7	0 / 1		8.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 12		0 / 3		0 / 16	
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	6 / 12		3 / 3		9 / 16	
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	7 / 12		1 / 3		9 / 16	
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 12		3 / 3		3 / 16	

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	20%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Other, infertility	28%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOSTON IVF AT THE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL NEWBURGH, INDIANA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel W. Griffin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	123	34	37	5	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.6%	29.4%	40.5%	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.0%	14.7%	40.5%	0 / 5	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	118	25	33	3	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.3%	40.0%	45.5%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	20.0%	45.5%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Number of transfers	150	25	34	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.3%	40.0%	44.1%	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.3%	20.0%	44.1%	0 / 2	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.4	2.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	66.3%	5 / 13	6 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.7%	5 / 13	10 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.7%	7 / 13	10 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.4	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	8	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		6 / 8		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		3 / 8		1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	218	44	34	26	13	335
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	13.6%	2.9%	7.7%	4 / 13	7.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.3%	6.8%	14.7%	19.2%	1 / 13	12.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 6	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.9%	60.7%	11 / 19	5 / 13	0 / 6	59.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	65.6%	78.6%	15 / 19	10 / 13	5 / 6	69.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.5%	28.6%	5 / 19	3 / 13	0 / 6	24.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	19%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	34%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MID-IOWA FERTILITY, PC CLIVE, IOWA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Donald C. Young, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	200	60	47	10	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.0%	50.0%	21.3%	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	45.0%	14.9%	1 / 10	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	177	58	39	9	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	51.7%	25.6%	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.8%	46.6%	17.9%	1 / 9	0 / 3
Number of transfers	164	45	27	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.8%	66.7%	37.0%	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	60.0%	25.9%	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.0	4.7	10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.8%	50.0%	14.3%	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.7%	61.8%	14.3%	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.1%	61.8%	17.9%	1 / 7	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	0	32	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 5		50.0%	6 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5		37.5%	6 / 18

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	456	144	119	31	20	770
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	7.6%	10.9%	16.1%	5.0%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.1%	12.5%	19.3%	25.8%	0.0%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	2.1%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	1.5%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 16	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.8%	76.9%	84.1%	10 / 11	15 / 16	71.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.2%	92.3%	77.3%	10 / 11	9 / 16	89.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.6%	53.8%	52.3%	8 / 11	2 / 16	42.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF IOWA HOSPITALS AND CLINICS CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE IOWA CITY, IOWA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bradley J. Van Voorhis, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	229	77	75	29	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	68.1%	53.2%	25.3%	24.1%	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.4%	50.6%	21.3%	24.1%	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	225	71	66	29	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.3%	57.7%	28.8%	24.1%	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	63.6%	54.9%	24.2%	24.1%	0 / 3
Number of transfers	284	79	62	26	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.9%	51.9%	30.6%	26.9%	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.4%	49.4%	25.8%	26.9%	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	1.9	3.9	4.1	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.5%	63.0%	19.4%	5 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	77.4%	65.2%	27.8%	6 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	77.4%	65.2%	27.8%	6 / 15	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	11	17	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	6 / 11	8 / 17	5 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5	6 / 11	7 / 17	5 / 14

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	460	204	129	49	45	887
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	14.7%	12.4%	14.3%	17.8%	10.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.2%	3.4%	9.3%	16.3%	6.7%	7.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.8%	56.5%	48.9%	40.0%	56.3%	51.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	54.1%	52.6%	54.3%	56.7%	31.3%	52.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.9%	7.8%	12.8%	6.7%	3.1%	7.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE CENTER, PA OLATHE, KANSAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Dan L. Gehlbach, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	106	42	32	10	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.3%	47.6%	18.8%	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.7%	47.6%	18.8%	0 / 10	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	102	41	26	6	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.7%	48.8%	23.1%	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.9%	48.8%	23.1%	0 / 6	0 / 3
Number of transfers	152	47	22	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.8%	42.6%	27.3%	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	42.6%	27.3%	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	5.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.7%	46.9%	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.9%	50.0%	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.9%	50.0%	3 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	14	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		8 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		8 / 14	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	284	89	49	25	8	455
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	4.5%	8.2%	4.0%	2 / 8	4.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	2.2%	12.2%	4.0%	0 / 8	3.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	1.9%	13.0%	0 / 14	0 / 6	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.2%	98.1%	100.0%	14 / 14	5 / 6	98.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.6%	96.3%	91.3%	13 / 14	4 / 6	91.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	50.3%	66.7%	56.5%	10 / 14	0 / 6	54.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Courtney A. Marsh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	156	50	48	14	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.3%	42.0%	22.9%	5 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.6%	36.0%	22.9%	5 / 14	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	145	45	38	12	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	64.8%	46.7%	28.9%	5 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.6%	40.0%	28.9%	5 / 12	0 / 2
Number of transfers	160	42	21	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.8%	50.0%	52.4%	5 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.3%	42.9%	52.4%	5 / 7	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.4	4.4	2.8	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.7%	40.0%	31.8%	4 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	69.6%	46.7%	36.4%	5 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	69.6%	50.0%	36.4%	5 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	8	23	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3	3 / 8	52.2%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3	2 / 8	43.5%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	421	171	98	32	34	756
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.2%	16.4%	13.3%	21.9%	23.5%	13.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.2%	7.0%	2.0%	9.4%	11.8%	6.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.8%	5.8%	5.1%	3.1%	5.9%	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.4%	3.6%	2.1%	1 / 16	0 / 17	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.1%	89.3%	85.1%	14 / 16	13 / 17	81.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.9%	76.2%	70.2%	9 / 16	6 / 17	73.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	21.9%	34.5%	53.2%	9 / 16	2 / 17	29.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE RESOURCE CENTER OF GREATER KANSAS CITY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Celeste Brabec, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	133	39	18	2	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.7%	28.2%	5 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.4%	23.1%	4 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	123	34	17	2	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	32.4%	5 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.2%	26.5%	4 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 4
Number of transfers	120	28	11	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.3%	39.3%	5 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	52.5%	32.1%	4 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.5	3.6		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.8%	21.4%	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.5%	28.6%	5 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.5%	28.6%	5 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	30	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		60.0%	7 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		56.7%	5 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	243	81	42	7	15	388
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	3.7%	7.1%	1 / 7	3 / 15	4.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.0%	7.4%	14.3%	0 / 7	0 / 15	13.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 15	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	6.9%	0.0%	0 / 5	2 / 11	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.2%	53.4%	50.0%	1 / 5	2 / 11	59.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.4%	79.3%	80.8%	5 / 5	10 / 11	84.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.1%	22.4%	26.9%	1 / 5	1 / 11	24.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	14%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bruce L. Tjaden, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	82	17	13	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	5 / 17	3 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.7%	3 / 17	2 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	75	17	10	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.3%	5 / 17	3 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.7%	3 / 17	2 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	100	19	9	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.0%	5 / 19	3 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	3 / 19	2 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.4	4.3	1.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.3%	2 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.7%	3 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.7%	3 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 9	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	80	26	14	1	9	130
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	13.8%	15.4%	2 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 9	13.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.0%	0.0%	3 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 9	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	6.2%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 7	4.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	52.3%	72.7%	2 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 7	51.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.0%	77.3%	6 / 8	1 / 1	6 / 7	79.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.3%	13.6%	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 7	11.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	2%
Tubal factor	22%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BLUEGRASS FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James W. Akin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	75	29	17	10	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.3%	24.1%	5 / 17	1 / 10	1 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.0%	17.2%	4 / 17	1 / 10	1 / 8
Number of retrievals	72	25	12	7	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.2%	28.0%	5 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	20.0%	4 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 5
Number of transfers	88	26	11	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.6%	26.9%	5 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.3%	19.2%	4 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	4.1	3.4	10.0	8.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	5 / 18	4 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.0%	6 / 18	5 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.0%	6 / 18	5 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	0	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 6		3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 6		2 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	134	37	26	11	13	221
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	5.4%	0.0%	3 / 11	1 / 13	7.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.0%	2.7%	11.5%	0 / 11	1 / 13	4.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 13	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	27.7%	35.3%	52.2%	1 / 8	4 / 11	31.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.6%	85.3%	91.3%	8 / 8	9 / 11	90.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	2.9%	26.1%	0 / 8	0 / 11	3.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	60%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	<1%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE LEXINGTON FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George M. Veloudis, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	13	3	3	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	13	3	3	1	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of transfers	13	4	5	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.0		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	1.5		2.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		2 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	17	6	13	2	0	38
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 13	0 / 2		0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 13	0 / 2		2.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 13	0 / 2		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 10	0 / 2		3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	8 / 16	1 / 4	8 / 10	2 / 2		59.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	16 / 16	4 / 4	8 / 10	2 / 2		93.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4 / 16	0 / 4	5 / 10	0 / 2		28.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	61%	Diminished ovarian reserve	53%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES LOUISVILLE REPRODUCTIVE CENTER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert J. Homm, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	60	21	19	5	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	28.6%	2 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.7%	28.6%	2 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	54	21	16	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.3%	28.6%	2 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.7%	28.6%	2 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of transfers	50	15	9	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	6 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.0%	6 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.5	9.5	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.0%	4 / 14	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.0%	4 / 14	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	46.0%	4 / 14	1 / 10	1 / 5	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	25	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			32.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			28.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	102	46	17	1	21	187
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.9%	6.5%	0 / 17	0 / 1	4.8%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.0%	2.2%	0 / 17	0 / 1	4.8%	1.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	2.2%	0 / 17	0 / 1	4.8%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.3%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 16	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	77.6%	79.4%	9 / 12	0 / 1	15 / 16	79.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	40.8%	32.4%	4 / 12	1 / 1	4 / 16	36.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.2%	32.4%	4 / 12	0 / 1	3 / 16	33.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**FERTILITY FIRST
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE SERVICES
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

KENTUCKY FERTILITY INSTITUTE, LLC LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert K. Hunter, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	31	2	2	2	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.2%	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	29	1	2	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.6%	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.3%	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	32	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.1%	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8				
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.3%	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.3%	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	62.5%	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.0		1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.5	0.5		0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	2 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	158	79	39	6	5	287
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.2%	7.6%	5.1%	1 / 6	1 / 5	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	20.9%	19.0%	28.2%	2 / 6	2 / 5	22.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.5%	8.9%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 5	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.0%	84.4%	80.0%	2 / 2	0 / 2	89.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	40.9%	46.9%	65.0%	2 / 2	1 / 2	47.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	59.1%	40.6%	35.0%	0 / 2	0 / 2	48.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

FERTILITY ANSWERS, LLC-BATON ROUGE BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John M. Storment, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	48	22	5	3	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	22.7%	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	18.2%	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	43	21	5	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.5%	23.8%	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	19.0%	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	39	19	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.3%	5 / 19	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.7%	4 / 19	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	4.4		3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.5%	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.5%	5 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.5%	5 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.3	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 3		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 3		1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	88	30	21	0	2	141
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.7%	0.0%	14.3%		0 / 2	5.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.1%	23.3%	23.8%		1 / 2	14.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	0.0%	4.8%		0 / 2	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 6		0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	69.2%	10 / 17	4 / 6		0 / 1	65.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.8%	13 / 17	4 / 6		1 / 1	78.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.3%	3 / 17	1 / 6		0 / 1	17.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	15%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY ANSWERS, LLC-LAFAYETTE LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John M. Storment, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	92	20	9	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.6%	55.0%	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.9%	45.0%	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	81	18	5	2	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.6%	11 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.7%	9 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of transfers	93	20	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.1%	55.0%	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.5%	45.0%	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	1.8	9.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.2%	10 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.2%	11 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.8%	11 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 2	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	2 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	93	53	14	5	5	170
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	11.3%	3 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 5	10.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.1%	3.8%	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 5	2.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 5	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.9%	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.4%	52.9%	6 / 8	0 / 1	4 / 4	59.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.4%	91.2%	5 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 4	75.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.4%	11.8%	3 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 4	12.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW ORLEANS MANDEVILLE, LOUISIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard P. Dickey, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	203	118	72	22	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.3%	26.3%	20.8%	9.1%	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	17.8%	11.1%	4.5%	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	182	98	59	20	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.5%	31.6%	25.4%	10.0%	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.9%	21.4%	13.6%	5.0%	0 / 7
Number of transfers	201	82	50	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.8%	37.8%	30.0%	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.9%	25.6%	16.0%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.8	4.8	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.1%	32.8%	23.5%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.1%	34.5%	23.5%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.9%	36.2%	23.5%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	10	34
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 11	3 / 10	32.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		6 / 11	2 / 10	23.5%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	449	232	145	40	41	907
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.5%	15.1%	11.7%	7.5%	17.1%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.5%	6.0%	7.6%	12.5%	7.3%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.2%	3.0%	6.9%	0.0%	2.4%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.4%	0.9%	3.0%	0 / 16	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.6%	97.3%	93.9%	15 / 16	75.0%	92.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.1%	59.1%	56.1%	6 / 16	28.6%	62.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.2%	23.6%	37.9%	5 / 16	14.3%	25.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	29%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

AUDUBON FERTILITY NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lindsay Wells, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	106	29	53	7	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.2%	31.0%	17.0%	1 / 7	1 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.9%	27.6%	17.0%	0 / 7	1 / 2
Number of retrievals	96	23	42	7	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.8%	39.1%	21.4%	1 / 7	1 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	34.8%	21.4%	0 / 7	1 / 2
Number of transfers	106	13	17	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	63.2%	9 / 13	9 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.9%	8 / 13	9 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.2	5.9	7.0	2.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	66.7%	6 / 18	13.6%	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.6%	6 / 18	18.2%	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.0%	7 / 18	22.7%	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	17	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			10 / 17	4 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			8 / 17	3 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	239	95	85	18	23	460
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	3.2%	14.1%	1 / 18	17.4%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	20.9%	21.1%	9.4%	3 / 18	13.0%	18.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.6%	9.5%	1.2%	1 / 18	0.0%	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 13	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.4%	100.0%	100.0%	6 / 6	11 / 13	98.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.0%	88.9%	73.5%	3 / 6	4 / 13	83.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	32.0%	44.4%	58.8%	3 / 6	4 / 13	39.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ARKLATEX FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David T. Vandermolen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	67	24	15	5	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.8%	33.3%	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.9%	12.5%	3 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	57	19	14	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.6%	8 / 19	5 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	3 / 19	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of transfers	61	25	15	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.6%	32.0%	5 / 15	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	12.0%	3 / 15	1 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.0	3.0	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.0%	6 / 16	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	7 / 16	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.0%	7 / 16	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			2 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	107	31	16	8	3	165
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	12.9%	1 / 16	1 / 8	2 / 3	9.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.0%	33.3%	6 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	40.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.0%	85.2%	9 / 14	6 / 7	1 / 1	79.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.3%	3.7%	1 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	3.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	27%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOSTON IVF, LLC THE MAINE CENTER SOUTH PORTLAND, MAINE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	101	54	43	33	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.4%	51.9%	18.6%	3.0%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.5%	40.7%	14.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	96	52	41	27	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.5%	53.8%	19.5%	3.7%	0 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	42.3%	14.6%	3.7%	0 / 19
Number of transfers	136	71	45	24	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.9%	39.4%	17.8%	4.2%	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.7%	31.0%	13.3%	4.2%	0 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	1.9	5.4	33.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	66.7%	53.8%	24.0%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.9%	64.1%	24.0%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.9%	64.1%	24.0%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	16	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			7 / 16	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			6 / 16	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	223	105	64	38	20	450
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	1.9%	1.6%	21.1%	15.0%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.5%	2.9%	6.3%	2.6%	20.0%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.3%	69.7%	56.9%	62.5%	6 / 8	61.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	39.5%	36.0%	35.3%	16.7%	1 / 8	35.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.5%	16.9%	21.6%	20.8%	2 / 8	16.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	24%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**THE A.R.T. INSTITUTE OF WASHINGTON, INC.
WALTER REED NATIONAL MILITARY MEDICAL CENTER
BETHESDA, MARYLAND**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John Csokmay, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	194	60	82	28	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.6%	38.3%	34.1%	28.6%	1 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	31.7%	29.3%	28.6%	1 / 3
Number of retrievals	185	51	73	22	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.3%	45.1%	38.4%	36.4%	1 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.4%	37.3%	32.9%	36.4%	1 / 3
Number of transfers	233	71	79	23	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.5%	32.4%	35.4%	34.8%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.6%	26.8%	30.4%	34.8%	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	2.9	3.5	3.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.1%	39.1%	34.0%	7 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.1%	39.1%	40.4%	7 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.1%	39.1%	40.4%	7 / 16	1 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	276	171	139	66	6	658
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.5%	3.5%	3.6%	6.1%	1 / 6	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.8%	11.7%	9.4%	3.0%	0 / 6	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	7.6%	6.5%	3.0%	0 / 6	4.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	49.8%	49.6%	40.4%	32.1%	5 / 5	46.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.7%	84.3%	85.6%	92.5%	4 / 5	84.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.4%	0.0%	5.8%	7.5%	0 / 5	3.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ENDRIKA HINTON, MD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Endrika L. Hinton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	6	10	3	0	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Number of retrievals	6	9	3	0	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 3		0 / 1
Number of transfers	8	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	10.0	3.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	2.0	2.5	3.0		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.4	0.3		0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	18	15	12	4	3	52
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 18	0 / 15	2 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3	5.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 18	2 / 15	1 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 3	15.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 2		3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	7 / 12	9 / 9	6 / 6	2 / 2		82.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 12	3 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 2		41.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	2 / 2		31.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	56%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	56%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

JOHNS HOPKINS FERTILITY CENTER LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jairo E. Garcia, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	141	104	111	59	27
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	24.1%	19.2%	12.6%	8.5%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	19.1%	16.3%	11.7%	6.8%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	131	85	100	46	21
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	26.0%	23.5%	14.0%	10.9%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.6%	20.0%	13.0%	8.7%	0.0%
Number of transfers	120	66	58	22	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	28.3%	30.3%	24.1%	22.7%	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	22.5%	25.8%	22.4%	18.2%	0 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.1	5.2	7.9	11.8	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	29.3%	20.8%	11.6%	5.0%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	34.1%	35.4%	18.6%	10.0%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	36.6%	35.4%	20.9%	15.0%	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	4	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	2 / 4	2 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	2 / 4	2 / 9	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	280	139	192	102	76	789
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.9%	10.8%	8.9%	8.8%	17.1%	8.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.1%	10.8%	20.3%	19.6%	26.3%	15.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.1%	6.5%	2.1%	0.0%	3.9%	4.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.5%	4.1%	1.2%	0.0%	4.5%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	75.5%	68.9%	57.8%	48.9%	63.6%	66.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	65.0%	60.8%	67.5%	78.7%	63.6%	66.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.7%	16.2%	20.5%	4.3%	9.1%	14.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MONTGOMERY FERTILITY CENTER ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Oluyemisi Adesanya-Famuyiwa, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	15	16	10	7	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 15	1 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	1 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	14	16	9	6	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 14	1 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 14	1 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Number of transfers	16	15	7	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 16	1 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 16	1 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	16.0	5.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 5	0 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 5	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 5	1 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	31	27	19	10	14	101
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.5%	0.0%	0 / 19	0 / 10	1 / 14	3.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0.0%	3 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 14	3.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 14	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 19	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	12 / 19	8 / 17	4 / 13	3 / 8	8 / 11	51.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	7 / 19	10 / 17	9 / 13	5 / 8	3 / 11	50.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 19	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 11	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	22%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	36%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**SIU NG-WAGNER, MD
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY-ROCKVILLE ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael J. Levy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	1,546	983	1,054	569	291
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.7%	43.3%	28.1%	16.2%	6.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.6%	39.1%	25.8%	14.4%	5.8%
Number of retrievals	1,463	880	934	475	240
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.9%	48.4%	31.7%	19.4%	7.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.5%	43.6%	29.1%	17.3%	7.1%
Number of transfers	1,912	1,012	864	345	162
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.9%	42.1%	34.3%	26.7%	11.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.9%	37.9%	31.5%	23.8%	10.5%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.3	3.6	6.2	15.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.9%	48.2%	30.8%	16.8%	11.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.3%	56.4%	39.7%	26.2%	12.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	69.7%	58.0%	42.9%	29.7%	12.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	327	107	803	51
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.2%	46.7%	38.4%	41.2%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.6%	43.0%	35.4%	39.2%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	2,999	2,310	2,134	1,128	1,369	9,940
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	7.1%	9.2%	11.4%	10.4%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.3%	6.4%	8.0%	11.0%	10.0%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.3%	8.8%	6.7%	2.3%	0.7%	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	2.4%	3.0%	2.0%	4.6%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.7%	62.8%	62.7%	60.2%	62.4%	60.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	70.7%	74.3%	78.5%	78.7%	77.5%	74.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.6%	28.4%	33.2%	31.6%	19.6%	25.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	37%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	17%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF MARYLAND TOWSON, MARYLAND

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Santiago L. Padilla, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	95	46	66	22	21
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	34.7%	43.5%	21.2%	13.6%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.6%	34.8%	15.2%	4.5%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	89	41	49	16	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	37.1%	48.8%	28.6%	3 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	39.0%	20.4%	1 / 16	0 / 8
Number of transfers	107	58	47	15	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	30.8%	34.5%	29.8%	3 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.0%	27.6%	21.3%	1 / 15	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.9	2.3	4.7	7.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	41.2%	50.0%	25.0%	3 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.0%	53.8%	29.2%	3 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	49.0%	57.7%	29.2%	3 / 9	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.8	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	162	87	68	26	22	365
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	9.2%	20.6%	42.3%	59.1%	15.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.6%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.5%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	35.3%	39.2%	33.3%	3 / 12	1 / 8	34.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	43.4%	35.1%	29.4%	7 / 12	3 / 8	39.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 8	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY-TOWSON TOWSON, MARYLAND

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Eugene Katz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	567	265	261	91	37
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.5%	40.0%	21.1%	9.9%	5.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.3%	35.8%	18.0%	7.7%	2.7%
Number of retrievals	539	251	231	81	32
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	42.2%	23.8%	11.1%	6.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.8%	37.8%	20.3%	8.6%	3.1%
Number of transfers	621	274	205	51	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.0%	38.7%	26.8%	17.6%	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.1%	34.7%	22.9%	13.7%	1 / 18
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.5	4.7	10.1	18.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.8%	42.2%	23.7%	12.9%	0 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.9%	54.7%	33.9%	16.1%	1 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.0%	58.6%	36.4%	19.4%	1 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	63	14	65	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	7 / 14	38.5%	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.7%	7 / 14	38.5%	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	963	475	389	202	142	2,171
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	5.7%	7.2%	11.4%	14.8%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.7%	9.9%	15.9%	12.9%	13.4%	12.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	3.2%	3.6%	2.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	1.2%	0.9%	0.0%	2.2%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	51.5%	52.1%	50.9%	43.8%	50.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.4%	75.4%	77.0%	73.3%	84.3%	75.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.6%	15.8%	22.1%	21.6%	16.9%	16.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	34%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	19%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Elizabeth S. Ginsburg, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	420	272	294	140	77
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.1%	46.7%	30.3%	15.0%	13.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.4%	39.7%	24.5%	13.6%	11.7%
Number of retrievals	408	263	276	131	72
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	48.3%	32.2%	16.0%	13.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	41.1%	26.1%	14.5%	12.5%
Number of transfers	540	339	304	129	68
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.6%	37.5%	29.3%	16.3%	14.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.1%	31.9%	23.7%	14.7%	13.2%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.1	3.3	6.7	7.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	50.9%	34.2%	17.0%	22.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.7%	55.7%	41.6%	20.8%	22.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.4%	56.9%	43.0%	24.5%	25.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.9

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	35	0	50	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.1%		46.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.6%		38.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	858	560	530	230	172	2,350
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	7.5%	5.7%	6.5%	4.1%	5.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.1%	2.0%	4.7%	5.2%	4.1%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.4%	4.1%	3.4%	3.5%	0.0%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	1.9%	1.1%	0.6%	3.8%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.7%	57.4%	56.1%	38.1%	53.8%	53.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	39.9%	38.9%	37.7%	53.0%	45.4%	40.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.6%	7.3%	9.7%	4.8%	1.5%	7.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John C. Petrozza, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	282	152	147	59	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.9%	43.4%	32.7%	10.2%	1 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.5%	40.8%	27.9%	6.8%	1 / 16
Number of retrievals	270	142	134	52	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.6%	46.5%	35.8%	11.5%	1 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.1%	43.7%	30.6%	7.7%	1 / 13
Number of transfers	338	171	132	44	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	38.6%	36.4%	13.6%	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.8%	36.3%	31.1%	9.1%	1 / 14
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.3	3.1	9.8	16.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.6%	39.6%	26.0%	6.7%	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.2%	46.2%	35.6%	13.3%	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.7%	46.2%	37.0%	13.3%	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.9

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	22	1	29	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.2%	0 / 1	24.1%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	68.2%	0 / 1	24.1%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	406	294	222	91	63	1,076
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.0%	6.5%	5.9%	4.4%	4.8%	4.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	3.4%	4.1%	3.3%	4.8%	4.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.1%	3.4%	7.2%	3.3%	1.6%	5.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	1.8%	3.3%	1.5%	6.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	47.9%	47.4%	48.3%	26.2%	58.0%	46.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.7%	79.4%	72.8%	78.5%	74.0%	76.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.8%	4.8%	3.3%	0.0%	2.0%	3.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC DEDHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ania Kowalik, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	129	104	88	62	24
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.1%	37.5%	20.5%	8.1%	8.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.5%	33.7%	18.2%	8.1%	8.3%
Number of retrievals	125	88	77	52	18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.0%	44.3%	23.4%	9.6%	2 / 18
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.2%	39.8%	20.8%	9.6%	2 / 18
Number of transfers	175	117	74	36	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.9%	33.3%	24.3%	13.9%	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	29.9%	21.6%	13.9%	2 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.7	4.9	12.4	12.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.2%	43.9%	27.8%	10.0%	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.5%	47.4%	33.3%	10.0%	1 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.6%	47.4%	36.1%	15.0%	1 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.9	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	14	22	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 5	4 / 14	31.8%	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	4 / 14	31.8%	2 / 11

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	238	206	176	68	61	749
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.0%	8.3%	7.4%	10.3%	14.8%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.8%	2.4%	3.4%	8.8%	0.0%	3.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	3.9%	1.1%	4.4%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	6.3%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	47.3%	52.4%	48.6%	51.1%	60.4%	50.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	33.8%	44.5%	45.8%	73.3%	52.1%	44.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.5%	12.8%	9.2%	13.3%	10.4%	8.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	30%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF NEW ENGLAND LEXINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Samuel C. Pang, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	737	441	314	180	56
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.7%	46.0%	32.8%	14.4%	3.6%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.4%	42.0%	29.9%	13.9%	3.6%
Number of retrievals	712	418	294	159	52
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.7%	48.6%	35.0%	16.4%	3.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.2%	44.3%	32.0%	15.7%	3.8%
Number of transfers	901	449	301	118	33
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.4%	45.2%	34.2%	22.0%	6.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	41.2%	31.2%	21.2%	6.1%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.2	3.0	6.9	28.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.6%	51.1%	38.8%	19.4%	1 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.6%	60.7%	46.1%	23.6%	1 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.2%	62.4%	48.5%	25.0%	1 / 19
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	34	53	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 10	52.9%	47.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 10	50.0%	43.4%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,041	566	489	204	122	2,422
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.7%	5.5%	7.6%	7.4%	9.0%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.8%	8.7%	9.8%	11.8%	13.1%	9.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	3.0%	1.4%	0.5%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	1.6%	1.0%	0.8%	5.2%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.1%	67.5%	58.2%	58.1%	50.6%	61.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	50.4%	51.9%	56.8%	56.5%	63.6%	53.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.0%	28.6%	35.9%	21.0%	20.8%	26.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	43%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	38%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CCRM BOSTON NEWTON, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Alison E. Zimon, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	13	4	10	7	7	41
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 7	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 13	0 / 4	2 / 10	2 / 7	1 / 7	14.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 7	7.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 7		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	5 / 7		2 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 3	10 / 14
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	3 / 7		2 / 3	0 / 1	2 / 3	7 / 14
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5 / 7		2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 3	8 / 14

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	7%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	59%
Tubal factor	2%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	41%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**FERTILITY CENTERS OF NEW ENGLAND, INC.
NEW ENGLAND CLINICS OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, INC.
READING, MASSACHUSETTS**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Danielle Vitiello, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	409	171	179	59	25
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.6%	36.3%	30.7%	20.3%	12.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	29.8%	25.1%	16.9%	8.0%
Number of retrievals	403	163	164	56	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.4%	38.0%	33.5%	21.4%	12.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	31.3%	27.4%	17.9%	8.3%
Number of transfers	454	161	139	40	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.7%	38.5%	39.6%	30.0%	3 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	31.7%	32.4%	25.0%	2 / 17
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.8	3.3	4.9	8.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.4%	45.2%	29.6%	18.2%	1 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.4%	54.8%	40.7%	22.7%	2 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.1%	55.9%	44.4%	31.8%	2 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	62	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		8 / 11	45.2%	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		4 / 11	35.5%	1 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	722	416	272	116	86	1,612
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.8%	1.4%	2.9%	5.2%	7.0%	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.7%	15.9%	18.8%	19.8%	19.8%	17.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	2.4%	0.7%	1.7%	0.0%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.2%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	7.3%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.5%	60.8%	59.9%	52.4%	70.9%	58.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.3%	61.8%	71.3%	69.8%	78.2%	63.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.6%	11.8%	21.6%	19.0%	32.7%	13.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BAYSTATE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kelly Lynch, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	136	64	67	27	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.4%	57.8%	32.8%	25.9%	3 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	42.2%	29.9%	18.5%	3 / 9
Number of retrievals	129	61	59	23	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	60.7%	37.3%	30.4%	3 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.4%	44.3%	33.9%	21.7%	3 / 8
Number of transfers	143	78	66	24	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.7%	47.4%	33.3%	29.2%	3 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	34.6%	30.3%	20.8%	3 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.7	3.0	3.9	3.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.8%	63.6%	29.7%	6 / 10	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.3%	75.8%	43.2%	6 / 10	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.3%	75.8%	48.6%	6 / 10	2 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	5	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	3 / 5	6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5	3 / 5	6 / 11	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	291	158	154	45	31	679
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.9%	13.9%	11.0%	8.9%	16.1%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.6%	15.2%	16.9%	35.6%	19.4%	18.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.0%	2.5%	0.6%	2.2%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	4.8%	1.0%	0 / 17	1 / 19	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	64.0%	53.3%	50.0%	12 / 17	10 / 19	58.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	43.8%	38.1%	30.8%	4 / 17	12 / 19	39.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.9%	2.9%	4.8%	4 / 17	0 / 19	5.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	6%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CARDONE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY, LLC STONEHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vito R. Cardone, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	46	36	50	27	27
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.7%	36.1%	18.0%	22.2%	3.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	27.8%	16.0%	22.2%	3.7%
Number of retrievals	44	35	46	25	20
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.7%	37.1%	19.6%	24.0%	5.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.2%	28.6%	17.4%	24.0%	5.0%
Number of transfers	63	32	36	19	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	33.3%	40.6%	25.0%	6 / 19	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.2%	31.3%	22.2%	6 / 19	1 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.8	5.6	4.5	27.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.1%	42.9%	32.0%	2 / 9	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	42.9%	32.0%	2 / 9	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	42.9%	32.0%	2 / 9	1 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	16	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 8		7 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 8		2 / 16	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	135	92	74	39	78	418
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.4%	6.5%	8.1%	10.3%	19.2%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	12.0%	13.5%	17.9%	23.1%	14.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	3.3%	1.4%	0.0%	2.6%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	1.7%	0.0%	4.3%	14.7%	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	55.1%	53.4%	40.5%	30.4%	55.9%	50.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	39.8%	50.0%	47.6%	65.2%	38.2%	45.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.3%	15.5%	19.0%	17.4%	11.8%	16.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	40%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	31%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOSTON IVF, LLC WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	616	422	479	249	95
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.1%	35.5%	22.3%	10.8%	4.2%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.7%	32.5%	19.2%	9.6%	4.2%
Number of retrievals	599	397	440	218	81
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.6%	37.8%	24.3%	12.4%	4.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.1%	34.5%	20.9%	11.0%	4.9%
Number of transfers	722	414	347	141	56
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.3%	36.2%	30.8%	19.1%	7.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.6%	33.1%	26.5%	17.0%	7.1%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.8	4.5	9.2	23.8
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.6%	42.8%	27.4%	14.5%	2.4%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.2%	51.0%	35.5%	18.1%	4.9%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	69.1%	53.1%	37.6%	18.1%	4.9%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.9	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	32	115	175	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.1%	41.7%	42.3%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	38.3%	37.7%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,547	1,126	1,053	477	393	4,596
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.9%	7.0%	6.9%	9.0%	13.7%	7.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.2%	8.5%	11.6%	14.3%	9.9%	10.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	6.8%	3.2%	1.7%	0.0%	3.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	1.1%	0.8%	1.1%	3.1%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	55.3%	56.7%	52.2%	48.7%	48.4%	53.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	41.0%	40.8%	44.7%	49.8%	48.0%	43.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.8%	23.1%	25.8%	22.2%	13.8%	20.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	40%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	33%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Molly B. Moravek, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	177	74	60	34	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.8%	28.4%	16.7%	2.9%	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.7%	28.4%	13.3%	2.9%	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	166	66	49	28	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	44.6%	31.8%	20.4%	3.6%	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.4%	31.8%	16.3%	3.6%	0 / 1
Number of transfers	190	65	30	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.9%	32.3%	33.3%	1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.9%	32.3%	26.7%	1 / 8	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.5	6.0	34.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.6%	28.9%	20.7%	1 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.5%	33.3%	20.7%	1 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.5%	37.8%	24.1%	1 / 17	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	16	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		4 / 16	1 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		4 / 16	1 / 10	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	357	161	118	49	11	696
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.0%	6.2%	12.7%	10.2%	2 / 11	8.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.6%	6.8%	9.3%	16.3%	1 / 11	7.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.4%	5.6%	5.1%	2.0%	0 / 11	5.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.1%	69.5%	75.4%	9 / 15	6 / 7	64.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.3%	60.0%	50.8%	9 / 15	3 / 7	66.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.5%	47.4%	69.2%	9 / 15	3 / 7	42.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PC BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	19	15	5	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.5%	6 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.5%	3 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 10
Number of retrievals	30	15	12	3	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.0%	6 / 15	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.3%	3 / 15	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 7
Number of transfers	39	17	13	3	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.2%	6 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.0%	3 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.2	7.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	59.1%	3 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.1%	3 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.3	2.0	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		3 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		1 / 11	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	36	21	33	9	18	117
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	0.0%	21.2%	2 / 9	5 / 18	14.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.1%	0.0%	3.0%	1 / 9	1 / 18	6.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 18	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 18	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	9 / 18	59.1%	1 / 5	6 / 9	52.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.2%	18 / 18	86.4%	5 / 5	9 / 9	95.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.7%	3 / 18	27.3%	1 / 5	1 / 9	16.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	22%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF MICHIGAN FERTILITY CENTERS BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ahmad O. Hammoud, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	378	158	97	27	29
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	38.6%	28.9%	3.7%	6.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	31.0%	22.7%	3.7%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	368	153	93	24	22
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.0%	39.9%	30.1%	4.2%	9.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	32.0%	23.7%	4.2%	0.0%
Number of transfers	433	134	69	14	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.1%	45.5%	40.6%	1 / 14	2 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.4%	36.6%	31.9%	1 / 14	0 / 13
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.6	3.5	27.0	14.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.9%	37.6%	29.7%	0 / 14	1 / 14
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.8%	43.6%	34.4%	0 / 14	2 / 14
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.8%	45.5%	34.4%	0 / 14	2 / 14
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	48	1	46	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	66.7%	1 / 1	54.3%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	0 / 1	39.1%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	692	245	172	63	98	1,270
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	4.5%	2.9%	7.9%	8.2%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.2%	6.1%	12.8%	15.9%	18.4%	10.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.0%	2.4%	1.2%	3.2%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.6%	4.2%	3.2%	3.3%	11.3%	4.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.9%	68.5%	68.1%	66.7%	58.1%	64.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.1%	94.4%	91.5%	83.3%	77.4%	91.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.9%	42.7%	40.4%	40.0%	12.9%	30.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	48%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael S. Mersol-Barg, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	42	23	27	24	22
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.6%	30.4%	18.5%	4.2%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	21.7%	14.8%	4.2%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	40	18	21	23	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	7 / 18	23.8%	4.3%	0 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.5%	5 / 18	19.0%	4.3%	0 / 19
Number of transfers	50	17	18	9	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.0%	7 / 17	5 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	5 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.3	5.4	24.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	3 / 12	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.7%	3 / 12	4 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.7%	3 / 12	4 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	24	16	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	50.0%	3 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	50.0%	2 / 16	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	102	58	56	23	31	270
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.9%	12.1%	14.3%	17.4%	16.1%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	6.9%	10.7%	17.4%	16.1%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.8%	8.6%	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%	5.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 11	0 / 19	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.3%	57.1%	44.8%	6 / 11	6 / 19	51.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.6%	91.4%	93.1%	10 / 11	19 / 19	92.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	32.8%	20.0%	34.5%	3 / 11	3 / 19	27.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GAGO IVF BRIGHTON, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Laura A. Gago, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	41	18	21	6	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.9%	6 / 18	23.8%	2 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.1%	6 / 18	19.0%	2 / 6	1 / 4
Number of retrievals	41	18	21	6	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.9%	6 / 18	23.8%	2 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.1%	6 / 18	19.0%	2 / 6	1 / 4
Number of transfers	41	16	12	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.9%	6 / 16	5 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.1%	6 / 16	4 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.0	4.2	3.0	4.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	41.9%	5 / 13	4 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.2%	5 / 13	5 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.2%	5 / 13	5 / 15	2 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	11	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	7 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	5 / 11	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	110	40	31	14	16	211
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	2.5%	6.5%	1 / 14	1 / 16	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.5%	10.0%	12.9%	3 / 14	3 / 16	9.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	2.5%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 16	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	0 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 5	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	90.5%	18 / 18	12 / 12	4 / 4	5 / 5	94.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	81.0%	14 / 18	10 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 5	76.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	68.3%	15 / 18	10 / 12	3 / 4	4 / 5	73.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	12%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**MICHIGAN COMPREHENSIVE FERTILITY CENTER
DEARBORN, MICHIGAN**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE & IVF CENTER, PC GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William G. Dodds, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	321	118	94	45	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.4%	38.1%	21.3%	8.9%	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.8%	30.5%	17.0%	6.7%	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	298	101	76	38	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.7%	44.6%	26.3%	10.5%	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.6%	35.6%	21.1%	7.9%	0 / 3
Number of transfers	381	115	58	26	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.5%	39.1%	34.5%	15.4%	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.2%	31.3%	27.6%	11.5%	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	4.7	11.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.7%	54.4%	25.5%	1 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.9%	55.9%	34.0%	2 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.7%	57.4%	38.3%	3 / 16	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	18	5	21	31
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 18	3 / 5	42.9%	38.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 18	2 / 5	33.3%	32.3%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	537	194	160	67	43	1,001
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.6%	9.3%	13.1%	6.0%	2.3%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.6%	13.4%	11.3%	10.4%	9.3%	12.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	0.5%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.8%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.9%	58.3%	69.7%	63.0%	73.3%	60.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.2%	85.4%	76.8%	87.0%	73.3%	85.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.0%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	6.7%	1.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF MICHIGAN ROCHESTER HILLS & FLINT, PC ROCHESTER HILLS, MICHIGAN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mostafa I. Abuzeid, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	134	54	70	17	28
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.0%	50.0%	22.9%	1 / 17	3.6%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.8%	31.5%	14.3%	0 / 17	3.6%
Number of retrievals	119	50	44	15	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.7%	54.0%	36.4%	1 / 15	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.3%	34.0%	22.7%	0 / 15	1 / 15
Number of transfers	131	54	45	14	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.2%	50.0%	35.6%	1 / 14	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.6%	31.5%	22.2%	0 / 14	1 / 13
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.0	4.4	17.0	28.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.1%	52.9%	24.1%	1 / 8	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.5%	58.8%	31.0%	1 / 8	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.5%	58.8%	31.0%	1 / 8	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	170	73	64	24	29	360
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.8%	8.2%	21.9%	8.3%	34.5%	14.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.5%	2.7%	4.7%	16.7%	10.3%	6.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 16	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	20.7%	20.6%	29.5%	1 / 18	3 / 16	21.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.5%	93.7%	95.5%	18 / 18	14 / 16	96.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.4%	3.2%	13.6%	0 / 18	0 / 16	5.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	No	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	48%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	23%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	27%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN GROUP SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Awoniyi O. Awonuga, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	23	13	6	2	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.5%	8 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	6 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	22	13	6	0	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	8 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	6 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 2
Number of transfers	26	16	6	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.5%	8 / 16	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.8%	6 / 16	1 / 6		0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	1.6	6.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 15	4 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	8 / 15	5 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	8 / 15	5 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.6	1.0	0.0	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	25	18	10	2	3	58
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.0%	2 / 18	4 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 3	15.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	1.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.9%	5 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	52.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.3%	13 / 13	6 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 1	95.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.3%	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	2.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	7%
Tubal factor	33%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	12%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ahmad Hammoud, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	31	9	10	2	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.1%	6 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.9%	4 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	29	8	9	1	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.1%	6 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.8%	4 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Number of transfers	34	9	11	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.9%	6 / 9	2 / 11		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	4 / 9	2 / 11		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	1.5	5.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.0%	4 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	4 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.0%	4 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.2	1.4	0.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	37	16	21	2	8	84
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.1%	2 / 16	4.8%	0 / 2	0 / 8	7.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.9%	2 / 16	28.6%	0 / 2	6 / 8	25.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.5%	2 / 16	4.8%	0 / 2	0 / 8	9.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.1%	7 / 10	8 / 11	1 / 1	1 / 2	64.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.2%	9 / 10	9 / 11	1 / 1	1 / 2	80.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0 / 10	3 / 11	1 / 1	1 / 2	11.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF MICHIGAN TROY, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Brad T. Miller, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	126	68	61	24	28
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.9%	44.1%	23.0%	16.7%	3.6%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	36.8%	16.4%	16.7%	3.6%
Number of retrievals	120	57	53	18	23
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.8%	52.6%	26.4%	4 / 18	4.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	43.9%	18.9%	4 / 18	4.3%
Number of transfers	149	63	50	13	20
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.0%	47.6%	28.0%	4 / 13	5.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.6%	39.7%	20.0%	4 / 13	5.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.3	4.4	6.0	28.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.9%	41.0%	8.7%	2 / 11	1 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.3%	51.3%	8.7%	2 / 11	1 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	69.5%	51.3%	13.0%	3 / 11	1 / 10
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.9
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	7	27	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 17	3 / 7	55.6%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	11 / 17	3 / 7	55.6%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	276	178	148	76	55	733
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.2%	4.5%	8.8%	11.8%	12.7%	7.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.9%	6.7%	6.8%	11.8%	5.5%	8.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	1.1%	2.0%	3.9%	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	8.1%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.6%	75.0%	65.9%	57.9%	48.6%	67.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.5%	72.4%	69.4%	76.3%	83.8%	70.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.7%	46.6%	35.3%	21.1%	21.6%	31.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	46%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	40%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	36%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MICHIGAN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH, PLC WARREN, MICHIGAN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	71	28	23	10	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.0%	46.4%	30.4%	3 / 10	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.7%	39.3%	26.1%	3 / 10	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	67	26	20	8	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.7%	50.0%	35.0%	3 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.7%	42.3%	30.0%	3 / 8	0 / 5
Number of transfers	74	25	11	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.5%	52.0%	7 / 11	3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.6%	44.0%	6 / 11	3 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.2	3.3	3.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.3%	6 / 15	4 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.5%	7 / 15	4 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.5%	7 / 15	4 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	20	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 1	55.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	0 / 1	50.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	112	69	50	30	24	285
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.0%	11.6%	14.0%	23.3%	20.8%	12.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.4%	1.4%	6.0%	16.7%	12.5%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.2%	2.4%	7.7%	0 / 6	0 / 10	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.5%	61.9%	88.5%	6 / 6	9 / 10	68.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.7%	90.5%	65.4%	6 / 6	8 / 10	82.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.3%	42.9%	65.4%	6 / 6	6 / 10	47.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CCRM MINNEAPOLIS EDINA, MINNESOTA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by April E. Batcheller, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	94	52	60	30	25
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.7%	44.2%	23.3%	6.7%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	38.5%	23.3%	6.7%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	92	50	51	29	25
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.0%	46.0%	27.5%	6.9%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.9%	40.0%	27.5%	6.9%	0.0%
Number of transfers	92	34	29	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	63.0%	67.6%	48.3%	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.9%	58.8%	48.3%	2 / 5	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	4.3	15.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.8%	36.0%	25.0%	1 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.9%	40.0%	25.0%	2 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.0%	44.0%	25.0%	2 / 9	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	1	36	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 8	0 / 1	72.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 8	0 / 1	55.6%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	271	136	120	47	54	628
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.2%	4.4%	3.3%	8.5%	13.0%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	7.4%	9.2%	8.5%	14.8%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.2%	4.4%	0.0%	8.5%	1.9%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.2%	3.4%	2.1%	0 / 16	4.3%	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.1%	94.9%	95.8%	15 / 16	91.3%	93.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.4%	94.9%	97.9%	12 / 16	87.0%	93.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	65.1%	83.1%	89.6%	12 / 16	56.5%	73.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	49%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	49%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	33%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE MIDWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA MAPLE GROVE, MINNESOTA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randle S. Corfman, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	92	34	18	3	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.9%	47.1%	7 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	29.4%	6 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	91	30	16	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.5%	53.3%	7 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	33.3%	6 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	109	40	18	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.4%	40.0%	7 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.0%	25.0%	6 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	2.6	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	62.3%	53.6%	6 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	53.6%	6 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.6%	53.6%	6 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	1.1	2.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	0	15	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	12 / 17		6 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 17		6 / 15	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	132	51	22	11	2	218
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.8%	2.0%	4.5%	0 / 11	0 / 2	3.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.8%	2.0%	4.5%	0 / 11	0 / 2	1.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	35.7%	29.2%	45.0%	9 / 11	2 / 2	38.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.6%	72.9%	55.0%	2 / 11	0 / 2	68.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	1%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	78%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Colleen L. Casey, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	395	163	140	65	33
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	64.3%	44.8%	26.4%	13.8%	3.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.9%	37.4%	22.1%	10.8%	3.0%
Number of retrievals	378	151	125	62	29
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.2%	48.3%	29.6%	14.5%	3.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.1%	40.4%	24.8%	11.3%	3.4%
Number of transfers	444	171	109	40	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.2%	42.7%	33.9%	22.5%	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	35.7%	28.4%	17.5%	1 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.2	3.8	7.2	33.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.9%	46.7%	28.4%	20.7%	0 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	73.5%	53.3%	34.6%	20.7%	0 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	74.2%	53.3%	35.8%	20.7%	1 / 17
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	51	14	84	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.1%	8 / 14	54.8%	3 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.2%	7 / 14	45.2%	3 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	692	360	314	108	132	1,606
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.5%	5.8%	8.6%	9.3%	9.1%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.2%	5.3%	7.0%	4.6%	4.5%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	3.3%	2.9%	1.9%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	1.9%	1.0%	0.0%	7.1%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	52.0%	62.6%	54.9%	67.2%	61.2%	56.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	63.5%	66.8%	67.9%	62.7%	56.1%	64.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.1%	26.4%	33.7%	23.9%	18.4%	22.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	10%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MAYO CLINIC ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Chandra C. Shenoy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	140	55	43	12	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.4%	29.1%	30.2%	2 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	29.1%	25.6%	2 / 12	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	130	51	36	10	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	31.4%	36.1%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.2%	31.4%	30.6%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Number of transfers	166	59	35	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.4%	27.1%	37.1%	2 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.1%	27.1%	31.4%	2 / 6	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.4	3.3	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.1%	26.3%	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.8%	34.2%	6 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.8%	34.2%	6 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	16	13	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 16	7 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		6 / 16	7 / 13	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	334	135	84	36	28	617
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	5.9%	15.5%	2.8%	14.3%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.0%	10.4%	7.1%	11.1%	10.7%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.0%	11.9%	8.3%	5.6%	0.0%	8.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.1%	2.4%	6.1%	3.7%	0 / 19	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	55.9%	71.4%	63.3%	63.0%	11 / 19	60.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.5%	71.4%	67.3%	66.7%	12 / 19	71.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10.9%	21.4%	26.5%	25.9%	5 / 19	16.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	24%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jacques P. Stassart, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	273	102	57	27	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.5%	42.2%	29.8%	7.4%	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	29.4%	21.1%	7.4%	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	269	98	53	22	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.3%	43.9%	32.1%	9.1%	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	30.6%	22.6%	9.1%	0 / 1
Number of transfers	336	119	53	23	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.5%	36.1%	32.1%	8.7%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	25.2%	22.6%	8.7%	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.4	3.4	13.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.6%	50.0%	31.3%	1 / 10	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.4%	59.3%	37.5%	1 / 10	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.4%	59.3%	37.5%	1 / 10	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.5	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.8	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	32	21	44	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	34.4%	42.9%	38.6%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.1%	42.9%	31.8%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	423	199	113	45	46	826
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.7%	3.0%	7.1%	4.4%	2.2%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.5%	2.5%	4.4%	11.1%	0.0%	3.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	1.5%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	1.7%	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	39.3%	43.9%	44.2%	23.5%	51.2%	41.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.3%	96.5%	97.7%	97.1%	79.1%	95.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.6%	8.7%	10.5%	2.9%	2.3%	8.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	6%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MISSISSIPPI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PLLC FLOWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randall S. Hines, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	58	30	7	7	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	20.0%	3 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	20.0%	3 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	51	25	7	7	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.9%	24.0%	3 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.9%	24.0%	3 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Number of transfers	43	19	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	67.4%	6 / 19	3 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	67.4%	6 / 19	3 / 3	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	5.0	2.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.7%	23.8%	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.0%	23.8%	3 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.4%	23.8%	3 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			4 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			4 / 9	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	108	51	21	10	6	196
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.5%	13.7%	9.5%	0 / 10	1 / 6	8.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.6%	9.8%	0.0%	0 / 10	1 / 6	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	0.0%	9.5%	1 / 10	0 / 6	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.1%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 3	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.9%	95.2%	7 / 7	6 / 6	3 / 3	97.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.6%	90.5%	7 / 7	6 / 6	2 / 3	92.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	87.2%	76.2%	6 / 7	6 / 6	3 / 3	85.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%
Endometriosis	28%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	16%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI MEDICAL CENTER FLOWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John D. Isaacs, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	55	27	16	2	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.3%	33.3%	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	25.9%	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	53	25	13	0	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.1%	36.0%	2 / 13		0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.7%	28.0%	2 / 13		0 / 1
Number of transfers	73	29	16	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.6%	31.0%	2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.4%	24.1%	2 / 16		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.0	8.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	4 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.2%	5 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.2%	5 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	14	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 7		7 / 14	4 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 7		7 / 14	4 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	102	39	27	14	10	192
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	0.0%	11.1%	0 / 14	0 / 10	2.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	2.6%	7.4%	4 / 14	0 / 10	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 10	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	1 / 10	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.0%	41.2%	50.0%	3 / 9	8 / 10	55.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.6%	97.1%	86.4%	8 / 9	9 / 10	90.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.1%	5.9%	4.5%	0 / 9	0 / 10	4.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	36%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	16%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INFERTILITY CENTER OF ST. LOUIS CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sherman J. Silber, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	182	71	95	66	133
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	35.2%	25.4%	9.5%	3.0%	2.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	22.5%	19.7%	7.4%	1.5%	2.3%
Number of retrievals	165	64	75	55	97
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	38.8%	28.1%	12.0%	3.6%	3.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.8%	21.9%	9.3%	1.8%	3.1%
Number of transfers	153	43	46	21	34
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.8%	41.9%	19.6%	9.5%	8.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.8%	32.6%	15.2%	4.8%	8.8%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.9	10.6	33.0	44.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.3%	33.3%	2.6%	1 / 18	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.2%	41.7%	7.9%	1 / 18	3.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	46.2%	41.7%	13.2%	1 / 18	3.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	2	24	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 13	0 / 2	29.2%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 13	0 / 2	20.8%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	281	151	131	124	290	977
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	4.0%	9.9%	13.7%	14.5%	10.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.9%	10.6%	9.2%	12.9%	16.2%	10.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	1.3%	2.3%	0.0%	0.3%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.1%	1.3%	7.0%	2.4%	4.0%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.1%	73.4%	73.7%	82.9%	83.8%	74.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.2%	5.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	59%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MISSOURI CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peter Ahlering, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	226	86	74	53	26
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.7%	31.4%	18.9%	5.7%	3.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.3%	26.7%	18.9%	5.7%	3.8%
Number of retrievals	226	86	72	53	25
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.7%	31.4%	19.4%	5.7%	4.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.3%	26.7%	19.4%	5.7%	4.0%
Number of transfers	169	55	31	14	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	65.1%	49.1%	45.2%	3 / 14	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.2%	41.8%	45.2%	3 / 14	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.2	5.3	17.7	26.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.8%	24.0%	13.3%	5.0%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.2%	38.0%	30.0%	10.0%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.5%	40.0%	33.3%	15.0%	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	6	36	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2	3 / 6	47.2%	6 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	2 / 6	41.7%	3 / 12

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	539	181	161	79	56	1,016
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.0%	1.7%	7.5%	5.1%	8.9%	3.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.3%	5.5%	13.0%	13.9%	14.3%	7.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.2%	1.1%	9.5%	0.0%	15.0%	3.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.8%	89.8%	76.2%	87.0%	85.0%	87.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.1%	93.2%	93.7%	91.3%	100.0%	95.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	75.8%	67.0%	57.1%	65.2%	75.0%	70.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	56%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MID-MISSOURI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, INC. COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gilbert B. Wilshire, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	54	21	18	5	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.6%	23.8%	9 / 18	2 / 5	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	14.3%	9 / 18	2 / 5	
Number of retrievals	54	18	16	4	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.6%	5 / 18	9 / 16	2 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	3 / 18	9 / 16	2 / 4	
Number of transfers	68	20	15	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.1%	25.0%	9 / 15	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.8%	15.0%	9 / 15	2 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	4.2	2.0	2.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.5%	2 / 10	4 / 11	2 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.5%	2 / 10	6 / 11	2 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.5%	2 / 10	6 / 11	2 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.8	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2		2 / 6	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		2 / 6	2 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	126	45	19	12	5	207
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	4.4%	5 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 5	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.3%	4.4%	2 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 5	5.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	2.2%	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 5	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.6%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 7	2 / 4	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	82.1%	84.8%	7 / 9	5 / 7	3 / 4	81.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.9%	84.8%	9 / 9	5 / 7	3 / 4	85.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	34.6%	24.2%	5 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 4	33.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	48%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	22%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

BLUE SKY FERTILITY KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ryan M. Riggs, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.				
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				4 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				4 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total	
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43		
Total number of cycles	49	21	12	3	0	85	
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	0.0%	1 / 12	0 / 3			4.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.1%	4.8%	2 / 12	0 / 3			7.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 3			0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1			0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	18 / 18	8 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1			100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	18 / 18	8 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1			100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18 / 18	8 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1			100.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	67%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	45%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MIDWEST WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE SPECIALISTS KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gregory C. Starks, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	50	19	8	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.0%	7 / 19	2 / 8		
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	5 / 19	2 / 8		
Number of retrievals	42	13	5	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.8%	7 / 13	2 / 5		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	5 / 13	2 / 5		
Number of transfers	35	14	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	65.7%	7 / 14	2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.4%	5 / 14	2 / 2		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.7	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.1%	4 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.9%	5 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.9%	5 / 11	0 / 1		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.0		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	13	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	5 / 13	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	2 / 13	1 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	73	25	21	1	2	122
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	12.0%	23.8%	0 / 1	0 / 2	10.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	12.0%	0.0%	0 / 1	0 / 2	6.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 1	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	1 / 16	0 / 12		0 / 2	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	35.6%	6 / 16	6 / 12		1 / 2	38.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.6%	15 / 16	8 / 12		1 / 2	91.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.1%	4 / 16	2 / 12		0 / 2	10.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	29%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	33%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY PARTNERSHIP SAINT PETERS, MISSOURI

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David E. Simckes, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	48	21	14	7	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.9%	52.4%	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	47.6%	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	45	21	12	7	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.1%	52.4%	2 / 12	1 / 7	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.7%	47.6%	2 / 12	1 / 7	
Number of transfers	52	21	6	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.2%	52.4%	2 / 6	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.4%	47.6%	2 / 6	1 / 7	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	1.9	7.0	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.8%	6 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.7%	6 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.2%	6 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.5	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.6	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	1	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	126	42	37	23	14	242
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.8%	0.0%	5.4%	4.3%	1 / 14	4.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.3%	2.4%	8.1%	17.4%	1 / 14	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	3.8%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 7	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	43.2%	46.2%	47.8%	6 / 15	5 / 7	45.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	95.7%	15 / 15	7 / 7	99.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.2%	0.0%	13.0%	0 / 15	1 / 7	4.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & ROBOTIC SURGERY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Saji Jacob, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	14	4	4	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	27	12	3	3	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	44.4%	2 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.6%	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Number of transfers	20	8	2	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.0%	2 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	7.0	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	7 / 15	1 / 7		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 15	1 / 7		0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 15	1 / 7		0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.5	1.4		1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	0.4		0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	5	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 5		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 5		0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	36	18	4	4	1	63
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	1.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.1%	0 / 18	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	7.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.0%	4 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	43.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	10 / 10	3 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 1	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.5%	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	10.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	35%	Egg or embryo banking	38%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER AT WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND BARNES-JEWISH HOSPITAL ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randall R. Odem, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	265	133	74	35	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.1%	35.3%	33.8%	17.1%	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.5%	26.3%	24.3%	17.1%	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	247	117	66	34	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.9%	40.2%	37.9%	17.6%	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	29.9%	27.3%	17.6%	0 / 6
Number of transfers	270	135	59	31	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.1%	34.8%	42.4%	19.4%	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.8%	25.9%	30.5%	19.4%	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.8	3.0	5.8	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.7%	43.4%	37.2%	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	47.4%	39.5%	3 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.8%	48.7%	41.9%	3 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	14	24	27	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 14	33.3%	48.1%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 14	25.0%	44.4%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	447	218	125	39	30	859
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	11.9%	6.4%	12.8%	16.7%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	1.8%	6.4%	10.3%	3.3%	3.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.0%	3.7%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	2.4%	4.2%	0.0%	8.3%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	31.9%	44.6%	35.4%	28.6%	50.0%	35.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.1%	66.3%	64.6%	64.3%	58.3%	72.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.1%	5.4%	11.5%	10.7%	4.2%	4.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Molina B. Dayal, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	161	62	50	21	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.8%	37.1%	14.0%	19.0%	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.9%	33.9%	12.0%	19.0%	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	156	58	43	19	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.5%	39.7%	16.3%	4 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	36.2%	14.0%	4 / 19	0 / 6
Number of transfers	178	46	20	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.8%	50.0%	35.0%	4 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.3%	45.7%	30.0%	4 / 10	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.7	7.1	5.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.6%	36.4%	19.0%	1 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.2%	45.5%	23.8%	2 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.2%	45.5%	23.8%	3 / 9	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	1	23	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 1	30.4%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 6	0 / 1	26.1%	1 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	301	117	69	24	19	530
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.3%	6.0%	8.7%	8.3%	0 / 19	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.3%	12.8%	10.1%	25.0%	2 / 19	13.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.0%	1.7%	2.9%	0.0%	0 / 19	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	3.1%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 14	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.8%	67.7%	88.6%	8 / 11	13 / 14	66.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.6%	75.4%	51.4%	9 / 11	11 / 14	79.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.5%	33.8%	40.0%	4 / 11	10 / 14	22.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	16%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Other, infertility	31%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	15%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BILLINGS CLINIC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CARE BILLINGS, MONTANA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Colleen Milroy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	74	24	17	5	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	68.9%	62.5%	4 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	50.0%	3 / 17	1 / 5	
Number of retrievals	71	23	14	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	71.8%	65.2%	4 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.1%	52.2%	3 / 14	1 / 2	
Number of transfers	93	27	16	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.8%	55.6%	4 / 16	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.8%	44.4%	3 / 16	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	1.6	4.3	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	66.1%	10 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	73.2%	11 / 16	3 / 13	1 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	73.2%	11 / 16	3 / 13	1 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	7	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	3 / 7	0 / 6	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	3 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	164	57	43	11	9	284
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	10.5%	7.0%	0 / 11	2 / 9	7.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.9%	5.3%	16.3%	2 / 11	1 / 9	9.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.0%	2.3%	0 / 11	0 / 9	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	5.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	1 / 5	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	71.4%	67.5%	62.5%	4 / 6	3 / 5	68.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.5%	67.5%	45.8%	4 / 6	3 / 5	68.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.2%	12.5%	16.7%	3 / 6	1 / 5	12.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	14%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS ELKHORN, NEBRASKA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Carolyn M. Doherty, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	174	58	33	14	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.9%	32.8%	30.3%	3 / 14	1 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.8%	29.3%	30.3%	3 / 14	1 / 2
Number of retrievals	163	45	27	11	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.0%	42.2%	37.0%	3 / 11	1 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	37.8%	37.0%	3 / 11	1 / 2
Number of transfers	209	47	27	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.7%	40.4%	37.0%	3 / 10	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.3%	36.2%	37.0%	3 / 10	1 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.1	3.3	4.7	2.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.3%	45.5%	7 / 19	2 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.5%	50.0%	8 / 19	2 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.5%	54.5%	8 / 19	3 / 8	1 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	24	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		41.7%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		33.3%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	428	125	102	32	25	712
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	15.2%	15.7%	34.4%	20.0%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.4%	2.4%	4.9%	3.1%	0.0%	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.6%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	4.3%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 14	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	88.0%	81.4%	92.0%	10 / 13	14 / 14	87.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.8%	94.3%	86.0%	12 / 13	13 / 14	93.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.0%	51.4%	50.0%	4 / 13	9 / 14	43.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HEARTLAND CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC OMAHA, NEBRASKA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Victoria M. Maclin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	149	42	25	7	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.7%	38.1%	4.0%	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.7%	28.6%	4.0%	1 / 7	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	137	35	20	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.6%	45.7%	5.0%	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.8%	34.3%	5.0%	1 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	154	25	7	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.9%	64.0%	1 / 7	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.1%	48.0%	1 / 7	1 / 5	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	25.0	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.9%	9 / 17	0 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	10 / 17	1 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.6%	10 / 17	1 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	20	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 7		50.0%	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 7		45.0%	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	243	80	53	13	28	417
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	12.3%	7.5%	15.1%	2 / 13	3.6%	11.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	10.0%	17.0%	3 / 13	25.0%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.0%	1.9%	0 / 13	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	0.0%	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 19	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.1%	66.0%	8 / 19	2 / 4	13 / 19	59.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	54.4%	62.0%	15 / 19	3 / 4	9 / 19	57.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.0%	22.0%	2 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 19	9.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GREEN VALLEY FERTILITY PARTNERS HENDERSON, NEVADA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jeffrey D. Fisch, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	80	23	38	12	14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.5%	26.1%	28.9%	2 / 12	0 / 14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	17.4%	23.7%	2 / 12	0 / 14
Number of retrievals	77	22	34	10	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.4%	27.3%	32.4%	2 / 10	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	18.2%	26.5%	2 / 10	0 / 10
Number of transfers	104	16	32	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.5%	6 / 16	34.4%	2 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.9%	4 / 16	28.1%	2 / 6	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.8	3.5	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.3%	4 / 13	25.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.6%	4 / 13	40.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.9%	4 / 13	40.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.2	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 8		3 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 8		2 / 8	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	88	51	83	29	29	280
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	5.9%	10.8%	6.9%	6.9%	7.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.0%	11.8%	31.3%	34.5%	31.0%	20.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.3%	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	0.0%	5.4%	1 / 13	0 / 17	2.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	38.0%	39.0%	37.8%	3 / 13	10 / 17	39.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	13 / 13	17 / 17	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.5%	12.2%	45.9%	5 / 13	7 / 17	25.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bruce Shapiro, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	145	72	69	30	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.4%	41.7%	26.1%	16.7%	4 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.0%	34.7%	24.6%	16.7%	4 / 10
Number of retrievals	136	62	61	21	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.4%	48.4%	29.5%	23.8%	4 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.2%	40.3%	27.9%	23.8%	4 / 10
Number of transfers	129	48	28	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	69.0%	62.5%	64.3%	5 / 5	4 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	55.0%	52.1%	60.7%	5 / 5	4 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.4	3.8	6.0	2.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.0%	41.9%	22.2%	3 / 13	2 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.0%	51.2%	29.6%	3 / 13	2 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.0%	53.5%	40.7%	3 / 13	2 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	163	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 2	65.0%	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 2	57.1%	2 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	279	173	134	73	128	787
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.7%	8.7%	6.7%	19.2%	10.9%	8.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.5%	6.9%	16.4%	26.0%	9.4%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	3.5%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.1%	27.8%	27.9%	40.0%	61.7%	25.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.7%	98.9%	98.4%	100.0%	100.0%	99.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.4%	87.8%	80.3%	92.0%	81.7%	79.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.3%	46.7%	44.3%	68.0%	53.3%	40.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	47%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	43%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	9%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Eva D. Littman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	64	44	23	18	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.4%	27.3%	26.1%	2 / 18	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	18.2%	17.4%	2 / 18	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	64	44	23	18	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.4%	27.3%	26.1%	2 / 18	1 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	18.2%	17.4%	2 / 18	1 / 16
Number of transfers	62	30	15	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	61.3%	40.0%	6 / 15	2 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.8%	26.7%	4 / 15	2 / 4	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	3.7	3.8	9.0	17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.8%	28.1%	4 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.7%	31.3%	4 / 15	1 / 9	1 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.7%	31.3%	4 / 15	1 / 9	1 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	20	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			50.0%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			30.0%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	102	51	62	30	66	311
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	2.0%	6.5%	3.3%	10.6%	4.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.9%	9.8%	27.4%	33.3%	30.3%	19.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	21.6%	19.6%	12.9%	10.0%	3.0%	14.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.3%	0.0%	4.2%	1 / 11	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.7%	96.3%	95.8%	11 / 11	100.0%	91.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.7%	74.1%	75.0%	9 / 11	45.8%	77.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	75.0%	96.3%	83.3%	11 / 11	87.5%	84.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	48%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Russell A. Foulk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	126	66	39	30	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	25.4%	24.2%	2.6%	6.7%	0 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	17.5%	15.2%	2.6%	3.3%	0 / 16
Number of retrievals	123	65	38	29	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	26.0%	24.6%	2.6%	6.9%	0 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	17.9%	15.4%	2.6%	3.4%	0 / 15
Number of transfers	109	44	16	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	29.4%	36.4%	1 / 16	2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.2%	22.7%	1 / 16	1 / 10	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.9	4.1	39.0	15.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	31.3%	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	35.9%	4 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	37.5%	4 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	26	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 3		30.8%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		26.9%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	163	67	62	47	65	404
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.2%	4.5%	3.2%	8.5%	4.6%	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.3%	16.4%	19.4%	21.3%	23.1%	13.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.8%	1.5%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.7%	10.3%	18.5%	2 / 12	9.7%	8.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.2%	79.5%	77.8%	10 / 12	93.5%	69.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.6%	61.5%	88.9%	8 / 12	58.1%	79.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	36.4%	43.6%	59.3%	4 / 12	48.4%	42.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	67%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	38%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Scott J. Whitten, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	92	29	42	22	19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.7%	44.8%	26.2%	9.1%	0 / 19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.3%	37.9%	23.8%	9.1%	0 / 19
Number of retrievals	91	27	37	21	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.3%	48.1%	29.7%	9.5%	0 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.9%	40.7%	27.0%	9.5%	0 / 15
Number of transfers	84	21	28	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	64.3%	61.9%	39.3%	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	59.5%	52.4%	35.7%	2 / 8	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.2	3.8	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	67.6%	7 / 19	29.2%	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.1%	10 / 19	29.2%	1 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.1%	10 / 19	33.3%	2 / 12	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	42	23
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 2	54.8%	43.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 2	50.0%	43.5%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	205	88	80	34	70	477
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	4.5%	5.0%	5.9%	4.3%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.4%	6.8%	18.8%	8.8%	7.1%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	8.0%	3.8%	5.9%	0.0%	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.5%	0.0%	3.4%	1 / 18	10.0%	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.2%	97.7%	93.1%	18 / 18	100.0%	94.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	80.7%	79.5%	75.9%	9 / 18	52.5%	73.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	59.6%	75.0%	62.1%	12 / 18	65.0%	64.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	43%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	47%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	41%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**DARTMOUTH-HITCHCOCK MEDICAL CENTER
LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

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REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW JERSEY BASKING RIDGE, NEW JERSEY

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael R. Drews, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	1,197	731	679	315	212
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.2%	47.3%	31.5%	14.9%	8.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.2%	42.5%	28.6%	14.3%	8.0%
Number of retrievals	1,166	667	612	284	175
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.9%	51.9%	35.0%	16.5%	10.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.8%	46.6%	31.7%	15.8%	9.7%
Number of transfers	1,179	575	383	107	42
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	66.2%	60.2%	55.9%	43.9%	42.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	59.1%	54.1%	50.7%	42.1%	40.5%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.1	3.2	6.7	11.8
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.4%	48.1%	30.9%	14.4%	9.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.8%	60.3%	42.1%	19.4%	11.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	77.4%	63.7%	47.1%	21.3%	12.4%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	387	45
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1	54.0%	51.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1	50.6%	48.9%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	2,750	1,640	1,498	601	585	7,074
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.0%	5.4%	5.7%	8.2%	9.1%	5.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.7%	5.3%	6.2%	9.5%	10.1%	6.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	4.1%	6.4%	1.8%	0.9%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	0.7%	3.2%	4.4%	7.3%	2.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	99.6%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.0%	86.6%	85.5%	75.2%	48.0%	83.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	67.2%	77.5%	80.2%	74.8%	61.2%	72.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	68%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CLIFTON LOW COST IVF CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Charles Haddad, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	18	7	9	5	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	13 / 18	2 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	16	7	9	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	13 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of transfers	15	7	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	13 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	3.5	9.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	11	6	6	0	2	25
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 6		0 / 2	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 6		1 / 2	16.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 6		0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	1 / 8	2 / 5	2 / 5		0 / 1	5 / 19
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	8 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 5		0 / 1	14 / 19
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2 / 8	0 / 5	2 / 5		0 / 1	4 / 19

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Reason	Percentage
Male factor	12%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	24%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	44%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NJ BEST OB/GYN CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Fares Diarbakerli, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	4	4	2	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	4	4	2	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	4	3	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	4.0	2.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	12	1	4	1	1	19
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 12	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 19
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	2 / 19
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	4 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 1	7 / 15
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	9 / 9	1 / 1	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 1	14 / 15
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	4 / 15

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	79%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF NEW JERSEY EATONTOWN, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William Ziegler, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	99	40	39	17	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.5%	42.5%	15.4%	2 / 17	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.5%	32.5%	12.8%	2 / 17	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	91	39	38	13	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.6%	43.6%	15.8%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.5%	33.3%	13.2%	2 / 13	0 / 5
Number of transfers	117	37	30	10	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.2%	45.9%	20.0%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.3%	35.1%	16.7%	2 / 10	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.4	6.5	8.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.1%	44.8%	4 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.9%	48.3%	4 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.9%	48.3%	5 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	16	12	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	8 / 16	7 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5	8 / 16	7 / 12	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	178	98	65	25	26	392
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	6.1%	6.2%	0.0%	15.4%	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.2%	6.1%	15.4%	8.0%	7.7%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 19	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	49.6%	46.3%	25.6%	10 / 18	6 / 19	44.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	65.9%	77.6%	61.5%	11 / 18	12 / 19	67.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.6%	14.9%	10.3%	4 / 18	0 / 19	12.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY EDISON, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gregory H. Corsan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	105	51	42	24	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.6%	41.2%	14.3%	16.7%	0 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	33.3%	14.3%	16.7%	0 / 15
Number of retrievals	105	47	36	20	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.6%	44.7%	16.7%	20.0%	0 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	36.2%	16.7%	20.0%	0 / 12
Number of transfers	129	46	23	12	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.8%	45.7%	26.1%	4 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	37.0%	26.1%	4 / 12	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.4	7.0	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.5%	47.1%	20.0%	2 / 10	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.8%	52.9%	20.0%	3 / 10	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.8%	52.9%	20.0%	3 / 10	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 3	8 / 10	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 3	8 / 10	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	210	86	87	39	31	453
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.6%	4.7%	9.2%	17.9%	16.1%	9.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.4%	14.0%	14.9%	28.2%	29.0%	15.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	1 / 8	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.8%	83.7%	80.5%	10 / 14	6 / 8	83.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.7%	59.2%	56.1%	8 / 14	5 / 8	57.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	45.8%	38.8%	39.0%	6 / 14	2 / 8	42.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Philip R. Lesorgen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	19	11	10	14	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 19	7 / 11	2 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 19	7 / 11	2 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	15	11	9	7	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 15	7 / 11	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 15	7 / 11	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of transfers	18	12	9	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 18	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 18	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	6.3	1.6	5.0	14.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	0 / 7	2 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	0 / 7	2 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	0 / 7	2 / 4			0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.6	1.0			1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	1.3			1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	25	14	13	5	4	61
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 4	3.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	24.0%	2 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 4	16.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.0%	0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 18	1 / 12	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	10.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	17 / 18	11 / 12	12 / 12	3 / 4	2 / 2	93.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	8.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	2%
Tubal factor	31%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTH HUDSON IVF CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jane E. Miller, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	4	1	1	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	4	1	1	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of transfers	3	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	1 / 1			
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.0	1.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 4	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	6	5	4	1	8	24
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	2 / 8	12.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 3	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 3	2 / 2	2 / 2		3 / 3	10 / 10
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	3 / 3	2 / 2	1 / 2		3 / 3	9 / 10
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 2		3 / 3	8 / 10

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	58%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	46%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	58%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES, PC HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peter G. McGovern, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	137	70	91	69	45
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	37.2%	32.9%	12.1%	5.8%	2.2%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.7%	25.7%	12.1%	4.3%	2.2%
Number of retrievals	131	68	79	58	44
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	38.9%	33.8%	13.9%	6.9%	2.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.0%	26.5%	13.9%	5.2%	2.3%
Number of transfers	144	57	56	32	19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.4%	40.4%	19.6%	12.5%	1 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.4%	31.6%	19.6%	9.4%	1 / 19
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	3.0	8.3	17.3	45.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	34.1%	29.7%	8.2%	4.0%	1 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	41.8%	32.4%	12.2%	12.0%	1 / 13
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	41.8%	32.4%	14.3%	12.0%	1 / 13
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	4	26	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 4	38.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 4	30.8%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	187	109	124	63	58	541
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.1%	3.7%	1.6%	3.2%	12.1%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.8%	9.2%	13.7%	20.6%	19.0%	13.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.8%	2.8%	7.3%	3.2%	5.2%	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	3.4%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	74.1%	68.9%	77.0%	65.4%	58.6%	71.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.0%	82.0%	63.9%	80.8%	62.1%	77.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	51.9%	37.7%	52.5%	53.8%	24.1%	46.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHORE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE DBA MORGAN FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Allen Morgan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	45	30	24	8	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	37.8%	26.7%	12.5%	0 / 8	0 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.1%	16.7%	12.5%	0 / 8	0 / 17
Number of retrievals	40	24	18	7	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.5%	33.3%	3 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	20.8%	3 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 11
Number of transfers	35	22	16	4	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.6%	36.4%	3 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	22.7%	3 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.8	8.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	33.3%	25.0%	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	43.3%	30.0%	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	43.3%	30.0%	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	91	68	52	15	4	230
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.8%	13.2%	9.6%	5 / 15	3 / 4	13.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.7%	20.6%	15.4%	2 / 15	0 / 4	17.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.8%	60.6%	74.1%	2 / 6		71.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	23.6%	6.1%	18.5%	2 / 6		18.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.5%	6.1%	48.1%	0 / 6		19.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	29%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DELAWARE VALLEY OBGYN & INFERTILITY GROUP, PC PRINCETON IVF LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Seth G. Derman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	21	15	5	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.4%	28.6%	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.2%	19.0%	4 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	30	21	14	5	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	28.6%	5 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.7%	19.0%	4 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 4
Number of transfers	32	22	12	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.5%	27.3%	5 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	18.2%	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.5	3.0	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.5%	4 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.8%	5 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	47.8%	5 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		3 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	36	28	18	9	8	99
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	3.6%	2 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 8	5.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.1%	10.7%	9 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 8	18.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 8	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.4%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 7	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	31.0%	40.9%	0 / 5	1 / 5	2 / 7	30.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	48.3%	59.1%	4 / 5	1 / 5	5 / 7	54.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	4.5%	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 7	1.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SCIENCE SAINT BARNABAS MEDICAL CENTER LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Margaret G. Garrisi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	302	182	221	112	71
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	38.5%	24.4%	10.7%	4.2%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.7%	35.2%	22.6%	10.7%	4.2%
Number of retrievals	288	167	183	91	58
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	41.9%	29.5%	13.2%	5.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.0%	38.3%	27.3%	13.2%	5.2%
Number of transfers	338	173	141	61	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.7%	40.5%	38.3%	19.7%	11.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	37.0%	35.5%	19.7%	11.5%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.6	4.1	9.3	23.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.5%	41.2%	34.0%	12.8%	3.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.9%	47.1%	35.9%	15.4%	7.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.4%	50.0%	38.8%	20.5%	7.7%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	17	68	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 8	8 / 17	51.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 8	7 / 17	50.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	498	298	349	152	151	1,448
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	5.7%	10.9%	10.5%	15.9%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	4.4%	4.6%	11.8%	9.9%	5.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.4%	6.7%	7.4%	3.3%	0.7%	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	2.4%	1.6%	4.1%	2.4%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	65.6%	62.9%	60.9%	49.3%	52.9%	61.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.6%	78.4%	77.2%	75.3%	70.6%	77.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	34.4%	37.1%	34.8%	37.0%	30.6%	34.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	40%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DELAWARE VALLEY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY AND GENETICS MARTON, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George S. Taliadouros, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	36	23	28	4	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	39.1%	21.4%	1 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.8%	30.4%	17.9%	1 / 4	1 / 3
Number of retrievals	32	21	19	4	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.3%	42.9%	6 / 19	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.3%	33.3%	5 / 19	1 / 4	1 / 2
Number of transfers	48	26	24	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.5%	34.6%	25.0%	1 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.8%	26.9%	20.8%	1 / 3	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.6	4.7	4.0	3.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	4 / 11	4 / 16	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	5 / 11	4 / 16	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.0%	5 / 11	4 / 16	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2		3 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2		2 / 5	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	73	43	15	9	12	152
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.2%	7.0%	4 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 12	9.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	0.0%	0 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 12	3.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 12	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 10	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.3%	44.1%	4 / 10	3 / 6	7 / 10	53.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	39.0%	50.0%	2 / 10	2 / 6	4 / 10	40.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.9%	17.6%	1 / 10	1 / 6	2 / 10	14.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	28%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	44%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUTH JERSEY FERTILITY CENTER MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert A. Skaf, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	176	84	59	26	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.2%	40.5%	35.6%	11.5%	1 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.6%	31.0%	23.7%	11.5%	1 / 13
Number of retrievals	174	74	54	25	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.7%	45.9%	38.9%	12.0%	1 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	35.1%	25.9%	12.0%	1 / 12
Number of transfers	193	68	48	16	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.0%	50.0%	43.8%	3 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	38.2%	29.2%	3 / 16	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.5	2.8	8.7	13.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.0%	56.8%	35.5%	1 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.3%	68.2%	41.9%	1 / 14	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.3%	68.2%	48.4%	2 / 14	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	18	6	17	21
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	15 / 18	3 / 6	7 / 17	38.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	12 / 18	2 / 6	6 / 17	38.1%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	313	125	89	54	53	634
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	7.2%	4.5%	14.8%	11.3%	5.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.2%	9.6%	7.9%	13.0%	15.1%	10.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	3.2%	2.2%	1.9%	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.2%	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	73.0%	76.3%	64.8%	47.6%	51.6%	69.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	59.2%	62.5%	63.0%	61.9%	54.8%	60.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	25.0%	33.8%	25.9%	19.0%	9.7%	25.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	13%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	32%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	25%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DIAMOND INSTITUTE FOR INFERTILITY AND MENOPAUSE MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Matan Yemini, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	99	47	41	12	16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.5%	38.3%	36.6%	2 / 12	3 / 16
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	31.9%	31.7%	1 / 12	3 / 16
Number of retrievals	96	47	41	12	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	38.3%	36.6%	2 / 12	3 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.9%	31.9%	31.7%	1 / 12	3 / 16
Number of transfers	115	43	42	8	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	41.9%	35.7%	2 / 8	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	34.9%	31.0%	1 / 8	3 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.6	2.7	6.0	5.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.3%	35.7%	41.9%	2 / 7	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.7%	50.0%	48.4%	2 / 7	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.7%	53.6%	48.4%	2 / 7	1 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	35	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		34.3%	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		28.6%	2 / 9

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	165	80	98	44	66	453
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	5.0%	17.3%	13.6%	12.1%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.1%	8.8%	13.3%	20.5%	9.1%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	0.0%	5.7%	0 / 17	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.3%	59.3%	56.6%	11 / 17	90.9%	64.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.0%	88.9%	77.4%	14 / 17	69.7%	84.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	40.0%	27.8%	43.4%	3 / 17	27.3%	35.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	56%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	<1%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HORMONAL DISORDERS, PC MOUNT LAUREL, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jerome H. Check, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	120	74	95	65	79
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	23.0%	23.2%	6.2%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.8%	14.9%	20.0%	6.2%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	109	60	70	45	52
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.9%	28.3%	31.4%	8.9%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	18.3%	27.1%	8.9%	0.0%
Number of transfers	121	65	64	42	39
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.3%	26.2%	34.4%	9.5%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.6%	16.9%	29.7%	9.5%	0.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	4.4	4.3	16.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	39.4%	31.0%	25.0%	1 / 17	0 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.3%	31.0%	34.4%	3 / 17	0 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.1%	31.0%	40.6%	3 / 17	0 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.1	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	9	31	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	4 / 9	38.7%	4 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5	4 / 9	38.7%	4 / 13

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	178	158	172	90	159	757
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.6%	17.1%	18.6%	25.6%	23.9%	18.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.2%	7.0%	13.4%	16.7%	10.1%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	1.9%	2.9%	2.2%	3.8%	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	46.0%	47.5%	44.3%	42.9%	47.5%	45.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.3%	57.6%	54.6%	33.3%	38.8%	50.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.9%	9.1%	4.1%	7.1%	1.3%	6.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	51%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW JERSEY AND NEW YORK ORADELL, NEW JERSEY

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Zalman Levine, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	68	42	55	33	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.8%	40.5%	38.2%	6.1%	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.6%	26.2%	30.9%	6.1%	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	67	40	48	28	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.7%	42.5%	43.8%	7.1%	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.3%	27.5%	35.4%	7.1%	0 / 7
Number of transfers	65	33	37	8	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	64.6%	51.5%	56.8%	2 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.7%	33.3%	45.9%	2 / 8	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.5	2.6	16.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	71.1%	50.0%	45.8%	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	77.8%	50.0%	58.3%	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	77.8%	58.3%	66.7%	1 / 11	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.3	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	1	22	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	0 / 1	68.2%	3 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 4	0 / 1	50.0%	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	176	112	92	48	51	479
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.3%	2.7%	8.7%	8.3%	13.7%	6.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.7%	9.8%	8.7%	12.5%	3.9%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.0%	6.3%	7.6%	2.1%	7.8%	5.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	7.4%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	88.5%	86.7%	76.2%	80.0%	81.5%	84.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.5%	90.0%	90.5%	95.0%	85.2%	89.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	47.9%	53.3%	66.7%	60.0%	48.1%	53.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	43%	Diminished ovarian reserve	63%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	58%	Other, infertility	24%
Uterine factor	38%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VALLEY HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER PARAMUS, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ali Nasser, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	82	69	59	20	19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.3%	27.5%	11.9%	10.0%	1 / 19
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.2%	23.2%	10.2%	10.0%	1 / 19
Number of retrievals	80	65	55	18	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.5%	29.2%	12.7%	2 / 18	1 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	24.6%	10.9%	2 / 18	1 / 16
Number of transfers	68	50	30	13	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.9%	38.0%	23.3%	2 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.5%	32.0%	20.0%	2 / 13	1 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.6	8.4	10.0	19.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.1%	25.7%	0.0%	1 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.6%	31.4%	7.7%	2 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.6%	34.3%	15.4%	2 / 10	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	157	108	101	57	37	460
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.4%	3.7%	12.9%	8.8%	8.1%	7.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.2%	12.0%	11.9%	19.3%	32.4%	13.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	2.8%	2.0%	1.8%	5.4%	2.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.7%	1.6%	7.0%	21.2%	0 / 16	6.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	65.9%	63.5%	56.1%	36.4%	4 / 16	56.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	50.6%	39.7%	52.6%	39.4%	7 / 16	46.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	52.9%	47.6%	43.9%	27.3%	1 / 16	43.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DAMIEN FERTILITY PARTNERS SHREWSBURY, NEW JERSEY

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Miguel Damien, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	105	47	65	23	21
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.7%	42.6%	21.5%	17.4%	9.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.6%	36.2%	20.0%	13.0%	9.5%
Number of retrievals	103	44	60	22	17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.0%	45.5%	23.3%	18.2%	2 / 17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.5%	38.6%	21.7%	13.6%	2 / 17
Number of transfers	103	41	43	14	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	67.0%	48.8%	32.6%	4 / 14	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	49.5%	41.5%	30.2%	3 / 14	2 / 9
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.4	4.6	5.8	10.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	66.2%	48.1%	25.7%	2 / 13	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.4%	55.6%	31.4%	2 / 13	1 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.7%	59.3%	34.3%	3 / 13	1 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	25	17	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	56.0%	8 / 17	4 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	44.0%	5 / 17	3 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	175	116	101	53	55	500
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.0%	1.7%	5.0%	3.8%	7.3%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.4%	13.8%	10.9%	24.5%	18.2%	14.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	2.6%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.1%	58.3%	52.9%	42.9%	23.5%	55.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	46.0%	45.8%	54.4%	78.6%	61.8%	52.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	27.4%	29.2%	30.9%	25.0%	0.0%	25.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	20%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	37%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	26%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY
LOUIS R. MANARA, DO
VOORHEES, NEW JERSEY**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Louis R. Manara, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	47	28	16	14	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.6%	53.6%	7 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.4%	42.9%	6 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	43	24	13	9	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.5%	62.5%	7 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	50.0%	6 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Number of transfers	58	34	14	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	34.5%	44.1%	7 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	35.3%	6 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	1.9	2.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.0%	14 / 19	5 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	14 / 19	6 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.0%	14 / 19	6 / 8	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5		1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5		1 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	128	52	27	13	16	236
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.3%	1.9%	7.4%	3 / 13	3 / 16	5.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	21.1%	15.4%	22.2%	3 / 13	1 / 16	19.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	0 / 13	0 / 16	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.3%	83.8%	11 / 16	3 / 6	5 / 11	81.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.8%	62.2%	14 / 16	4 / 6	9 / 11	72.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.6%	10.8%	0 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 11	5.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	31%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CAPERTON FERTILITY INSTITUTE, LLC ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Charles L. Caperton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	14	6	10	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	19	14	6	10	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	10 / 19	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 19	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 10	0 / 3
Number of transfers	24	5	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	2 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	2 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	7.0		10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	8 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	8 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	8 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	13	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			6 / 13	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			5 / 13	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	149	91	75	21	19	355
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	4.4%	12.0%	14.3%	1 / 19	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.7%	2.2%	1.3%	0.0%	3 / 19	3.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.7%	3.3%	5.3%	4.8%	1 / 19	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	7.1%	0.0%	1 / 8	0 / 7	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	8 / 8	7 / 7	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.2%	92.9%	91.3%	8 / 8	7 / 7	93.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	92.2%	96.4%	91.3%	8 / 8	7 / 7	93.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	52%	Egg or embryo banking	62%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	79%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF NEW MEXICO, LLC ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Douglas J. Thompson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	19	12	14	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.5%	7 / 19	8 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	5 / 19	6 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	32	17	10	11	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	7 / 17	8 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.4%	5 / 17	6 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 4
Number of transfers	30	14	9	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.3%	7 / 14	8 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.7%	5 / 14	6 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.7	1.5	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.2%	5 / 11	7 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	6 / 11	7 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	6 / 11	7 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	10	16
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	5 / 10	5 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	2 / 10	4 / 16

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	82	58	43	16	13	212
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.2%	1.7%	4.7%	2 / 16	0 / 13	2.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.3%	13.8%	7.0%	0 / 16	0 / 13	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1.7%	2.3%	0 / 16	0 / 13	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.3%	7.7%	5.0%	1 / 8	2 / 9	7.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.3%	100.0%	90.0%	7 / 8	8 / 9	92.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.3%	76.9%	70.0%	3 / 8	4 / 9	70.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	65.2%	76.9%	60.0%	6 / 8	5 / 9	67.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	61%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	46%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	68%
Uterine factor	23%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	65%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GENESIS FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard V. Grazi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	132	93	105	52	66
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.9%	34.4%	10.5%	5.8%	3.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.4%	34.4%	8.6%	3.8%	3.0%
Number of retrievals	122	73	82	44	55
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.5%	43.8%	13.4%	6.8%	3.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	43.8%	11.0%	4.5%	3.6%
Number of transfers	154	74	64	31	31
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.7%	43.2%	17.2%	9.7%	6.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.8%	43.2%	14.1%	6.5%	6.5%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.9	9.5	17.3	33.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.6%	48.9%	12.5%	2 / 15	2 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.9%	60.0%	15.0%	2 / 15	2 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.3%	60.0%	15.0%	2 / 15	2 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	18	20	29	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 18	40.0%	41.4%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	10 / 18	35.0%	37.9%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	282	156	205	71	140	854
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.9%	14.7%	14.1%	22.5%	18.6%	14.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.3%	9.6%	12.2%	9.9%	7.9%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.5%	3.2%	5.4%	2.8%	0.7%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	66.9%	68.9%	60.6%	34.3%	55.0%	61.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	68.6%	63.3%	59.6%	48.6%	68.8%	64.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.9%	17.8%	20.2%	28.6%	8.8%	19.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

KOFINAS FERTILITY GROUP BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George D. Kofinas, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	72	62	61	64	69
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.4%	35.5%	21.3%	20.3%	2.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	30.6%	18.0%	20.3%	2.9%
Number of retrievals	71	61	60	59	67
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.1%	36.1%	21.7%	22.0%	3.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.0%	31.1%	18.3%	22.0%	3.0%
Number of transfers	67	45	45	38	24
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.2%	48.9%	28.9%	34.2%	8.3%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.3%	42.2%	24.4%	34.2%	8.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.8	4.7	4.9	34.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.1%	38.2%	25.9%	21.4%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.4%	47.1%	29.6%	32.1%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.0%	50.0%	33.3%	32.1%	3.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	51	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		43.1%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		33.3%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	194	105	113	75	176	663
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	1.7%	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.1%	11.4%	9.7%	30.7%	31.8%	16.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	23.2%	30.5%	33.6%	34.7%	17.0%	25.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.7%	94.9%	83.7%	13 / 18	69.6%	84.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.6%	97.4%	97.7%	17 / 18	88.4%	93.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	75.8%	79.5%	69.8%	8 / 18	47.8%	65.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	46%
Endometriosis	43%	Egg or embryo banking	60%
Tubal factor	34%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	18%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INFERTILITY & IVF MEDICAL ASSOCIATES OF WESTERN NEW YORK, PLLC DBA BUFFALO IVF BUFFALO, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Adam M. Griffin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	195	107	94	44	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.4%	27.1%	10.6%	6.8%	0 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.6%	24.3%	9.6%	6.8%	0 / 15
Number of retrievals	178	81	70	30	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.9%	35.8%	14.3%	10.0%	0 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.0%	32.1%	12.9%	10.0%	0 / 9
Number of transfers	209	92	67	31	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	34.0%	31.5%	14.9%	9.7%	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	23.0%	28.3%	13.4%	9.7%	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	3.7	9.4	14.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	39.8%	26.7%	12.1%	2 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.1%	35.6%	12.1%	2 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.1%	37.8%	12.1%	2 / 16	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	17	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 5	10 / 17	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	5 / 17	0 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	307	129	94	59	24	613
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.8%	11.6%	19.1%	27.1%	25.0%	13.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	8.5%	9.6%	13.6%	20.8%	8.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	3.9%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.4%	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1 / 12	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	37.9%	25.6%	37.0%	21.4%	2 / 12	33.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.1%	86.7%	87.0%	89.3%	11 / 12	89.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.7%	2.2%	7.4%	7.1%	0 / 12	3.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HUDSON VALLEY FERTILITY, PLLC FISHKILL, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel W. Levine, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	63	30	41	20	26
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	33.3%	14.6%	10.0%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.6%	20.0%	9.8%	10.0%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	60	27	39	17	22
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	35.0%	37.0%	15.4%	2 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	21.7%	22.2%	10.3%	2 / 17	0.0%
Number of transfers	70	31	40	11	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	30.0%	32.3%	15.0%	2 / 11	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	18.6%	19.4%	10.0%	2 / 11	0 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	3.0	6.8	10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.2%	6 / 15	16.0%	1 / 7	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.2%	7 / 15	20.0%	1 / 7	0 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.2%	7 / 15	20.0%	1 / 7	0 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	142	81	103	54	51	431
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.6%	6.2%	10.7%	16.7%	11.8%	9.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	8.6%	14.6%	13.0%	17.6%	10.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.1%	0.0%	2.9%	1.9%	0.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 17	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.7%	92.1%	90.9%	14 / 15	13 / 17	90.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.3%	94.7%	81.8%	14 / 15	14 / 17	89.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.9%	13.2%	12.1%	1 / 15	4 / 17	21.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	38%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE NEW YORK FERTILITY CENTER FLUSHING, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Tony Tsai, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	97	49	47	34	68
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	18.6%	18.4%	6.4%	5.9%	1.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.4%	14.3%	6.4%	5.9%	1.5%
Number of retrievals	93	46	36	30	42
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	19.4%	19.6%	8.3%	6.7%	2.4%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.9%	15.2%	8.3%	6.7%	2.4%
Number of transfers	81	49	36	26	30
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	22.2%	18.4%	8.3%	7.7%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	14.8%	14.3%	8.3%	7.7%	3.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.4	5.4	15.7	17.0	68.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	20	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			20.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			5.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	104	74	53	33	69	333
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	0.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	24.0%	24.3%	13.2%	18.2%	33.3%	23.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	27.8%	36.0%	36.4%	15.4%	50.0%	33.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.3%	8.0%	4.5%	0.0%	4.5%	5.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	7%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	48%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MONTEFIORE'S INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND HEALTH HARTSDALE, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Harry J. Lieman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	46	22	41	21	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.8%	63.6%	22.0%	0.0%	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	54.5%	22.0%	0.0%	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	41	20	36	14	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	70.0%	25.0%	0 / 14	1 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.3%	60.0%	25.0%	0 / 14	1 / 12
Number of transfers	43	25	29	12	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.2%	56.0%	31.0%	0 / 12	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	48.0%	31.0%	0 / 12	1 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	1.6	4.6		17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.6%	6 / 11	22.2%	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.6%	6 / 11	25.9%	0 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.6%	6 / 11	25.9%	0 / 10	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 7		1 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 7		1 / 6	1 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	69	59	57	41	37	263
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.2%	10.2%	8.8%	17.1%	8.1%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.5%	20.3%	17.5%	19.5%	13.5%	17.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.1%	3.4%	10.5%	2.4%	2.7%	6.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.2%	58.1%	42.4%	57.1%	60.9%	53.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	58.1%	61.3%	66.7%	66.7%	60.9%	62.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.3%	9.7%	6.1%	9.5%	13.0%	9.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	27%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	15%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BOSTON IVF, THE ALBANY CENTER LOUDONVILLE, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Steven Bayer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	75	38	42	12	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.3%	42.1%	26.2%	1 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	39.5%	21.4%	1 / 12	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	74	36	38	10	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.9%	44.4%	28.9%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.2%	41.7%	23.7%	1 / 10	0 / 3
Number of transfers	90	48	36	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	34.4%	33.3%	30.6%	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.2%	31.3%	25.0%	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	2.4	3.8	12.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	41.8%	33.3%	5 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.5%	47.6%	5 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.5%	47.6%	6 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.1	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			3 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	272	127	112	49	13	573
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.0%	7.1%	5.4%	10.2%	2 / 13	7.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.7%	14.2%	21.4%	26.5%	1 / 13	16.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.4%	54.2%	48.3%	43.5%	3 / 5	51.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	35.2%	34.7%	33.3%	8.7%	1 / 5	32.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.1%	19.4%	23.3%	17.4%	1 / 5	17.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTHWELL HEALTH FERTILITY MANHASSET, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christine M. Mullin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	294	190	194	114	67
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.3%	33.7%	21.6%	14.9%	4.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.9%	25.8%	19.6%	13.2%	4.5%
Number of retrievals	271	173	154	91	55
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.4%	37.0%	27.3%	18.7%	5.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.5%	28.3%	24.7%	16.5%	5.5%
Number of transfers	317	178	132	55	29
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.8%	36.0%	31.8%	30.9%	10.3%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.7%	27.5%	28.8%	27.3%	10.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.0	4.6	6.7	22.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.2%	38.0%	24.5%	16.7%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.6%	45.4%	33.0%	18.5%	4.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.5%	45.4%	34.0%	22.2%	4.5%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	29	4	61	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.3%	2 / 4	52.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.9%	1 / 4	49.2%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	583	426	411	183	168	1,771
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.5%	7.0%	10.7%	16.4%	11.9%	9.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.3%	3.8%	3.2%	5.5%	7.7%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.2%	8.7%	5.6%	0.0%	1.2%	5.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	1.3%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	79.9%	83.9%	88.1%	79.3%	62.0%	81.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.6%	90.6%	89.2%	87.8%	87.3%	91.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	53.0%	53.1%	63.2%	53.7%	24.1%	52.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

LONG ISLAND IVF MELVILLE, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Daniel Kenigsberg, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	270	173	174	103	76
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.5%	30.6%	21.8%	13.6%	1.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	27.7%	17.2%	13.6%	1.3%
Number of retrievals	257	162	161	94	65
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.6%	32.7%	23.6%	14.9%	1.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	29.6%	18.6%	14.9%	1.5%
Number of transfers	309	149	140	70	42
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.2%	35.6%	27.1%	20.0%	2.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.1%	32.2%	21.4%	20.0%	2.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.3	4.6	7.4	76.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	38.1%	34.4%	18.4%	7.8%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.1%	40.6%	24.1%	13.7%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.1%	43.8%	26.4%	19.6%	0.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	15	47	50	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 15	42.6%	34.0%	7 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	34.0%	28.0%	6 / 13

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	438	284	286	162	180	1,350
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.7%	9.9%	11.2%	13.6%	18.9%	10.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	6.3%	8.7%	8.0%	11.7%	8.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.1%	1.8%	1.0%	0.6%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	4.8%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.8%	63.0%	50.9%	55.4%	45.7%	55.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.3%	88.4%	83.0%	87.0%	69.5%	83.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.3%	27.1%	18.2%	18.5%	5.7%	17.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS OF NEW YORK MINEOLA, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Maria Saketos, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	254	172	194	121	160
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.3%	32.6%	21.6%	9.9%	3.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.1%	26.2%	16.0%	9.9%	3.8%
Number of retrievals	251	159	175	109	146
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.8%	35.2%	24.0%	11.0%	4.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.5%	28.3%	17.7%	11.0%	4.1%
Number of transfers	299	160	124	71	56
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.1%	35.0%	33.9%	16.9%	10.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.4%	28.1%	25.0%	16.9%	10.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.1	4.6	10.1	26.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.1%	38.1%	22.6%	10.0%	7.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.0%	41.7%	33.3%	10.0%	7.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.9%	44.0%	34.5%	12.5%	9.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	10	37	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 8	4 / 10	45.9%	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 8	4 / 10	43.2%	0 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	455	357	291	177	191	1,471
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.5%	10.4%	8.2%	11.9%	19.4%	9.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	9.5%	16.5%	27.1%	18.8%	13.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.2%	4.8%	3.1%	2.8%	0.5%	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.9%	61.2%	53.0%	55.0%	47.4%	58.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.2%	61.6%	62.9%	70.0%	55.8%	60.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.2%	15.1%	23.8%	23.3%	12.6%	18.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	65%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	19%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	24%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WESTCHESTER REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOUNT KISCO, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Rachel A. Bennett, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	11	5	1	11	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 11	2 / 5	1 / 1	2 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 1	2 / 11	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	11	4	1	7	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 1	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 1	2 / 7	0 / 3
Number of transfers	13	5	2	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	2.5	1.0	5.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.5	2.0	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	11	6	3	6	4	30
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 6	1 / 4	6.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 4	10.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	2 / 6	3 / 5	2 / 2	4 / 5	1 / 1	12 / 19
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 6	5 / 5	2 / 2	3 / 5	1 / 1	16 / 19
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 1	6 / 19

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	20%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED FERTILITY SERVICES, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Hugh D. Melnick, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	5	7	3	3	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	5	5	3	3	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 4
Number of transfers	5	4	2	1	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	5.0				
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.3	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	15	10	7	4	9	45
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 4	3 / 9	13.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 9	4.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 5	28.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	9 / 9	8 / 8	4 / 4	2 / 2	5 / 5	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	11%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	27%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	13%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	31%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	16%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	38%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CCRM NEW YORK NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Janet M. Choi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	19	15	26	18	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 19	1 / 15	3.8%	2 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 19	0 / 15	3.8%	2 / 18	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	16	14	20	16	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 16	1 / 14	5.0%	2 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	1 / 16	0 / 14	5.0%	2 / 16	0 / 5
Number of transfers	9	3	2	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	9.5	15.0	26.0	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	0 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.1	2.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	22	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 2	54.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 2	54.5%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	298	192	238	96	118	942
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.7%	2.1%	2.5%	8.3%	8.5%	3.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.7%	8.9%	10.1%	27.1%	22.0%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	33.6%	32.8%	31.1%	13.5%	2.5%	26.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.1%	1.8%	0.0%	0 / 15	0.0%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.9%	96.4%	96.5%	14 / 15	87.5%	95.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.4%	80.4%	80.7%	10 / 15	87.5%	83.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	94.7%	98.2%	89.5%	14 / 15	83.3%	93.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	69%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	10%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (CHR) NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Norbert Gleicher, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	50	34	86	68	188
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	24.0%	8.8%	5.8%	5.9%	2.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	5.9%	5.8%	5.9%	2.7%
Number of retrievals	40	33	59	52	140
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	30.0%	9.1%	8.5%	7.7%	3.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	6.1%	8.5%	7.7%	3.6%
Number of transfers	44	31	41	42	100
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	27.3%	9.7%	12.2%	9.5%	5.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	22.7%	6.5%	12.2%	9.5%	5.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.2	11.3	17.2	17.0	37.6
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 19	0 / 8	0.0%	1 / 10	4.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 19	0 / 8	8.7%	1 / 10	6.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 19	1 / 8	8.7%	1 / 10	6.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	29	16	66	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.8%	2 / 16	22.7%	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.0%	2 / 16	19.7%	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	62	60	86	74	293	575
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.5%	8.3%	9.3%	8.1%	10.2%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.7%	6.7%	24.4%	16.2%	13.3%	14.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	10.0%	1.2%	8.1%	6.8%	6.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	4.7%	5.6%	0.0%	5.1%	3.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	38.0%	37.2%	20.4%	22.2%	38.8%	34.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.0%	90.7%	87.0%	91.1%	81.6%	85.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.0%	9.3%	9.3%	6.7%	8.2%	9.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	83%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CHELSEA FERTILITY NYC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Paul Gindoff, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	19	23	13	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	8 / 19	21.7%	1 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.4%	8 / 19	21.7%	1 / 13	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	32	18	21	11	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.9%	8 / 18	23.8%	1 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	8 / 18	23.8%	1 / 11	0 / 7
Number of transfers	32	17	14	6	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.9%	8 / 17	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	8 / 17	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.4	4.6	13.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	34.8%	5 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	52.2%	7 / 11	4 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.2%	8 / 11	4 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	14	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			8 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			8 / 14	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	86	45	66	15	24	236
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	2.2%	0.0%	1 / 15	0.0%	2.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.5%	6.7%	12.1%	3 / 15	25.0%	12.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.1%	31.1%	15.2%	0 / 15	25.0%	15.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.9%	71.4%	76.9%	3 / 5	6 / 8	75.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.1%	85.7%	84.6%	4 / 5	5 / 8	85.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	57.9%	42.9%	46.2%	3 / 5	5 / 8	52.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Eric J. Forman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	193	204	271	153	103
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	32.1%	20.1%	14.8%	7.8%	1.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.1%	19.1%	14.0%	7.8%	1.0%
Number of retrievals	175	179	215	129	63
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	35.4%	22.9%	18.6%	9.3%	1.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.1%	21.8%	17.7%	9.3%	1.6%
Number of transfers	188	151	129	50	27
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	33.0%	27.2%	31.0%	24.0%	3.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.9%	25.8%	29.5%	24.0%	3.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.1	5.0	6.8	12.8	103.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	35.2%	20.3%	17.3%	7.0%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	40.7%	26.3%	22.8%	10.5%	2.5%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.6%	28.0%	24.4%	12.3%	2.5%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	23	0	51	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.8%		49.0%	7 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.5%		43.1%	5 / 17

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	229	245	274	212	190	1,150
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.2%	5.3%	16.1%	19.8%	18.9%	12.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	12.7%	13.9%	13.7%	15.8%	13.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.4%	10.2%	3.6%	5.2%	0.5%	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.8%	63.4%	64.9%	61.5%	63.2%	64.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.0%	71.8%	79.3%	82.1%	58.9%	73.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10.5%	14.8%	22.5%	20.5%	4.2%	14.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	58%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	23%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

EXTEND FERTILITY-EXPECT FERTILITY NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Joshua U. Klein, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	211	290	159	30	26	716
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	4.5%	10.7%	16.7%	26.9%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.5%	1.4%	1.9%	3.3%	3.8%	1.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	83.9%	91.4%	85.5%	80.0%	69.2%	86.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			0 / 13
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	9 / 9	3 / 3	1 / 1			13 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	9 / 9	3 / 3	1 / 1			13 / 13
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9 / 9	2 / 3	1 / 1			12 / 13

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	98%
Tubal factor	<1%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GENERATION NEXT FERTILITY, PLLC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Janelle Luk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.				
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.				
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			2 / 5	0 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	64	73	70	117	383
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	4.7%	1.4%	10.0%	12.8%	7.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	18.8%	19.2%	21.4%	27.4%	20.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.9%	66.7%	55.2%	56.5%	53.6%	59.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.9%	87.5%	89.7%	73.9%	89.3%	86.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.7%	25.0%	17.2%	21.7%	3.6%	16.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	56%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**GLOBAL FERTILITY & GENETICS, NY
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LIBERA MEDICAL, PLLC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Drew V. Tortoriello, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	173	152	178	114	79
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.7%	33.6%	14.6%	6.1%	2.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	32.9%	14.6%	6.1%	2.5%
Number of retrievals	159	145	152	98	51
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.1%	35.2%	17.1%	7.1%	3.9%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	34.5%	17.1%	7.1%	3.9%
Number of transfers	155	138	106	54	27
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.2%	37.0%	24.5%	13.0%	7.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.2%	36.2%	24.5%	13.0%	7.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.0	6.8	16.3	39.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.4%	35.6%	13.6%	4.0%	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.5%	44.1%	18.2%	4.0%	2 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.0%	47.5%	20.5%	4.0%	2 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	1	28	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	0 / 1	57.1%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	0 / 1	57.1%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	238	326	368	160	169	1,261
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.7%	12.0%	16.0%	16.9%	21.3%	14.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.3%	7.4%	10.1%	16.9%	13.0%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.6%	3.7%	2.2%	0.6%	2.4%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	69.9%	81.8%	73.5%	50.0%	56.9%	69.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.3%	89.4%	91.8%	85.5%	78.5%	90.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	34.5%	45.5%	32.7%	17.7%	15.4%	32.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	16%	Diminished ovarian reserve	48%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	47%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	26%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ANDREW LOUCOPOULOS, MD, PhD NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Andrew L. Loucopoulos, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	9	6	8	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	9	6	8	1	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of transfers	9	4	3	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5		8.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	2.0	2.0		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.5		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	15	13	9	3	7	47
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 7	19.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 15	3 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 7	14.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	7 / 7	3 / 3		1 / 2	3 / 3	14 / 15
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	6 / 7	3 / 3		2 / 2	3 / 3	14 / 15
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2 / 7	2 / 3		0 / 2	1 / 3	5 / 15

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	66%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	83%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	13%
PGT	19%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MANHATTAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Hanna Jesionowska, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	5	3	12	0	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 5	1 / 3	5 / 12		0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	0 / 5	1 / 3	4 / 12		0 / 3
Number of retrievals	4	3	11	0	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 4	1 / 3	5 / 11		0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	0 / 4	1 / 3	4 / 11		0 / 2
Number of transfers	4	3	11	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 4	1 / 3	5 / 11		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 4	1 / 3	4 / 11		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	3.0	2.4		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 3		0 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 3		0 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 3		0 / 2		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0		1.0		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0		1.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	15	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 15		4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	9 / 15		2 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	14	8	8	3	16	49
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 16	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 16	4.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 16	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	4 / 16	8.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	5 / 16	17.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	13 / 13	7 / 7	7 / 7	2 / 2	16 / 16	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 16	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	59%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	41%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	14%
Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	33%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	6%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

METROPOLITAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Susan Lobel, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	6	5	0	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7	4 / 6	2 / 5		0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	4 / 6	1 / 5		0 / 11
Number of retrievals	7	6	5	0	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7	4 / 6	2 / 5		0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	4 / 6	1 / 5		0 / 11
Number of transfers	11	11	5	0	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 11	4 / 11	2 / 5		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 11	4 / 11	1 / 5		0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.5	2.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 5	1 / 2			
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 5	2 / 2			
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 5	2 / 2			
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.5			
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.8	2.0			

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		0 / 5	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	38	19	8	2	7	74
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.9%	3 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 7	8.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.3%	1 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 7	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.2%	4 / 19	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 7	17.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.9%	8 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 2	4 / 7	62.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	52.2%	9 / 10	3 / 3	2 / 2	5 / 7	68.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	21.7%	5 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 7	22.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	26%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NEW HOPE FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John Zhang, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	340	289	534	480	1,067
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	37.9%	24.9%	14.4%	4.4%	1.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.5%	22.1%	12.9%	4.2%	1.0%
Number of retrievals	326	266	487	437	861
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.6%	27.1%	15.8%	4.8%	1.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	24.1%	14.2%	4.6%	1.3%
Number of transfers	242	125	157	76	130
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.3%	57.6%	49.0%	27.6%	8.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	51.2%	43.9%	26.3%	8.5%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	4.0	6.9	22.9	97.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.1%	25.2%	14.2%	6.8%	0.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.4%	35.1%	28.3%	8.2%	1.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.5%	41.4%	32.7%	15.1%	1.3%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.6	1.7	2.4	2.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	10	182	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	3 / 10	39.6%	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	3 / 10	36.3%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	822	527	997	766	1,942	5,054
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	5.5%	6.4%	7.8%	10.7%	7.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.9%	13.1%	22.9%	29.2%	42.0%	27.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.4%	10.4%	9.0%	7.4%	8.3%	8.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	3.2%	4.4%	2.0%	7.6%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.9%	94.6%	96.5%	94.8%	88.9%	92.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.6%	61.8%	55.9%	47.7%	51.3%	54.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	66.0%	71.5%	69.6%	76.5%	44.5%	62.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	9%	Diminished ovarian reserve	67%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Majid Fateh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	22	16	16	2	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	13.6%	1 / 16	3 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	13.6%	1 / 16	3 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	22	16	15	2	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	13.6%	1 / 16	3 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	13.6%	1 / 16	3 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 7
Number of transfers	21	3	9	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	14.3%	1 / 3	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	14.3%	1 / 3	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	7.3	16.0	5.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 5		0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.6	1.7	1.0		1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.4	0.6		0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	16	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 16	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	42	37	18	11	34	142
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.8%	2.7%	0 / 18	0 / 11	20.6%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.4%	21.6%	11 / 18	2 / 11	2.9%	16.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	31.0%	21.6%	1 / 18	2 / 11	0.0%	16.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 4	6 / 16	23.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	16 / 17	9 / 10	5 / 5	3 / 4	13 / 16	88.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	11 / 17	8 / 10	5 / 5	3 / 4	13 / 16	76.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15 / 17	6 / 10	4 / 5	3 / 4	6 / 16	65.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	56%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	60%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Joel H. Batzofin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	25	26	27	9	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	12.0%	11.5%	11.1%	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.0%	7.7%	11.1%	0 / 9	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	25	26	27	7	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	12.0%	11.5%	11.1%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	12.0%	7.7%	11.1%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Number of transfers	21	30	18	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	14.3%	10.0%	3 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	14.3%	6.7%	3 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	8.3	8.7	9.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 19	1 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 19	2 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 19	2 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	11	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	40	36	39	16	22	153
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	5.1%	1 / 16	4.5%	2.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.0%	8.3%	7.7%	4 / 16	13.6%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.0%	16.7%	17.9%	2 / 16	0.0%	12.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	9.1%	0 / 19	0 / 7	7 / 17	10.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.5%	54.5%	11 / 19	2 / 7	10 / 17	51.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.7%	95.5%	17 / 19	6 / 7	13 / 17	83.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.6%	9.1%	6 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 17	14.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	14%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE MEDICAL SERVICES, PC
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

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DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ralf Zimmermann, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	144	101	103	97	189
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.9%	24.8%	19.4%	4.1%	1.6%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.7%	19.8%	17.5%	3.1%	1.6%
Number of retrievals	142	98	103	91	184
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.4%	25.5%	19.4%	4.4%	1.6%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	20.4%	17.5%	3.3%	1.6%
Number of transfers	147	70	58	43	58
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.1%	35.7%	34.5%	9.3%	5.2%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	28.6%	31.0%	7.0%	5.2%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	4.0	5.2	24.3	63.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.4%	29.6%	15.7%	6.1%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.7%	35.2%	21.6%	6.1%	2.6%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.2%	37.0%	31.4%	9.1%	2.6%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	2.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 2		1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	69	69	68	57	113	376
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.4%	1.4%	4.4%	3.5%	4.4%	3.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.1%	10.1%	14.7%	15.8%	35.4%	19.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.7%	7.2%	11.8%	3.5%	0.9%	5.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.3%	57.1%	50.0%	46.9%	55.1%	55.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	81.6%	89.8%	71.9%	62.5%	77.6%	78.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.5%	24.5%	21.9%	15.6%	4.1%	18.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	51%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peter L. Chang, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	59	21	26	14	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.1%	28.6%	23.1%	0 / 14	1 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	28.6%	15.4%	0 / 14	1 / 7
Number of retrievals	48	20	22	10	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	30.0%	27.3%	0 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	30.0%	18.2%	0 / 10	1 / 3
Number of transfers	61	30	20	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.6%	20.0%	30.0%	0 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	20.0%	20.0%	0 / 9	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.5	4.3		7.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.8%	5 / 14	4 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.1%	6 / 14	4 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.5%	6 / 14	4 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.5	0.9	0.6	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	18	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3		8 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 3		8 / 18	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	111	38	63	8	14	234
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.7%	2.6%	6.3%	2 / 8	0 / 14	4.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	30.6%	21.1%	12.7%	3 / 8	2 / 14	23.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	2.6%	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 14	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 3	0 / 12	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.3%	71.4%	41.2%	1 / 3	8 / 12	56.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.4%	53.6%	68.6%	3 / 3	11 / 12	66.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.4%	7.1%	0.0%	1 / 3	1 / 12	3.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	<1%
Tubal factor	24%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James A. Grifo, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	296	279	417	224	141
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.9%	34.4%	24.0%	10.3%	7.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	34.1%	23.5%	10.3%	7.8%
Number of retrievals	273	247	351	177	118
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.8%	38.9%	28.5%	13.0%	9.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.1%	38.5%	27.9%	13.0%	9.3%
Number of transfers	252	174	209	61	35
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.0%	55.2%	47.8%	37.7%	31.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.2%	54.6%	46.9%	37.7%	31.4%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.9	4.2	9.7	12.8
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.2%	35.4%	23.6%	8.6%	9.4%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.7%	44.3%	30.3%	13.6%	11.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.3%	46.8%	32.8%	16.0%	11.3%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	23	78	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 9	52.2%	43.6%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 9	47.8%	43.6%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	804	738	743	410	362	3,057
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.5%	8.3%	10.2%	16.1%	13.8%	9.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.2%	3.4%	3.8%	7.6%	8.3%	4.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	26.6%	33.6%	26.8%	15.9%	3.9%	24.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	2.9%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	84.3%	80.8%	89.7%	77.0%	65.8%	80.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	38.5%	38.8%	29.2%	30.4%	35.2%	35.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	69.5%	69.0%	75.5%	61.5%	50.0%	66.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	11%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Cecilia Schmidt-Sarosi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	15	24	10	6	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 15	16.7%	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 15	12.5%	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	14	23	10	5	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 14	17.4%	0 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 14	13.0%	0 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 6
Number of transfers	15	16	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 15	4 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 15	3 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.8	6.0		6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1	1 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	24	28	14	14	14	94
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	3.6%	3 / 14	1 / 14	5 / 14	12.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	10.7%	1 / 14	2 / 14	6 / 14	13.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.3%	17.9%	1 / 14	4 / 14	1 / 14	13.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	11 / 13	12 / 13	5 / 7	5 / 7	2 / 2	83.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	10 / 13	9 / 13	5 / 7	3 / 7	0 / 2	64.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9 / 13	10 / 13	2 / 7	4 / 7	0 / 2	59.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	62%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	15%
Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	21%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW YORK, LLP

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lawrence Grunfeld, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	700	532	625	353	272
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.4%	41.2%	26.4%	12.5%	3.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.0%	37.0%	24.8%	11.0%	3.3%
Number of retrievals	659	501	570	305	207
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.9%	43.7%	28.9%	14.4%	4.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	39.3%	27.2%	12.8%	4.3%
Number of transfers	752	452	400	136	59
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.5%	48.5%	41.3%	32.4%	16.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	49.3%	43.6%	38.8%	28.7%	15.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.4	3.8	8.0	27.2
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	62.1%	45.9%	29.5%	10.0%	6.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.2%	52.9%	37.7%	16.4%	7.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.3%	54.1%	40.9%	17.9%	8.0%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	46	47	222	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.8%	51.1%	41.4%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	46.8%	38.7%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,625	1,379	1,297	726	606	5,633
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.4%	7.3%	9.0%	13.2%	13.9%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.5%	6.5%	9.9%	16.0%	18.3%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.1%	13.4%	7.4%	3.9%	2.5%	8.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.4%	86.0%	84.8%	80.5%	66.8%	81.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.9%	85.3%	84.2%	81.3%	65.7%	82.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	69.1%	75.1%	71.7%	64.5%	38.1%	67.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	47%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	22%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TRUENORTH FERTILITY NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael Guarnaccia, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	8	0	5	1	0	14
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 8		0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 14
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 8		1 / 5	0 / 1		1 / 14
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2 / 8		0 / 5	0 / 1		2 / 14
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 9
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 9
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 6		2 / 2	1 / 1		8 / 9
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 9

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	14%
PGT	14%	Unexplained	29%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WEILL CORNELL MEDICINE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Zev Rosenwaks, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	858	622	805	525	481
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.8%	35.2%	24.7%	14.5%	4.2%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	29.3%	21.5%	12.4%	4.2%
Number of retrievals	779	532	697	435	376
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.3%	41.2%	28.6%	17.5%	5.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.2%	34.2%	24.8%	14.9%	5.3%
Number of transfers	845	566	625	348	297
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.4%	38.7%	31.8%	21.8%	6.7%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.9%	32.2%	27.7%	18.7%	6.7%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.8	4.0	6.9	24.1
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.9%	39.6%	25.4%	13.3%	7.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.4%	49.2%	33.3%	20.7%	10.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.3%	52.0%	36.9%	22.2%	10.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	69	61	148	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.5%	54.1%	42.6%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.4%	45.9%	41.9%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,508	1,228	1,310	771	973	5,790
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.7%	9.1%	11.8%	14.0%	17.9%	11.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.4%	2.4%	3.2%	4.7%	6.5%	4.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	14.2%	14.8%	13.1%	6.7%	3.5%	11.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.2%	0.3%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	50.6%	50.5%	44.2%	38.4%	36.9%	45.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.5%	85.4%	85.0%	86.5%	86.0%	85.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	19.7%	21.4%	23.6%	18.8%	13.8%	19.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	59%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	32%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	12%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WESTMED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES PURCHASE, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Martin D. Keltz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	37	32	22	13	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	78.4%	50.0%	50.0%	3 / 13	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	67.6%	43.8%	36.4%	3 / 13	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	37	32	21	13	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	78.4%	50.0%	52.4%	3 / 13	1 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	67.6%	43.8%	38.1%	3 / 13	1 / 16
Number of transfers	47	28	20	12	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	61.7%	57.1%	55.0%	3 / 12	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.2%	50.0%	40.0%	3 / 12	1 / 12
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	2.0	2.0	4.3	17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	82.4%	45.5%	8 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	85.3%	59.1%	9 / 18	3 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	85.3%	63.6%	9 / 18	3 / 10	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 6	0 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	93	76	58	34	22	283
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	2.9%	4.5%	1.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.3%	2.6%	13.8%	26.5%	22.7%	9.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	9.2%	6.9%	11.8%	4.5%	6.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 12	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.2%	65.9%	45.2%	6 / 12	4 / 12	53.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	66.1%	51.2%	71.0%	4 / 12	6 / 12	59.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.0%	56.1%	29.0%	5 / 12	1 / 12	39.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	36%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ROCHESTER FERTILITY CARE, PC ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Rosalind A. Hayes, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	39	14	13	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.6%	4 / 14	3 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	4 / 14	2 / 13	0 / 1	
Number of retrievals	32	11	8	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	53.1%	4 / 11	3 / 8		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.6%	4 / 11	2 / 8		
Number of transfers	30	5	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.7%	4 / 5	3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.3%	4 / 5	2 / 7		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	3.5	4.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	39.1%	2 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.8%	4 / 10	2 / 6		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	47.8%	4 / 10	2 / 6		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.2		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.4	0.7		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	8	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		5 / 8	3 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		4 / 8	3 / 4	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	97	13	23	7	3	143
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	24.7%	5 / 13	39.1%	1 / 7	0 / 3	27.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	24.7%	5 / 13	13.0%	0 / 7	1 / 3	23.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 13	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.9%	0 / 3	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	4.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	90.2%	3 / 3	6 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 2	79.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.7%	3 / 3	9 / 10	5 / 6	2 / 2	91.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.2%	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	8.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	25%	Egg or embryo banking	6%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	28%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

STRONG FERTILITY CENTER ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John T. Queenan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	91	37	51	10	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.4%	40.5%	21.6%	1 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	32.4%	15.7%	1 / 10	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	86	31	51	9	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.2%	48.4%	21.6%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.9%	38.7%	15.7%	1 / 9	0 / 8
Number of transfers	116	44	55	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.9%	34.1%	20.0%	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.0%	27.3%	14.5%	1 / 8	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.5	4.6	10.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	48.0%	16.7%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.9%	56.0%	20.8%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.9%	56.0%	25.0%	0 / 7	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	15	14	24	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 15	6 / 14	29.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 15	6 / 14	25.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	203	80	100	35	33	451
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	3.8%	3.0%	20.0%	3.0%	4.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.4%	5.0%	6.0%	2.9%	0.0%	6.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.7%	56.3%	62.0%	9 / 18	42.9%	59.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.0%	73.4%	81.7%	16 / 18	75.0%	83.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.6%	17.2%	16.9%	0 / 18	10.7%	13.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ISLAND REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES, PC STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Eric S. Knochenhauer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	127	46	32	27	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.4%	41.3%	31.3%	11.1%	0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.5%	37.0%	28.1%	11.1%	0 / 11
Number of retrievals	123	45	29	22	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.0%	42.2%	34.5%	13.6%	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.9%	37.8%	31.0%	13.6%	0 / 7
Number of transfers	144	52	26	18	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.4%	36.5%	38.5%	3 / 18	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	32.7%	34.6%	3 / 18	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.4	3.2	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.6%	47.1%	40.0%	1 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.4%	50.0%	40.0%	2 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.5%	50.0%	40.0%	2 / 8	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	0	10	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 13		8 / 10	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 13		8 / 10	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	262	131	96	50	39	578
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.2%	8.4%	9.4%	14.0%	28.2%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	6.1%	2.1%	0.0%	5.1%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	12.6%	12.2%	13.5%	6.0%	5.1%	11.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.0%	83.8%	77.4%	65.2%	55.0%	80.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.1%	94.6%	90.6%	95.7%	60.0%	91.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	71.9%	73.0%	69.8%	56.5%	10.0%	66.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	42%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE WELLNESS SYOSSET, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gregory Zapantis, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	29	26	9	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.4%	41.4%	34.6%	1 / 9	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	27.6%	30.8%	0 / 9	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	33	29	26	8	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	36.4%	41.4%	34.6%	1 / 8	0 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	27.6%	30.8%	0 / 8	0 / 12
Number of transfers	38	27	28	9	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.6%	44.4%	32.1%	1 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.9%	29.6%	28.6%	0 / 9	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	2.4	2.9	9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 15	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 15	5 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 15	5 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.7	1.8	1.3	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 6	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 6	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	73	43	34	23	7	180
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	4.7%	0.0%	4.3%	0 / 7	1.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.7%	4.7%	5.9%	4.3%	0 / 7	3.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	0.0%	0 / 7	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 5	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.0%	66.7%	60.0%	14 / 17	3 / 5	72.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	100.0%	96.0%	17 / 17	5 / 5	99.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.0%	13.3%	8.0%	2 / 17	2 / 5	15.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	14%
Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Other, infertility	69%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	10%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CNY FERTILITY CENTER SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert J. Kiltz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	921	402	355	167	162
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.9%	34.3%	18.6%	7.8%	3.7%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.8%	26.1%	15.5%	7.2%	3.7%
Number of retrievals	873	362	314	140	126
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.5%	38.1%	21.0%	9.3%	4.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.8%	29.0%	17.5%	8.6%	4.8%
Number of transfers	1,170	428	318	129	103
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.5%	32.2%	20.8%	10.1%	5.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.0%	24.5%	17.3%	9.3%	5.8%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.9	5.4	12.8	27.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.4%	38.7%	25.2%	11.3%	5.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	46.1%	26.6%	13.2%	5.3%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.7%	46.1%	29.4%	15.1%	5.3%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	55	170	355	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.2%	21.8%	30.4%	3 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.7%	18.2%	25.4%	2 / 17

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	2,472	1,088	877	452	800	5,689
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.2%	7.5%	9.8%	10.6%	13.6%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.2%	7.5%	10.6%	11.9%	6.6%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	1.2%	0.9%	0.4%	0.3%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.3%	1.7%	1.9%	2.6%	1.3%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	75.1%	76.8%	72.2%	70.9%	67.2%	73.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.3%	92.8%	90.8%	90.4%	80.2%	91.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.7%	9.5%	10.2%	11.7%	3.8%	7.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

WESTCHESTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael B. Blotner, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	24	20	14	15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.3%	29.2%	15.0%	0 / 14	0 / 15
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	29.2%	15.0%	0 / 14	0 / 15
Number of retrievals	27	22	17	12	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.7%	31.8%	3 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	31.8%	3 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 10
Number of transfers	34	19	8	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	32.4%	7 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.5%	7 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	3.4	6.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 16	5 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 16	6 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 16	6 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		2 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	41	49	17	12	178
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.1%	12.2%	6.1%	3 / 17	3 / 12	9.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	12.2%	18.4%	2 / 17	2 / 12	12.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 12	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	72.4%	80.0%	45.5%	4 / 6	3 / 4	66.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.6%	95.0%	90.9%	5 / 6	3 / 4	92.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	37.9%	55.0%	22.7%	1 / 6	2 / 4	37.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	37%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	12%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

GOLD COAST IVF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER WOODBURY, NEW YORK

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Steven F. Palter, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	70	51	41	19	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.0%	37.3%	29.3%	1 / 19	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	33.3%	29.3%	1 / 19	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	69	51	39	19	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.9%	37.3%	30.8%	1 / 19	0 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	33.3%	30.8%	1 / 19	0 / 12
Number of transfers	76	47	34	17	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.3%	40.4%	35.3%	1 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.4%	36.2%	35.3%	1 / 17	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.7	3.4	19.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	62.5%	41.4%	6 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	44.8%	8 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	48.3%	10 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	14	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		12 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		9 / 14	0 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	160	96	71	40	21	388
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.3%	1.0%	5.6%	0.0%	9.5%	2.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.9%	8.3%	9.9%	10.0%	9.5%	12.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	2.1%	4.2%	2.5%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.5%	52.1%	44.0%	50.0%	7 / 15	53.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	95.9%	94.0%	92.3%	12 / 15	96.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.2%	17.8%	18.0%	23.1%	1 / 15	17.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTH CAROLINA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE THE TALBERT FERTILITY INSTITUTE CARY, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sameh K. Toma, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	82	37	33	8	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	40.5%	27.3%	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.7%	29.7%	18.2%	2 / 8	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	74	31	27	7	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	48.4%	33.3%	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	35.5%	22.2%	2 / 7	0 / 2
Number of transfers	74	31	20	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.4%	48.4%	45.0%	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	35.5%	30.0%	2 / 5	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.5	3.7	4.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.3%	43.5%	27.3%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.5%	56.5%	31.8%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.5%	56.5%	36.4%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	9	22	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3	6 / 9	68.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3	2 / 9	45.5%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	183	76	71	22	25	377
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.8%	5.3%	5.6%	9.1%	4.0%	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	33.3%	26.3%	28.2%	22.7%	12.0%	28.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.3%	0.0%	3.2%	0 / 7	15.0%	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	87.1%	6 / 7	65.0%	93.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.4%	95.3%	87.1%	6 / 7	85.0%	92.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.6%	18.6%	25.8%	3 / 7	5.0%	17.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	20%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	10%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CONCEPTS
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**PROGRAM FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION AT ATRIUM HEALTH'S CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER
CMC WOMEN'S INSTITUTE
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Bradley S. Hurst, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	116	41	40	19	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.8%	43.9%	32.5%	6 / 19	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.6%	34.1%	30.0%	6 / 19	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	110	39	35	16	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.3%	46.2%	37.1%	6 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.8%	35.9%	34.3%	6 / 16	0 / 8
Number of transfers	163	52	29	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.4%	34.6%	44.8%	6 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	26.9%	41.4%	6 / 9	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	3.1	3.2	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.1%	41.4%	6 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.4%	44.8%	7 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.4%	44.8%	8 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	15	17	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 15	9 / 17	3 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		6 / 15	8 / 17	3 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	320	163	111	30	28	652
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.1%	5.5%	11.7%	20.0%	17.9%	6.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.3%	6.7%	7.2%	6.7%	7.1%	11.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.1%	5.5%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 19	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	74.0%	76.1%	79.7%	8 / 12	13 / 19	74.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.4%	85.3%	74.6%	6 / 12	10 / 19	83.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.3%	38.5%	50.8%	5 / 12	6 / 19	29.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	16%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES OF CHARLOTTE CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Seth Katz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	258	118	122	50	33
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.7%	27.1%	25.4%	6.0%	3.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	21.2%	23.0%	6.0%	3.0%
Number of retrievals	248	112	112	42	27
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.6%	28.6%	27.7%	7.1%	3.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.9%	22.3%	25.0%	7.1%	3.7%
Number of transfers	233	100	82	23	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.6%	32.0%	37.8%	13.0%	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	25.0%	34.1%	13.0%	1 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.7	3.9	16.7	33.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.4%	32.8%	21.3%	0.0%	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.9%	38.8%	32.8%	8.3%	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.0%	38.8%	32.8%	8.3%	0 / 16
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	23	16	29	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.8%	6 / 16	48.3%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.8%	3 / 16	41.4%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	424	238	195	97	99	1,053
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	8.8%	8.7%	13.4%	17.2%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.8%	12.2%	13.3%	22.7%	18.2%	13.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.1%	2.9%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	3.8%	3.1%	2.3%	3.7%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.1%	67.9%	62.2%	55.8%	44.4%	64.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.2%	86.3%	92.9%	86.0%	75.9%	89.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.6%	25.2%	25.5%	9.3%	18.5%	19.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	28%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	17%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DUKE FERTILITY CENTER DUKE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jennifer L. Eaton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	80	39	41	17	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.3%	30.8%	22.0%	0 / 17	2 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	25.6%	22.0%	0 / 17	1 / 5
Number of retrievals	73	31	36	13	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.7%	38.7%	25.0%	0 / 13	2 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	32.3%	25.0%	0 / 13	1 / 5
Number of transfers	92	37	40	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.2%	32.4%	22.5%	0 / 11	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.0%	27.0%	22.5%	0 / 11	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.3	4.6		2.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.2%	25.0%	25.9%	0 / 9	2 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.9%	29.2%	29.6%	0 / 9	2 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.9%	33.3%	29.6%	0 / 9	2 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	0	23	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 9		30.4%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 9		30.4%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	120	86	67	27	23	323
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.8%	8.1%	7.5%	7.4%	13.0%	7.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.0%	9.3%	9.0%	7.4%	8.7%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	4 / 17	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	64.8%	54.1%	67.3%	13 / 19	13 / 17	63.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	70.5%	73.8%	82.7%	16 / 19	13 / 17	75.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.8%	6.6%	3.8%	1 / 19	0 / 17	5.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WOMACK ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT BRAGG, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kyle J. Tobler, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	51	29	13	8	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.2%	34.5%	3 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.3%	24.1%	3 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	50	28	13	8	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.0%	35.7%	3 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	25.0%	3 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3
Number of transfers	46	26	11	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.7%	38.5%	3 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	26.9%	3 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	2.9	4.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	39.5%	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.1%	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.1%	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 4		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	62	29	12	9	6	118
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 6	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.5%	6.9%	1 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	8.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	3.4%	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 6	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 4	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	1.8%	4.5%	2 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 4	4.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.0%	72.7%	10 / 11	6 / 6	4 / 4	78.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	4.5%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 4	1.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	7%
Tubal factor	33%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	28%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ATLANTIC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS, PA RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Susannah D. Copland, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	48	20	6	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.1%	33.3%	35.0%	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	49.1%	29.2%	35.0%	0 / 6	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	56	43	19	3	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	37.2%	7 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	32.6%	7 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 5
Number of transfers	63	41	14	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.4%	39.0%	7 / 14		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	34.1%	7 / 14		0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.0	2.9		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.2%	28.1%	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.3%	37.5%	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.3%	40.6%	5 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	0	16	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 9		11 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 9		9 / 16	0 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	115	70	44	23	19	271
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.9%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	1.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.8%	10.0%	22.7%	21.7%	2 / 19	12.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.5%	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.4%	0.0%	13.3%	1 / 13	0 / 13	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.0%	70.0%	73.3%	7 / 13	7 / 13	65.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.2%	80.0%	70.0%	10 / 13	12 / 13	79.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.7%	22.5%	23.3%	2 / 13	0 / 13	16.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	10%
Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	10%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CAROLINA CONCEPTIONS, PA RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John K. Park, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	225	98	61	25	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.6%	39.8%	36.1%	20.0%	3 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.6%	33.7%	26.2%	16.0%	3 / 10
Number of retrievals	213	85	56	20	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.1%	45.9%	39.3%	25.0%	3 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.2%	38.8%	28.6%	20.0%	3 / 9
Number of transfers	248	82	48	11	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.7%	47.6%	45.8%	5 / 11	3 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.1%	40.2%	33.3%	4 / 11	3 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.5	2.8	5.0	3.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.0%	35.2%	35.1%	2 / 16	3 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.7%	44.4%	40.5%	3 / 16	3 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.7%	46.3%	40.5%	3 / 16	3 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	22	8	79	27
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.2%	6 / 8	49.4%	37.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.5%	4 / 8	40.5%	29.6%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	399	197	141	61	57	855
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	5.6%	8.5%	11.5%	10.5%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.3%	8.6%	7.1%	13.1%	1.8%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	3.0%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	3.2%	5.6%	0.0%	9.3%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	70.1%	76.6%	71.1%	60.5%	79.1%	71.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.7%	87.9%	84.4%	76.3%	69.8%	87.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	37.2%	37.9%	38.9%	26.3%	37.2%	36.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNC FERTILITY RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jennifer E. Mersereau, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	140	68	61	20	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.9%	47.1%	31.1%	30.0%	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.9%	33.8%	26.2%	20.0%	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	125	61	48	13	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	70.4%	52.5%	39.6%	6 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	64.8%	37.7%	33.3%	4 / 13	0 / 6
Number of transfers	177	73	52	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.7%	43.8%	36.5%	6 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.8%	31.5%	30.8%	4 / 11	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	3.2	3.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.1%	51.1%	26.7%	3 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	69.8%	57.8%	33.3%	5 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.8%	62.2%	36.7%	5 / 13	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	13	19	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	10 / 17	7 / 13	7 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	10 / 17	7 / 13	7 / 19	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	348	164	126	26	33	697
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.9%	12.2%	13.5%	15.4%	3.0%	9.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.8%	16.5%	13.5%	19.2%	0.0%	15.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.6%	4.3%	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0.0%	0.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	74.0%	69.6%	63.8%	8 / 15	51.7%	69.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.5%	67.6%	70.0%	11 / 15	51.7%	72.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.3%	10.8%	18.8%	1 / 15	17.2%	10.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	21%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CAROLINAS FERTILITY INSTITUTE WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Tamer M. Yalcinkaya, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	105	43	53	16	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.7%	48.8%	45.3%	3 / 16	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.3%	32.6%	37.7%	3 / 16	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	98	38	53	15	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	70.4%	55.3%	45.3%	3 / 15	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.2%	36.8%	37.7%	3 / 15	1 / 15
Number of transfers	131	40	41	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.7%	52.5%	58.5%	3 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	35.0%	48.8%	3 / 6	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.0	2.2	5.3	17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.0%	66.7%	38.7%	2 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.3%	66.7%	61.3%	2 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.3%	70.4%	61.3%	2 / 8	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	3	18	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 13	2 / 3	10 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 13	0 / 3	10 / 18	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	238	119	87	53	47	544
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.0%	14.3%	13.8%	17.0%	10.6%	11.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.7%	4.2%	5.7%	9.4%	2.1%	5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	4.3%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	54.7%	68.2%	85.7%	12 / 16	60.9%	62.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.5%	92.4%	94.3%	15 / 16	95.7%	95.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.2%	37.9%	57.1%	8 / 16	26.1%	29.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jeffrey L. Deaton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	86	42	34	15	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	68.6%	50.0%	23.5%	6 / 15	1 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.8%	45.2%	20.6%	5 / 15	1 / 4
Number of retrievals	82	35	33	12	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	72.0%	60.0%	24.2%	6 / 12	1 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.5%	54.3%	21.2%	5 / 12	1 / 4
Number of transfers	95	37	31	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	62.1%	56.8%	25.8%	6 / 10	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.5%	51.4%	22.6%	5 / 10	1 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.0	4.3	2.5	4.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	72.1%	55.6%	20.0%	4 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	73.5%	63.0%	30.0%	4 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.0%	63.0%	30.0%	4 / 8	1 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	15	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 3	6 / 15	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 3	6 / 15	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	253	135	99	35	24	546
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	8.1%	9.1%	17.1%	33.3%	9.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.6%	0.7%	5.1%	2.9%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 10	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	76.0%	87.1%	94.3%	12 / 13	9 / 10	83.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.1%	87.1%	71.7%	7 / 13	3 / 10	80.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.6%	45.7%	39.6%	9 / 13	2 / 10	35.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	41%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	39%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SANFORD HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Steffen P. Christensen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	101	38	18	9	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.6%	39.5%	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.7%	31.6%	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	98	31	15	7	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.8%	48.4%	2 / 15	0 / 7	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	38.7%	2 / 15	0 / 7	
Number of transfers	93	32	12	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.0%	46.9%	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.1%	37.5%	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	2.5	9.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	42.5%	36.0%	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	42.5%	36.0%	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	42.5%	36.0%	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	15	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	6 / 15	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	6 / 15	2 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	203	44	40	6	13	306
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.9%	13.6%	7.5%	0 / 6	1 / 13	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.0%	0.0%	5.0%	1 / 6	1 / 13	3.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 13	0.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	8.0%	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 9	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.5%	84.0%	17 / 18	4 / 5	4 / 9	89.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.7%	84.0%	15 / 18	3 / 5	6 / 9	86.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.0%	24.0%	6 / 18	3 / 5	0 / 9	18.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	38%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	14%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY UNLIMITED, INC. NORTHEASTERN OHIO FERTILITY CENTER AKRON, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Nicholas J. Spirtos, DO

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	13	5	2	1	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	9 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	12	5	2	0	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	9 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1
Number of transfers	14	4	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 14	2 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	2.5	2.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	8 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 6		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6		1 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	16	8	7	0	6	37
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 16	0 / 8	1 / 7		0 / 6	2.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 6	2.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 5		2 / 6	27.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	11 / 14	4 / 8	5 / 5		1 / 6	63.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 5		0 / 6	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	38%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	24%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY & INFERTILITY-AKRON AKRON, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David M. Nash, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	132	51	33	9	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	35.3%	24.2%	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.8%	31.4%	15.2%	0 / 9	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	126	49	26	8	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.8%	36.7%	30.8%	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	32.7%	19.2%	0 / 8	0 / 2
Number of transfers	167	61	23	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.7%	29.5%	34.8%	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.5%	26.2%	21.7%	0 / 9	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.8	4.1		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.5%	40.0%	7 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	69.4%	42.9%	7 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.2%	42.9%	7 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.3	0.7	1.1	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	3	26	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 9	1 / 3	65.4%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 9	1 / 3	61.5%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	387	154	79	53	29	702
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	5.2%	3.8%	7.5%	3.4%	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.3%	12.3%	12.7%	11.3%	13.8%	15.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	2.6%	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.2%	0.0%	4.4%	6.5%	0.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	86.3%	79.8%	84.4%	71.0%	70.0%	82.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	59.8%	58.6%	64.4%	51.6%	35.0%	58.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	21.6%	24.2%	26.7%	29.0%	25.0%	23.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	19%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	35%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CLEVELAND CLINIC FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Cynthia Austin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	213	85	80	29	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	62.9%	49.4%	38.8%	20.7%	2 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.5%	36.5%	33.8%	20.7%	2 / 8
Number of retrievals	203	80	67	22	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.0%	52.5%	46.3%	27.3%	2 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.1%	38.8%	40.3%	27.3%	2 / 7
Number of transfers	225	88	57	13	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.6%	47.7%	54.4%	6 / 13	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.6%	35.2%	47.4%	6 / 13	2 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.0	2.6	4.8	4.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.0%	47.2%	48.8%	1 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	73.5%	58.5%	55.8%	2 / 9	2 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	74.2%	60.4%	58.1%	2 / 9	2 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	5	22	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 5	68.2%	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 5	68.2%	2 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	376	260	183	65	41	925
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.9%	15.0%	14.2%	13.8%	9.8%	10.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.4%	3.5%	11.5%	24.6%	12.2%	6.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.7%	6.9%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.6%	0.6%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	68.5%	70.1%	75.3%	76.7%	81.0%	71.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.5%	89.6%	86.5%	96.7%	66.7%	90.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.1%	13.6%	27.0%	23.3%	14.3%	12.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	34%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	23%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James Liu, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	175	88	64	27	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.0%	26.1%	26.6%	0.0%	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.6%	21.6%	23.4%	0.0%	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	145	53	42	19	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.9%	43.4%	40.5%	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.1%	35.8%	35.7%	0 / 19	0 / 2
Number of transfers	157	61	46	17	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.5%	37.7%	37.0%	0 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.8%	31.1%	32.6%	0 / 17	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.8	3.8		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.8%	30.2%	26.7%	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.8%	39.5%	33.3%	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.5%	46.5%	33.3%	0 / 12	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	1	39	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 6	0 / 1	41.0%	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 6	0 / 1	35.9%	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	319	137	133	62	74	725
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	16.9%	22.6%	25.6%	37.1%	27.0%	22.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.7%	7.3%	7.5%	11.3%	9.5%	9.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.3%	4.4%	3.8%	1.6%	0.0%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.1%	5.3%	7.5%	11.1%	10.5%	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	62.5%	67.1%	65.7%	55.6%	81.6%	65.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.9%	94.7%	91.0%	85.2%	86.8%	94.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.8%	11.8%	9.0%	0.0%	13.2%	8.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	23%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	29%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BETHESDA FERTILITY CENTER CINCINNATI, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kasey Reynolds, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	65	19	16	11	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.5%	5 / 19	5 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	23.1%	3 / 19	5 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	54	17	13	7	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.3%	5 / 17	5 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.8%	3 / 17	5 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 6
Number of transfers	80	19	15	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.3%	5 / 19	5 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	18.8%	3 / 19	5 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	3.8	3.2	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	34.0%	4 / 13	4 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	40.0%	4 / 13	5 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	40.0%	4 / 13	5 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	8	0	14	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 8		5 / 14	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 8		2 / 14	2 / 11

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	116	63	32	19	34	264
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.5%	12.7%	21.9%	6 / 19	17.6%	14.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.2%	4.8%	6.3%	1 / 19	2.9%	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.4%	3.2%	0.0%	0 / 19	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2 / 11	4.0%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	58.5%	55.3%	66.7%	8 / 11	72.0%	61.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	82.9%	97.4%	71.4%	5 / 11	64.0%	79.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.5%	13.2%	4.8%	0 / 11	8.0%	8.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sherif G. Awadalla, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	379	157	88	20	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.6%	38.9%	35.2%	5.0%	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	26.1%	27.3%	5.0%	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	348	140	73	15	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.0%	43.6%	42.5%	1 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	29.3%	32.9%	1 / 15	0 / 6
Number of transfers	469	171	77	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.1%	35.7%	40.3%	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.5%	24.0%	31.2%	1 / 12	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.6	2.8	20.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.6%	49.4%	36.2%	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.3%	54.3%	40.4%	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.1%	54.3%	40.4%	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.9	0.2	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	41	15	66	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.8%	8 / 15	33.3%	3 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.5%	8 / 15	24.2%	1 / 15

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	821	250	197	71	58	1,397
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.9%	13.6%	12.7%	21.1%	17.2%	10.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.4%	3.2%	3.0%	2.8%	6.9%	4.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	1.2%	3.6%	0.0%	3.4%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	2.6%	4.3%	2.1%	0.0%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.9%	53.1%	50.0%	41.7%	65.9%	52.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	70.7%	64.6%	70.3%	72.9%	51.2%	68.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.9%	13.0%	17.4%	6.3%	0.0%	9.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

OHIO REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLUMBUS, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Grant E. Schmidt, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	233	118	78	44	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.6%	44.1%	19.2%	11.4%	5.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.5%	34.7%	16.7%	6.8%	5.0%
Number of retrievals	224	107	66	30	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.7%	48.6%	22.7%	16.7%	1 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	38.3%	19.7%	10.0%	1 / 13
Number of transfers	238	120	54	26	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.6%	43.3%	27.8%	19.2%	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.6%	34.2%	24.1%	11.5%	1 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.3	5.2	8.8	20.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	48.7%	25.6%	1 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.3%	50.0%	28.2%	1 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.9%	51.3%	28.2%	2 / 16	1 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	18	0	28	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	12 / 18		39.3%	3 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	10 / 18		35.7%	3 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	356	193	115	48	33	745
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.9%	6.7%	7.8%	16.7%	6.1%	6.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.2%	6.7%	16.5%	14.6%	6.1%	11.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.8%	0.0%	2.7%	3.4%	3.7%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	43.3%	49.7%	45.2%	51.7%	59.3%	46.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	40.2%	33.1%	45.2%	6.9%	14.8%	35.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.6%	4.1%	4.1%	3.4%	7.4%	4.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SPRINGCREEK FERTILITY DAYTON, OHIO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jeremy M. Groll, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	58	16	21	3	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.5%	7 / 16	23.8%	0 / 3	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.6%	4 / 16	19.0%	0 / 3	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	57	15	20	3	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	66.7%	7 / 15	25.0%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.6%	4 / 15	20.0%	0 / 3	0 / 4
Number of transfers	71	17	13	3	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.5%	7 / 17	5 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.9%	4 / 17	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.3	4.2		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	70.5%	6 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.5%	6 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.7%	6 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	2	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 4	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	148	73	44	11	9	285
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	2.7%	2.3%	4 / 11	0 / 9	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.4%	1.4%	6.8%	1 / 11	2 / 9	3.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	1.4%	2.3%	1 / 11	0 / 9	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2	3 / 7	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.2%	79.6%	57.1%	1 / 2	1 / 7	64.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	92.6%	89.8%	82.1%	2 / 2	7 / 7	90.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.9%	16.3%	17.9%	0 / 2	0 / 7	17.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	63%	Diminished ovarian reserve	48%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	24%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**WRIGHT STATE PHYSICIANS OB/GYN
DAYTON, OHIO**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**KETTERING REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
KETTERING, OHIO**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE FERTILITY WELLNESS INSTITUTE OF OHIO WEST CHESTER, OHIO

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Neeoo W. Chin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	39	13	9	4	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.5%	8 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	20.5%	5 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	34	12	8	0	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	44.1%	8 / 12	2 / 8		0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	23.5%	5 / 12	2 / 8		0 / 2
Number of transfers	40	14	8	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.5%	8 / 14	2 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	5 / 14	2 / 8		0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	1.6	4.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.1%	6 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.1%	7 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.1%	7 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1			

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	51	26	15	12	6	110
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	15.4%	4 / 15	4 / 12	4 / 6	18.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.0%	7.7%	0 / 15	1 / 12	0 / 6	3.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	30.4%	35.0%	9 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2	36.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.9%	75.0%	3 / 11	6 / 6	1 / 2	62.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	42%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	15%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UC CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH WEST CHESTER, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Suruchi S. Thakore, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	96	26	22	6	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	35.4%	30.8%	4.5%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.1%	23.1%	4.5%	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	87	24	20	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.1%	33.3%	5.0%	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.9%	25.0%	5.0%	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	102	27	22	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	33.3%	29.6%	4.5%	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.5%	22.2%	4.5%	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.8	3.3	22.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.4%	5 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	39.4%	6 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	39.4%	6 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		1 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		1 / 3	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	132	50	18	14	9	223
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.8%	18.0%	3 / 18	3 / 14	1 / 9	13.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.5%	10.0%	2 / 18	1 / 14	2 / 9	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.6%	4.0%	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 9	9.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.2%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 5	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.8%	31.0%	7 / 9	4 / 6	4 / 5	44.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.1%	86.2%	7 / 9	3 / 6	2 / 5	77.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.8%	13.8%	3 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 5	12.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	49%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	26%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	20%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY & INFERTILITY-WESTERVILLE WESTERVILLE, OHIO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by David M. Nash, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	107	32	25	5	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	72.0%	40.6%	24.0%	2 / 5	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.8%	34.4%	16.0%	2 / 5	
Number of retrievals	107	32	24	4	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	72.0%	40.6%	25.0%	2 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.8%	34.4%	16.7%	2 / 4	
Number of transfers	139	43	26	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.4%	30.2%	23.1%	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.0%	25.6%	15.4%	2 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	2.5	4.2	2.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	75.0%	50.0%	4 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.0%	50.0%	4 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.0%	50.0%	4 / 15	1 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	2	22	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	0 / 2	59.1%	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 4	0 / 2	59.1%	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	280	97	49	30	25	481
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.5%	11.3%	10.2%	6.7%	8.0%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.9%	4.1%	6.1%	16.7%	12.0%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.8%	3.1%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	3 / 17	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	70.2%	66.7%	74.1%	15 / 19	15 / 17	71.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.7%	42.9%	59.3%	6 / 19	9 / 17	54.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	29.8%	23.8%	29.6%	6 / 19	5 / 17	28.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BENNETT FERTILITY INSTITUTE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Eli Reshef, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	165	33	36	9	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.3%	27.3%	19.4%	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	21.2%	16.7%	2 / 9	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	154	27	24	8	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.6%	33.3%	29.2%	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.6%	25.9%	25.0%	2 / 8	0 / 2
Number of transfers	165	26	24	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.3%	34.6%	29.2%	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	26.9%	25.0%	2 / 7	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.7	5.1	4.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.5%	5 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.9%	6 / 18	2 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.9%	6 / 18	3 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	4	3	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 3	4 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 3	2 / 18

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	183	77	47	20	9	336
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.2%	13.0%	8.5%	15.0%	3 / 9	10.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.5%	13.0%	10.6%	15.0%	0 / 9	14.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.9%	44.0%	40.0%	7 / 9	3 / 5	52.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.8%	68.0%	73.3%	3 / 9	2 / 5	62.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.6%	8.0%	3.3%	1 / 9	0 / 5	5.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	No	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	57%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	20%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

OU PHYSICIANS REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by LaTasha B. Craig, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	107	38	22	3	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.1%	36.8%	13.6%	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.6%	31.6%	9.1%	1 / 3	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	104	38	18	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.7%	36.8%	3 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	31.6%	2 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	116	45	18	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.9%	31.1%	3 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.0%	26.7%	2 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.7	7.3	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.8%	47.6%	2 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	63.5%	52.4%	2 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.5%	52.4%	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	6	4	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3	2 / 6	3 / 4	5 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3	1 / 6	2 / 4	5 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	186	53	46	12	13	310
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.6%	5.7%	6.5%	0 / 12	2 / 13	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.2%	1.9%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 13	2.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	1.9%	2.2%	0 / 12	0 / 13	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.6%	7.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 11	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	48.8%	41.9%	25.0%	5 / 12	7 / 11	44.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.9%	60.5%	60.0%	7 / 12	8 / 11	72.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.1%	4.7%	5.0%	0 / 12	0 / 11	7.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	7%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TULSA FERTILITY CENTER TULSA, OKLAHOMA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Stanley G. Prough, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	158	42	37	5	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.5%	14.3%	16.2%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.4%	11.9%	16.2%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	148	37	27	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.2%	16.2%	22.2%	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.4%	13.5%	22.2%	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	151	22	11	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.4%	27.3%	6 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	22.7%	6 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	7.0	6.2		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.9%	16.7%	3 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.5%	16.7%	4 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	47.5%	16.7%	4 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.3	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	0	21	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 7		28.6%	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 7		23.8%	1 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	264	65	35	22	18	404
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.8%	3.1%	5.7%	4.5%	1 / 18	4.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	23.5%	18.5%	37.1%	36.4%	2 / 18	24.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.4%	1.5%	5.7%	0.0%	0 / 18	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 15	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	75.3%	63.9%	9 / 12	9 / 10	13 / 15	74.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.3%	83.3%	11 / 12	7 / 10	11 / 15	89.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.7%	19.4%	6 / 12	2 / 10	1 / 15	19.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	63%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF OREGON EUGENE, OREGON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Douglas J. Austin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	44	22	14	3	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.3%	40.9%	8 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	27.3%	6 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
Number of retrievals	41	20	14	3	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.1%	45.0%	8 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.0%	30.0%	6 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
Number of transfers	53	20	14	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.4%	45.0%	8 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.2%	30.0%	6 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.4	1.8		3.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.6%	4 / 11	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.6%	4 / 11	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.6%	4 / 11	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 10		1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 10		0 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	86	44	35	13	10	188
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.5%	2.3%	8.6%	0 / 13	0 / 10	3.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	2.3%	8.6%	1 / 13	1 / 10	3.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	0 / 10	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.3%	4.9%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 5	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.9%	51.2%	40.0%	4 / 7	3 / 5	50.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.2%	95.1%	88.0%	7 / 7	5 / 5	94.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	29.1%	29.3%	48.0%	4 / 7	0 / 5	32.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Other Reason	Percentage
Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	7%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	34%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**NORTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER
PORTLAND, OREGON**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ORM FERTILITY PORTLAND, OREGON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John S. Hesla, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	256	186	174	61	41
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	59.4%	39.8%	27.6%	19.7%	2.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	32.3%	24.1%	18.0%	2.4%
Number of retrievals	245	166	156	56	30
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.0%	44.6%	30.8%	21.4%	3.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.4%	36.1%	26.9%	19.6%	3.3%
Number of transfers	220	114	81	21	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	69.1%	64.9%	59.3%	57.1%	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.0%	52.6%	51.9%	52.4%	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.5	3.6	5.1	41.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.1%	41.6%	25.3%	25.8%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.9%	48.8%	37.4%	25.8%	0 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.9%	48.8%	37.4%	25.8%	0 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	0	360	49
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 12		75.0%	69.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 12		52.8%	55.1%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	663	571	479	200	278	2,191
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.0%	6.3%	11.9%	7.0%	8.3%	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.2%	5.1%	8.4%	12.0%	5.4%	5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.3%	1.6%	1.7%	0.5%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	25.3%	29.2%	28.5%	39.5%	46.8%	31.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.8%	90.7%	94.4%	97.7%	94.3%	89.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.8%	87.5%	82.2%	72.1%	72.8%	85.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	72.0%	81.5%	84.6%	87.2%	77.8%	79.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	47%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	12%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS OREGON HEALTH & SCIENCE UNIVERSITY PORTLAND, OREGON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Diana H. Wu, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	121	84	83	32	14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	47.6%	34.9%	21.9%	0 / 14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	36.9%	30.1%	21.9%	0 / 14
Number of retrievals	109	75	74	29	10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.6%	53.3%	39.2%	24.1%	0 / 10
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.0%	41.3%	33.8%	24.1%	0 / 10
Number of transfers	130	77	49	16	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	51.9%	59.2%	7 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.7%	40.3%	51.0%	7 / 16	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.1	2.9	4.6	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.5%	45.3%	39.0%	2 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.9%	56.6%	46.3%	4 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.9%	58.5%	48.8%	5 / 13	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	0	44	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 10		47.7%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 10		38.6%	0 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	262	143	158	65	67	695
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.9%	7.0%	8.9%	10.8%	14.9%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.9%	2.8%	7.0%	3.1%	9.0%	4.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	11.1%	10.5%	13.9%	6.2%	0.0%	10.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.3%	12.9%	6.2%	7.4%	14.7%	8.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.1%	92.9%	95.4%	92.6%	85.3%	87.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.3%	90.6%	84.6%	81.5%	70.6%	88.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	30.5%	55.3%	63.1%	59.3%	38.2%	45.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	41%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ABINGTON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, ABINGTON IVF AND GENETICS TOLL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES ABINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Annette Lee, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	208	81	79	38	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.7%	32.1%	16.5%	15.8%	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	29.6%	15.2%	13.2%	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	204	76	69	32	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.6%	34.2%	18.8%	18.8%	0 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	31.6%	17.4%	15.6%	0 / 13
Number of transfers	233	66	53	23	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.8%	39.4%	24.5%	26.1%	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.5%	36.4%	22.6%	21.7%	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.1	6.1	6.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.0%	33.3%	15.4%	3 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.2%	42.2%	15.4%	3 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.5%	42.2%	15.4%	3 / 18	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	19	13	22	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 19	6 / 13	36.4%	5 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	9 / 19	3 / 13	36.4%	5 / 12

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	369	169	127	55	46	766
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.3%	3.0%	6.3%	14.5%	13.0%	5.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.0%	11.2%	12.6%	12.7%	13.0%	11.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.2%	2.4%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	2.5%	6.1%	3.6%	3.2%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	58.8%	47.5%	45.1%	57.1%	51.6%	53.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	66.3%	76.3%	61.0%	46.4%	58.1%	66.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.0%	22.0%	18.3%	39.3%	6.5%	17.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PENNSYLVANIA ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Wendy J. Schillings, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	87	33	19	5	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	71.3%	48.5%	12 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.3%	33.3%	11 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	83	29	18	5	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	74.7%	55.2%	12 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.0%	37.9%	11 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 3
Number of transfers	90	29	16	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.9%	55.2%	12 / 16	2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.4%	37.9%	11 / 16	2 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	2.1	1.6	2.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	77.0%	47.8%	10 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	79.7%	52.2%	10 / 16	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	79.7%	52.2%	10 / 16	2 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	21	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			81.0%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			76.2%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	141	89	44	13	16	303
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.1%	2.2%	2.3%	1 / 13	0 / 16	2.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.6%	10.1%	9.1%	0 / 13	2 / 16	9.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	2.2%	2.3%	3 / 13	0 / 16	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 6	1 / 12	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	6 / 6	12 / 12	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.5%	89.8%	78.3%	4 / 6	4 / 12	85.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	51.9%	67.3%	73.9%	6 / 6	6 / 12	61.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	48%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by H. Christina Lee, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	33	14	9	4	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.6%	6 / 14	4 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.5%	4 / 14	4 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of retrievals	32	14	8	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.6%	6 / 14	4 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	4 / 14	4 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of transfers	36	14	8	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.3%	6 / 14	4 / 8	2 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	4 / 14	4 / 8	2 / 3	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	72.0%	2 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	76.0%	3 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	76.0%	3 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	1.2	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	2	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 3	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 3	2 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	30	21	14	5	129
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	0.0%	14.3%	1 / 14	0 / 5	6.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	22.0%	23.3%	4.8%	0 / 14	0 / 5	16.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.6%	2 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 4	5.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.6%	13 / 16	7 / 10	4 / 8	2 / 4	74.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.8%	8 / 16	4 / 10	5 / 8	3 / 4	64.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.6%	1 / 16	1 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 4	8.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	57%	Diminished ovarian reserve	47%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MAIN LINE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BRYN MAWR, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael J. Glassner, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	236	146	144	58	44
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.6%	36.3%	14.6%	12.1%	4.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.8%	27.4%	12.5%	12.1%	4.5%
Number of retrievals	227	136	135	51	33
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.5%	39.0%	15.6%	13.7%	6.1%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	29.4%	13.3%	13.7%	6.1%
Number of transfers	243	120	82	28	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.3%	44.2%	25.6%	25.0%	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.7%	33.3%	22.0%	25.0%	2 / 15
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.8	6.9	8.3	22.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.3%	40.8%	13.2%	3 / 19	0 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.0%	46.1%	17.0%	4 / 19	1 / 15
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.7%	50.0%	22.6%	5 / 19	1 / 15
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	48	41	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 4	37.5%	36.6%	4 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4	31.3%	29.3%	4 / 17

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	475	276	257	105	97	1,210
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.7%	6.2%	8.2%	9.5%	8.2%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.3%	5.8%	10.9%	8.6%	17.5%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	6.2%	5.1%	1.0%	0.0%	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	4.8%	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	60.0%	67.3%	60.6%	54.8%	35.5%	59.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	35.9%	31.5%	41.7%	41.9%	37.1%	36.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	30.4%	29.8%	37.1%	17.7%	12.9%	28.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	30%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GEISINGER MEDICAL CENTER FERTILITY PROGRAM DANVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jennifer Gell, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	32	35	16	6	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.6%	17.1%	5 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	14.3%	5 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	30	31	16	4	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.3%	19.4%	5 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.7%	16.1%	5 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 3
Number of transfers	30	34	15	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.3%	17.6%	5 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.7%	14.7%	5 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	5.8	3.2	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.9%	20.0%	4 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.5%	20.0%	4 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.5%	25.0%	4 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 2	2 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	2 / 2	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	56	33	16	5	9	119
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.1%	12.1%	5 / 16	2 / 5	1 / 9	13.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	19.6%	18.2%	1 / 16	3 / 5	1 / 9	18.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.1%	0.0%	0 / 8		0 / 7	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.8%	66.7%	3 / 8		5 / 7	57.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.6%	85.7%	6 / 8		3 / 7	80.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.1%	4.8%	0 / 8		1 / 7	5.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HAN FERTILITY CENTER HAVERTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Albert El-Roeiy, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	39	9	16	6	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	25.6%	2 / 9	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.6%	1 / 9	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	35	7	13	6	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	28.6%	2 / 7	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	1 / 7	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4
Number of transfers	29	5	4	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	34.5%	2 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.5%	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.9	4.5	16.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	58	26	23	7	7	121
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	17.2%	26.9%	17.4%	0 / 7	1 / 7	18.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	17.2%	15.4%	21.7%	1 / 7	2 / 7	18.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.7%	2 / 8	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2	46.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	23.3%	2 / 8	7 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 2	35.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.7%	0 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2	13.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PENN STATE MILTON S. HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER HERSHEY, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William C. Dodson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	38	14	8	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	39.5%	6 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	26.3%	5 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	35	13	5	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	6 / 13	2 / 5		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	5 / 13	1 / 5		
Number of transfers	39	19	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.5%	6 / 19	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	25.6%	5 / 19	1 / 5		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	2.3	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	40.7%	4 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.9%	5 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.9%	5 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	62	27	17	4	3	113
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	14.8%	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 3	6.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.9%	0.0%	1 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 3	8.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	3.7%	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 3	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	44.0%	50.0%	6 / 15	2 / 3	1 / 3	45.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.0%	95.5%	14 / 15	3 / 3	3 / 3	92.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 3	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PHILADELPHIA KING OF PRUSSIA, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Arthur J. Castelbaum, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	327	167	116	46	29
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.6%	34.7%	21.6%	17.4%	3.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.3%	29.9%	20.7%	15.2%	3.4%
Number of retrievals	321	163	112	38	25
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	49.5%	35.6%	22.3%	21.1%	4.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.2%	30.7%	21.4%	18.4%	4.0%
Number of transfers	385	170	72	21	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.3%	34.1%	34.7%	38.1%	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.7%	29.4%	33.3%	33.3%	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.9	4.6	5.8	29.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.4%	33.3%	23.1%	14.8%	1 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.7%	41.7%	26.2%	18.5%	1 / 19
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.5%	42.6%	29.2%	18.5%	1 / 19
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	40	63	23
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	52.5%	34.9%	56.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	47.5%	33.3%	56.5%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	594	362	259	75	91	1,381
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.2%	7.2%	10.4%	6.7%	16.5%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.8%	10.5%	14.7%	10.7%	5.5%	13.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	6.6%	2.3%	6.7%	1.1%	3.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	1.0%	1.7%	0.0%	7.8%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	79.0%	86.5%	83.8%	87.9%	60.9%	80.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	66.6%	78.1%	70.9%	51.5%	51.6%	68.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	24.6%	46.9%	49.6%	42.4%	10.9%	33.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOCIETY HILL REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Maureen P. Kelly, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	22	29	3	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	13.8%	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	10.3%	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	22	25	3	1	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	16.0%	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	12.0%	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of transfers	23	11	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.8%	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	3 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	7.3	3.0	1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	2 / 12	1 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	4 / 12	1 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	4 / 12	1 / 2		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.9	1.5		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.3	1.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 2	4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 2	4 / 5	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	52	53	26	8	4	143
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.8%	7.5%	3.8%	0 / 8	2 / 4	6.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	9.4%	7.7%	3 / 8	0 / 4	10.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	23.1%	32.1%	30.8%	1 / 8	0 / 4	26.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	10.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	79.2%	80.0%	5 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2	75.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.0%	45.0%	5 / 6	2 / 2	2 / 2	66.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	45.8%	45.0%	3 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	42.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	10%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	10%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
PENN FERTILITY CARE
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Clarisa R. Gracia, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	216	151	171	66	52
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.6%	47.0%	25.7%	10.6%	3.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.7%	40.4%	22.8%	10.6%	3.8%
Number of retrievals	194	138	143	57	43
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.8%	51.4%	30.8%	12.3%	4.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.1%	44.2%	27.3%	12.3%	4.7%
Number of transfers	233	143	118	31	19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.6%	49.7%	37.3%	22.6%	2 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.2%	42.7%	33.1%	22.6%	2 / 19
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.1	3.9	9.4	26.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.0%	45.6%	22.9%	4.0%	0.0%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.2%	61.1%	33.7%	20.0%	4.2%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.5%	63.3%	41.0%	20.0%	4.2%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	23	5	41	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	73.9%	3 / 5	46.3%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	73.9%	3 / 5	43.9%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	489	281	248	126	91	1,235
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.6%	12.5%	12.1%	7.9%	13.2%	10.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.3%	5.0%	4.4%	8.7%	6.6%	4.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.0%	8.9%	6.5%	4.0%	2.2%	7.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	4.9%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.0%	66.5%	62.0%	69.2%	56.1%	65.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.1%	70.1%	72.3%	75.4%	82.9%	73.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.7%	13.4%	27.7%	24.6%	12.2%	18.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	30%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	31%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lori Homa, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	37	18	15	6	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	29.7%	8 / 18	3 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.0%	8 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	35	16	15	6	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	31.4%	8 / 16	3 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	8 / 16	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Number of transfers	35	16	18	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.4%	8 / 16	3 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	8 / 16	2 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.4	2.3	5.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	30.0%	4 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	33.3%	4 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	33.3%	4 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	1.3	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	4	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			1 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 4	0 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	107	43	39	16	11	216
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.3%	9.3%	15.4%	1 / 16	2 / 11	10.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.3%	11.6%	7.7%	1 / 16	1 / 11	9.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 11	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 6	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.1%	50.0%	50.0%	7 / 10	5 / 6	50.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	71.8%	70.8%	70.8%	7 / 10	1 / 6	68.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.5%	25.0%	8.3%	3 / 10	1 / 6	13.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Pending
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Judith L. Albert, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	105	73	40	3	3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.2%	30.1%	22.5%	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.5%	23.3%	22.5%	0 / 3	0 / 3
Number of retrievals	99	69	35	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	59.6%	31.9%	25.7%	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.5%	24.6%	25.7%	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	132	78	33	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.7%	28.2%	27.3%	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.2%	21.8%	27.3%	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.3	4.4	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.9%	25.0%	3 / 14		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.1%	38.9%	4 / 14		0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.8%	41.7%	4 / 14		0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.7		0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	9	22	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	5 / 9	36.4%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	5 / 9	36.4%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	211	128	72	19	27	457
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.6%	9.4%	9.7%	1 / 19	18.5%	8.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.9%	4.7%	4.2%	1 / 19	0.0%	7.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.5%	1.6%	1.4%	0 / 19	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	1.0%	3.8%	0 / 14	4.8%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.6%	62.5%	58.5%	10 / 14	66.7%	63.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.3%	82.3%	79.2%	8 / 14	57.1%	82.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.6%	10.4%	13.2%	2 / 14	9.5%	8.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	20%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Marie N. Menke, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	188	69	59	16	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.1%	37.7%	20.3%	0 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	36.2%	16.9%	0 / 16	0 / 12
Number of retrievals	181	62	52	16	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	44.8%	41.9%	23.1%	0 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.8%	40.3%	19.2%	0 / 16	0 / 7
Number of transfers	193	66	38	11	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.0%	39.4%	31.6%	0 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.3%	37.9%	26.3%	0 / 11	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.7	4.9		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	44.0%	44.7%	26.3%	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.5%	46.8%	26.3%	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	52.2%	46.8%	26.3%	0 / 9	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	9	42	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 7	3 / 9	38.1%	3 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 7	3 / 9	28.6%	2 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	301	155	109	38	51	654
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	11.0%	12.8%	18.4%	9.8%	10.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.6%	7.1%	13.8%	2.6%	5.9%	11.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.0%	3.9%	5.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	9.8%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.9%	68.3%	58.3%	39.3%	73.2%	65.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	71.7%	77.9%	51.7%	71.4%	70.7%	70.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.4%	10.6%	8.3%	3.6%	4.9%	7.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	30%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY-PENNSYLVANIA WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Isaac E. Sasson, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	148	87	43	21	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	58.1%	41.4%	39.5%	19.0%	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.4%	37.9%	39.5%	19.0%	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	139	82	42	16	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.9%	43.9%	40.5%	4 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.8%	40.2%	40.5%	4 / 16	0 / 3
Number of transfers	203	76	40	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.4%	47.4%	42.5%	4 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	38.9%	43.4%	42.5%	4 / 9	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.4	2.5	5.3	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.6%	48.9%	41.7%	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.7%	55.3%	45.8%	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.8%	57.4%	50.0%	2 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	65	5	97	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.5%	3 / 5	40.2%	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.8%	2 / 5	35.1%	1 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	424	237	180	60	131	1,032
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.0%	7.2%	6.1%	10.0%	9.9%	6.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	19.8%	7.6%	6.1%	6.7%	7.6%	12.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	0.8%	0.6%	1.7%	0.8%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	1.5%	4.0%	2.9%	2.2%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.5%	88.0%	72.0%	58.8%	67.4%	76.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.5%	81.2%	89.0%	70.6%	77.2%	82.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	25.3%	51.1%	47.0%	17.6%	14.1%	32.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE FERTILITY CENTER, LLC YORK, PENNSYLVANIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert B. Filer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	63	14	22	8	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.5%	3 / 14	13.6%	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	3 / 14	9.1%	0 / 8	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	58	13	18	5	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	39.7%	3 / 13	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.2%	3 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 4
Number of transfers	76	13	18	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	30.3%	3 / 13	3 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.6%	3 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	4.7	7.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.2%	2 / 5	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.4%	2 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.1%	2 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.7	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 2	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 2	2 / 7

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	112	30	15	6	5	168
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.6%	10.0%	0 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 5	10.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.5%	3.3%	2 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 5	11.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.7%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 5	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	4.2%	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.2%	66.7%	9 / 12	4 / 4	2 / 3	69.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	44.8%	33.3%	5 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3	40.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	29%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PEDRO J. BEAUCHAMP, MD IVF PROGRAM DBA PUERTO RICO FERTILITY CENTER BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	41	32	40	16	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.9%	25.0%	22.5%	1 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.4%	18.8%	12.5%	1 / 16	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	40	31	37	11	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.0%	25.8%	24.3%	1 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	19.4%	13.5%	1 / 11	0 / 6
Number of transfers	41	35	40	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.9%	22.9%	22.5%	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.4%	17.1%	12.5%	1 / 12	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	4.0	4.4	16.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.2%	25.0%	23.8%	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	45.2%	25.0%	23.8%	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	45.2%	25.0%	23.8%	1 / 7	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	0	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 9		1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 9		1 / 10	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	39	48	24	21	25	157
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	6.3%	4.2%	14.3%	8.0%	5.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.7%	6.3%	8.3%	9.5%	12.0%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 19	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	27.8%	32.5%	35.0%	1 / 16	3 / 19	26.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.3%	82.5%	75.0%	15 / 16	16 / 19	83.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 19	3.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%
Endometriosis	20%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	34%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	47%
Uterine factor	17%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CLINICA DE FERTILIDAD HIMA-SAN PABLO CAGUAS CAGUAS, PUERTO RICO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jose R. Cruz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	11	12	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	15.0%	2 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	15.0%	2 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	20	11	12	2	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	15.0%	2 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	15.0%	2 / 11	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of transfers	24	11	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	12.5%	2 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	12.5%	2 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	6.7	5.5	6.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 19	2 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	12	13	6	3	3	37
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 3	8.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 11	3 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	26.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	8 / 11	8 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 3	2 / 2	64.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Reason	Percentage
Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	30%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

GREFI GYNECOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY INSTITUTE SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Rosa Ileana Cruz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	13	4	6	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	13	4	6	3	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of transfers	9	4	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.3	4.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	2	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	8	9	11	4	9	41
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 8	0 / 9	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 9	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 9	9.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 6	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 8	6.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	1 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 7	1 / 4	2 / 8	20.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 6	2 / 4	6 / 7	3 / 4	6 / 8	75.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 8	6.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	17%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	37%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	7%
PGT	20%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WOMEN & INFANTS FERTILITY CENTER PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Carol A. Wheeler, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	153	92	85	48	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.7%	33.7%	30.6%	6.3%	0 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.5%	29.3%	23.5%	4.2%	0 / 17
Number of retrievals	152	83	80	46	16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	37.3%	32.5%	6.5%	0 / 16
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.8%	32.5%	25.0%	4.3%	0 / 16
Number of transfers	204	87	93	40	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.3%	35.6%	28.0%	7.5%	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.9%	31.0%	21.5%	5.0%	0 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.0	3.3	16.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.5%	38.6%	27.0%	2 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.2%	43.2%	40.5%	3 / 19	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.2%	45.5%	43.2%	3 / 19	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	25	14	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2	44.0%	5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	44.0%	5 / 14	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	326	182	151	74	56	789
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.0%	7.7%	15.2%	9.5%	10.7%	9.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.7%	7.1%	5.3%	5.4%	5.4%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.5%	2.2%	1.3%	2.7%	0.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.9%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	38.0%	40.8%	37.3%	30.9%	45.7%	38.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	60.0%	64.6%	54.5%	78.2%	47.8%	60.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.5%	4.1%	4.5%	5.5%	0.0%	3.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	6%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	32%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF THE CAROLINAS

UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GROUP, DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY

GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Paul B. Miller, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	74	37	32	1	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	32.4%	28.1%	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	27.0%	18.8%	0 / 1	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	68	35	27	1	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.4%	34.3%	33.3%	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.2%	28.6%	22.2%	0 / 1	0 / 4
Number of transfers	80	31	25	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.3%	38.7%	36.0%		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.5%	32.3%	24.0%		0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	3.1	3.6		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.6%	37.5%	5 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.7%	41.7%	7 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.7%	41.7%	7 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	7	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 7	7 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 7	6 / 11	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	133	51	49	20	10	263
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	5.9%	8.2%	10.0%	0 / 10	5.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.8%	2.0%	2.0%	15.0%	0 / 10	3.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.5%	9.8%	2.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	4.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 12	1 / 9	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	47.9%	50.0%	45.5%	9 / 12	5 / 9	50.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.8%	82.5%	84.8%	9 / 12	6 / 9	88.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.3%	22.5%	24.2%	5 / 12	2 / 9	23.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PIEDMONT REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY GROUP, PA GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John E. Nichols, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	191	80	61	15	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.6%	40.0%	19.7%	4 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.3%	32.5%	18.0%	3 / 15	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	188	76	58	13	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.4%	42.1%	20.7%	4 / 13	1 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	39.9%	34.2%	19.0%	3 / 13	0 / 7
Number of transfers	218	70	45	11	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	45.7%	26.7%	4 / 11	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.4%	37.1%	24.4%	3 / 11	0 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.5	5.1	3.8	7.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.3%	40.0%	21.4%	3 / 11	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.9%	40.0%	21.4%	4 / 11	1 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.2%	40.0%	21.4%	4 / 11	1 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	8	31	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 17	3 / 8	32.3%	6 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 17	2 / 8	32.3%	6 / 15

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	369	181	95	33	28	706
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.4%	1.1%	4.2%	12.1%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.2%	12.7%	9.5%	18.2%	7.1%	15.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	2.4%	1.4%	0 / 19	4.2%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	65.9%	70.9%	54.8%	11 / 19	75.0%	65.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.9%	78.7%	86.3%	15 / 19	50.0%	81.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	11.5%	17.3%	12.3%	3 / 19	12.5%	13.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	11%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COASTAL FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by John A. Schnorr, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	166	68	55	15	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	71.1%	33.8%	45.5%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.7%	30.9%	36.4%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	161	65	53	15	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	73.3%	35.4%	47.2%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	64.6%	32.3%	37.7%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Number of transfers	195	62	50	15	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.5%	37.1%	50.0%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.3%	33.9%	40.0%	3 / 15	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	3.0	2.2	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	74.1%	40.0%	51.6%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.5%	44.4%	61.3%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	75.5%	46.7%	61.3%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	33	7	31	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	57.6%	5 / 7	58.1%	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.5%	4 / 7	54.8%	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	430	163	107	67	37	804
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.4%	9.8%	4.7%	16.4%	13.5%	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	33.0%	20.9%	18.7%	7.5%	5.4%	25.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.2%	2.1%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.6%	84.0%	70.5%	64.9%	42.9%	81.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.8%	68.1%	83.6%	89.2%	75.0%	76.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	22.0%	23.4%	19.7%	21.6%	3.6%	20.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	18%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF CHARLESTON MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Stephanie D. Singleton, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	37	21	22	2	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.6%	52.4%	27.3%	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.8%	47.6%	22.7%	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	37	21	21	2	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.6%	52.4%	28.6%	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.8%	47.6%	23.8%	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of transfers	40	20	23	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.0%	55.0%	26.1%	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	50.0%	21.7%	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	1.9	3.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.6%	10 / 18	6 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.8%	10 / 18	6 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.8%	10 / 18	6 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	10	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 10	3 / 7	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 10	3 / 7	2 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	85	62	24	22	7	200
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.2%	3.2%	0.0%	4.5%	0 / 7	2.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.9%	8.1%	16.7%	4.5%	1 / 7	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	3.2%	4.2%	0.0%	0 / 7	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.7%	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 6	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.3%	91.9%	7 / 9	8 / 11	4 / 6	88.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.6%	70.3%	8 / 9	9 / 11	4 / 6	75.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	53.3%	43.2%	3 / 9	3 / 11	1 / 6	43.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	42%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	26%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SANFORD WOMEN'S HEALTH SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Keith A. Hansen, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	109	43	20	13	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.2%	32.6%	20.0%	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.3%	25.6%	20.0%	1 / 13	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	107	35	16	12	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	40.0%	4 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	31.4%	4 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 1
Number of transfers	132	35	10	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.9%	40.0%	4 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.1%	31.4%	4 / 10	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.1	5.0	13.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.9%	40.0%	2 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	59.5%	55.0%	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.5%	55.0%	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	2.5	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	3 / 17	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	278	82	45	12	6	423
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.2%	13.4%	4.4%	2 / 12	2 / 6	8.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.9%	1.2%	4.4%	2 / 12	0 / 6	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	0.0%	2.2%	0 / 12	0 / 6	0.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.7%	0.0%	4.0%	0 / 4	0 / 4	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	49.8%	72.4%	72.0%	3 / 4	4 / 4	56.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	62.1%	44.8%	68.0%	1 / 4	1 / 4	58.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	19.6%	32.8%	40.0%	0 / 4	1 / 4	23.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	15%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	18%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER, LLC CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Barry W. Donesky, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	61	22	16	9	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.5%	36.4%	3 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.0%	27.3%	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	55	21	12	5	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.7%	38.1%	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	28.6%	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of transfers	69	17	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.0%	8 / 17	3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.2%	6 / 17	1 / 7		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.8	5.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.3%	4 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	55.6%	4 / 14	3 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	55.6%	5 / 14	3 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.3	2.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	16	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		6 / 11	8 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		5 / 11	7 / 16	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	150	62	23	7	32	274
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.0%	3.2%	13.0%	1 / 7	15.6%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.7%	9.7%	8.7%	1 / 7	9.4%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%	0 / 7	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.2%	3.0%	0 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 18	4.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	94.4%	90.9%	6 / 7	1 / 3	15 / 18	90.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.8%	87.9%	6 / 7	3 / 3	12 / 18	89.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.0%	33.3%	4 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 18	29.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	41%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	10%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TENNESSEE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ringland S. Murray, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	24	24	16	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.4%	45.8%	29.2%	2 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.1%	45.8%	29.2%	2 / 16	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	55	23	22	14	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	63.6%	47.8%	31.8%	2 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.2%	47.8%	31.8%	2 / 14	0 / 5
Number of transfers	60	21	14	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.3%	52.4%	7 / 14	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.3%	52.4%	7 / 14	2 / 7	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.2	3.4	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.9%	10 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.4%	10 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.4%	11 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	7	15	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	3 / 7	5 / 15	3 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	3 / 7	5 / 15	1 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	146	86	42	17	33	324
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.2%	11.6%	16.7%	2 / 17	18.2%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.0%	7.0%	9.5%	1 / 17	12.1%	9.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	1.2%	0.0%	0 / 17	0.0%	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.2%	2.2%	5.0%	0 / 6	0.0%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	77.1%	80.4%	90.0%	4 / 6	76.2%	79.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.0%	97.8%	80.0%	6 / 6	57.1%	86.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	28.9%	45.7%	45.0%	1 / 6	4.8%	31.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%
Endometriosis	15%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	43%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TENNESSEE FERTILITY INSTITUTE FRANKLIN, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christopher P. Montville, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	10	4	9	2	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 2	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 2	
Number of retrievals	10	4	7	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Number of transfers	12	4	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 12	2 / 4	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 12	2 / 4	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.0	3.0	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 6	2 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 6	2 / 3	2 / 2		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 6	2 / 3	2 / 2		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.5		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.0		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1		1 / 3	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	76	28	30	11	10	155
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.6%	17.9%	6.7%	1 / 11	4 / 10	11.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.3%	3.6%	13.3%	0 / 11	1 / 10	4.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.5%	7.1%	6.7%	0 / 11	0 / 10	7.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	40.9%	5 / 11	8 / 14	3 / 4	3 / 5	47.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.7%	11 / 11	14 / 14	4 / 4	5 / 5	98.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.8%	4 / 11	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 5	19.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	35%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	34%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

QUILLEN FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S SERVICES JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark X. Ransom, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	27	10	14	4	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.6%	2 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	1 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 4	
Number of retrievals	25	9	12	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.0%	2 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	1 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Number of transfers	29	11	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.7%	2 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.0%	1 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	5.0	14.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.4%	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	57.1%	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.1%	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1			1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1			1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	25	12	10	2	3	52
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	1 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 3	3.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	1.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	20.0%	5 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 2	32.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.0%	6 / 11	5 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 2	63.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	19%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

EAST TENNESSEE IVF AND ANDROLOGY CENTER KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gayla S. Harris, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	6	3	2	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Number of retrievals	6	3	2	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Number of transfers	6	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.0	3.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	1 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	1 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	1 / 2	1 / 2			
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0			
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0			

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1	2	0	0	0	3
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 1	0 / 2				0 / 3
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 1	0 / 2				0 / 3
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 1	0 / 2				1 / 3
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier		0 / 2				0 / 2
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos		1 / 2				1 / 2
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI		0 / 2				0 / 2
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT		0 / 2				0 / 2

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Other	Percentage
Male factor	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	33%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	67%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

JEFFREY A. KEENAN, MD DBA SOUTHEASTERN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	16	6	5	0	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 16	3 / 6	0 / 5		0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 5		0 / 7
Number of retrievals	16	5	4	0	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 16	3 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 4
Number of transfers	20	5	5	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	30.0%	3 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	2.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.3	3.0		7.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	0.8	0.7		0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	148
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				43.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				31.8%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	103	50	32	16	18	219
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	4.0%	12.5%	0 / 16	0 / 18	6.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 16	0 / 18	0.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.9%	4.0%	3.1%	0 / 16	0 / 18	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 18	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.0%	82.6%	92.0%	14 / 15	18 / 18	85.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	15.6%	15.2%	16.0%	2 / 15	0 / 18	13.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 18	0.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	No	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	<1%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

KUTTEH KE FERTILITY ASSOCIATES OF MEMPHIS, PLLC MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Raymond W. Ke, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	136	36	34	14	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.4%	55.6%	35.3%	0 / 14	1 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.1%	50.0%	35.3%	0 / 14	0 / 12
Number of retrievals	130	36	31	9	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	68.5%	55.6%	38.7%	0 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.8%	50.0%	38.7%	0 / 9	0 / 8
Number of transfers	161	37	32	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	55.3%	54.1%	37.5%	0 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	49.1%	48.6%	37.5%	0 / 8	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	1.8	2.8		12.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.3%	60.6%	35.0%	0 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.3%	60.6%	35.0%	0 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.3%	60.6%	35.0%	0 / 8	1 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	20	13	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		40.0%	9 / 13	3 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		30.0%	5 / 13	1 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	434	154	97	23	29	737
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.5%	9.1%	16.5%	17.4%	13.8%	11.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	1.9%	2.1%	4.3%	0.0%	2.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.8%	3.2%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	2.2%	2.1%	1 / 15	0 / 19	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.9%	83.5%	68.8%	11 / 15	16 / 19	86.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.8%	84.6%	79.2%	14 / 15	13 / 19	80.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.1%	16.5%	16.7%	1 / 15	5 / 19	11.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	33%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REGIONAL ONE HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Laura Detti, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	28	5	17	7	8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.9%	4 / 5	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	2 / 5	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 8
Number of retrievals	26	5	17	6	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	46.2%	4 / 5	3 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.8%	2 / 5	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 8
Number of transfers	29	5	8	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.4%	4 / 5	3 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.6%	2 / 5	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	1.3	5.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 16	4 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 16	4 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 16	4 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2		0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	14	4	6	5	5	34
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 5	5.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 5	5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	5 / 12	1 / 2	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 2	47.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	10 / 12	2 / 2	2 / 3	2 / 2	2 / 2	85.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	62%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	88%	Other, infertility	29%
Uterine factor	24%	Other, non-infertility	21%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jaime M. Vasquez, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	22	12	2	2	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Number of retrievals	22	12	2	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.8%	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Number of transfers	24	13	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.7%	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.2%	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	4.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	7 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	1	15	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 12	0 / 1	5 / 15	26.9%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 12	0 / 1	4 / 15	19.2%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	53	31	22	3	18	127
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 3	1 / 18	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	26.4%	12.9%	13.6%	1 / 3	2 / 18	18.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 3	0 / 18	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 15	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.7%	86.4%	15 / 18	2 / 2	11 / 15	83.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	62.9%	72.7%	10 / 18	0 / 2	8 / 15	60.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	17.1%	9.1%	3 / 18	0 / 2	1 / 15	13.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NASHVILLE FERTILITY CENTER NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George A. Hill, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	212	86	70	19	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.5%	40.7%	38.6%	3 / 19	2 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.5%	32.6%	34.3%	3 / 19	2 / 11
Number of retrievals	185	73	60	16	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.9%	47.9%	45.0%	3 / 16	2 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.8%	38.4%	40.0%	3 / 16	2 / 9
Number of transfers	236	79	54	7	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.7%	44.3%	50.0%	3 / 7	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	35.4%	44.4%	3 / 7	2 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.5	2.6	6.3	5.5
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.4%	35.8%	40.5%	2 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	39.6%	48.6%	3 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.0%	39.6%	48.6%	3 / 9	2 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	5	27	38
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 2	1 / 5	51.9%	47.4%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2	1 / 5	48.1%	44.7%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	463	216	171	84	41	975
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.3%	9.3%	18.1%	17.9%	17.1%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.9%	3.2%	4.7%	3.6%	4.9%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.2%	4.2%	4.1%	1.2%	0.0%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.4%	1.8%	2.6%	8.3%	6.9%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.0%	90.2%	89.6%	91.7%	89.7%	85.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.4%	80.4%	70.1%	44.4%	17.2%	71.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	44.0%	58.0%	55.8%	52.8%	24.1%	48.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	18%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ASPIRE FERTILITY-DALLAS ADDISON, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Linda C. Elkins, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	0	2	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Number of retrievals	7	0	2	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Number of transfers	9	0	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 9		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8		2.0	1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 7		1 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0		1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3		1.0	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	48	37	24	11	2	122
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%	0 / 11	0 / 2	0.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	8.1%	20.8%	3 / 11	1 / 2	9.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.3%	10.8%	12.5%	1 / 11	0 / 2	9.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	16.0%	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	7.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.0%	16 / 16	6 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	88.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	16 / 16	8 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 1	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	44.0%	11 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	47.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	33%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DFW CENTER FOR FERTILITY & IVF ALLEN, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Victor E. Beshay, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	20	6	7	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.0%	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of retrievals	20	6	6	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.0%	1 / 6	3 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	1 / 6	3 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 2
Number of transfers	19	2	6	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 19	1 / 2	3 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 19	1 / 2	3 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	6.0	2.3		2.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	10 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	10 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	10 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.2	0.8	0.5	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	29	14	11	7	5	66
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	1 / 14	0 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 5	6.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.4%	1 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 5	7.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	10.3%	0 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5	4.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	11 / 16	5 / 9	4 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 3	61.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	10 / 16	8 / 9	3 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 3	66.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4 / 16	5 / 9	3 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 3	36.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	6%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	12%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ASPIRE FERTILITY-AUSTIN AUSTIN, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	34	25	16	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.8%	41.2%	20.0%	4 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.8%	41.2%	20.0%	4 / 16	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	52	29	23	14	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.4%	48.3%	21.7%	4 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.4%	48.3%	21.7%	4 / 14	0 / 5
Number of transfers	41	26	15	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.2%	53.8%	5 / 15	4 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.2%	53.8%	5 / 15	4 / 5	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	2.4	5.0	4.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	38.9%	28.6%	3 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	44.4%	52.4%	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	52.4%	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	8	16	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		4 / 8	8 / 16	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		4 / 8	8 / 16	1 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	98	87	95	34	26	340
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	1.1%	4.2%	5.9%	3.8%	2.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.1%	8.0%	17.9%	11.8%	15.4%	11.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.3%	10.3%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	7.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.2%	2.6%	3.4%	0 / 19	2 / 17	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.3%	92.3%	89.7%	18 / 19	12 / 17	89.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.1%	82.1%	82.8%	14 / 19	12 / 17	82.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	82.2%	82.1%	79.3%	15 / 19	7 / 17	76.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	21%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	46%
Tubal factor	6%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

AUSTIN FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-WESTLAKE IVF AUSTIN, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Shahryar K. Kavoussi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	69	28	20	8	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	42.0%	17.9%	25.0%	0 / 8	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.5%	14.3%	20.0%	0 / 8	
Number of retrievals	68	27	18	7	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.6%	18.5%	5 / 18	0 / 7	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	27.9%	14.8%	4 / 18	0 / 7	
Number of transfers	68	21	14	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.6%	23.8%	5 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.9%	19.0%	4 / 14	0 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	5.6	4.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.1%	14.3%	4 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.3%	14.3%	4 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.3%	14.3%	4 / 14	0 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.5	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	2	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	94	46	41	19	8	208
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	4.3%	4.9%	3 / 19	0 / 8	4.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.6%	8.7%	7.3%	2 / 19	0 / 8	9.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.3%	6.5%	0.0%	1 / 19	0 / 8	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.4%	3.1%	3.7%	1 / 9	0 / 7	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.1%	50.0%	25.9%	4 / 9	5 / 7	43.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.0%	93.8%	96.3%	8 / 9	5 / 7	92.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.6%	15.6%	11.1%	0 / 9	0 / 7	8.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	52%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

AUSTIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE, PA AUSTIN, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kenneth K. Moghadam, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	74	31	25	4	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	58.1%	24.0%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	51.6%	20.0%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	71	30	20	4	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.7%	60.0%	30.0%	0 / 4	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	53.3%	25.0%	0 / 4	
Number of transfers	102	38	23	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.2%	47.4%	26.1%	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.4%	42.1%	21.7%	0 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.7	4.2		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.4%	60.0%	4 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	59.4%	60.0%	4 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.4%	65.0%	4 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 3		5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 3		5 / 17	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	215	179	87	24	17	522
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.6%	6.1%	12.6%	16.7%	0 / 17	7.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.6%	9.5%	11.5%	4.2%	0 / 17	10.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.2%	2.2%	2.3%	8.3%	0 / 17	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	0 / 10	0 / 17	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	88.3%	85.6%	78.6%	8 / 10	15 / 17	85.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.0%	89.4%	92.9%	8 / 10	13 / 17	89.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	27.9%	23.1%	45.2%	4 / 10	0 / 17	27.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER VAUGHN, SILVERBERG & ASSOCIATES AUSTIN, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kaylen Silverberg, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	261	180	133	78	52
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.3%	37.8%	25.6%	16.7%	1.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.7%	37.2%	23.3%	14.1%	1.9%
Number of retrievals	248	171	123	71	46
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.0%	39.8%	27.6%	18.3%	2.2%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.2%	39.2%	25.2%	15.5%	2.2%
Number of transfers	282	142	80	23	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.3%	47.9%	42.5%	56.5%	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.0%	47.2%	38.8%	47.8%	1 / 11
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.6	3.9	6.0	52.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	43.8%	29.5%	13.6%	3.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.4%	48.2%	32.1%	15.9%	3.8%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.4%	50.0%	33.3%	15.9%	3.8%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	27	16	115	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	70.4%	6 / 16	40.9%	6 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	70.4%	5 / 16	37.4%	6 / 10

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	772	414	424	158	207	1,975
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.1%	11.8%	13.4%	15.2%	13.5%	11.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.5%	3.6%	8.0%	11.4%	11.6%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.3%	8.0%	6.1%	3.8%	1.0%	5.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.6%	7.6%	1.7%	3.0%	6.7%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.6%	93.9%	93.0%	89.4%	80.8%	93.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.7%	81.7%	72.1%	68.2%	46.2%	73.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	51.0%	59.4%	58.1%	43.9%	24.0%	50.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BEDFORD, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kevin J. Doody, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	139	69	40	19	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.2%	47.8%	27.5%	5 / 19	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.1%	42.0%	17.5%	3 / 19	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	137	64	32	14	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.0%	51.6%	34.4%	5 / 14	0 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.9%	45.3%	21.9%	3 / 14	0 / 12
Number of transfers	188	80	24	14	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.2%	41.3%	45.8%	5 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.5%	36.3%	29.2%	3 / 14	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	3.6	3.8	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.2%	57.7%	36.0%	4 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.5%	57.7%	36.0%	4 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	67.5%	57.7%	36.0%	4 / 9	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.3	0.6	0.9	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	11	0	18	34
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 11		5 / 18	26.5%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 11		4 / 18	23.5%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	375	164	159	53	29	780
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	4.9%	2.5%	3.8%	3.4%	3.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.4%	7.9%	10.1%	20.8%	3.4%	8.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	1.2%	3.8%	3.8%	3.4%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.1%	4.2%	1.9%	6.5%	3.8%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	78.0%	67.5%	69.4%	77.4%	80.8%	74.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.9%	65.0%	51.9%	41.9%	11.5%	55.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.9%	12.5%	11.1%	22.6%	0.0%	8.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DALLAS-FORT WORTH FERTILITY ASSOCIATES DALLAS, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Samuel J. Chantilis, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	259	151	129	64	44
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.9%	46.4%	21.7%	15.6%	6.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.9%	39.7%	20.9%	15.6%	6.8%
Number of retrievals	245	135	100	57	28
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.2%	51.9%	28.0%	17.5%	10.7%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.9%	44.4%	27.0%	17.5%	10.7%
Number of transfers	292	142	68	30	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.4%	49.3%	41.2%	33.3%	3 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	46.9%	42.3%	39.7%	33.3%	3 / 13
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.2	4.6	6.4	14.7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	67.4%	50.0%	23.6%	28.6%	1 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.9%	51.2%	27.3%	33.3%	1 / 12
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.5%	51.2%	29.1%	42.9%	1 / 12
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.7
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	33	2	62	28
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	75.8%	1 / 2	50.0%	57.1%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	69.7%	1 / 2	40.3%	53.6%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	615	348	301	125	122	1,511
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	5.2%	7.3%	5.6%	9.0%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.4%	11.2%	13.3%	22.4%	19.7%	16.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.3%	6.0%	7.6%	2.4%	1.6%	4.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.1%	3.8%	3.1%	1.8%	4.6%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	82.1%	87.0%	78.5%	84.2%	69.2%	81.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.9%	44.2%	49.2%	36.8%	46.2%	50.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	23.0%	32.7%	45.4%	36.8%	30.8%	30.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	9%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY AND ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE DALLAS, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Orhan Bukulmez, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	31	46	27	14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	19.4%	8.7%	7.4%	0 / 14
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	16.1%	8.7%	7.4%	0 / 14
Number of retrievals	23	26	36	20	13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.5%	23.1%	11.1%	10.0%	0 / 13
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.5%	19.2%	11.1%	10.0%	0 / 13
Number of transfers	27	18	10	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.1%	6 / 18	4 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	5 / 18	4 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	5.2	11.5	13.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	5 / 13	2 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.0%	5 / 13	2 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.0%	5 / 13	2 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	77	51	76	34	46	284
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.6%	15.7%	6.6%	11.8%	15.2%	9.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.2%	21.6%	15.8%	17.6%	19.6%	18.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	13.0%	17.6%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	7.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 11	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 10	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	77.8%	10 / 11	83.3%	5 / 6	10 / 10	83.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.9%	10 / 11	83.3%	6 / 6	9 / 10	88.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.7%	1 / 11	20.8%	1 / 6	0 / 10	14.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	50%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	44%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	12%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by J. Michael Putman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	54	26	17	11	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.3%	26.9%	4 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	19.2%	2 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	52	24	15	10	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	29.2%	4 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	20.8%	2 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 2
Number of transfers	50	18	10	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	7 / 18	4 / 10	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.0%	5 / 18	2 / 10	3 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	3.7	4.3	3.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.4%	5 / 14	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.4%	6 / 14	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.4%	6 / 14	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3		3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 3		1 / 8	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	109	57	45	14	19	244
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.4%	3.5%	4.4%	0 / 14	0 / 19	4.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.5%	1.8%	8.9%	0 / 14	1 / 19	4.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.8%	3.5%	8.9%	0 / 14	1 / 19	3.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2 / 11	0 / 12	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.6%	76.9%	85.7%	10 / 11	7 / 12	73.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	73.2%	61.5%	71.4%	8 / 11	7 / 12	68.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	21.1%	33.3%	23.8%	5 / 11	1 / 12	25.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	35%
Uterine factor	20%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	27%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCED FERTILITY CENTER DALLAS, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Anil B. Pinto, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	71	38	21	16	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	49.3%	34.2%	9.5%	2 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.2%	26.3%	9.5%	2 / 16	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	68	36	19	15	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.5%	36.1%	2 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.8%	27.8%	2 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 4
Number of transfers	70	20	8	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	65.0%	2 / 8	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.7%	50.0%	2 / 8	2 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	2.9	10.5	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	40.0%	1 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.8%	44.0%	1 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.8%	44.0%	1 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	21	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		57.1%	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		28.6%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	176	74	60	46	36	392
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	9.5%	5.0%	21.7%	16.7%	8.2%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.4%	8.1%	5.0%	19.6%	8.3%	6.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	0.0%	6.7%	2.2%	0.0%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.0%	3.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	2 / 14	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	91.8%	84.8%	95.5%	11 / 11	13 / 14	91.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	83.5%	87.9%	63.6%	8 / 11	6 / 14	78.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.8%	36.4%	40.9%	4 / 11	6 / 14	32.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	82%	Other, infertility	38%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	37%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Walid A. Saleh, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	56	37	23	15	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.4%	29.7%	21.7%	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.6%	18.9%	21.7%	1 / 15	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	54	36	21	13	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	30.6%	23.8%	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.3%	19.4%	23.8%	1 / 13	0 / 3
Number of transfers	50	25	14	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	62.0%	44.0%	5 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	28.0%	5 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	3.4	4.6	15.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.5%	8 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	8 / 17	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	8 / 17	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	5	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 12	4 / 5	3 / 7	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 12	2 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	101	49	39	22	20	231
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.9%	4.1%	7.7%	13.6%	10.0%	6.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.8%	14.3%	5.1%	9.1%	40.0%	16.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.0%	2.0%	2.6%	0.0%	5.0%	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 14	1 / 9	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.8%	40.5%	48.0%	6 / 14	1 / 9	40.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	85.1%	75.7%	80.0%	9 / 14	9 / 9	80.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.0%	8.1%	12.0%	2 / 14	1 / 9	9.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	14%	Diminished ovarian reserve	49%
Endometriosis	<1%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	15%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TEXAS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DALLAS, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Samuel P. Marynick, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	19	16	8	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 19	5 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 19	2 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	19	15	8	2	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	8 / 19	5 / 15	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 19	2 / 15	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of transfers	15	10	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	8 / 15	5 / 10	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 15	2 / 10	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.2	2.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		0 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	23	14	9	5	5	56
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.3%	1 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 5	1 / 5	5.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.7%	2 / 14	1 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 5	12.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.7%	1 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 5	8.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 4	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	9 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2	4 / 4	39.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	12 / 17	9 / 9	6 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 4	76.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8 / 17	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4	34.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	55%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	14%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	55%
Uterine factor	14%	Other, non-infertility	9%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**THE WOMEN'S PLACE
DeSOTO, TEXAS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SOUTHWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA EL PASO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Luis S. Noble, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	40	16	17	7	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.5%	6 / 16	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.0%	5 / 16	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	38	15	15	6	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.5%	6 / 15	3 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.6%	5 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6
Number of transfers	49	19	15	6	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.9%	6 / 19	3 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	24.5%	5 / 19	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.7	5.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.0%	4 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.0%	4 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.0%	4 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	43	30	20	5	2	100
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.3%	6.7%	5.0%	0 / 5	0 / 2	7.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	41.0%	39.3%	4 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 2	34.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.4%	92.9%	19 / 19	5 / 5	2 / 2	96.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 2	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation? No
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	37%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	49%
Uterine factor	10%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SAM HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by G. Donald Royster, IV, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	70	32	28	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	38.6%	34.4%	28.6%		
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	30.0%	21.9%	28.6%		
Number of retrievals	65	32	26	0	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	41.5%	34.4%	30.8%		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.3%	21.9%	30.8%		
Number of transfers	64	30	22	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	42.2%	36.7%	36.4%		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	23.3%	36.4%		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.6	2.9	3.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.6%	7 / 19	4 / 16		
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	43.6%	7 / 19	4 / 16		
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	43.6%	7 / 19	4 / 16		
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.1	1.2		
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.7		

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	71	33	29	2	0	135
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.4%	9.1%	13.8%	0 / 2		5.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.5%	6.1%	0.0%	0 / 2		5.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	6.3%	14.8%	8.0%	0 / 2		8.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.8%	85.2%	64.0%	2 / 2		85.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 2		0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	22%	Egg or embryo banking	1%
Tubal factor	33%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	3%
Uterine factor	19%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FORT WORTH FERTILITY, PA FORT WORTH, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robert A. Kaufmann, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	168	46	39	22	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.6%	21.7%	23.1%	4.5%	1 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	17.4%	20.5%	4.5%	1 / 11
Number of retrievals	163	44	35	20	9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	55.2%	22.7%	25.7%	5.0%	1 / 9
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	18.2%	22.9%	5.0%	1 / 9
Number of transfers	189	44	33	13	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.6%	22.7%	27.3%	1 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.2%	18.2%	24.2%	1 / 13	1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	4.6	4.3	22.0	11.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.6%	20.0%	24.0%	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.9%	20.0%	24.0%	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.9%	20.0%	24.0%	0 / 9	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	16	4	45	15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 16	3 / 4	44.4%	9 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 16	1 / 4	35.6%	6 / 15

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	330	147	101	29	49	656
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.1%	4.1%	3.0%	13.8%	18.4%	4.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.5%	10.2%	7.9%	10.3%	6.1%	11.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	4.8%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	10.4%	8.0%	6.8%	3 / 15	41.9%	12.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.5%	83.9%	88.1%	10 / 15	64.5%	81.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.2%	77.0%	84.7%	11 / 15	77.4%	83.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	30.3%	43.7%	57.6%	5 / 15	41.9%	38.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	30%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

CCRM DALLAS-FORT WORTH FRISCO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Dorette J. Noorhasan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	84	37	25	9	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	43.2%	28.0%	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.8%	43.2%	24.0%	2 / 9	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	80	35	22	8	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.0%	45.7%	31.8%	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.5%	45.7%	27.3%	2 / 8	0 / 1
Number of transfers	80	30	16	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.0%	53.3%	7 / 16	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	57.5%	53.3%	6 / 16	2 / 6	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.3	3.6	4.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.7%	63.6%	6 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.7%	63.6%	6 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.2%	63.6%	6 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1	3 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	3 / 4	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	145	52	43	11	14	265
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.4%	7.7%	14.0%	2 / 11	1 / 14	5.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.9%	13.5%	4.7%	0 / 11	1 / 14	7.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	8.7%	3 / 7	0 / 8	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	98.8%	96.2%	91.3%	6 / 7	7 / 8	95.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.8%	61.5%	73.9%	4 / 7	4 / 8	69.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	32.1%	26.9%	39.1%	1 / 7	4 / 8	32.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

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^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DALLAS IVF FRISCO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Brian D. Barnett, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	241	91	79	52	22
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.5%	45.1%	26.6%	13.5%	4.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.5%	37.4%	16.5%	7.7%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	228	84	66	41	15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	51.3%	48.8%	31.8%	17.1%	1 / 15
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.9%	40.5%	19.7%	9.8%	0 / 15
Number of transfers	256	77	48	25	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.7%	53.2%	43.8%	28.0%	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.1%	44.2%	27.1%	16.0%	0 / 8
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.2	3.8	7.4	22.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.6%	52.0%	19.5%	19.2%	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.0%	54.0%	29.3%	19.2%	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.5%	56.0%	31.7%	19.2%	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	3	41	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	43.9%	8 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	34.1%	8 / 14

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	429	204	165	58	64	920
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.9%	6.4%	8.5%	22.4%	15.6%	7.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	1.5%	4.2%	10.3%	7.8%	4.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.2%	4.4%	1.2%	1.7%	0.0%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.9%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	12.9%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	81.6%	80.6%	71.9%	65.4%	87.1%	79.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	68.4%	58.9%	51.7%	34.6%	45.2%	60.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	28.6%	42.7%	48.3%	42.3%	48.4%	36.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	38%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	30%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF TEXAS, PLLC FRISCO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jerald S. Goldstein, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	282	109	93	35	17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	61.3%	43.1%	26.9%	25.7%	1 / 17
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.2%	33.9%	21.5%	17.1%	1 / 17
Number of retrievals	265	102	78	34	17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.3%	46.1%	32.1%	26.5%	1 / 17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.2%	36.3%	25.6%	17.6%	1 / 17
Number of transfers	291	104	62	23	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.5%	45.2%	40.3%	39.1%	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.7%	35.6%	32.3%	26.1%	1 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	3.7	3.9	17.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.0%	45.1%	29.6%	30.0%	1 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.5%	50.7%	33.3%	35.0%	1 / 10
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.5%	52.1%	33.3%	35.0%	1 / 10
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	4	1	74	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 4	0 / 1	66.2%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 4	0 / 1	48.6%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	646	252	155	61	92	1,206
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	4.8%	9.7%	4.9%	8.7%	4.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.2%	2.8%	3.9%	6.6%	6.5%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.5%	6.7%	5.2%	0.0%	3.3%	5.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	7.0%	6.6%	12.2%	9.1%	39.2%	10.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	94.2%	93.4%	86.5%	72.7%	88.2%	91.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	64.3%	60.6%	73.0%	63.6%	60.8%	64.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	43.2%	51.8%	45.9%	45.5%	56.9%	46.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	41%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	47%
Tubal factor	17%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	13%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	4%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS HOUSTON, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael A. Allon, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	59	44	31	17	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	38.6%	22.6%	3 / 17	0 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	29.5%	22.6%	2 / 17	0 / 13
Number of retrievals	59	44	29	16	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	38.6%	24.1%	3 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	29.5%	24.1%	2 / 16	0 / 11
Number of transfers	55	32	21	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.2%	53.1%	33.3%	3 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	40.6%	33.3%	2 / 9	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	4.4	5.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.6%	52.2%	3 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.7%	60.9%	4 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.7%	65.2%	5 / 14	3 / 8	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	10	0	23	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 10		26.1%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 10		21.7%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	125	87	56	43	47	358
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.2%	5.7%	7.1%	4.7%	8.5%	5.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.8%	6.9%	3.6%	9.3%	14.9%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	1.1%	3.6%	0.0%	2.1%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	97.9%	88.9%	85.7%	85.0%	94.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.0%	93.6%	85.2%	100.0%	90.0%	91.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.6%	10.6%	37.0%	14.3%	5.0%	17.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	32%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	16%	Egg or embryo banking	43%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	12%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ASPIRE FERTILITY-HOUSTON HOUSTON, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George M. Grunert, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	15	12	9	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	29.2%	5 / 15	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.0%	5 / 15	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	21	14	9	8	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	33.3%	5 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	5 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 2
Number of transfers	22	11	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.8%	5 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	27.3%	5 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.4	3.0		9.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 19	4 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 19	4 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 19	4 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	3	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	1 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	100	55	38	21	11	225
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	21.0%	3.6%	15.8%	9.5%	3 / 11	15.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.0%	9.1%	7.9%	14.3%	3 / 11	7.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.0%	9.1%	2.6%	0.0%	0 / 11	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.5%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 4	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.0%	90.9%	8 / 11	5 / 8	3 / 4	82.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.5%	95.5%	10 / 11	5 / 8	2 / 4	90.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	75.0%	81.8%	7 / 11	2 / 8	3 / 4	70.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	8%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by C. James Chuong, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	26	7	12	9	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	30.8%	1 / 7	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	15.4%	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	25	7	9	7	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	32.0%	1 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.0%	1 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8
Number of transfers	22	7	7	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.4%	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	18.2%	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.3	7.0	12.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	7 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	7 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	7 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	1	12	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	0 / 1	6 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	0 / 1	5 / 12	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	48	17	22	12	38	137
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.3%	3 / 17	18.2%	2 / 12	21.1%	14.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	8.3%	2 / 17	4.5%	3 / 12	5.3%	8.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.2%	0 / 17	0.0%	0 / 12	0.0%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	0 / 9	0 / 8	1 / 3	4 / 18	9.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	64.0%	5 / 9	8 / 8	3 / 3	13 / 18	71.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.0%	9 / 9	8 / 8	3 / 3	18 / 18	98.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.0%	0 / 9	0 / 8	1 / 3	2 / 18	12.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Service	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donor eggs?	Yes	No
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Reason	Percentage	Other Reason	Percentage
Male factor	26%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	39%
Tubal factor	31%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Other, infertility	1%
Uterine factor	24%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William E. Gibbons, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	87	33	29	11	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	28.7%	33.3%	27.6%	1 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	24.1%	30.3%	27.6%	1 / 11	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	83	29	25	9	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	30.1%	37.9%	32.0%	1 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	25.3%	34.5%	32.0%	1 / 9	0 / 7
Number of transfers	68	27	14	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	36.8%	40.7%	8 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.9%	37.0%	8 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.5	3.0	3.6	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	23.5%	31.8%	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	27.9%	36.4%	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	29.4%	36.4%	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	26	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			50.0%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			50.0%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	219	109	85	27	39	479
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.8%	12.8%	24.7%	33.3%	17.9%	13.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.3%	3.7%	2.4%	7.4%	5.1%	3.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.7%	4.6%	3.5%	7.4%	15.4%	7.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	6.7%	1.9%	0.0%	2 / 7	5 / 17	7.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	86.7%	92.3%	90.6%	6 / 7	17 / 17	89.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.3%	90.4%	90.6%	4 / 7	14 / 17	90.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	53.3%	61.5%	50.0%	3 / 7	14 / 17	56.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	40%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Other, infertility	22%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	11%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE HEARD INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael J. Heard, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	7	10	4	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	6	9	3	1	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of transfers	4	8	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 4	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	5.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.0		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.5	0.5	1.0		0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	8	5	6	0	0	19
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6			1 / 19
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 6			4 / 19
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 6			3 / 19
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3			0 / 7
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 3			6 / 7
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	3 / 3	1 / 1	3 / 3			7 / 7
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2 / 3	0 / 1	2 / 3			4 / 7

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	47%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	37%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	37%
Ovulatory dysfunction	58%	Other, infertility	79%
Uterine factor	32%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HOUSTON FERTILITY INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ghassan F. Haddad, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	761	323	253	117	78
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.5%	47.7%	30.8%	20.5%	6.4%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.4%	33.7%	26.1%	15.4%	6.4%
Number of retrievals	742	313	243	112	67
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	65.1%	49.2%	32.1%	21.4%	7.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.7%	34.8%	27.2%	16.1%	7.5%
Number of transfers	902	305	186	60	24
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	53.5%	50.5%	41.9%	40.0%	20.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	35.7%	35.5%	30.0%	20.8%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.1	3.2	4.9	15.6
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	67.4%	55.5%	34.9%	23.4%	6.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	70.8%	61.0%	39.5%	27.7%	6.7%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.0%	61.0%	40.3%	29.8%	6.7%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	11	81	158	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 11	49.4%	47.5%	4 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 11	46.9%	40.5%	3 / 14

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,675	798	586	235	249	3,543
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	3.0%	2.0%	2.6%	4.0%	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.7%	9.5%	18.1%	26.4%	12.4%	10.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.4%	4.8%	4.4%	7.2%	5.2%	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.8%	2.5%	4.3%	2.0%	11.8%	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	95.0%	92.5%	86.1%	81.8%	68.8%	90.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	93.5%	89.1%	85.4%	78.8%	64.7%	88.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	42.1%	51.9%	54.3%	54.5%	34.7%	46.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	63%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	34%
Tubal factor	27%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	11%
Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Other, infertility	60%
Uterine factor	56%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	52%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

HOUSTON FERTILITY SPECIALISTS HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by George M. Grunert, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	272	140	111	56	34
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.4%	36.4%	22.5%	12.5%	8.8%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	34.3%	22.5%	12.5%	8.8%
Number of retrievals	254	125	93	43	29
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.8%	40.8%	26.9%	16.3%	10.3%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.9%	38.4%	26.9%	16.3%	10.3%
Number of transfers	285	128	62	21	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.3%	39.8%	40.3%	33.3%	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.8%	37.5%	40.3%	33.3%	3 / 9
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.7	4.4	8.0	11.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	49.7%	36.2%	26.8%	16.0%	1 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.4%	40.4%	30.4%	16.0%	2 / 17
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.9%	42.6%	30.4%	16.0%	2 / 17
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	8	74	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	2 / 8	56.8%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	2 / 8	50.0%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	529	347	290	123	120	1,409
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.8%	8.6%	12.8%	20.3%	21.7%	11.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	5.5%	7.6%	11.4%	10.0%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.6%	3.7%	5.2%	6.5%	5.0%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	3.0%	3.3%	5.4%	3.6%	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.3%	94.6%	95.0%	83.8%	87.5%	92.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.8%	88.1%	78.5%	83.8%	64.3%	84.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	83.5%	88.1%	79.3%	75.7%	62.5%	81.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	44%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	40%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**HOUSTON INFERTILITY CLINIC
SONJA KRISTIANSEN, MD
HOUSTON, TEXAS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

HOUSTON IVF DBA CCRM HOUSTON HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Timothy N. Hickman, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	213	153	136	48	20
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.7%	47.7%	28.7%	4.2%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.6%	35.3%	22.8%	4.2%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	209	148	127	42	17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.9%	49.3%	30.7%	4.8%	0 / 17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.3%	36.5%	24.4%	4.8%	0 / 17
Number of transfers	243	147	116	24	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.6%	49.7%	33.6%	8.3%	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.9%	36.7%	26.7%	8.3%	0 / 9
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.1	3.5	24.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.9%	47.9%	32.9%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.6%	53.1%	35.4%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.2%	53.1%	36.7%	0 / 18	0 / 9
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	31	0	35	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	77.4%		34.3%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	54.8%		22.9%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	361	248	217	79	79	984
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.1%	1.2%	1.8%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1.7%	0.8%	5.1%	12.7%	11.4%	3.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.0%	6.5%	7.8%	3.8%	1.3%	5.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	4.1%	5.4%	0.0%	9.3%	3.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.3%	59.1%	56.9%	63.0%	44.4%	55.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.0%	94.2%	90.0%	87.0%	96.3%	93.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	25.2%	37.4%	40.0%	41.3%	24.1%	32.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	16%	Diminished ovarian reserve	40%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	7%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	61%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	45%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVFMD IRVING, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Sy Q. Le, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	148	51	39	11	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.4%	43.1%	33.3%	3 / 11	0 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.5%	29.4%	25.6%	3 / 11	0 / 12
Number of retrievals	146	51	36	9	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	52.1%	43.1%	36.1%	3 / 9	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.1%	29.4%	27.8%	3 / 9	0 / 11
Number of transfers	167	57	35	6	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.5%	38.6%	37.1%	3 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.9%	26.3%	28.6%	3 / 6	0 / 6
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.3	3.0	3.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.8%	41.5%	30.0%	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.5%	43.9%	50.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.5%	43.9%	50.0%	2 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	1	26	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 13	1 / 1	34.6%	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	7 / 13	0 / 1	26.9%	1 / 3

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	268	97	86	25	43	519
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.2%	6.2%	5.8%	20.0%	7.0%	6.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.1%	5.2%	7.0%	8.0%	7.0%	6.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.1%	1.0%	3.5%	4.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	1.7%	4.0%	0 / 12	13.8%	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	75.7%	91.4%	72.0%	11 / 12	72.4%	78.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	72.8%	63.8%	80.0%	7 / 12	75.9%	72.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	15.6%	41.4%	20.0%	1 / 12	13.8%	20.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	19%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	24%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	16%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE CENTRE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUBBOCK, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Janelle O. Dorsett, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	38	14	15	4	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.5%	6 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.6%	5 / 14	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	38	13	14	4	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.5%	6 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.6%	5 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of transfers	41	13	13	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.1%	6 / 13	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	48.8%	5 / 13	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	2.3	7.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.6%	5 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.5%	6 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.5%	6 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	3	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		1 / 3	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		0 / 3	2 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	18	16	5	9	107
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.7%	0 / 18	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 9	2.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.6%	4 / 18	3 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 9	15.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 9	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	0 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 9	3.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	44.0%	3 / 14	7 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 9	39.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	18.0%	3 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 9	16.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	4.0%	0 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 9	2.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	42%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	1%
Tubal factor	41%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY LUBBOCK, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Jaou-Chen Huang, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	45	22	19	0	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.9%	18.2%	5 / 19		0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.2%	18.2%	4 / 19		0 / 1
Number of retrievals	44	21	16	0	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	50.0%	19.0%	5 / 16		0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	43.2%	19.0%	4 / 16		0 / 1
Number of transfers	56	24	11	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	39.3%	16.7%	5 / 11		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.9%	16.7%	4 / 11		0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.0	5.5	3.8		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.7%	1 / 9	3 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	51.4%	1 / 9	3 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.4%	1 / 9	4 / 7		0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8		1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1	2 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 1	2 / 6	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	86	42	28	6	5	167
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.0%	11.9%	3.6%	0 / 6	1 / 5	7.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.7%	0.0%	7.1%	0 / 6	1 / 5	4.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	0.0%	7.1%	0 / 6	0 / 5	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.4%	84.6%	12 / 17	3 / 4	1 / 2	65.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	91.2%	84.6%	15 / 17	4 / 4	1 / 2	88.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.6%	50.0%	5 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 2	28.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE OF SOUTH TEXAS McALLEN, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Esteban O. Brown, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	41	27	21	14	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	43.9%	22.2%	14.3%	1 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.6%	18.5%	9.5%	0 / 14	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	40	24	17	12	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.0%	25.0%	3 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	20.8%	2 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 1
Number of transfers	43	25	18	12	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.9%	24.0%	3 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	20.0%	2 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	4.5	7.0	14.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	46.4%	4 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 7	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	46.4%	6 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 7	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	46.4%	6 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 7	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.3	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			2 / 7	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	59	39	27	18	14	157
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.2%	7.7%	7.4%	4 / 18	6 / 14	13.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.1%	10.3%	29.6%	7 / 18	1 / 14	14.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 14	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 6	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	46.9%	41.9%	8 / 16	3 / 7	5 / 6	47.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	96.8%	16 / 16	7 / 7	6 / 6	99.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.0%	6.5%	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 6	2.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%
Endometriosis	3%	Egg or embryo banking	2%
Tubal factor	34%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	18%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTERS, PLLC ODESSA, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Botros Rizk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	5	2	0	1	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	5	2	0	1	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	5 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of transfers	5	3	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	5 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.0	2.0			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	4 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	4 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.5		1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2		1 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	19	12	8	2	2	43
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3 / 19	0 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2	14.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	7.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	4 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	34.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	15 / 16	7 / 7	3 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	89.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	6.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	12%
Tubal factor	23%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	21%
Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	12%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

IVF PLANO PLANO, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James Douglas, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	68	26	30	14	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	72.1%	53.8%	23.3%	2 / 14	1 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	60.3%	26.9%	16.7%	1 / 14	1 / 12
Number of retrievals	62	25	26	11	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	79.0%	56.0%	26.9%	2 / 11	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	66.1%	28.0%	19.2%	1 / 11	1 / 11
Number of transfers	73	21	22	8	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	67.1%	66.7%	31.8%	2 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	56.2%	33.3%	22.7%	1 / 8	1 / 7
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.4	1.9	4.3	7.0	12.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	73.5%	10 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	79.6%	10 / 16	4 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	79.6%	10 / 16	4 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	21	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 1	52.4%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1	47.6%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	165	82	87	30	19	383
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.7%	3.7%	10.3%	6.7%	1 / 19	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	23.0%	14.6%	23.0%	10.0%	9 / 19	21.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.2%	1.2%	1.1%	0.0%	0 / 19	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 14	2 / 8	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	97.4%	13 / 14	7 / 8	98.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	49.4%	26.1%	34.2%	4 / 14	5 / 8	39.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.1%	50.0%	34.2%	7 / 14	1 / 8	40.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	21%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	69%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	<1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL ARTS PLANO, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Alfred J. Rodriguez, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	44	20	41	10	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	20.0%	14.6%	2 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	20.0%	14.6%	2 / 10	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	44	19	38	8	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	45.5%	4 / 19	15.8%	2 / 8	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	36.4%	4 / 19	15.8%	2 / 8	
Number of transfers	34	13	12	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.8%	4 / 13	6 / 12	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	4 / 13	6 / 12	2 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	5.0	6.8	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	56.5%	2 / 10	2 / 15	1 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	60.9%	2 / 10	3 / 15	1 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	60.9%	2 / 10	4 / 15	2 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.8	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	23	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			56.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			43.5%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	79	44	46	15	16	200
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1.3%	15.9%	10.9%	0 / 15	0 / 16	6.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.3%	6.8%	13.0%	0 / 15	1 / 16	7.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	4.5%	4.3%	0 / 15	0 / 16	2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.4%	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 11	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	17 / 17	8 / 8	11 / 11	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	48.8%	57.1%	9 / 17	1 / 8	1 / 11	43.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	78.0%	85.7%	15 / 17	8 / 8	10 / 11	84.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%
Endometriosis	14%	Egg or embryo banking	38%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	44%	Other, infertility	42%
Uterine factor	20%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

ASPIRE FERTILITY-SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	164	99	68	24	11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.9%	39.4%	32.4%	12.5%	0 / 11
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	56.1%	33.3%	27.9%	12.5%	0 / 11
Number of retrievals	155	91	62	20	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.7%	42.9%	35.5%	15.0%	0 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	59.4%	36.3%	30.6%	15.0%	0 / 11
Number of transfers	186	75	41	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.1%	52.0%	53.7%	3 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	49.5%	44.0%	46.3%	3 / 5	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.5	3.1	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	67.5%	41.0%	31.7%	1 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	75.4%	49.2%	43.9%	1 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	77.8%	55.7%	43.9%	2 / 13	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	14	20	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 14	45.0%	3 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		4 / 14	40.0%	3 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	385	167	158	47	25	782
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.3%	13.8%	17.1%	8.5%	32.0%	12.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.3%	4.8%	5.1%	8.5%	4.0%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.8%	0.6%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.4%	2.1%	2.4%	4.2%	0 / 13	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.1%	78.1%	62.2%	70.8%	7 / 13	63.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	86.9%	77.1%	84.1%	91.7%	9 / 13	84.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	31.0%	52.1%	53.7%	58.3%	3 / 13	40.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	24%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	11%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gregory S. Neal, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	133	74	81	24	25
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	60.9%	43.2%	19.8%	16.7%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.4%	35.1%	16.0%	16.7%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	130	69	74	22	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.3%	46.4%	21.6%	18.2%	0 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	37.7%	17.6%	18.2%	0 / 19
Number of transfers	161	78	65	22	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.3%	41.0%	24.6%	18.2%	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.2%	33.3%	20.0%	18.2%	0 / 9
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.3	5.1	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	63.0%	50.0%	22.5%	2 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.8%	54.2%	27.5%	2 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.8%	54.2%	32.5%	2 / 9	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8	1.1	0.8

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	9	3	20	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 9	1 / 3	45.0%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 9	1 / 3	40.0%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	235	129	139	46	51	600
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	2.3%	10.1%	8.7%	13.7%	6.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.8%	6.2%	6.5%	26.1%	11.8%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.1%	3.1%	0.7%	2.2%	2.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	5.5%	5.4%	4.0%	6.5%	3.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.6%	63.7%	58.1%	56.0%	61.3%	56.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	71.5%	72.5%	68.8%	68.0%	54.8%	69.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.4%	22.0%	25.8%	20.0%	12.9%	17.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	18%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF SAN ANTONIO
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

INSTITUTE FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Joseph R. Garza, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	18	14	10	4	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	11 / 18	3 / 14	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 18	3 / 14	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	15	13	9	3	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	11 / 15	3 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	8 / 15	3 / 13	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3
Number of transfers	17	9	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	11 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 6		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	4.7	3.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	9 / 15	2 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 15	3 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 15	3 / 9	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.1	3.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		1 / 6	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	41	19	15	12	13	100
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.8%	3 / 19	3 / 15	5 / 12	0 / 13	15.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	0 / 19	0 / 15	2 / 12	7 / 13	11.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.8%	0 / 19	1 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 13	5.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 4	2 / 6	4.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	18 / 18	10 / 10	7 / 8	2 / 4	3 / 6	87.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	15 / 18	7 / 10	8 / 8	2 / 4	3 / 6	76.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	10 / 18	4 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 6	39.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	46%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	44%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	41%	Other, infertility	27%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UT HEALTH SAN ANTONIO REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Randal D. Robinson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	26	20	22	5	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	34.6%	35.0%	18.2%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.6%	35.0%	18.2%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	24	18	22	4	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	37.5%	7 / 18	18.2%	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.5%	7 / 18	18.2%	0 / 4	0 / 2
Number of transfers	22	21	22	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.9%	33.3%	18.2%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.9%	33.3%	18.2%	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.9	2.9	5.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	8 / 17	4 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	9 / 17	4 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	9 / 17	4 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 3		3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		3 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	44	21	28	15	14	122
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.5%	9.5%	10.7%	0 / 15	1 / 14	6.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.6%	4.8%	7.1%	4 / 15	3 / 14	13.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	9.1%	9.5%	14.3%	0 / 15	2 / 14	9.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	35.5%	8 / 15	9 / 17	4 / 11	4 / 5	45.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	45.2%	8 / 15	13 / 17	6 / 11	4 / 5	57.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.7%	4 / 15	3 / 17	1 / 11	4 / 5	19.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	37%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	9%	Egg or embryo banking	23%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	27%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SCOTT & WHITE CLINIC-TEMPLE TEMPLE, TEXAS

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Thomas J. Wincek, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	60	19	10	7	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	30.0%	7 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 7	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	21.7%	7 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 7	
Number of retrievals	44	12	9	6	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	40.9%	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	29.5%	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	
Number of transfers	39	12	9	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.2%	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	7 / 12	2 / 9	1 / 6	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.3	2.7	5.0	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	29.8%	6 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	29.8%	6 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	29.8%	6 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				1 / 6

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	109	53	40	10	11	223
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	27.5%	24.5%	35.0%	3 / 10	3 / 11	28.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.2%	9.4%	2.5%	2 / 10	0 / 11	8.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 8	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	17.4%	48.6%	24.0%	1 / 5	3 / 8	27.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	97.1%	91.4%	100.0%	5 / 5	7 / 8	95.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 8	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	22%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	35%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTH HOUSTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA THE WOODLANDS, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Dorothy J. Roach, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	27	16	10	3	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	7 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	4 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	27	15	9	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.1%	7 / 15	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.0%	4 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	33	18	9	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	39.4%	7 / 18	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	30.3%	4 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.3	3.3	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	7 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	8 / 13	4 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	8 / 13	4 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			1 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 2	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	41	17	15	8	4	85
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	1 / 17	0 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 4	4.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 4	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	43.9%	5 / 15	4 / 15	3 / 5	4 / 4	42.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	90.2%	13 / 15	15 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 4	85.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	2.4%	0 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4	1.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	5%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	48%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	9%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CENTER OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE (CORM) WEBSTER, TEXAS

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Vicki L. Schnell, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	207	74	55	11	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.0%	39.2%	29.1%	1 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	52.2%	35.1%	21.8%	1 / 11	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	196	68	53	9	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.2%	42.6%	30.2%	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	55.1%	38.2%	22.6%	1 / 9	0 / 3
Number of transfers	230	70	41	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	51.3%	41.4%	39.0%	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.0%	37.1%	29.3%	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	3.4	11.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	58.1%	42.0%	25.0%	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.0%	46.0%	33.3%	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.0%	46.0%	33.3%	0 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	1	43	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1	0 / 1	46.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 1	0 / 1	44.2%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	369	193	95	46	36	739
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.4%	11.4%	11.6%	21.7%	8.3%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.4%	8.8%	6.3%	0.0%	8.3%	11.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.8%	0.5%	1.1%	2.2%	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.5%	0.9%	6.1%	4.8%	3 / 18	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	87.6%	90.6%	89.8%	90.5%	17 / 18	89.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.6%	91.5%	89.8%	81.0%	13 / 18	87.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	35.3%	57.5%	59.2%	38.1%	13 / 18	45.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	8%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	12%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	4%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	11%	Other, non-infertility	<1%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UTAH FERTILITY CENTER PLEASANT GROVE, UTAH

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Russell A. Foulk, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	389	101	67	23	27
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	66.6%	49.5%	34.3%	13.0%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.3%	37.6%	26.9%	13.0%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	385	99	64	23	24
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	67.3%	50.5%	35.9%	13.0%	0.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.8%	38.4%	28.1%	13.0%	0.0%
Number of transfers	476	105	51	9	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.4%	47.6%	45.1%	3 / 9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.5%	36.2%	35.3%	3 / 9	0 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.0	2.9	7.7	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.2%	49.2%	38.2%	2 / 8	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.2%	55.4%	41.2%	2 / 8	0 / 16
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.9%	60.0%	41.2%	2 / 8	0 / 16
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	23	1	79	18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	69.6%	1 / 1	64.6%	10 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	56.5%	1 / 1	58.2%	8 / 18

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	962	254	178	104	112	1,610
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	5.9%	7.3%	10.6%	5.4%	4.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.4%	4.7%	6.2%	11.5%	7.1%	4.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	2.0%	0.6%	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.0%	5.3%	3.9%	9.5%	20.9%	4.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.9%	65.7%	76.5%	85.7%	82.1%	67.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	68.6%	66.9%	63.7%	57.1%	53.7%	66.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	25.9%	28.4%	42.2%	40.5%	56.7%	30.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	28%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	7%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**EAST BAY FERTILITY CENTER
PROVO, UTAH**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Erica B. Johnstone, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	210	78	62	27	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	55.2%	43.6%	25.8%	3.7%	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.7%	35.9%	22.6%	3.7%	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	200	71	56	24	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.0%	47.9%	28.6%	4.2%	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.0%	39.4%	25.0%	4.2%	0 / 4
Number of transfers	235	81	37	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	49.4%	42.0%	43.2%	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.9%	34.6%	37.8%	1 / 11	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.3	3.9	27.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.1%	35.4%	15.6%	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.4%	43.8%	28.1%	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.1%	43.8%	28.1%	0 / 10	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	31	0	56	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.1%		37.5%	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.6%		33.9%	0 / 4

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	382	157	87	60	68	754
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.5%	5.1%	6.9%	10.0%	4.4%	5.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.2%	9.6%	6.9%	11.7%	10.3%	9.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.6%	2.5%	2.3%	5.0%	0.0%	2.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	3.3%	2.7%	8.3%	0.0%	9.3%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.0%	58.2%	66.7%	61.1%	76.7%	65.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	57.1%	66.4%	60.0%	44.4%	67.4%	59.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.8%	17.3%	28.3%	22.2%	32.6%	19.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	16%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	3%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER SANDY, UTAH

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Keith L. Blauer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	319	81	40	17	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.1%	38.3%	30.0%	2 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.0%	27.2%	25.0%	2 / 17	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	316	78	36	16	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.6%	39.7%	33.3%	2 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.5%	28.2%	27.8%	2 / 16	0 / 3
Number of transfers	376	97	38	11	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	47.6%	32.0%	31.6%	2 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.9%	22.7%	26.3%	2 / 11	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	3.3	8.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.2%	37.0%	5 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	64.3%	39.1%	6 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	64.8%	41.3%	6 / 17	1 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.8	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	33	17	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1	60.6%	5 / 17	7 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1	54.5%	5 / 17	7 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	616	152	136	45	27	976
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.4%	3.3%	4.4%	4.4%	7.4%	3.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.5%	5.3%	9.6%	8.9%	0.0%	5.4%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.0%	0.7%	2.9%	11.1%	0.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.8%	5.3%	0.0%	27.3%	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	63.0%	63.0%	48.9%	37.5%	54.5%	59.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	56.7%	55.5%	58.5%	75.0%	63.6%	57.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	8.2%	14.3%	14.9%	25.0%	13.6%	11.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	No	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	22%
Tubal factor	12%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	3%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT MEDICAL CENTER
VERMONT CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
BURLINGTON, VERMONT**

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Elizabeth McGee, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	24	3	7	3	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	3 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	3 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Number of retrievals	21	3	6	3	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	61.9%	3 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.1%	3 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Number of transfers	23	3	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.5%	3 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	52.2%	3 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	1.0	7.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	52.4%	3 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.9%	3 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	61.9%	3 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 2	0 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	57	28	11	7	4	107
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	5.3%	7.1%	1 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 4	7.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.3%	3.6%	1 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 4	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	8.8%	7.1%	0 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 4	7.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	45.7%	39.1%	1 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 2	39.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	39.1%	56.5%	5 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2	45.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	13.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	7.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	22%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	8%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	6%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

NORTHEASTERN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLCHESTER, VERMONT

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Peter R. Casson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	76	51	42	10	24
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.3%	47.1%	47.6%	5 / 10	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	33.3%	33.3%	5 / 10	0.0%
Number of retrievals	72	44	36	10	17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	54.2%	54.5%	55.6%	5 / 10	0 / 17
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	38.6%	38.9%	5 / 10	0 / 17
Number of transfers	93	53	41	10	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	41.9%	45.3%	48.8%	5 / 10	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	34.4%	32.1%	34.1%	5 / 10	0 / 10
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	48.3%	56.3%	50.0%	3 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.7%	59.4%	56.7%	3 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.3%	62.5%	56.7%	4 / 6	0 / 6
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.5	2.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.6

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	17	0	24	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	13 / 17		41.7%	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	12 / 17		29.2%	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	152	102	81	26	44	405
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.9%	11.8%	21.0%	30.8%	15.9%	13.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.9%	2.0%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	3.9%	7.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.9%	4.2%	4.3%	0 / 13	10.7%	3.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.8%	52.1%	63.0%	7 / 13	67.9%	56.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	76.4%	80.3%	56.5%	11 / 13	64.3%	73.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9.4%	5.6%	13.0%	2 / 13	0.0%	8.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	20%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	8%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WASHINGTON FERTILITY CENTER ANNANDALE, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Pierre Asmar, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	23	10	13	8	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	26.1%	5 / 10	5 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	21.7%	3 / 10	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 12
Number of retrievals	21	7	11	7	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	28.6%	5 / 7	5 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	23.8%	3 / 7	4 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 8
Number of transfers	25	6	8	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	24.0%	5 / 6	5 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	20.0%	3 / 6	4 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.8	2.0	2.6	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	5 / 19	2 / 6	4 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	5 / 19	3 / 6	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	5 / 19	4 / 6	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	7	2	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 7	1 / 2	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 8	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	49	33	9	13	20	124
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.1%	12.1%	1 / 9	0 / 13	15.0%	8.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	9.1%	1 / 9	2 / 13	5.0%	7.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.0%	0.0%	0 / 9	0 / 13	5.0%	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 11	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	16 / 19	12 / 13	4 / 5	1 / 5	7 / 11	75.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	8 / 19	10 / 13	4 / 5	4 / 5	7 / 11	62.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	1 / 19	6 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 11	17.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%
Endometriosis	2%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	7%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

DOMINION FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael DiMattina, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	211	188	206	114	305
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	36.5%	20.7%	12.1%	4.4%	1.3%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	35.1%	19.1%	9.7%	4.4%	1.3%
Number of retrievals	180	144	156	71	163
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	42.8%	27.1%	16.0%	7.0%	2.5%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.1%	25.0%	12.8%	7.0%	2.5%
Number of transfers	166	109	94	31	55
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.4%	35.8%	26.6%	16.1%	7.3%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	44.6%	33.0%	21.3%	16.1%	7.3%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.7	4.8	8.2	22.8	76.3
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.7%	25.7%	15.9%	7.0%	1.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.2%	39.2%	18.2%	7.0%	1.1%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	57.7%	44.6%	19.3%	7.0%	1.1%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.2
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	77	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			33.8%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			33.8%	1 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	291	307	279	189	373	1,439
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	11.3%	16.0%	17.2%	28.6%	27.1%	19.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	13.1%	15.3%	24.0%	28.6%	33.0%	22.9%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.7%	4.2%	3.9%	0.5%	0.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	3.7%	2.1%	0.0%	4.0%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	76.4%	81.5%	65.3%	54.2%	70.7%	72.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	86.8%	82.2%	72.6%	81.3%	74.7%	80.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	59.7%	68.9%	49.5%	41.7%	58.6%	58.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	30%	Diminished ovarian reserve	58%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	32%
Tubal factor	16%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Other, infertility	25%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	5%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER OF VIRGINIA, PLC CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Christopher D. Williams, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	81	44	29	15	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.0%	50.0%	17.2%	0 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	51.9%	45.5%	17.2%	0 / 15	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	72	38	21	13	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	70.8%	57.9%	23.8%	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	58.3%	52.6%	23.8%	0 / 13	0 / 1
Number of transfers	81	34	12	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	63.0%	64.7%	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.9%	58.8%	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	2.0	5.8		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	62.7%	10 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.2%	12 / 19	3 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	74.6%	13 / 19	3 / 12	0 / 4	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.3	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	4	11	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	2 / 4	5 / 11	4 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 5	1 / 4	5 / 11	3 / 11

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	245	89	54	26	33	447
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.0%	3.4%	11.1%	19.2%	12.1%	5.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.9%	2.2%	5.6%	23.1%	15.2%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.3%	6.7%	5.6%	3.8%	0.0%	4.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1 / 12	0 / 16	0.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	95.1%	90.5%	95.8%	9 / 12	11 / 16	91.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	67.5%	61.9%	58.3%	8 / 12	8 / 16	64.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	45.5%	52.4%	54.2%	3 / 12	3 / 16	44.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%
Endometriosis	21%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Other, infertility	16%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	13%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

GENETICS & IVF INSTITUTE FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Laurence C. Udoff, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	36	22	34	23	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.4%	36.4%	23.5%	8.7%	0 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.7%	31.8%	23.5%	8.7%	0 / 9
Number of retrievals	33	22	32	20	7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.5%	36.4%	25.0%	10.0%	0 / 7
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	31.8%	25.0%	10.0%	0 / 7
Number of transfers	33	17	20	10	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.5%	8 / 17	40.0%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.5%	7 / 17	40.0%	2 / 10	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.3	2.8	4.3	11.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.8%	5 / 12	4 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	50.0%	6 / 12	4 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	50.0%	6 / 12	4 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.8	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	30	43	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		40.0%	32.6%	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		36.7%	30.2%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	71	64	40	51	75	301
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	5.3%	3.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	12.7%	15.6%	12.5%	17.6%	12.0%	14.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.8%	1.6%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	80.0%	88.2%	84.0%	57.6%	55.2%	70.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.5%	85.3%	60.0%	72.7%	53.4%	70.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	52.5%	61.8%	56.0%	42.4%	13.8%	41.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	43%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	36%
Uterine factor	17%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	19%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

JONES INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Laurel A. Stadtmauer, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	119	34	33	16	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	44.5%	38.2%	24.2%	2 / 16	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	28.6%	23.5%	18.2%	2 / 16	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	109	29	24	13	3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.6%	44.8%	33.3%	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	31.2%	27.6%	25.0%	2 / 13	0 / 3
Number of transfers	118	31	19	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	44.9%	41.9%	8 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	28.8%	25.8%	6 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.2	2.6	4.1	8.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	45.7%	5 / 18	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	49.4%	7 / 18	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	51.9%	7 / 18	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 5
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	7	9	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 12	5 / 7	5 / 9	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 12	4 / 7	4 / 9	2 / 8

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	193	86	86	40	47	452
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.7%	15.1%	11.6%	10.0%	17.0%	9.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.8%	12.8%	10.5%	10.0%	14.9%	10.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	5.7%	3.5%	5.8%	10.0%	2.1%	5.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 18	0.0%	0.4%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	51.4%	51.1%	54.5%	9 / 18	50.0%	51.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	95.1%	93.6%	88.6%	14 / 18	76.9%	91.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	12.0%	12.8%	15.9%	5 / 18	7.7%	13.4%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	31%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Other, infertility	10%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VIRGINIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RESTON, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Fady I. Sharara, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	34	31	25	5	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.1%	51.6%	32.0%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.2%	51.6%	24.0%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	34	30	25	5	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.1%	53.3%	32.0%	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.2%	53.3%	24.0%	0 / 5	0 / 2
Number of transfers	32	26	13	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.0%	61.5%	8 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.8%	61.5%	6 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	1.9	3.1	5.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	47.6%	9 / 13	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	47.6%	9 / 13	5 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	47.6%	9 / 13	5 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.6	1.5	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	6	1	33	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	4 / 6	0 / 1	45.5%	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 6	0 / 1	39.4%	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	64	44	39	20	47	214
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	2.3%	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	3.1%	4.5%	10.3%	10.0%	4.3%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	6.3%	4.5%	15.4%	5.0%	14.9%	9.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	15.4%	12.5%	1 / 14	0 / 9	25.9%	15.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	71.8%	79.2%	13 / 14	8 / 9	88.9%	81.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.9%	87.5%	13 / 14	9 / 9	88.9%	92.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	64.1%	58.3%	10 / 14	5 / 9	66.7%	63.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	28%	Diminished ovarian reserve	46%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	43%
Tubal factor	21%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Other, infertility	21%
Uterine factor	20%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY-RICHMOND RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Erika B. Johnston-MacAnanny, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	56	31	36	7	12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	75.0%	61.3%	27.8%	2 / 7	1 / 12
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	62.5%	48.4%	25.0%	2 / 7	1 / 12
Number of retrievals	55	30	32	6	11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	76.4%	63.3%	31.3%	2 / 6	1 / 11
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	63.6%	50.0%	28.1%	2 / 6	1 / 11
Number of transfers	74	42	23	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	56.8%	45.2%	43.5%	2 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	47.3%	35.7%	39.1%	2 / 6	1 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	1.6	3.6	3.5	12.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	80.9%	64.0%	33.3%	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	83.0%	68.0%	38.1%	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	85.1%	68.0%	38.1%	2 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	28	35	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 5	39.3%	51.4%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 5	39.3%	42.9%	3 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	339	201	159	57	44	800
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.1%	2.5%	7.5%	5.3%	2.3%	3.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.8%	9.0%	10.1%	14.0%	4.5%	10.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	2.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.5%	1.6%	1.1%	6.9%	6.1%	2.1%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.2%	94.3%	94.3%	75.9%	57.6%	89.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	77.1%	72.4%	72.7%	51.7%	42.4%	71.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	39.0%	49.6%	60.2%	37.9%	9.1%	43.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	10%	Egg or embryo banking	27%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	19%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	13%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

VCU REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Richard S. Lucidi, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	36	15	10	3	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.7%	9 / 15	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	38.9%	8 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	31	14	6	3	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.4%	9 / 14	4 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.2%	8 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of transfers	40	23	7	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	37.5%	39.1%	4 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.0%	34.8%	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	1.7	2.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	50.0%	6 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.8%	6 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.8%	6 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.7	0.8	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	4	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		2 / 4	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		2 / 4	3 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	78	64	48	18	13	221
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.4%	18.8%	27.1%	5 / 18	4 / 13	17.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.6%	0.0%	2.1%	0 / 18	1 / 13	1.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.7%	4.7%	0.0%	0 / 18	0 / 13	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 13	1 / 8	1.3%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	52.5%	55.6%	41.4%	3 / 13	6 / 8	50.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	98.3%	100.0%	96.6%	12 / 13	2 / 8	94.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	6.8%	6.7%	10.3%	0 / 13	0 / 8	6.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	13%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	4%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	35%
Uterine factor	<1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	23%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CCRM NORTHERN VIRGINIA VIENNA, VIRGINIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Mark D. Payson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of retrievals					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births					
Number of transfers					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births					
Number of intended retrievals per live birth					
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals					
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals					
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient					
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval					

Calculations of these success rates are not applicable if clinic did not report data in the previous reporting year.

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			1 / 1	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	0	2	4	2	4	12
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw		1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e		1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation		0 / 2	3 / 4	0 / 2	2 / 4	5 / 12
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier					0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos					1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI					0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT					1 / 1	1 / 1

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	33%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	92%
Tubal factor	0%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Other, infertility	42%
Uterine factor	8%	Other, non-infertility	42%
PGT	8%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE NEW HOPE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Robin L. Poe-Zeigler, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	71	35	35	6	13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.9%	20.0%	11.4%	0 / 6	1 / 13
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	20.0%	5.7%	0 / 6	1 / 13
Number of retrievals	71	34	34	5	12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	47.9%	20.6%	11.8%	0 / 5	1 / 12
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.3%	20.6%	5.9%	0 / 5	1 / 12
Number of transfers	75	25	16	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.3%	28.0%	4 / 16		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	28.0%	2 / 16		1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	5.0	8.8		13.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.7%	5 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.7%	5 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	54.7%	5 / 18	3 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.0	0.1

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	16	2	17	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	10 / 16	0 / 2	5 / 17	3 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 16	0 / 2	3 / 17	2 / 13

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	148	60	52	28	45	333
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.7%	3.3%	0.0%	3.6%	2.2%	2.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.4%	16.7%	28.8%	17.9%	17.8%	13.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.5%	6.1%	1 / 19	1 / 15	13.8%	7.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	70.3%	81.8%	10 / 19	7 / 15	58.6%	66.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.7%	84.8%	15 / 19	12 / 15	62.1%	75.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	26.4%	36.4%	1 / 19	4 / 15	20.7%	25.1%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	36%	Diminished ovarian reserve	44%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	6%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**FRANCISCO M. IRIANNI, MD
WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

OVERLAKE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, INC., PS BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kevin M. Johnson, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	85	33	35	15	18
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	47.1%	21.2%	22.9%	2 / 15	0 / 18
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.1%	21.2%	22.9%	2 / 15	0 / 18
Number of retrievals	83	33	32	11	14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.2%	21.2%	25.0%	2 / 11	0 / 14
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	48.2%	21.2%	25.0%	2 / 11	0 / 14
Number of transfers	69	14	10	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	58.0%	7 / 14	8 / 10	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	58.0%	7 / 14	8 / 10	2 / 3	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	4.7	4.4	7.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	55.4%	15.0%	15.0%	2 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.9%	20.0%	20.0%	2 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.9%	20.0%	20.0%	2 / 9	0 / 8
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.6
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	24	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			79.2%	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			79.2%	2 / 5

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	130	69	72	28	51	350
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.3%	7.2%	2.8%	7.1%	19.6%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	11.5%	7.2%	16.7%	25.0%	23.5%	14.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	5.8%	4.2%	0.0%	2.0%	2.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	8.2%	0.0%	12.5%	1 / 9	0 / 13	6.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	9 / 9	13 / 13	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	67.2%	65.4%	50.0%	5 / 9	6 / 13	60.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	96.7%	100.0%	87.5%	9 / 9	12 / 13	95.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	50%	Diminished ovarian reserve	77%
Endometriosis	13%	Egg or embryo banking	57%
Tubal factor	44%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	47%	Other, infertility	91%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	11%
PGT	90%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WASHINGTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James I. Kustin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	55	31	20	6	4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	21.8%	16.1%	20.0%	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.4%	12.9%	20.0%	1 / 6	0 / 4
Number of retrievals	54	29	19	6	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	22.2%	17.2%	4 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	16.7%	13.8%	4 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 4
Number of transfers	34	23	11	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	35.3%	21.7%	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	26.5%	17.4%	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	4.6	6.2	5.0	6.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	21.7%	13.0%	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	21.7%	17.4%	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	21.7%	17.4%	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.4	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		1 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	115	49	32	17	14	227
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.0%	2.0%	9.4%	1 / 17	3 / 14	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	18.3%	10.2%	15.6%	1 / 17	2 / 14	15.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	0.0%	3.1%	0 / 17	0 / 14	0.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	5.5%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 4	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	85.5%	92.3%	9 / 12	7 / 8	4 / 4	86.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	96.2%	12 / 12	8 / 8	4 / 4	99.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	47.3%	57.7%	7 / 12	7 / 8	4 / 4	56.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	15%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	50%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	59%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

BELLINGHAM IVF & INFERTILITY CARE BELLINGHAM, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Emmett F. Branigan, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	35	4	5	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	77.1%	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	74.3%	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	34	4	5	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	79.4%	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	76.5%	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	51	6	12	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.9%	3 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	51.0%	3 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.3	1.3	2.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.8%	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	71.9%	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	71.9%	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	1.7	2.4	2.0	1.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 2			

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	46	16	13	6	5	86
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.2%	1 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	2.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 5	1.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	100.0%	9 / 10	6 / 8	4 / 5	1 / 3	88.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	100.0%	10 / 10	8 / 8	5 / 5	3 / 3	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	No	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	72%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	10%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	6%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

POMA FERTILITY KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Michael S. Opsahl, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	108	70	66	17	9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.7%	35.7%	27.3%	4 / 17	1 / 9
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	42.6%	31.4%	21.2%	4 / 17	1 / 9
Number of retrievals	102	69	60	17	8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.9%	36.2%	30.0%	4 / 17	1 / 8
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	45.1%	31.9%	23.3%	4 / 17	1 / 8
Number of transfers	106	60	39	6	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	54.7%	41.7%	46.2%	4 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	43.4%	36.7%	35.9%	4 / 6	1 / 4
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.8	3.7	4.3	9.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	59.7%	31.0%	29.6%	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	61.1%	38.1%	44.4%	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.9%	38.1%	44.4%	2 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	6	24	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 13	1 / 6	70.8%	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 13	1 / 6	66.7%	0 / 2

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	224	123	123	49	54	573
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	6.5%	3.3%	8.2%	16.7%	5.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	2.7%	8.1%	7.3%	4.1%	9.3%	5.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.4%	1.6%	1.6%	2.0%	1.9%	1.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.3%	1.3%	4.2%	0.0%	7.1%	3.5%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	48.2%	54.5%	50.0%	65.5%	57.1%	51.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	40.2%	45.5%	40.3%	34.5%	53.6%	41.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	38.4%	36.4%	36.1%	34.5%	42.9%	37.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	23%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	25%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	20%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	10%
PGT	9%	Unexplained	25%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

OLYMPIA WOMEN'S HEALTH OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by James F. Moruzzi, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	19	5	4	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	19	5	4	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	3 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	2 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	18	4	4	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	3 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	2 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	6.3	2.5			
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	3 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	3 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	3 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.5	1.0	2.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 1		0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		0 / 3	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	30	8	9	0	7	54
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 9		0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	16.7%	1 / 8	2 / 9		0 / 7	14.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0 / 8	0 / 9		0 / 7	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.0%	0 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 7	2.2%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	36.0%	0 / 7	2 / 6		3 / 7	31.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	88.0%	7 / 7	5 / 6		3 / 7	82.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 6		0 / 7	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	4%
Tubal factor	37%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	4%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	4%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST FERTILITY AND IVF SPECIALISTS SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Lorna A. Marshall, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	134	108	107	74	24
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	53.0%	45.4%	27.1%	20.3%	12.5%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.7%	42.6%	27.1%	20.3%	12.5%
Number of retrievals	126	99	98	68	20
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.3%	49.5%	29.6%	22.1%	15.0%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.0%	46.5%	29.6%	22.1%	15.0%
Number of transfers	119	80	61	29	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	59.7%	61.3%	47.5%	51.7%	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	57.1%	57.5%	47.5%	51.7%	3 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.2	3.7	4.9	8.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	64.4%	50.7%	28.3%	22.9%	2 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	67.8%	61.2%	36.7%	31.4%	2 / 11
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	70.0%	62.7%	38.3%	37.1%	2 / 11
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.1
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	13	0	75	32
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 13		52.0%	50.0%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 13		50.7%	50.0%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	316	309	252	98	112	1,087
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.5%	6.8%	7.1%	10.2%	8.0%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.1%	5.2%	5.2%	7.1%	4.5%	5.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	18.0%	16.8%	11.5%	2.0%	0.9%	13.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.0%	3.5%	0.0%	7.7%	10.0%	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	92.7%	95.1%	92.9%	89.7%	92.5%	93.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	87.3%	78.9%	80.5%	79.5%	55.0%	78.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	59.3%	66.9%	65.5%	61.5%	28.8%	58.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	19%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	42%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Other, infertility	8%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	14%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SEATTLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Paul S. Dudley, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	454	309	270	172	136
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.9%	42.1%	24.1%	11.0%	2.9%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.3%	37.5%	20.0%	10.5%	2.2%
Number of retrievals	420	268	232	130	83
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.1%	48.5%	28.0%	14.6%	4.8%
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.0%	43.3%	23.3%	13.8%	3.6%
Number of transfers	499	297	194	92	43
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	48.1%	43.8%	33.5%	20.7%	9.3%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	42.1%	39.1%	27.8%	19.6%	7.0%
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	2.4	4.2	9.1	34.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.7%	47.4%	24.0%	11.5%	5.4%
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	62.0%	52.6%	32.7%	15.4%	5.4%
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	63.0%	56.1%	36.7%	15.4%	5.4%
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.8
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	12	104	89	56
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	9 / 12	55.8%	49.4%	48.2%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	8 / 12	49.0%	44.9%	44.6%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	1,071	674	549	292	304	2,890
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.9%	13.5%	14.9%	19.5%	27.3%	14.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	7.9%	3.9%	8.2%	13.4%	11.8%	8.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	4.4%	6.8%	6.4%	2.1%	1.0%	4.7%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.3%	1.0%	1.9%	0.0%	2.5%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	57.9%	62.2%	66.3%	60.0%	51.6%	60.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	78.3%	77.6%	78.0%	76.4%	66.2%	76.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	18.7%	32.6%	40.2%	32.1%	14.0%	26.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	29%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	4%	Egg or embryo banking	26%
Tubal factor	9%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Other, infertility	14%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SOUND FERTILITY CARE, PLLC SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Kathleen Lin, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	15	14	19	19	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	7 / 15	6 / 14	2 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	4 / 14	2 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	15	12	19	19	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	7 / 15	6 / 12	2 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	5 / 15	4 / 12	2 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 4
Number of transfers	12	8	10	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	7 / 12	6 / 8	2 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	5 / 12	4 / 8	2 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	2.3	9.5	9.5	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	4 / 12	5 / 9	2 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 12	5 / 9	2 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 12	5 / 9	2 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	1	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2	1 / 1	3 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2	1 / 1	3 / 4	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	43	54	40	28	10	175
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.3%	1.9%	0.0%	3.6%	1 / 10	2.3%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.3%	3.7%	15.0%	14.3%	1 / 10	9.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	7.0%	16.7%	7.5%	10.7%	0 / 10	10.3%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 18	0 / 17	0 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 5	3.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	16 / 18	13 / 17	13 / 16	9 / 11	3 / 5	80.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	5 / 18	7 / 17	9 / 16	2 / 11	3 / 5	38.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	9 / 18	7 / 17	11 / 16	10 / 11	3 / 5	59.7%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	13%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%
Endometriosis	6%	Egg or embryo banking	51%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	6%
Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Other, infertility	9%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	4%	Unexplained	13%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE CARE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Genevieve S. Neal-Perry, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	35	26	19	3	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	40.0%	15.4%	1 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.1%	15.4%	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	32	22	18	2	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.8%	18.2%	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.6%	18.2%	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 5
Number of transfers	31	10	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	45.2%	4 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	41.9%	4 / 10	0 / 6		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.5	6.5	19.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	36.4%	1 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	54.5%	2 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	59.1%	4 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 1		

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	89	48	48	13	7	205
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.1%	10.4%	12.5%	2 / 13	2 / 7	11.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.5%	6.3%	12.5%	0 / 13	1 / 7	6.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	12.4%	8.3%	12.5%	0 / 13	0 / 7	10.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	10.8%	1 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	7.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	89.2%	10 / 13	10 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1	85.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.2%	13 / 13	9 / 10	3 / 3	1 / 1	92.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	67.6%	10 / 13	8 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1	70.3%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	56%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	7%
Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Other, infertility	12%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	5%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Edwin D. Robins, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	60	30	9	2	10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	51.7%	30.0%	2 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 10
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	40.0%	26.7%	2 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 10
Number of retrievals	54	24	8	2	6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.4%	37.5%	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 6
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	33.3%	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 6
Number of transfers	45	17	2	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.9%	9 / 17	2 / 2		1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	53.3%	8 / 17	2 / 2		1 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	3.3	4.5		10.0
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	57.9%	6 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.8%	6 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.8%	8 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.0	3.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			3 / 9	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	103	58	23	5	6	195
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.9%	3.4%	8.7%	1 / 5	1 / 6	4.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	6.8%	3.4%	13.0%	1 / 5	1 / 6	7.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 6	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	5.3%	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	1.8%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	93.5%	94.7%	8 / 8	1 / 1	4 / 4	94.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	79.0%	81.6%	7 / 8	1 / 1	1 / 4	78.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	53.2%	60.5%	7 / 8	1 / 1	1 / 4	57.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	44%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	31%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Other, infertility	2%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	1%	Unexplained	18%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

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^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

SRM SPOKANE SPOKANE VALLEY, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Brenda S. Houmard, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	49	24	19	12	5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	46.9%	29.2%	5 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.7%	25.0%	5 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 5
Number of retrievals	47	23	18	8	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	48.9%	30.4%	5 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.0%	26.1%	5 / 18	1 / 8	0 / 2
Number of transfers	72	33	17	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	31.9%	21.2%	5 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	22.2%	18.2%	5 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.1	3.4	3.8	12.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	53.7%	5 / 13	3 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	53.7%	5 / 13	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	53.7%	5 / 13	5 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	1.6	0.9	0.5	0.4

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	8	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		7 / 11	5 / 8	4 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		7 / 11	5 / 8	4 / 9

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	128	73	23	18	10	252
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.0%	16.4%	4.3%	4 / 18	2 / 10	11.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	10.9%	11.0%	0.0%	1 / 18	1 / 10	9.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.9%	2.7%	4.3%	0 / 18	0 / 10	3.2%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	59.0%	55.6%	5 / 15	4 / 11	3 / 6	53.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	74.4%	68.9%	15 / 15	8 / 11	3 / 6	74.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	14.1%	17.8%	4 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 6	14.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	25%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	7%	Egg or embryo banking	19%
Tubal factor	13%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Other, infertility	17%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	6%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	17%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER TACOMA, WASHINGTON

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Ronald D. Beesley, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	63	16	25	14	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.0%	9 / 16	32.0%	2 / 14	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	34.9%	7 / 16	24.0%	1 / 14	
Number of retrievals	59	15	22	12	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	57.6%	9 / 15	36.4%	2 / 12	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	37.3%	7 / 15	27.3%	1 / 12	
Number of transfers	67	17	27	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	50.7%	9 / 17	29.6%	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	32.8%	7 / 17	22.2%	1 / 9	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	1.8	3.1	7.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	61.4%	4 / 7	5 / 14	1 / 8	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	68.2%	4 / 7	6 / 14	1 / 8	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	68.2%	5 / 7	6 / 14	1 / 8	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.4	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	72	34	15	13	1	135
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.9%	8.8%	4 / 15	1 / 13	1 / 1	10.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.2%	5.9%	0 / 15	2 / 13	0 / 1	5.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.4%	0.0%	1 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 1	1.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 10		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	31.1%	41.4%	5 / 10	1 / 10		33.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	63.9%	51.7%	7 / 10	9 / 10		63.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 10	0 / 10		0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	No	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	35%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%
Endometriosis	19%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	24%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	16%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gary W. Randall, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	19	1	3	1	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	19	1	3	1	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	6 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of transfers	17	1	1	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	6 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	3.2			1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	1.0	0.3	1.0	1.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	2	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	0 / 2			1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 2			1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	17	3	6	3	1	30
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	6.7%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	3.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	14.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	16 / 16	3 / 3	6 / 6	2 / 2	1 / 1	100.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	No
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	27%	Diminished ovarian reserve	40%
Endometriosis	0%	Egg or embryo banking	0%
Tubal factor	20%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	37%	Other, infertility	0%
Uterine factor	7%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

CABELL HUNTINGTON HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by William N. Burns, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	9	5	3	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 9	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	9	5	3	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	3 / 9	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	11	5	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	3 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.5	1.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	22	7	2	0	4	35
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	9.1%	1 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 4	8.6%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.5%	1 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 4	5.7%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	1 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 4	2.9%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 4	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	3 / 19	1 / 4	2 / 2		2 / 4	27.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	16 / 19	2 / 4	1 / 2		0 / 4	65.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 19	0 / 4	1 / 2		1 / 4	6.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	No	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	17%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%
Endometriosis	29%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	26%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	0%
Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Other, infertility	11%
Uterine factor	0%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Gary M. Horowitz, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	53	21	14	3	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	41.5%	28.6%	2 / 14	1 / 3	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	32.1%	28.6%	2 / 14	1 / 3	
Number of retrievals	51	19	12	2	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	43.1%	6 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	33.3%	6 / 19	2 / 12	1 / 2	
Number of transfers	54	19	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	40.7%	6 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.5%	6 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	2.4	3.5	7.0	3.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	43.6%	3 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	48.7%	4 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	48.7%	4 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.3	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		0 / 2	2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		0 / 2	2 / 2	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	112	39	25	6	2	184
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	3.6%	17.9%	8.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2	7.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.2%	10.3%	24.0%	2 / 6	2 / 2	16.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.9%	2.6%	0.0%	0 / 6	0 / 2	1.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 12	0 / 2		0.0%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	56.8%	65.0%	9 / 12	2 / 2		60.9%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	75.3%	75.0%	11 / 12	1 / 2		76.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	7.4%	20.0%	3 / 12	1 / 2		12.2%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	53%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%
Endometriosis	11%	Egg or embryo banking	14%
Tubal factor	18%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	9%
Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Other, infertility	42%
Uterine factor	4%	Other, non-infertility	3%
PGT	21%	Unexplained	1%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES THE WOMEN'S CENTER AT AURORA BAYCARE MEDICAL CENTER GREEN BAY, WISCONSIN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Estil Y. Strawn, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	61	21	11	1	0
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	63.9%	33.3%	5 / 11	1 / 1	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.5%	28.6%	5 / 11	1 / 1	
Number of retrievals	54	19	9	1	0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	72.2%	7 / 19	5 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	53.7%	6 / 19	5 / 9	1 / 1	
Number of transfers	64	14	8	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	60.9%	7 / 14	5 / 8	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.3%	6 / 14	5 / 8	1 / 1	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.6	3.0	2.2	1.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	68.1%	7 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.3%	7 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.3%	7 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.6	1.0	

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	3	0	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 3		3 / 8	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 3		2 / 8	1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	104	30	20	11	6	171
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	4.8%	6.7%	5.0%	3 / 11	1 / 6	7.0%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	9.6%	6.7%	5.0%	1 / 11	0 / 6	8.2%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 11	0 / 6	0.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.7%	0.0%	0 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 4	2.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	53.3%	81.0%	10 / 11	4 / 5	4 / 4	64.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	96.0%	76.2%	10 / 11	4 / 5	3 / 4	90.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	16.0%	28.6%	6 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 4	21.6%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	73%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	20%
Tubal factor	10%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Other, infertility	32%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	2%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

FROEDTERT & MEDICAL COLLEGE OF WISCONSIN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER MENOMONEE FALLS, WISCONSIN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Katherine Schoyer, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	124	68	52	4	6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	57.3%	29.4%	26.9%	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	46.8%	27.9%	23.1%	0 / 4	0 / 6
Number of retrievals	122	64	47	3	5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	58.2%	31.3%	29.8%	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.5%	29.7%	25.5%	0 / 3	0 / 5
Number of transfers	162	79	39	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	43.8%	25.3%	35.9%	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	35.8%	24.1%	30.8%	0 / 3	0 / 2
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.7	3.4	3.7		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	60.9%	25.7%	14.3%	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	66.3%	34.3%	33.3%	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	66.3%	34.3%	38.1%	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.5
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.3

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	5	4	21	14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	2 / 5	1 / 4	33.3%	7 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	1 / 5	1 / 4	23.8%	6 / 14

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	298	153	81	29	26	587
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	6.4%	5.2%	7.4%	0.0%	19.2%	6.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	15.4%	12.4%	8.6%	10.3%	7.7%	13.1%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1.3%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	1.4%	2.7%	0.0%	4.8%	0 / 16	1.7%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	67.7%	66.4%	60.8%	66.7%	11 / 16	66.5%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	89.5%	88.5%	94.1%	90.5%	14 / 16	89.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	5.9%	13.3%	13.7%	9.5%	0 / 16	8.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%
Endometriosis	5%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	14%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	2%
Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Other, infertility	6%
Uterine factor	1%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	3%	Unexplained	12%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-GENERATIONS FERTILITY CARE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Aleksandar Stanic-Kostic, MD, PhD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	72	30	21	2	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	52.8%	56.7%	23.8%	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	44.4%	43.3%	9.5%	1 / 2	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	67	26	15	2	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	56.7%	65.4%	5 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.8%	50.0%	2 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 2
Number of transfers	81	34	14	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	46.9%	50.0%	5 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	39.5%	38.2%	2 / 14	1 / 2	
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.9	1.8	4.2	2.0	
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	51.8%	40.9%	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	58.9%	63.6%	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	58.9%	63.6%	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	2.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	11	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births		3 / 11	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births		3 / 11	3 / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	136	66	26	7	6	241
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	8.1%	6.1%	19.2%	2 / 7	0 / 6	9.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	14.0%	6.1%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 6	9.5%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	3.7%	7.6%	0.0%	0 / 7	0 / 6	4.1%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 5	0.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	44.0%	54.0%	40.0%	4 / 5	2 / 5	47.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	70.0%	68.0%	65.0%	2 / 5	4 / 5	68.3%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	3.0%	10.0%	5.0%	0 / 5	0 / 5	5.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	No	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	No	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	39%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	9%
Tubal factor	11%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Other, infertility	7%
Uterine factor	3%	Other, non-infertility	1%
PGT	5%	Unexplained	22%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

WISCONSIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Elizabeth Pritts, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	61	26	18	2	7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	54.1%	38.5%	4 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 7
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	41.0%	30.8%	4 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 7
Number of retrievals	53	20	16	2	4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	62.3%	50.0%	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	47.2%	40.0%	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 4
Number of transfers	86	24	20	2	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	38.4%	41.7%	20.0%	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	29.1%	33.3%	20.0%	0 / 2	0 / 5
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.6	4.5		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	54.5%	8 / 17	2 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	56.8%	8 / 17	3 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	56.8%	9 / 17	3 / 8		0 / 3
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.4	1.6		1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.5	1.0	1.0		0.7

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	29	21
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births			31.0%	23.8%
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births			27.6%	14.3%

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	180	88	63	27	23	381
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	7.2%	17.0%	17.5%	18.5%	8.7%	12.1%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	0.6%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	4.3%	0.8%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	1.1%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	4.4%	6.5%	15.0%	0 / 14	4 / 15	7.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.5%	95.7%	97.5%	11 / 14	15 / 15	95.6%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	84.1%	78.3%	50.0%	11 / 14	7 / 15	74.1%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	20.4%	28.3%	7.5%	1 / 14	0 / 15	17.5%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	34%	Diminished ovarian reserve	38%
Endometriosis	1%	Egg or embryo banking	29%
Tubal factor	3%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	<1%
Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Other, infertility	4%
Uterine factor	2%	Other, non-infertility	2%
PGT	2%	Unexplained	15%
Gestational carrier	2%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY CENTER MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Grace M. Janik, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	9	5	6	1	2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of retrievals	9	4	6	1	2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	6 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	4 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of transfers	14	5	6	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	6 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	4 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	5.0	6.0		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	6 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	6 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	6 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	0	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births				1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births				1 / 1

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	16	11	10	3	0	40
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	1 / 16	1 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 3		7.5%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	1 / 16	0 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 3		5.0%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 3		2.5%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0 / 13	0 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3		2.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	4 / 13	2 / 10	5 / 8	0 / 3		32.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	7 / 13	6 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3		41.2%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3		0.0%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation? Yes
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	45%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%
Endometriosis	23%	Egg or embryo banking	3%
Tubal factor	5%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Other, infertility	5%
Uterine factor	5%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	0%	Unexplained	8%
Gestational carrier	0%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

**GUNDERSEN FERTILITY CENTER
ONALASKA, WISCONSIN**

This clinic provided ART services during 2017 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2017 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES, WEST ALLIS WEST ALLIS, WISCONSIN

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs^{a,b,c} Data verified by Estil Y. Strawn, MD

	Patient Age				
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43
All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)					
Number of intended retrievals	57	35	17	15	1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	56.1%	37.1%	4 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	50.9%	25.7%	3 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 1
Number of retrievals	53	34	14	10	1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	60.4%	38.2%	4 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	54.7%	26.5%	3 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 1
Number of transfers	47	21	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	68.1%	61.9%	4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	61.7%	42.9%	3 / 6		
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.8	2.7	4.3		
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)					
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	65.0%	30.4%	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	65.0%	39.1%	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	65.0%	39.1%	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh Embryos Fresh Eggs	Fresh Embryos Frozen Eggs	Frozen Embryos	Donated Embryos
Number of transfers	1	0	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	1 / 1		3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / 1		2 / 6	

Characteristics of ART Cycles^{a,b}

	Patient Age					Total
	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	≥43	
Total number of cycles	169	53	54	13	2	291
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	10.7%	20.8%	16.7%	1 / 13	0 / 2	13.4%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	4.7%	5.7%	14.8%	5 / 13	1 / 2	8.6%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	0.6%	1.9%	1.9%	0 / 13	0 / 2	1.0%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0 / 5	0 / 1	1.6%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	97.4%	95.8%	95.0%	5 / 5	1 / 1	96.8%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with ICSI	94.7%	91.7%	95.0%	5 / 5	1 / 1	94.4%
Percentage of transfers of at least one embryo with PGT	80.3%	87.5%	95.0%	5 / 5	1 / 1	84.9%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Donor eggs?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?
Donated embryos?	Yes	
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes	
Single women?	Yes	
Gestational carriers?	Yes	
SART member?	Yes	

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	66%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%
Endometriosis	8%	Egg or embryo banking	45%
Tubal factor	15%	Recurrent pregnancy loss	5%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Other, infertility	88%
Uterine factor	13%	Other, non-infertility	0%
PGT	84%	Unexplained	0%
Gestational carrier	<1%		

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 0 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2016 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2017.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^f Percentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

2017

Appendix A

Technical Notes



APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL NOTES

Validation of ART Data

Site visits to assisted reproductive technology (ART) clinics for validation of ART data were conducted during April through June 2019. For data validation, 34 of the 448 reporting clinics were randomly selected after taking into consideration the number of ART cycles performed at each clinic, some cycle and clinic characteristics, and whether the clinic had been selected before. During each validation visit, ART data reported by the clinic to CDC were compared with information documented in medical records.

For each clinic, the fully validated sample included up to 40 cycles resulting in pregnancy and up to 20 cycles not resulting in pregnancy. Up to 10 cycles using donor eggs or embryos were included among the fully validated sample at each clinic. In total, 2,014 ART cycles across the 34 clinics were randomly selected for full validation, along with 213 fertility preservation banking cycles selected for partial validation. The full validation included review of 1,300 cycles for which a pregnancy was reported. In addition, among patients whose cycles were fully validated, we verified the number of ART cycles performed during the year. For each of these patients, we compared the total number of cycles reported with the total number of cycles in the medical record. If unreported ART cycles were identified in selected medical records, up to 10 of these cycles were also selected for partial validation.

Discrepancy rates are listed on the next pages for the validated items of interest. Overall, validation of 2017 ART cycle data indicated that most discrepancy rates were low (less than 4%).

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval [†])	Comments
Patient date of birth	0.9% (0.5–1.6)	
Cycle intention	3.4% (2.0–5.8)	For 71% of the discrepancies, type of ART was misreported as IVF when banking was indicated in the medical record.
Cycle start date	8.4% (4.9–14.1)	For 67% of the discrepancies, the cycle start date in the medical record was within 7 days of the reported date.
Date of retrieval	0.9% (0.5–1.8)	
Number of eggs or embryos transferred	0.3% (0.1–0.7)	
Outcome of ART treatment (i.e., pregnant or not pregnant)	1.5% (0.7–3.3)	For 39% of the discrepancies, the ART treatment outcome was misreported as biochemical pregnancy when clinical intrauterine gestation was indicated in the medical record.
Pregnancy outcome (for example, miscarriage, live birth, or stillbirth)	1.8% (0.9–3.7)	For 52% of discrepancies, pregnancy outcome was misreported as live birth when there was no information on pregnancy outcome in the medical record to confirm the birth.
Date of pregnancy outcome	3.1% (2.1–4.6)	For 52% of the discrepancies, the date in the medical record was within 7 days of the reported date.
Number of infants born	0.5% (0.3–1.1)	
Cycle count	1.5% (0.7–3.2)	For approximately half of the discrepancies, fewer cycles were reported by the clinic than were found in the medical record. For the other half of the discrepancies, more cycles were reported by the clinic than were found in the medical record.

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation (Cont'd)

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval†)	Comments
Patient Diagnosis—Reason for ART		
Tubal factor	2.5% (1.3–4.5)	For about half of discrepancies, tubal factor was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic. For the other half of discrepancies, tubal factor diagnosis was reported, but was not confirmed by medical record.
Ovulatory dysfunction	17.8% (13.6–23.0)	Ovulatory dysfunction was initially over reported due to inconsistent definitions between CDC and SART. This resulted in the majority of discrepancies for ovulatory dysfunction during validation. The definition of this diagnosis has been standardized for this report.
Diminished ovarian reserve	7.1% (5.2–9.5)	For about half of discrepancies, diminished ovarian reserve was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic. For the other half of discrepancies, diminished ovarian reserve diagnosis was reported, but was not confirmed by medical record.
Endometriosis	3.5% (1.9–6.4)	Endometriosis was underreported. For 89% of discrepancies, endometriosis was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic.
Uterine factor	2.7% (1.2–6.3)	Uterine factor was underreported. For 77% of discrepancies, uterine factor was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic.
Male factor	5.4% (3.3–8.7)	Male factor was underreported. For 75% of discrepancies, male factor was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic.
Other factor	15.4% (10.4–22.2)	Other factor was underreported. For 55% of discrepancies, other factor was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic.
Unknown factor	3.4% (2.3–5.0)	For about half of discrepancies, unknown factor was found in medical records, but was not reported by the clinic. For the other half of discrepancies, unknown factor diagnosis was reported, but was not confirmed by medical record.

Note: ART = assisted reproductive technology.

* Discrepancy rates estimate the proportion of all ART cycles with differences for a particular data item. The discrepancy rate calculations weight the data from validated cycles to reflect the overall number of cycles performed at each clinic. Thus, findings from larger clinical practices were weighted more heavily than those from smaller practices.

† This table shows a range, called the 95% confidence interval, that conveys the reliability of the discrepancy rate. For a general explanation of confidence intervals, see page 528.

How to Interpret Confidence Intervals for Discrepancy Rates

What is a confidence interval?

Simply speaking, confidence intervals are a useful way to consider margin of error, a statistic often used in voter polls to indicate the range within which a value is likely to be correct (for example, 30% of the voters favor a particular candidate with a margin of error of plus or minus 3.5%).

Why do we need to consider confidence intervals if we already know the exact discrepancy rates for each clinic?

No discrepancy rate or statistic is absolute. Suppose that during validation, a sample of 100 cycles was reviewed, and a discrepancy rate of 15% was determined for a particular data item with a 95% confidence interval of 10%–20%. The 15% discrepancy rate tells us that we estimate the average chance that a discrepancy occurred for the selected data field among all reported cycles to be 15% based on the results of our sample of 100 cycles. However, that estimated discrepancy rate may not match the true discrepancy rate that we would calculate if we were to validate every single cycle during a reporting year.

The 95% confidence interval tells us that we are 95% confident that the true discrepancy rate is between 10% and 20%. In other words, if we were to repeat the process of selecting a sample of 100 cycles many times, calculating the discrepancy rate and 95% confidence interval for each sample, we would expect 95% of the calculated confidence intervals to capture the true discrepancy rate.

2017

Appendix B

Glossary of Terms



APPENDIX B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM). Professional society whose affiliate organization, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), is composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

ART (assisted reproductive technology). All treatments or procedures that include the handling of human eggs or embryos to help a woman become pregnant. ART includes but is not limited to in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT), tubal embryo transfer, egg and embryo cryopreservation, egg and embryo donation, and gestational surrogacy.

ART cycle. An ART cycle starts when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production. If eggs are produced, the cycle progresses to egg retrieval. Retrieved eggs are combined with sperm to create embryos. If fertilization is successful, at least one embryo is selected for transfer. If implantation occurs, the cycle may progress to clinical pregnancy and possibly live birth. ART cycles include any process in which (1) an ART procedure is performed, (2) a woman has undergone ovarian stimulation or monitoring with the intent of having an ART procedure, or (3) frozen embryos have been thawed with the intent of transferring them to a woman.

Canceled cycle. An ART cycle in which ovarian stimulation was performed but the cycle was stopped before eggs were retrieved or, in the case of frozen embryo cycles, before embryos were transferred. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.

Cryopreservation. The practice of freezing eggs or embryos from a patient's ART cycle for potential future use.

Diminished ovarian reserve. This diagnosis means that the ability of the ovary to produce eggs is reduced. Reasons include congenital, medical, or surgical causes.

Donor egg cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo is formed from the egg of one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman (the recipient). Sperm from either the recipient's partner or a donor may be used.

Donor embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo that is donated by a patient or couple who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available is transferred to another woman (the recipient).

Ectopic pregnancy. A pregnancy in which the fertilized egg implants in a location outside of the uterus—usually in the fallopian tube, the ovary, or the abdominal cavity. Ectopic pregnancy is a dangerous condition that must receive prompt medical treatment.

Egg. A female reproductive cell, also called an oocyte or ovum.

Egg/Embryo banking cycle. An ART cycle started with the intention of freezing (cryopreserving) all resulting eggs or embryos for potential future use.

Egg retrieval (also called oocyte retrieval). A procedure to collect the eggs contained in the ovarian follicles.

Egg transfer (also called oocyte transfer). The transfer of retrieved eggs into a woman's fallopian tubes through laparoscopy. This procedure is used only in GIFT.

Embryo. An egg that has been fertilized by a sperm and has then undergone one or more cell divisions.

Embryo transfer. Placement of embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix after IVF: in ZIFT, zygotes are placed in a woman's fallopian tube.

Endometriosis. A medical condition that involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in locations outside the uterus such as the ovaries, fallopian tubes, or abdominal cavity.

eSET (elective single embryo transfer). Elective single embryo transfer is a procedure in which one embryo, selected from a larger number of available embryos, is placed in the uterus or fallopian tube. The embryo selected for eSET might be a frozen (cryopreserved) embryo from a previous IVF cycle or a fresh embryo selected from a larger number of fresh embryos yielded during the current fresh IVF cycle.

Female factor infertility. Infertility due to ovulatory disturbances, diminished ovarian reserve, pelvic abnormalities affecting the reproductive tract, or other abnormalities of the reproductive system.

Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act of 1992 (FCSRCA). Law passed by the United States Congress in 1992 requiring all clinics performing ART in the United States to annually report their success rate data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Fertilization. The penetration of the egg by the sperm and the resulting combining of genetic material that develops into an embryo.

Fetus. The unborn offspring from the eighth week after conception to the moment of birth.

Follicle. A structure in the ovaries that contains a developing egg.

Fresh eggs, sperm, or embryos. Eggs, sperm, or embryos that have not been frozen.

Fresh embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which fresh (never frozen) embryos are transferred to the woman. The fresh embryos are conceived with fresh or frozen eggs and fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen egg cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) eggs are thawed, fertilized, and then the resulting fresh embryo is transferred to the woman. Frozen and thawed eggs may be fertilized with either fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) embryos are thawed and transferred to the woman. Frozen embryos may have been conceived using fresh or frozen eggs and fresh or frozen sperm.

Gamete. A reproductive cell, either a sperm or an egg.

Gestational age. The deviation of time from estimated last menstrual period (LMP) to birth. LMP is estimated using the date of retrieval or transfer.

Gestational carrier (also called a gestational surrogate). A woman who gestates, or carries, an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman with the expectation of returning the infant to its intended parents.

Gestational sac. A fluid-filled structure that develops within the uterus early in pregnancy. In a normal pregnancy, a gestational sac contains a developing fetus.

GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from the woman's ovary and using a laparoscope to place the unfertilized eggs and sperm into the woman's fallopian tube through small incisions in her abdomen.

ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection). A procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg; this procedure is commonly used to overcome male infertility problems.

Implantation rate. A measurement of ART success when the ART cycle results in an intrauterine clinical pregnancy, defined as the larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts by ultrasound or maximum infants born, including live births and stillbirths, out of the total number of embryos transferred.

Infertility. In general, infertility refers to the inability to conceive after 12 months of unprotected intercourse. Women aged 35 and older unable to conceive after 6 months of unprotected intercourse generally are considered infertile for the purpose of initiating medical treatment.

IUI (intrauterine insemination). A medical procedure that involves placing sperm into a woman's uterus to facilitate fertilization. IUI is not considered an ART procedure because it does not involve the manipulation of eggs.

IVF (in vitro fertilization). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and fertilizing them outside her body. The resulting embryos are then transferred into a woman's uterus through the cervix.

Live birth. The delivery of one or more infants with any signs of life.

Male factor infertility. Any cause of infertility due to low sperm count or problems with sperm function that makes it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

Miscarriage (also called spontaneous abortion). A pregnancy ending in the spontaneous loss of the embryo or fetus before 20 weeks of gestation.

Multiple factor infertility, female and male. A diagnostic category used when one or more female cause of infertility and male factor infertility are diagnosed.

Multiple factor infertility, female only. A diagnostic category used when more than one female cause of infertility but no male factor infertility is diagnosed.

Multiple-fetus pregnancy. A pregnancy with two or more fetuses, determined by the number of fetal hearts observed on an ultrasound.

Multiple-infant birth. A pregnancy that results in the birth of more than one infant.

NASS (National ART Surveillance System). Web-based data collection system used by all ART clinics to report data for each ART procedure to CDC.

Nondonor cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo is formed from the egg of the patient and either partner or donor sperm and then transferred back to the patient.

Oocyte. The female reproductive cell, also called an egg.

Other reason, infertility. Reason for using ART including immunological problems, chromosomal abnormalities, cancer chemotherapy, and serious illnesses.

Other reason, non-infertility. Reason for using ART not related to infertility and not unexplained or unknown.

Ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome. A possible complication of ovarian stimulation or ovulation induction that can cause enlarged ovaries, a distended abdomen, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea, fluid in the abdominal cavity or chest, breathing difficulties, changes in blood volume or viscosity, and diminished kidney perfusion and function.

Ovarian monitoring. The use of ultrasound, or blood or urine tests to monitor follicle development and hormone production.

Ovarian stimulation. The use of drugs (oral or injected) to stimulate the ovaries to develop follicles and eggs.

Ovulatory dysfunction. A diagnostic category used when a woman's ovaries are not producing eggs normally. It is usually characterized by irregular menstrual cycles reflective of ovaries that are not producing one mature egg each month. It includes polycystic ovary syndrome and multiple ovarian cysts.

PGT (preimplantation genetic testing). Diagnostic or screening techniques performed on embryos prior to transfer for detecting specific genetic conditions to reduce the risk of passing inherited diseases to children or screening for an abnormal number of chromosomes, which is of special value for patients with advanced age, recurrent miscarriages, or prior failed IVF.

Pregnancy (clinical). A pregnancy documented by ultrasound that shows a gestational sac in the uterus. For ART data reporting purposes, pregnancy is defined as a clinical pregnancy rather than a chemical pregnancy (that is, a positive pregnancy test).

Singleton. A single infant.

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART). An affiliate of ASRM composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

Sperm. The male reproductive cell.

Spontaneous abortion. See Miscarriage.

Stillbirth. The birth of an infant that shows no sign of life after 20 or more weeks of gestation.

Stimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which a woman receives oral or injected fertility drugs to stimulate her ovaries to develop follicles that contain mature eggs.

Thawed embryo cycle. Same as frozen embryo cycle.

Tubal factor infertility. A diagnostic category used when the woman's fallopian tubes are blocked or damaged, making it difficult for the egg to be fertilized or for an embryo to travel to the uterus.

Ultrasound. A technique used in ART for visualizing the follicles in the ovaries, the gestational sac, or the fetus.

Unexplained cause of infertility. A diagnostic category used when no cause of infertility is found in either the woman or the man.

Unstimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which the woman does not receive drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles and eggs. Instead, follicles and eggs develop naturally.

Uterine factor infertility. A structural or functional disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.

ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovary and fertilized outside her body. A laparoscope is then used to place the resulting zygote into the woman's fallopian tube through a small incision in her abdomen.

Zygote. A fertilized egg before it begins to divide.

2017

Appendix C

ART Clinics



APPENDIX C: ART CLINICS

2017 Reporting Clinics, by State

Clinics are listed alphabetically by their current name, city, and state location at the time of reporting 2017 data. If a clinic had a different name at the beginning of 2017, the clinic's former name on January 1, 2017 is listed in italics directly under the current name.

Clinic names preceded by the § symbol have reorganized since January 1, 2017. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director) because the staff in those positions are no longer employed at the clinic. Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since January 1, 2017. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further clinic information at 1-888-650-0822 or nass@westat.com.

The accrediting agencies referenced throughout this list are:

- College of American Pathologists, Reproductive Laboratory Accreditation Program (CAP)
- The Joint Commission
- New York State Tissue Bank Program (NYSTB)

NOTE that CDC does not oversee any of these accreditation programs.

ALABAMA

Alabama Fertility Specialists
2700 Highway 280, Suite 370E
Birmingham AL 35223
Telephone: (205) 874-0000; Fax: (205) 874-7021
Lab Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§ART Fertility Program of Alabama
2006 Brookwood Medical Center Dr, Suite 508
Birmingham AL 35209
Telephone: (205) 870-9784; Fax: (205) 870-0698
Lab Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama IVF/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Alabama at Birmingham
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
Women and Infants Center-OB/GYN
1700 6th Ave South, Suite 9103
Birmingham AL 35233
Telephone: (205) 934-1030; Fax: (205) 975-5732
Lab Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham
Gamete Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
3 Mobile Infirmary Cir, Suite 213
Mobile AL 36607
Telephone: (251) 438-4200; Fax: (251) 438-4211
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory-Alabama
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program
1601 Center St, Suite 3F
Mobile AL 36604
Telephone: (251) 415-1491; Fax: (251) 415-1552
Lab Name: University of South Alabama IVF &
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ARIZONA

New Direction Fertility Centers
1760 E. Pecos Rd, Suite 532
Gilbert AZ 85295
Telephone: (480) 351-8222; Fax: (480) 351-8221
Lab Name: New Direction Fertility
Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Troché Fertility Centers
17612 N. 59th Ave, Suite 100
Glendale AZ 85308
Telephone: (602) 993-8636; Fax: (602) 993-2528
Lab Name: Troché Fertility Centers ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists, LLC
1701 E. Thomas Rd, Bldg 1, Suite 101
Phoenix AZ 85016
Telephone: (602) 343-2767; Fax: (602) 343-2767
Lab Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gondra Center for Reproductive Care &
Advanced Gynecology
20940 N. Tatum Blvd, Suite B210
Phoenix AZ 85050
Telephone: (480) 621-6331; Fax: (480) 621-6203
Lab Name: Gondra Center for IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Southwest Fertility Center
3125 N. 32nd St, Suite 200
Phoenix AZ 85018
Telephone: (602) 956-7481; Fax: (602) 956-7591
Lab Name: Southwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Care, PLLC
9819 N. 95th St, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 874-2229; Fax: (480) 874-2229
Lab Name: Arizona Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health
8573 E. Princess Dr, Suite 101
Scottsdale AZ 85255
Telephone: (480) 946-9900; Fax: (480) 946-9914
Lab Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive
Health ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Fertility Studies
(ACFS)
8997 E. Desert Cove Ave, 2nd Floor
Scottsdale AZ 85260
Telephone: (480) 860-4792; Fax: (480) 860-6819
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Fertility
Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Bloom Reproductive Institute
8415 N. Pima Rd, Suite 290
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 434-6565; Fax: (480) 434-6572
Lab Name: Bloom Reproductive Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Boston IVF, The Arizona Center, LLC
Boston IVF, The Arizona Center
8901 E. Mountain View Rd, Suite 201
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 559-0252; Fax: (480) 661-4141
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Arizona
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Phoenix
9817 N. 95th St, Bldg I, Suite 107
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (602) 765-2229; Fax: (602) 493-6641
Lab Name: Assisted Reproductive Labs, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Treatment Center, PC
2155 E. Conference Dr, Suite 115
Tempe AZ 85284
Telephone: (480) 831-2445; Fax: (480) 897-1283
Lab Name: Fertility Treatment Center
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
5190 E. Farness Dr, Suite 114
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 326-0001; Fax: (520) 326-7451
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Arizona Reproductive Institute
Vivere Arizona Reproductive Institute
1775 E. Skyline Dr, Suite 175
Tucson AZ 85718
Telephone: (520) 222-8400; Fax: (520) 219-2351
Lab Name: Arizona Reproductive
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Center
4518 E. Camp Lowell Dr
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 733-0083; Fax: (520) 733-0771
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ARKANSAS

Arkansas Fertility Center
9101 Kanis Rd, Suite 300
Little Rock AR 72205
Telephone: (501) 801-1200; Fax: (501) 801-1207
Lab Name: Arkansas Fertility and
Gynecology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CALIFORNIA

LifeStart Fertility Center
29525 Canwood St, Suite 210
Agoura Hills CA 91301
Telephone: (818) 889-4532; Fax: (818) 889-4536
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program
2999 Regent St, Suite 101A
Berkeley CA 94705
Telephone: (510) 649-0440; Fax: (510) 649-8700
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology
(CRH&G)
99 N. La Cienega Blvd, Suite 109
Beverly Hills CA 90211
Telephone: (310) 360-7584; Fax: (310) 360-9827
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health &
Gynecology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southern California Reproductive Center
450 N. Roxbury Dr, Suite 500
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 277-2393; Fax: (310) 274-5112
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Care of Orange County
203 N. Brea Blvd, Suite 100
Brea CA 92821
Telephone: (714) 256-0777; Fax: (714) 256-0105
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Central California IVF Program
Women's Specialty and Fertility Center
729 N. Medical Center Dr West, Suite 205
Clovis CA 93611
Telephone: (559) 299-7700; Fax: (559) 297-9679
Lab Name: Women's Specialty & Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California Center for Reproductive Medicine
477 N. El Camino Real, Suite C310
Encinitas CA 92024
Telephone: (760) 274-2000; Fax: (760) 274-2006
Lab Name: California Center for Reproductive
Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Encino
15503 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 788-7288; Fax: (818) 788-5988
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Los Angeles Reproductive Center (LARC)
16055 Ventura Blvd, Suite 1127
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 946-8051; Fax: (818) 946-8052
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los
Angeles Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Western Fertility Institute
16260 Ventura Blvd, Suite 210
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 292-2242; Fax: (818) 292-8914
Lab Name: Western Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Zouves Fertility Center
1241 E. Hillsdale Blvd, Suite 100
Foster City CA 94404
Telephone: (650) 378-1000; Fax: (650) 577-1128
Lab Name: Zouves Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

West Coast Fertility Center
11160 Warner Ave, Suite 411
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 513-1399; Fax: (714) 513-1393
Lab Name: West Coast Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

†Xpert Fertility Care of California
Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG
11180 Warner Ave, Suite 465
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 429-5848; Fax: (714) 429-5878
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Fremont
39141 Civic Center Dr, Suite 350
Fremont CA 94538
Telephone: (510) 248-6900; Fax: (510) 248-6980
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health Laboratory-Fremont
Accreditation: CAP

CARE Fertility
1500 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 450
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 230-7778; Fax: (888) 873-4727
Lab Name: CARE Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Marin Fertility Center
1100 S. Eliseo Dr, Suite 107
Greenbrae CA 94904
Telephone: (415) 925-9404; Fax: (415) 484-7045
Lab Name: MFC Lab, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.
15500 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 100
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 726-0600; Fax: (949) 726-0601
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.,
Reproductive Specialty Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Southern California
2192 Martin St, Suite 110
Irvine CA 92612
Telephone: (949) 955-0072; Fax: (949) 955-0077
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Life IVF Center
3500 Barranca Pkwy, Suite 300
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 788-1133; Fax: (949) 788-1136
Lab Name: Life IVF Center Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Fertility Center
LinFertility Family Foundation
16300 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 911
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 453-8600; Fax: (949) 453-8601
Lab Name: Reproductive Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners Fertility Center-San Diego
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 800
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 552-9177; Fax: (858) 552-9188
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Fertility Center-
San Diego Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF
Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics
11370 Anderson St, Suite 3950
Loma Linda CA 92354
Telephone: (909) 558-2851; Fax: (909) 558-2450
Lab Name: Loma Linda University Health Care,
Fertility Science Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California Fertility Partners
11818 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 300
Los Angeles CA 90025
Telephone: (310) 828-4008; Fax: (310) 828-3310
Lab Name: California Fertility Partners Reproductive
Technology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Cedars Sinai Medical Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
444 S. San Vicente Blvd, Suite 1002
Los Angeles CA 90048
Telephone: (310) 423-9964; Fax: (310) 423-9777
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

CHA Fertility Center
5455 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1904
Los Angeles CA 90036
Telephone: (323) 525-3377; Fax: (323) 525-3376
Lab Name: CHA Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CMD Fertility
10921 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 702
Los Angeles CA 90024
Telephone: (310) 873-1800; Fax: (310) 873-1803
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
10921 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 700
Los Angeles CA 90024
Telephone: (310) 209-7700; Fax: (310) 209-7799
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UCLA Fertility Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Medical Plaza, Suite 220
Los Angeles CA 90095
Telephone: (310) 825-9500; Fax: (310) 825-2168
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

USC Fertility
1127 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1400
Los Angeles CA 90017
Telephone: (213) 975-9990; Fax: (213) 975-9997
Lab Name: USC Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CARE for the Bay Area
555 Knowles Dr, Suite 212
Los Gatos CA 95032
Telephone: (408) 628-0783; Fax: (888) 850-3405
Lab Name: CARE for the Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Innovative Fertility Center
3500 N. Sepulveda Blvd
Manhattan Beach CA 90266
Telephone: (310) 648-2229; Fax: (310) 333-0666
Lab Name: HMR Life Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

CCRM San Francisco
Bay Area Center for Reproductive Medicine, LLC
(BACRM)
1060 Marsh Rd, 1st Floor
Menlo Park CA 94025
Telephone: (650) 646-7500; Fax: (650) 646-7501
Lab Name: CCRM San Francisco Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility and Gynecology Center
Monterey Bay IVF
9833 Blue Larkspur Ln
Monterey CA 93940
Telephone: (831) 649-4483; Fax: (831) 649-9010
Lab Name: The Fertility and Gynecology Center, Monterey Bay IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Nova In Vitro Fertilization
2500 Hospital Dr, Bldg 7
Mountain View CA 94040
Telephone: (408) 607-7777; Fax: (650) 968-6682
Lab Name: Nova IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Orange County
500 Superior Ave, Suite 210
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 287-5600; Fax: (949) 642-2750
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Orange County Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Newport Fertility Center
CCRM OC Fertility-Jamboree
3501 Jamboree Rd Suite 1100
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 222-1290; Fax: (949) 222-1289
Lab Name: CCRM OC Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OC Fertility
1401 Avocado Ave, Suite 403
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 706-2229; Fax: (949) 706-8490
Lab Name: CCRM OC Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southern California Center for
Reproductive Medicine
361 Hospital Rd, Suite 333
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 642-8727; Fax: (949) 642-5413
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Lane Fertility Institute
101 Rowland Way, Suite 305
Novato CA 94945
Telephone: (415) 893-0391; Fax: (415) 892-4455
Lab Name: Lane Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: None

American Reproductive Centers
1199 N. Indian Canyon Dr
Palm Springs CA 92262
Telephone: (760) 346-4334; Fax: (760) 346-3663
Lab Name: American Reproductive Center
Laboratory-Palm Springs
Accreditation: CAP

Bay IVF Center
1681 El Camino Real
Palo Alto CA 94306
Telephone: (650) 322-0500; Fax: (650) 322-5404
Lab Name: Bay IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission (Pend)

HRC Fertility-Pasadena
333 S. Arroyo Pkwy, 3rd Floor
Pasadena CA 91105
Telephone: (626) 440-9161; Fax: (626) 440-0138
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Pasadena Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners-Beverly Hills, Redondo
Beach & Westminster
510 N. Prospect Ave, Suite 202
Redondo Beach CA 90277
Telephone: (310) 318-3010; Fax: (310) 798-7304
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc., Laboratory-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Northern California Fertility Medical Center
1130 Conroy Ln, Suite 100
Roseville CA 95661
Telephone: (916) 773-2229; Fax: (916) 773-2162
Lab Name: Northern California Fertility Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California IVF Fertility Center
2590 Venture Oaks Way, Suite 103
Sacramento CA 95833
Telephone: (916) 979-5599; Fax: (530) 771-0135
Lab Name: California IVF Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

§Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
1650 Response Rd, Suite 1A
Sacramento CA 95815
Telephone: (916) 614-5089; Fax: (916) 614-5115
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health Laboratory-Sacramento
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists Medical Group
8010 Frost St, Suite P
San Diego CA 92123
Telephone: (858) 505-5500; Fax: (858) 505-5555
Lab Name: San Diego Center for Reproductive
Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Hanabusa IVF
4910 Directors Pl, Suite 150
San Diego CA 92121
Telephone: (855) 360-6730; Fax: (858) 630-5552
Lab Name: California Fertility Experts, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Naval Medical Center San Diego Infertility Clinic
34800 Bob Wilson Dr
San Diego CA 92134
Telephone: (619) 532-5363; Fax: (619) 532-5448
Lab Name: San Diego Fertility Center IVF &
Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

§Reproductive Sciences Medical Center
3661 Valley Centre Dr, Suite 100
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 436-7186; Fax: (858) 436-7171
Lab Name: Reproductive Sciences Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

San Diego Fertility Center
11425 El Camino Real
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 794-6363; Fax: (858) 794-6360
Lab Name: San Diego Fertility Center IVF &
Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Laurel Fertility Care
1700 California St, Suite 570
San Francisco CA 94109
Telephone: (415) 673-9199; Fax: (415) 673-8796
Lab Name: Laurel Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center
55 Francisco St, Suite 500
San Francisco CA 94133
Telephone: (415) 834-3000; Fax: (415) 834-3099
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Spring Fertility
1 Daniel Burnham Ct, Suite 110C
San Francisco CA 94109
Telephone: (415) 964-5618; Fax: (415) 964-5619
Lab Name: Spring Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UCSF Center for Reproductive Health
499 Illinois St, 6th Floor
San Francisco CA 94158
Telephone: (415) 353-3040; Fax: (415) 353-7744
Lab Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Palo Alto Medical Foundation Fertility Physicians of
Northern California
2581 Samaritan Dr, Suite 302
San Jose CA 95124
Telephone: (405) 356-5000; Fax: (408) 356-8954
Lab Name: PAMF for Healthcare Research &
Education, IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco
Bay Area
100 Park Pl, Suite 200
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 867-1800; Fax: (925) 820-2279
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San
Francisco Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Barbara Fertility Center
536 E. Arrellaga St, Suite 201
Santa Barbara CA 93103
Telephone: (805) 965-3400; Fax: (805) 965-1222
Lab Name: Santa Barbara Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Monica Fertility
2825 Santa Monica Blvd, Suite 100
Santa Monica CA 90404
Telephone: (310) 566-1470; Fax: (310) 566-1485
Lab Name: Assisted Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.
1111 Sonoma Ave, Suite 214
Santa Rosa CA 95405
Telephone: (707) 575-5831; Fax: (707) 575-4379
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical
Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Center for Reproductive Health, Inc.
West Coast Women's Reproductive Center
Valley Center for Reproductive Health, Inc.
Tina Koopersmith, MD
4835 Van Nuys Blvd, Suite 200
Sherman Oaks CA 91403
Telephone: (818) 986-1648; Fax: (818) 986-1653
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Stanford Medicine Fertility & Reproductive Health
1195 W. Fremont Ave
Sunnyvale CA 94087
Telephone: (650) 498-7911; Fax: (669) 233-2884
Lab Name: Lucille Salter Packard Children's
Hospital at Stanford Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

The Center for Fertility and Gynecology
Vermesh Center for Fertility
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 301
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 881-9800; Fax: (818) 881-1857
Lab Name: A.R.T. Medical Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Tree of Life Center for Fertility
Kinderwunschzentrum Los Angeles
Tree of Life Center for Fertility
Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 511
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 344-8522; Fax: (818) 344-8521
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Surgical Associates of California
325 Rolling Oaks Dr, Suite 110
Thousand Oaks CA 91361
Telephone: (805) 778-1122; Fax: (805) 778-1199
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Reproductive Center
3720 Lomita Blvd, Suite 200
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 376-7000; Fax: (310) 373-0319
Lab Name: Pacific Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Fertility Center
23550 Hawthorne Blvd, Suite 210
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 378-7445; Fax: (310) 378-7427
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

California Center for Reproductive Health
Reproductive Fertility Center
9201 W. Sunset Blvd, Suite 500
West Hollywood CA 90069
Telephone: (818) 907-1571; Fax: (818) 907-1574
Lab Name: In Vitrotech Labs, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

COLORADO

§HQA Fertility Centers
Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center
265 Parkside Dr, Suite 200
Colorado Springs CO 80910
Telephone: (719) 475-2229; Fax: (719) 475-2227
Lab Name: Technical Conceptions,
LLC Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine
University of Colorado
3055 Roslyn St, Suite 230
Denver CO 80238
Telephone: (303) 724-8147; Fax: (303) 724-8149
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine
University of Colorado Hospital IVF
Clinical Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology
4600 E. Hale Pkwy, Suite 350
Denver CO 80220
Telephone: (303) 321-7115; Fax: (303) 321-9519
Lab Name: Colorado Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Denver Fertility-Albrecht Women's Care
9780 Pyramid Ct, Suite 260
Englewood CO 80112
Telephone: (720) 420-1570; Fax: (866) 657-9471
Lab Name: Denver Fertility-Albrecht Women's
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine
1080 E. Elizabeth St
Fort Collins CO 80524
Telephone: (970) 493-6353; Fax: (970) 493-6366
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive
Medicine IVF/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Conceptions Reproductive Associates of Colorado
271 W. County Line Rd
Littleton CO 80129
Telephone: (303) 794-0045; Fax: (303) 795-2054
Lab Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates of
Colorado Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine
10290 RidgeGate Cir
Lone Tree CO 80124
Telephone: (303) 788-8300; Fax: (303) 788-9936
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Colorado
Accreditation: CAP

Rocky Mountain Fertility Center
9235 Crown Crest Blvd, Suite 250
Parker CO 80138
Telephone: (303) 999-3877; Fax: (303) 999-3878
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CONNECTICUT

Center for Advanced Reproductive Services
2 Batterson Park Rd
Farmington CT 06032
Telephone: (844) 467-3483; Fax: (860) 838-6481
Lab Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive
Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC
55 Holly Hill Ln, Suite 270
Greenwich CT 06830
Telephone: (203) 863-2990; Fax: (203) 863-2980
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF
Center, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Yale Fertility Center
150 Sargent Dr, 2nd Floor, Rm 211
New Haven CT 06511
Telephone: (877) 925-3483; Fax: (203) 764-6475
Lab Name: Yale Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut
761 Main Ave, Suite 200
Norwalk CT 06851
Telephone: (203) 750-7400; Fax: (203) 846-9579
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Connecticut Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

New England Fertility Institute
1275 Summer St, Suite 201
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 325-3200; Fax: (203) 323-3100
Lab Name: New England Fertility
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
5520 Park Ave, Suite WPG-250
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 372-6700; Fax: (203) 372-6076
Lab Name: Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

DELAWARE

Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA
Medical Arts Pavilion 1
4745 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 111
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 738-4600; Fax: (302) 738-3508
Lab Name: Delaware Institute for Reproductive
Medicine, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Associates of Delaware
Medical Arts Pavilion 2
4735 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 3217
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 602-8822; Fax: (302) 623-4241
Lab Name: Reproductive Associates of
Delaware Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Columbia Fertility Associates
2440 M St N.W., Suite 401
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 293-6567; Fax: (202) 778-6190
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

George Washington University Medical
Faculty Associates
Fertility and IVF Center
2150 Pennsylvania Ave N.W., Suite 6-300
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 741-2520; Fax: (202) 741-2519
Lab Name: Medical Faculty
Associates, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

FLORIDA

BocaFertility
875 Meadows Rd, Suite 334
Boca Raton FL 33486
Telephone: (561) 368-5500; Fax: (561) 368-4793
Lab Name: Boca Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Palm Beach Fertility Center
7015 Beracasa Way, Suite 201
Boca Raton FL 33433
Telephone: (561) 477-7728; Fax: (561) 477-7035
Lab Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Polcz Fertility Center
9868 S. State Rd 7, Suite 320
Boynton Beach FL 33472
Telephone: (561) 736-6006; Fax: (561) 736-5788
Lab Name: Polcz Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Florida Fertility Institute
2454 N. McMullen Booth Rd, Suite 601
Clearwater FL 33759
Telephone: (727) 669-3414; Fax: (727) 726-6062
Lab Name: Florida Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility
and Genetics
4425 Ponce de Leon Blvd, Suite 110
Coral Gables FL 33146
Telephone: (305) 446-4673; Fax: (786) 360-2891
Lab Name: Conceptions Fertility Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
15730 New Hampshire Ct, Suite 101
Fort Myers FL 33908
Telephone: (239) 561-3430; Fax: (239) 561-6980
Lab Name: Southwest Florida Fertility
Center, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PA
Embryo Donation International, PL
12611 World Plaza Ln, Bldg 53
Fort Myers FL 33907
Telephone: (239) 275-8118; Fax: (239) 275-5914
Lab Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine &
Surgery, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

UF Health Reproductive Medicine at Springhill
4037 N.W. 86th Terrace, 1st Floor
Gainesville FL 32606
Telephone: (352) 265-2229; Fax: (352) 594-1676
Lab Name: University of Florida IVF and
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Assisted Fertility Program
3627 University Blvd South, Suite 450
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 398-1473; Fax: (904) 399-4596
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Brown Fertility
14540 Old Saint Augustine Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 2497
Jacksonville FL 32258
Telephone: (904) 260-0352; Fax: (904) 519-8323
Lab Name: Brown Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
836 Prudential Dr, Suite 902
Jacksonville FL 32207
Telephone: (904) 399-5620; Fax: (904) 399-5645
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine
7051 Southpoint Pkwy, Suite 200
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 493-2229; Fax: (904) 396-4546
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Florida Reproductive Associates
2960 N. State Rd 7, Suite 300
Margate FL 33063
Telephone: (954) 247-6235; Fax: (954) 247-6252
Lab Name: IVF Florida Reproductive
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Viera Fertility Center
3160 Alzante Cir
Melbourne FL 32940
Telephone: (321) 751-4673; Fax: (321) 751-4567
Lab Name: Viera Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.
8950 N. Kendall Dr, Suite 103
Miami FL 33176
Telephone: (305) 596-4013; Fax: (305) 596-4557
Lab Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Miami Infertility Center
1400 N.W. 12th Ave, Suite 5
Miami FL 33136
Telephone: (305) 243-8642; Fax: (305) 324-0363
Lab Name: University of Miami Infertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

New Leaders in Fertility & Endocrinology, LLC
4400 Bayou Blvd, Suite 36
Pensacola FL 32503
Telephone: (850) 857-3733; Fax: (850) 857-0670
Lab Name: New LIFE Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility & Genetics
201 N. Pine Island Rd, 2nd Floor
Plantation FL 33324
Telephone: (954) 584-2273; Fax: (954) 587-9630
Lab Name: Laboratory for Implantation Fertilization
Embryology, LC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of Florida
5100 Station Way
Sarasota FL 34233
Telephone: (941) 342-1568; Fax: (941) 342-8296
Lab Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of
Florida Laboratory
Accreditation: None

IVFMD/South Florida Institute for
Reproductive Medicine
South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
7300 S.W. 62nd Pl, 4th Floor
South Miami FL 33143
Telephone: (305) 662-7901; Fax: (305) 662-2938
Lab Name: IVFMD/South Florida Institute for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory-Naples
Accreditation: None
Lab Name: IVFMD/South Florida Institute for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory-South Miami
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: IVFMD/South Florida Institute for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory-Hollywood
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: IVFMD/South Florida Institute for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory-Jupiter
Accreditation: None

The Reproductive Medicine Group
5245 E. Fletcher Ave, Suite 1
Tampa FL 33617
Telephone: (813) 676-8844; Fax: (813) 676-8815
Lab Name: RMG ART Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Florida IVF
2 Tampa General Cir, 6th Floor
Tampa FL 33606
Telephone: (813) 259-0692; Fax: (813) 259-0882
Lab Name: University of South Florida
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

F.I.R.S.T.
Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences
and Technologies
2300 N. Commerce Pkwy, Suite 319
Weston FL 33326
Telephone: (954) 217-3456; Fax: (954) 217-3462
Lab Name: F.I.R.S.T. IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproductive Specialists, LLC
2100 Aloma Ave, Suite 100
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 339-2229; Fax: (407) 339-2039
Lab Name: IVF Laboratory of Central Florida, LLC
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA
1500 S. Orlando Ave, Suite 200
Winter Park FL 32789
Telephone: (407) 740-0909; Fax: (407) 740-7262
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Fertility CARE
The IVF Center
5901 Brick Ct
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 672-1106; Fax: (407) 678-2790
Lab Name: IVF Laboratory of Central Florida, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

GEORGIA

Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine
5909 Peachtree Dunwoody Rd, Suite 600
Atlanta GA 30328
Telephone: (770) 928-2276; Fax: (770) 592-2092
Lab Name: CCRM Atlanta Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Emory Reproductive Center
550 Peachtree St N.E., Suite 1800
Atlanta GA 30308
Telephone: (404) 778-3401; Fax: (404) 686-4956
Lab Name: Emory Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Reproductive Biology Associates
1100 Johnson Ferry Rd N.E., Suite 200
Atlanta GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 257-1900; Fax: (404) 256-9497
Lab Name: Reproductive Biology
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§Shady Grove Fertility-Atlanta
Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC
5445 Meridian Mark Rd, Suite 270
Atlanta GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-2229; Fax: (404) 843-0812
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility-Atlanta Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates
810 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 722-4434; Fax: (706) 722-9647
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Servy Massey Fertility Institute
Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology
812 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 724-0228; Fax: (706) 722-2387
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility, LLC
2323 Whittlesey Rd
Columbus GA 31909
Telephone: (706) 653-6344; Fax: (706) 653-8933
Lab Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology & Infertility, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine
5354 Reynolds St, Suite 510
Savannah GA 31405
Telephone: (912) 352-8588; Fax: (912) 352-8893
Lab Name: The Georgia Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

HAWAII

Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii
1319 Punahou St, Suite 510
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 949-6611; Fax: (808) 949-6610
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Fertility Institute of Hawaii
*Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology
of Hawaii, Inc.*
1401 S. Beretania St, Suite 250
Honolulu HI 96814
Telephone: (808) 545-2800; Fax: (808) 262-3744
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IVF Hawaii
1329 Lusitana St, Suite 607
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 538-6655; Fax: (808) 537-5500
Lab Name: IVF Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute
Kapi'olani Medical Center
1319 Punahou St, Suite 980
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 946-2226; Fax: (808) 943-1563
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
1 Jarrett White Rd
Tripler AMC HI 96859
Telephone: (808) 433-5925; Fax: (808) 433-1552
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IDAHO

Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
1000 E. Park Blvd, Suite 110
Boise ID 83712
Telephone: (208) 342-5900; Fax: (208) 342-2088
Lab Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ILLINOIS

Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health
2040 Ogden Ave, Suite 107
Aurora IL 60504
Telephone: (630) 978-6254; Fax: (630) 499-2487
Lab Name: Rush-Copley Center for Fertility
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Centers of Illinois-River North IVF
900 N. Kingsbury St, River Walk 6
Chicago IL 60610
Telephone: (312) 222-8230; Fax: (847) 724-1649
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois-River North
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)
409 W. Huron St, Suite 500
Chicago IL 60654
Telephone: (312) 288-6420; Fax: (312) 288-6421
Lab Name: IVF-PGD Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission (Pend)

Northwestern Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
259 E. Erie St, Suite 2400
Chicago IL 60611
Telephone: (312) 695-1364; Fax: (312) 472-0226
Lab Name: Northwestern Medical Group IVF &
Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

§University of Chicago Medicine Center for
Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
1101 S. Canal St, Suite 202A
Chicago IL 60607
Telephone: (773) 702-6642; Fax: (773) 702-5848
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois-River North
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program
1801 W. Taylor St, Suite 4A
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 355-2634; Fax: (312) 355-3161
Lab Name: University of Illinois at Chicago IVF
Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Vios Fertility Institute-Chicago
333 S. Desplaines St, Suite 201
Chicago IL 60661
Telephone: (773) 435-9036; Fax: (773) 572-9999
Lab Name: Vios Fertility
Institute Laboratory-Chicago
Accreditation: None

Women's Health Consultants
1725 W. Harrison St, Suite 408E
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 942-3835; Fax: (312) 997-2354
Lab Name: Rush Center for Advanced
Reproductive Care
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF
2246 Weber Rd
Crest Hill IL 60403
Telephone: (815) 725-4161; Fax: (815) 721-4341
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health, SC/
Joliet IVF, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Fertility Center
4333 Main St
Downers Grove IL 60515
Telephone: (630) 810-0212; Fax: (630) 810-1027
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Davies Fertility & IVF Specialists, SC
2640 Patriot Blvd, Suite 260
Glenview IL 60026
Telephone: (847) 972-0300; Fax: (847) 972-0043
Lab Name: Davies Fertility & IVF Specialists,
SC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago
30 Tower Ct, Suite F
Gurnee IL 60031
Telephone: (847) 662-1818; Fax: (847) 662-3001
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Center of
Chicago Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Centers of Illinois-Highland Park IVF Center
767 Park Ave West, Suite B400
Highland Park IL 60035
Telephone: (847) 433-9050; Fax: (847) 433-9126
Lab Name: aParent IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Hinsdale Center for Reproduction
121 N. Elm St
Hinsdale IL 60521
Telephone: (630) 856-3535; Fax: (630) 856-3545
Lab Name: Hinsdale Center for
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

InVia Fertility Specialists
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 406
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 884-8884; Fax: (847) 884-0924
Lab Name: InVia Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Advanced IVF Institute
Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates
120 Osler Dr, Suite 100
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 428-2229; Fax: (630) 428-0336
Lab Name: Charles E. Miller, MD, SC &
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF1
3 N. Washington St
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 357-6540; Fax: (630) 357-6435
Lab Name: Naperville Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Institute
2425 W. 22nd St, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 954-0094; Fax: (630) 954-0073
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Daniel Rostein, MD, SC
2208 Midwest Rd, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 472-9100; Fax: (630) 472-9101
Lab Name: Naperville Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Center
435 N. Mulford Rd, Suite 9
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 229-1700; Fax: (815) 229-1831
Lab Name: The Advanced IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Chicago IVF
5225 Old Orchard Rd, Suite 21
Skokie IL 60077
Telephone: (847) 213-5064; Fax: (847) 966-8821
Lab Name: Chicago IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

North Shore Fertility
4250 Dempster St
Skokie IL 60076
Telephone: (847) 763-8850; Fax: (847) 763-8851
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics
Innovations, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southern Illinois University School of Medicine
Fertility and IVF Center
751 N. Rutledge St, Suite 0100
Springfield IL 62702
Telephone: (217) 545-8000; Fax: (217) 545-3130
Lab Name: SIU School of Medicine Fertility and IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Vios Fertility Institute-Swansea
Centers for Reproductive Medicine and Wellness
6 Bronze Pointe
Swansea IL 62226
Telephone: (618) 509-5523; Fax: (618) 206-5017
Lab Name: Vios Fertility
Institute Laboratory-Swansea
Accreditation: CAP

Seth Levrant, MD, PC
Partners in Reproductive Health
16345 S. Harlem Ave, Suite 100
Tinley Park IL 60477
Telephone: (708) 532-7017; Fax: (708) 845-5287
Lab Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC,
In-Vitro Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

INDIANA

Midwest Fertility Specialists
12188-A N. Meridian St, Suite 250
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 571-1637; Fax: (317) 571-4586
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Indianapolis
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

†Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Advanced Fertility Group
1222 Professional Blvd
Evansville IN 47714
Telephone: (812) 469-4920; Fax: (812) 469-4930
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Advanced Fertility Group
201 N. Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1300; Fax: (317) 817-1306
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Community Fertility Specialty Care
Community Reproductive Endocrinology
7250 Clearvista Dr, Suite 190
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 621-0600; Fax: (317) 621-0610
Lab Name: Community Fertility Specialty
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Family Beginnings, PC
8435 Clearvista Pl, Suite 104
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 595-3665; Fax: (317) 595-3666
Lab Name: Family Beginnings, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Henry Fertility dba
Reproductive Care of Indiana
201 Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 325
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1800; Fax: (317) 817-1810
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Indiana Fertility Institute
10610 N. Pennsylvania St, Suite 101
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 575-6565; Fax: (317) 581-9207
Lab Name: Indiana Fertility Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Indiana University Hospital
550 N. University Blvd, Room 4921
Indianapolis IN 46202
Telephone: (317) 944-1640; Fax: (317) 944-0869
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Boston IVF at The Women's Hospital
4199 Gateway Blvd, Suite 2600
Newburgh IN 47630
Telephone: (812) 842-4530; Fax: (812) 842-4595
Lab Name: Boston IVF at The Women's
Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IOWA

Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC
1371 N.W. 121st St
Clive IA 50325
Telephone: (515) 222-3060; Fax: (515) 222-9563
Lab Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
Center for Advanced Reproductive Care
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Hawkins Dr
Iowa City IA 52242
Telephone: (319) 356-8483; Fax: (319) 384-8388
Lab Name: University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics
IVF & Reproductive Testing Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

KANSAS

Midwest Reproductive Center, PA
Doctors Building 1
20375 W. 151st St, Suite 403
Olathe KS 66061
Telephone: (913) 780-4300; Fax: (913) 780-4250
Lab Name: Midwest Reproductive
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
10777 Nall Ave, Suite 200
Overland Park KS 66211
Telephone: (913) 588-2229; Fax: (913) 588-3236
Lab Name: University of Kansas Medical Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Resource Center of Greater
Kansas City
12200 W. 106th St, Suite 120
Overland Park KS 66215
Telephone: (913) 894-2323; Fax: (913) 894-0841
Lab Name: Reproductive Resource Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

†The Center for Reproductive Medicine
9300 E. 29th St North, Suite 102
Wichita KS 67226
Telephone: (316) 687-2112; Fax: (316) 687-1260
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

KENTUCKY

Bluegrass Fertility Center
1760 Nicholasville Rd, Suite 501
Lexington KY 40503
Telephone: (859) 260-1515; Fax: (859) 260-1425
Lab Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Lexington Fertility Center
170 N. Eagle Creek Dr, Suite 101
Lexington KY 40509
Telephone: (859) 277-5736; Fax: (859) 276-2236
Lab Name: The Lexington Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Fertility and Endocrine Associates
Louisville Reproductive Center
4123 Dutchmans Ln, Suite 414
Louisville KY 40207
Telephone: (502) 897-2144; Fax: (502) 897-1773
Lab Name: Louisville Reproductive Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Kentucky Fertility Institute, LLC
4612 Chamberlain Ln, Suite 200
Louisville KY 40241
Telephone: (502) 996-4480; Fax: (502) 996-4481
Lab Name: Kentucky Fertility Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

LOUISIANA

Fertility Answers, LLC-Baton Rouge
500 Rue de La Vie, Suite 510
Baton Rouge LA 70817
Telephone: (225) 926-6886; Fax: (225) 922-3730
Lab Name: Fertility Answers, LLC-Baton
Rouge Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Answers, LLC-Lafayette
206 E. Farrel Rd
Lafayette LA 70508
Telephone: (337) 989-8795; Fax: (337) 989-8766
Lab Name: Fertility Answers,
LLC-Lafayette Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Fertility Institute of New Orleans
800 N. Causeway Blvd, Suite 2C
Mandeville LA 70448
Telephone: (985) 892-7621; Fax: (985) 892-9245
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New
Orleans-Metairie Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Orleans-Baton
Rouge Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Audubon Fertility
Audubon Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
4321 Magnolia St
New Orleans LA 70115
Telephone: (504) 891-1390; Fax: (504) 891-1391
Lab Name: Vivere New Orleans Fertility
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

ArkLaTex Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
2401 Greenwood Rd, Suite A
Shreveport LA 71103
Telephone: (318) 841-5800; Fax: (318) 841-5817
Lab Name: E and A Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

MAINE

§Boston IVF, LLC The Maine Center
Boston IVF, The Maine Center
778 Main St, Suite 2
South Portland ME 04106
Telephone: (207) 358-7600; Fax: (207) 761-7019
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Maine
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MARYLAND

The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center
8901 Rockville Pike, Bldg 10, Rm 2104
Bethesda MD 20889
Telephone: (301) 400-2151; Fax: (301) 400-1800
Lab Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington,
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Endrika Hinton, MD
10751 Falls Rd, Suite 302
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 616-7777; Fax: (410) 616-7767
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Johns Hopkins Fertility Center
10753 Falls Rd, Suite 335
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 847-3650; Fax: (410) 583-2798
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Montgomery Fertility Center
3202 Tower Oaks Blvd, Suite 370
Rockville MD 20852
Telephone: (301) 946-6962; Fax: (301) 946-6022
Lab Name: Montgomery Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Shady Grove Fertility-Rockville
Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Rockville
9601 Blackwell Rd, 4th Floor
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1188; Fax: (301) 340-1612
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility-Rockville
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center of Maryland
110 West Rd, Suite 102
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 296-6400; Fax: (410) 296-6405
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Maryland Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Shady Grove Fertility-Towson
Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Towson
901 Dulaney Valley Rd, Suite 616
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 512-8300; Fax: (410) 512-8390
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility-Towson Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

MASSACHUSETTS

Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted
Reproductive Technology
75 Francis St
Boston MA 02115
Telephone: (617) 732-5570; Fax: (617) 975-0825
Lab Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital Center
for Assisted Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center
32 Fruit St, Yawkey 10A
Boston MA 02114
Telephone: (617) 726-8868; Fax: (617) 724-8882
Lab Name: Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Solutions, PC
45 Stergis Way
Dedham MA 02026
Telephone: (781) 326-2451; Fax: (781) 329-2684
Lab Name: Fertility Solutions, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

†IVF New England
450 Bedford St, Suite 1000
Lexington MA 02420
Telephone: (781) 674-1240; Fax: (781) 674-2442
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

CCRM Boston
300 Boylston St, Suite 300
Newton MA 02459
Telephone: (617) 449-9750; Fax: (617) 449-9751
Lab Name: CCRM Boston Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Centers of New England, Inc.
New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.
20 Pond Meadow Dr, Suite 101
Reading MA 01867
Telephone: (781) 942-7000; Fax: (781) 942-9840
Lab Name: New England Clinic of Reproductive
Medicine, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Baystate Reproductive Medicine
Tolosky Center
3300 Main St, Suite B
Springfield MA 01199
Telephone: (413) 794-1950; Fax: (413) 794-1857
Lab Name: Baystate Medical Center, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility, LLC
2 Main St, Suite 150
Stoneham MA 02180
Telephone: (781) 438-9600; Fax: (781) 438-9601
Lab Name: Boston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Boston IVF, LLC
Boston IVF
130 Second Ave
Waltham MA 02451
Telephone: (781) 434-6500; Fax: (781) 434-6464
Lab Name: Boston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

MICHIGAN

§University of Michigan Center for
Reproductive Medicine
475 Market Pl, Bldg 1, Suite B
Ann Arbor MI 48108
Telephone: (734) 763-4323; Fax: (734) 936-8617
Lab Name: University of Michigan, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

†Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC
4190 Telegraph Rd, Suite 1500
Bloomfield Hills MI 48302
Telephone: (248) 203-0900; Fax: (248) 203-0902
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

IVF Michigan Fertility Centers
37000 Woodward Ave, Suite 350
Bloomfield Hills MI 48304
Telephone: (248) 952-9600; Fax: (248) 952-9650
Lab Name: IVF Michigan Fertility Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Reproductive Medicine
41000 Woodward Ave, Suite 100E
Bloomfield Hills MI 48304
Telephone: (248) 593-6990; Fax: (248) 593-5925
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gago IVF
2250 Genoa Business Park Dr, Suite 110
Brighton MI 48114
Telephone: (810) 227-3232; Fax: (810) 227-3237
Lab Name: Gago IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
3230 Eagle Park Dr N.E., Suite 100
Grand Rapids MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 988-2229; Fax: (616) 988-2010
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF
Center, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

IVF Michigan Rochester Hills & Flint, PC
3950 S. Rochester Rd, Suite 2300
Rochester Hills MI 48307
Telephone: (248) 844-8845; Fax: (248) 844-9039
Lab Name: IVF Michigan Rochester Hills
& Flint, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Wayne State University Physician Group
26400 W. 12 Mile Rd, Suite 140
Southfield MI 48034
Telephone: (248) 352-8200; Fax: (248) 356-8255
Lab Name: Wayne State University Physician Group
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine
1500 W. Big Beaver Rd, Suite 105
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 637-4050; Fax: (248) 637-0115
Lab Name: Henry Ford Health System, Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan
130 Town Center Dr, Suite 106
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 619-3100; Fax: (248) 619-9031
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's
Health, PLC
4700 E. 13 Mile Rd
Warren MI 48092
Telephone: (586) 576-0431; Fax: (586) 576-0924
Lab Name: Michigan Center IVF, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MINNESOTA

CCRM Minneapolis
6565 France Ave South, Suite 400
Edina MN 55435
Telephone: (952) 225-1630; Fax: (952) 225-1609
Lab Name: CCRM Minneapolis Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
Arbor Lakes Medical Building
12000 Elm Creek Blvd North, Suite 350
Maple Grove MN 55369
Telephone: (763) 494-7700; Fax: (763) 494-7706
Lab Name: Midwest Center for Reproductive Health,
Assisted Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
Advanced Reproductive Technologies
2828 Chicago Ave South, Suite 400
Minneapolis MN 55407
Telephone: (612) 863-5390; Fax: (612) 863-2697
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies
200 First St S.W., Charlton 3A
Rochester MN 55905
Telephone: (507) 284-9792; Fax: (507) 284-1774
Lab Name: Mayo Clinic Fertility Testing Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates
Woodbury Medical Arts Building
2101 Woodwinds Dr, Suite 100
Woodbury MN 55125
Telephone: (651) 222-6050; Fax: (651) 222-5975
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine &
Infertility Associates, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory-Woodbury
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine &
Infertility Associates, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory-Edina
Accreditation: CAP

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Reproductive Medicine, PLLC
1040 River Oaks Dr, Suite 202
Flowood MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 936-3650; Fax: (866) 491-0274
Lab Name: Mississippi Reproductive
Medicine, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§University of Mississippi Medical Center
2925 Layfair Dr, Room 146
Flowood MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 984-5330; Fax: (601) 984-6759
Lab Name: University of Mississippi Medical Center
IVF & Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MISSOURI

Infertility Center of St. Louis
224 S. Woods Mill Rd, Suite 730
Chesterfield MO 63017
Telephone: (314) 576-1400; Fax: (314) 576-1442
Lab Name: Assisted Reproductive
Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine
17300 N. Outer 40 Rd, Suite 101
Chesterfield MO 63005
Telephone: (636) 778-9899; Fax: (636) 778-9915
Lab Name: MCRM ART Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, Inc.
1506 E. Broadway, Suite 220
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 443-4511; Fax: (573) 443-7860
Lab Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Blue Sky Fertility
6675 Holmes Rd, Suite 680
Kansas City MO 64131
Telephone: (816) 301-5506; Fax: (816) 214-8617
Lab Name: Research Medical Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists
2340 E. Meyer Blvd, Bldg 2, Suite 598
Kansas City MO 64132
Telephone: (816) 444-6888; Fax: (816) 444-1375
Lab Name: Research Medical Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Partnership
5401 Veterans Memorial Pkwy, Suite 201
Saint Peters MO 63376
Telephone: (636) 441-7770; Fax: (636) 441-7775
Lab Name: Fertility Partnership Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery
844 N. New Ballas Ct, Suite 300
St. Louis MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 473-1285; Fax: (314) 473-1287
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
& Robotic Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
at Washington University School of Medicine
and Barnes-Jewish Hospital
4444 Forest Park Ave, Suite 3100
St. Louis MO 63108
Telephone: (314) 286-2400; Fax: (314) 286-2455
Lab Name: Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
Center at Washington University Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis
IntegraMed Missouri, LLC
555 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 150
St. Louis MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 983-9000; Fax: (314) 983-9023
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory-St. Louis
Accreditation: CAP

MONTANA

Billings Clinic
Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Care
1045 N. 30th St
Billings MT 59101
Telephone: (406) 238-2500; Fax: (406) 238-2806
Lab Name: Billings Clinic IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEBRASKA

Reproductive Health Specialists
717 N. 190th Plaza, Suite 2500
Elkhorn NE 68022
Telephone: (402) 815-1915; Fax: (402) 815-1065
Lab Name: Methodist Women's Hospital Andrology/
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC
7308 S. 142nd St
Omaha NE 68138
Telephone: (402) 717-4200; Fax: (402) 717-4230
Lab Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEVADA

Green Valley Fertility Partners
2510 Wigwam Pkwy, Suite 201
Henderson NV 89074
Telephone: (702) 722-2229; Fax: (702) 778-7672
Lab Name: Green Valley Fertility Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Las Vegas
8851 W. Sahara Ave, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89117
Telephone: (702) 254-1777; Fax: (702) 254-1213
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Las Vegas
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Red Rock Fertility Center
9120 W. Russell Rd, Suite 200
Las Vegas NV 89148
Telephone: (702) 262-0079; Fax: (702) 685-6910
Lab Name: Red Rock Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Las Vegas
5320 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 300
Las Vegas NV 89118
Telephone: (702) 892-9696; Fax: (702) 892-9666
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Las Vegas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine
645 Sierra Rose Dr, Suite 205
Reno NV 89511
Telephone: (775) 828-1200; Fax: (775) 828-1785
Lab Name: The Nevada Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

NEW JERSEY

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey
140 Allen Rd
Basking Ridge NJ 07920
Telephone: (973) 971-4600; Fax: (973) 290-8370
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Clifton Low Cost IVF
1033 Route 46 East, Suite 102
Clifton NJ 07013
Telephone: (973) 779-7979; Fax: (973) 246-7299
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NJ Best OB/GYN
716 Broad St, Suite 2A
Clifton NJ 07013
Telephone: (973) 221-3122; Fax: (973) 710-0620
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey
234 Industrial Way West, Suite A104
Eatontown NJ 07724
Telephone: (732) 918-2500; Fax: (732) 918-2504
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center
of New Jersey Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
& Fertility
4 Ethel Rd, Suite 405A
Edison NJ 08817
Telephone: (732) 339-9300; Fax: (732) 339-9400
Lab Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Women's Fertility Center
106 Grand Ave, Suite 400
Englewood NJ 07631
Telephone: (201) 569-6979; Fax: (201) 569-0269
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

North Hudson IVF
Center for Fertility and Gynecology
385 Sylvan Ave
Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
Telephone: (201) 871-1999; Fax: (201) 871-1031
Lab Name: North Hudson IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

University Reproductive Associates, PC
214 Terrace Ave
Hasbrouck Heights NJ 07604
Telephone: (201) 288-6330; Fax: (201) 288-6331
Lab Name: University Reproductive Associates,
PC Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine dba
Morgan Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
475 Route 70 West, Suite 201
Lakewood NJ 08701
Telephone: (732) 363-4777; Fax: (732) 363-2004
Lab Name: Shore Area IVF Laboratories, PC
Accreditation: CAP

Delaware Valley OBGYN & Infertility Group, PC
Princeton IVF
2 Princess Rd, Suite C
Lawrenceville NJ 08648
Telephone: (609) 896-0777; Fax: (609) 896-3266
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive
Diagnostics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science
Saint Barnabas Medical Center
94 Old Short Hills Rd, East Wing, Suite 403
Livingston NJ 07039
Telephone: (973) 322-8286; Fax: (973) 322-8890
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine
and Science at Saint Barnabas Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics
6000 Sagemore Dr, Suite 6102
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 988-0072; Fax: (856) 988-0056
Lab Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and
Genetics Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

South Jersey Fertility Center
400 Lippincott Dr, Suite 130
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 596-2233; Fax: (856) 596-2411
Lab Name: South Jersey Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Diamond Institute for Infertility and Menopause
89 Millburn Ave
Millburn NJ 07041
Telephone: (973) 761-5600; Fax: (973) 761-5100
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cooper Institute for Reproductive Hormonal
Disorders, PC
17000 Commerce Pkwy, Suite C
Mount Laurel NJ 08054
Telephone: (856) 751-5465; Fax: (856) 751-7289
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York
680 Kinderkamack Rd, Suite 200
Oradell NJ 07649
Telephone: (201) 666-4200; Fax: (201) 666-2262
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey
and New York Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Hospital Fertility Center
140 E. Ridgewood Ave, 5th Floor, Suite 590S
Paramus NJ 07652
Telephone: (201) 634-5534; Fax: (201) 634-5503
Lab Name: Valley Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Damien Fertility Partners
655 Shrewsbury Ave, Suite 300
Shrewsbury NJ 07702
Telephone: (732) 758-6511; Fax: (732) 758-1048
Lab Name: Damien Fertility Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
Louis R. Manara, DO
200 Route 73, Suite A
Voorhees NJ 08043
Telephone: (856) 767-0009; Fax: (856) 767-0990
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEW MEXICO

Caperton Fertility Institute, LLC
6500 Jefferson St N.E., Suite 250
Albuquerque NM 87109
Telephone: (505) 270-2603; Fax: (505) 796-8022
Lab Name: Caperton Fertility Institute,
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Center of New Mexico, LLC
201 Cedar St S.E., Suite S1-20
Albuquerque NM 87106
Telephone: (505) 248-0000; Fax: (505) 842-0000
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of New Mexico,
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEW YORK

Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
6010 Bay Pkwy
Brooklyn NY 11204
Telephone: (718) 283-8600; Fax: (713) 283-6580
Lab Name: Brooklyn IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Kofinas Fertility Group
506 6th St, 4th Floor
Brooklyn NY 11215
Telephone: (718) 243-1600; Fax: (718) 780-5085
Lab Name: Kofinas Fertility Group Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western
New York, PLLC dba
Buffalo IVF
4510 Main St
Buffalo NY 14226
Telephone: (716) 839-3057; Fax: (716) 839-1477
Lab Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC
400 Westage Business Center Dr, Suite 109
Fishkill NY 12524
Telephone: (845) 765-0125; Fax: (845) 765-0128
Lab Name: Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

The New York Fertility Center
42-31 Colden St, Suite 202
Flushing NY 11355
Telephone: (718) 261-9068; Fax: (718) 261-9067
Lab Name: The New York Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine
and Health
141 S. Central Ave, Suite 201
Hartsdale NY 10530
Telephone: (914) 997-1060; Fax: (914) 997-1099
Lab Name: Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive
Medicine and Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Boston IVF, The Albany Center
399 Albany Shaker Rd
Loudonville NY 12211
Telephone: (518) 434-9759; Fax: (518) 436-9822
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Albany
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Northwell Health Fertility
300 Community Dr
Manhasset NY 11030
Telephone: (516) 562-2229; Fax: (516) 562-1710
Lab Name: Northwell Health Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Long Island IVF
8 Corporate Center Dr, Suite 101
Melville NY 11747
Telephone: (631) 752-0606; Fax: (631) 752-0623
Lab Name: Long Island IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Reproductive Specialists of New York
200 Old Country Rd, Suite 350
Mineola NY 11501
Telephone: (516) 739-2100; Fax: (516) 873-8068
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialists of New
York Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Reproductive Medicine
344 E. Main St, Suite 403
Mount Kisco NY 10549
Telephone: (914) 218-8955; Fax: (914) 218-8956
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Advanced Fertility Services, PC
1625 Third Ave
New York NY 10128
Telephone: (212) 369-8700; Fax: (212) 289-8461
Lab Name: Manhattan Fertility Services Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

CCRM New York
810 Seventh Ave, 21st Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 290-8100; Fax: (212) 293-6500
Lab Name: New York Medical Sciences, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)
21 E. 69th St
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 994-4400; Fax: (212) 994-4499
Lab Name: Medical Offices for Human
Reproduction, CHR Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend), NYSTB

Chelsea Fertility NYC
105 E. 37th St, Suite 1
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 685-2229; Fax: (646) 726-4449
Lab Name: Chelsea Fertility NYC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Columbia University Fertility Center
*Columbia University Center for Women's
Reproductive Care*
5 Columbus Cir, PH Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 314-8809; Fax: (212) 314-8801
Lab Name: Columbia University Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Extend Fertility-Expect Fertility
200 W. 57th St, Suite 1101
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 810-2828; Fax: (646) 862-3328
Lab Name: Extend Fertility, LLC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Generation Next Fertility, PLLC
115 E. 57th St, Suite 500
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 641-0906; Fax: (212) 641-0522
Lab Name: Generation Next Fertility,
PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Libera Medical, PLLC
425 Fifth Ave, 3rd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (646) 792-7476; Fax: (646) 274-0600
Lab Name: Libera Medical, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD
1001 Fifth Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 472-7186; Fax: (212) 472-8608
Lab Name: Manhattan Fertility Services Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Manhattan Reproductive Medicine
159 E. 74th St, Suite 1C
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 794-0080; Fax: (212) 794-0066
Lab Name: Manhattan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC
422 West End Ave
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 580-2252; Fax: (212) 580-2258
Lab Name: Manhattan Fertility Services Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New Hope Fertility Center
4 Columbus Cir, 4th Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 517-7676; Fax: (212) 489-6294
Lab Name: New Hope Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Institute
1016 Fifth Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 734-5555; Fax: (212) 734-6059
Lab Name: New York Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

New York Fertility Services, PC
16 E. 40th St, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 679-2289; Fax: (212) 679-2288
Lab Name: New York Fertility Services,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

§Neway Medical
123 W. 79th St
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 750-3330; Fax: (646) 462-3353
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC, dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

Noble Fertility Center
137 E. 36th St
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 804-6666; Fax: (212) 502-3386
Lab Name: Rockefeller Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

NYU Langone Fertility Center
660 First Ave, 5th Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 263-8990; Fax: (212) 263-8827
Lab Name: NYU Langone Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine, PC
51 E. 67th St
New York NY 10065
Telephone: (212) 535-5350; Fax: (212) 535-5080
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP
635 Madison Ave, 10th Floor
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 756-5777; Fax: (212) 756-5770
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New York, LLP Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

†TrueNorth Fertility
8 E. 83rd St
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 535-6000; Fax: (212) 535-6000
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Weill Cornell Medicine
Center for Reproductive Medicine
1305 York Ave, 6th Floor
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (646) 962-2764; Fax: (646) 962-0359
Lab Name: Weill Cornell Medicine, Center for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westmed Reproductive Services
3030 Westchester Ave
Purchase NY 10577
Telephone: (914) 607-6213; Fax: (914) 848-8624
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF
Center, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Rochester Fertility Care, PC
1561 Long Pond Rd, Suite 410
Rochester NY 14626
Telephone: (585) 453-7760; Fax: (585) 453-7771
Lab Name: Rochester Fertility Care, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Strong Fertility Center
500 Red Creek Dr, Suite 220
Rochester NY 14623
Telephone: (585) 487-3378; Fax: (585) 334-8998
Lab Name: Strong Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Island Reproductive Services, PC
237 Richmond Valley Rd
Staten Island NY 10309
Telephone: (718) 948-6100; Fax: (718) 948-6114
Lab Name: Reproductive Center of Central
New Jersey
Accreditation: The Joint Commission
Lab Name: Island Reproductive Services,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Reproductive Wellness
300 S. Oyster Bay Rd
Syosset NY 11791
Telephone: (516) 605-2626; Fax: (516) 605-2624
Lab Name: New York Reproductive Wellness
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

CNY Fertility Center
195 Intrepid Ln
Syracuse NY 13205
Telephone: (315) 469-8700; Fax: (315) 469-6789
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Albany
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Syracuse
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Fertility and
Reproductive Endocrinology
136 S. Broadway
White Plains NY 10605
Telephone: (914) 949-6677; Fax: (914) 949-5758
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Gold Coast IVF
Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center
246 Crossways Park Dr West
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 682-8900; Fax: (516) 682-8901
Lab Name: Gold Coast IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine
The Talbert Fertility Institute
400 Ashville Ave, Suite 200
Cary NC 27518
Telephone: (919) 233-1680; Fax: (919) 233-1685
Lab Name: North Carolina Center for
Reproductive Medicine, North Carolina
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Program for Assisted Reproduction at Atrium
Health's Carolinas Medical Center
CMC Women's Institute
*Program for Assisted Reproduction at Carolinas
Medical Center*
CMC Women's Institute
1025 Morehead Medical Dr, Suite 500
Charlotte NC 28204
Telephone: (704) 355-3149; Fax: (704) 355-1564
Lab Name: Carolinas Medical Center Andrology and
ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Endocrinology Associates of Charlotte
1524 E. Morehead St
Charlotte NC 28207
Telephone: (704) 343-3400; Fax: (704) 343-0744
Lab Name: Reproductive Endocrinology Associates
of Charlotte Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Duke Fertility Center
Duke University Medical Center
5704 Fayetteville Rd
Durham NC 27713
Telephone: (919) 572-4673; Fax: (919) 484-0461
Lab Name: Duke Fertility Center, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Womack Army Medical Center
WAMC MCXC-OB, 2817 Reilly Rd, Mailstop A
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Telephone: (910) 907-9270; Fax: (910) 907-7825
Lab Name: North Carolina IVF Labs
Accreditation: CAP

Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Specialists, PA
10208 Cerny St, Suite 306
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 248-8777; Fax: (919) 248-8776
Lab Name: Atlantic Fertility Center Partners, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Carolina Conceptions, PA
2601 Lake Dr, Suite 301
Raleigh NC 27607
Telephone: (919) 782-5911; Fax: (919) 861-6400
Lab Name: Carolina Conceptions Embryology/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UNC Fertility
7920 ACC Blvd, Suite 300
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 240-5255; Fax: (919) 596-6147
Lab Name: UNC Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Carolinas Fertility Institute
3821 Forrestgate Dr
Winston-Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 448-9100; Fax: (336) 778-7995
Lab Name: Carolinas Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
111 Hanestown Ct, Suite 351
Winston-Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 716-6476; Fax: (336) 716-0194
Lab Name: Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NORTH DAKOTA

Sanford Health Reproductive Medicine Institute
1111 Harwood Dr South
Fargo ND 58104
Telephone: (701) 234-2700; Fax: (701) 234-2702
Lab Name: Sanford Health Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OHIO

Fertility Unlimited, Inc.
Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center
468 E. Market St
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 376-2300; Fax: (330) 376-4807
Lab Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Gynecology & Infertility-Akron
Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Akron
95 Arch St, Suite 250
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 375-7722; Fax: (330) 375-3986
Lab Name: Reproductive
Gynecology Laboratory-Akron
Accreditation: CAP

Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
26900 Cedar Rd, Suite 220S
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 839-3150; Fax: (216) 839-3181
Lab Name: Cleveland Clinic Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Hospitals Fertility Center
Kathy Risman Pavilion
1000 Auburn Dr, Suite 310
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 285-5028; Fax: (216) 201-5390
Lab Name: University Hospitals Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bethesda Fertility Center
10506 Montgomery Rd, Suite 303
Cincinnati OH 45242
Telephone: (513) 865-1675; Fax: (513) 865-1676
Lab Name: Reproductive Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Institute for Reproductive Health
3805 Edwards Rd, Suite 450
Cincinnati OH 45209
Telephone: (513) 924-5546; Fax: (513) 924-5549
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Cincinnati
Accreditation: CAP

Ohio Reproductive Medicine
4830 Knightsbridge Blvd, Suite E
Columbus OH 43214
Telephone: (614) 451-2280; Fax: (614) 451-4352
Lab Name: Reproductive Diagnostics, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

SpringCreek Fertility
7095 Clio Rd
Dayton OH 45459
Telephone: (937) 458-5084; Fax: (937) 458-5089
Lab Name: SpringCreek Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Wellness Institute of Ohio
7671 Tylers Place Blvd
West Chester OH 45069
Telephone: (513) 326-4300; Fax: (513) 326-4306
Lab Name: UC Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UC Center for Reproductive Health
7675 Wellness Way, Suite 315
West Chester OH 45069
Telephone: (513) 475-7600; Fax: (513) 475-7601
Lab Name: UC Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Gynecology & Infertility-Westerville
Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Westerville
540 N. Cleveland Ave, Suite 100
Westerville OH 43082
Telephone: (614) 895-3333; Fax: (614) 895-3338
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology
Laboratory-Westerville
Accreditation: CAP

OKLAHOMA

Bennett Fertility Institute
Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute
3433 N.W. 56th St, Bldg B, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73112
Telephone: (405) 949-6060; Fax: (405) 949-6872
Lab Name: Integris Canadian Valley Hospital Lab,
Bennett Fertility Institute Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP

OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine
840 Research Pkwy, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73104
Telephone: (405) 271-1616; Fax: (405) 271-9222
Lab Name: OU Reproductive Medicine Department
of OB/GYN ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tulsa Fertility Center
115 E. 15th St
Tulsa OK 74119
Telephone: (918) 584-2870; Fax: (918) 587-3602
Lab Name: Tulsa Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OREGON

The Fertility Center of Oregon
590 Country Club Pkwy, Suite A
Eugene OR 97401
Telephone: (541) 683-1559; Fax: (541) 683-1709
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of Oregon
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

ORM Fertility
Oregon Reproductive Medicine
808 S.W. 15th Ave
Portland OR 97205
Telephone: (503) 243-4914; Fax: (503) 274-4946
Lab Name: ORM Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Fertility Consultants
Oregon Health & Science University
OHSU Center for Health & Healing
3303 S.W. Bond Ave, 10th Floor
Portland OR 97239
Telephone: (503) 418-3700; Fax: (503) 428-3708
Lab Name: Oregon Health & Science University
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

PENNSYLVANIA

Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF
and Genetics
Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences
1245 Highland Ave, Suite 404
Abington PA 19001
Telephone: (215) 887-2010; Fax: (215) 887-3291
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive
Diagnostics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania
1401 N. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 200
Allentown PA 18104
Telephone: (610) 820-6888; Fax: (610) 820-6818
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Family Fertility Center
95 Highland Ave, Suite 100
Bethlehem PA 18017
Telephone: (610) 868-8600; Fax: (610) 868-8700
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
825 Old Lancaster Rd, Suite 170
Bryn Mawr PA 19010
Telephone: (484) 380-4879; Fax: (484) 380-4866
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program
100 N. Academy Ave
Danville PA 17822
Telephone: (570) 271-5620; Fax: (570) 271-5629
Lab Name: Geisinger Medical Center ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

†HAN Fertility Center
2010 West Chester Pike, Suite 350
Havertown PA 19083
Telephone: (610) 853-1112; Fax: (610) 446-1425
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center
35 Hope Dr, Suite 202
Hershey PA 17033
Telephone: (717) 531-6731; Fax: (717) 531-6286
Lab Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia
625 Clark Ave, Suite 17B
King of Prussia PA 19406
Telephone: (215) 654-1544; Fax: (215) 654-1543
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Philadelphia Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Society Hill Reproductive Medicine
822 Pine St, Suite 4B
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 829-8110; Fax: (215) 829-8119
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Pennsylvania
Penn Fertility Care
3701 Market St, Suite 800
Philadelphia PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 662-6100; Fax: (215) 349-5512
Lab Name: University of Pennsylvania, Penn Fertility
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

AHN Center for Reproductive Medicine
9335 McKnight Rd, Suite 240
Pittsburgh PA 15237
Telephone: (412) 847-1166; Fax: (412) 847-1168
Lab Name: AHN Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

§Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology
Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
419 Rodi Rd
Pittsburgh PA 15235
Telephone: (412) 731-8000; Fax: (412) 731-8399
Lab Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§University of Pittsburgh Physicians
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology
Magee Womens Hospital
300 Halket St, Suite 5150
Pittsburgh PA 15213
Telephone: (412) 641-1600; Fax: (412) 641-7454
Lab Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Endocrinology IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Shady Grove Fertility-Pennsylvania
Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Pennsylvania
945 Chesterbrook Blvd
Wayne PA 19087
Telephone: (610) 981-6000; Fax: (855) 437-5785
Lab Name: Shady Grove
Fertility-Pennsylvania Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

The Fertility Center, LLC
130 Leader Heights Rd
York PA 17403
Telephone: (717) 747-3099; Fax: (717) 747-3214
Lab Name: The Fertility Center, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: None

PUERTO RICO

Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD IVF Program dba
Puerto Rico Fertility Center
Dr. Arturo Cadilla Building
100 Paseo San Pablo, Suite 503
Bayamon PR 00961
Telephone: (787) 798-0100; Fax: (787) 740-7250
Lab Name: PR Fertility and Reproductive Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo Caguas
Ave Muñoz Rivera, A-1, Suite 303
Caguas PR 00726
Telephone: (787) 704-3434; Fax: (787) 961-4546
Lab Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Caguas Laboratory
Accreditation: None

GREFI
Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology &
Fertility Institute
First Bank Building
1519 Ave Ponce de Leon, Suite 705
San Juan PR 00909
Telephone: (787) 984-3008; Fax: (787) 848-0979
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-Coto Laurel
Accreditation: None
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-San Juan
Accreditation: None

RHODE ISLAND

§Women & Infants Fertility Center
90 Plain St, 5th Floor
Providence RI 02903
Telephone: (401) 453-7500; Fax: (401) 277-3638
Lab Name: Women & Infants Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SOUTH CAROLINA

Fertility Center of the Carolinas
University Medical Group, Department of Obstetrics
and Gynecology
890 W. Faris Rd, Suite 470
Greenville SC 29605
Telephone: (864) 455-1600; Fax: (864) 455-8492
Lab Name: Greenville Health System, Fertility Center
of the Carolinas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA
17 Caledon Ct, Suite C
Greenville SC 29615
Telephone: (864) 232-7734; Fax: (864) 232-7099
Lab Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology
Group, PA Laboratory-Greenville
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology
Group, PA Laboratory-West Columbia
Accreditation: CAP

Coastal Fertility Specialists
1375 Hospital Dr
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 883-5800; Fax: (843) 881-0362
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Center of Charleston
1280 Hospital Dr, Suite 300
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 881-7400; Fax: (843) 881-7444
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of Charleston
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SOUTH DAKOTA

Sanford Women's Health
1500 W. 22nd St, MB3, Suite 102
Sioux Falls SD 57105
Telephone: (605) 328-8800; Fax: (605) 328-8801
Lab Name: Sanford Women's Health Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

TENNESSEE

Fertility Center, LLC
7407 Ziegler Rd
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 899-0500; Fax: (423) 899-2411
Lab Name: Fertility Center, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Tennessee Reproductive Medicine
6031 Shallowford Rd, Suite 101
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 876-2229; Fax: (423) 643-0699
Lab Name: Tennessee Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tennessee Fertility Institute
9160 Carothers Pkwy, Suite 201
Franklin TN 37067
Telephone: (615) 721-6250; Fax: (615) 721-6251
Lab Name: Tennessee Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Quillen Fertility and Women's Services
1319 Sunset Dr, Suite 103
Johnson City TN 37604
Telephone: (423) 439-7246; Fax: (423) 282-4698
Lab Name: ETSU Physicians and Associates,
Quillen Fertility & Women's Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center
9301 Park West Blvd, Bldg A
Knoxville TN 37923
Telephone: (865) 249-7031; Fax: (865) 588-4510
Lab Name: East Tennessee IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD dba
Southeastern Center for Fertility and
Reproductive Surgery
11126 Kingston Pike
Knoxville TN 37934
Telephone: (865) 777-0088; Fax: (865) 777-2015
Lab Name: Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD dba Southeastern
Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC
80 Humphreys Center, Suite 307
Memphis TN 38120
Telephone: (901) 747-2229; Fax: (901) 747-4446
Lab Name: Memphis Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Regional One Health Reproductive Medicine
6555 Quince Rd, Suite 501
Memphis TN 38119
Telephone: (901) 515-3100; Fax: (901) 515-3199
Lab Name: Regional One Health Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: None

The Center for Reproductive Health
2410 Patterson St, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-8899; Fax: (615) 321-8877
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Nashville, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Nashville Fertility Center
345 23rd Ave North, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-4740; Fax: (615) 277-2455
Lab Name: FPG Labs of Nashville, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

TEXAS

Aspire Fertility-Dallas
16415 Addison Rd, Suite 900
Addison TX 75001
Telephone: (214) 414-3806; Fax: (214) 414-0376
Lab Name: Aspire Fertility-Dallas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

DFW Center for Fertility & IVF
980 Raintree Cir
Allen TX 75013
Telephone: (214) 383-2600; Fax: (214) 383-2601
Lab Name: DFW Center for Fertility & IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Aspire Fertility-Austin
RMATX.COM, PLLC
RMA of Texas-Austin
911 W. 38th St, Suite 402
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 479-7979; Fax: (512) 479-7978
Lab Name: Aspire Fertility-Austin Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Austin Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine-Westlake IVF
300 Beardsley Ln, Bldg B, Suite 200
Austin TX 78746
Telephone: (512) 444-1414; Fax: (512) 579-2720
Lab Name: Westlake IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Austin Fertility Institute, PA
2200 Park Bend Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 402
Austin TX 78758
Telephone: (512) 339-4234; Fax: (512) 339-4237
Lab Name: New Austin Health, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Fertility Center
Vaughn, Silverberg & Associates
6500 N. Mopac Expressway, Bldg 1, Suite 1200
Austin TX 78731
Telephone: (512) 451-0149; Fax: (512) 451-0977
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Austin
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Assisted Reproduction
1701 Park Place Ave
Bedford TX 76022
Telephone: (817) 540-1157; Fax: (817) 267-0522
Lab Name: Center for Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates
5477 Glen Lakes Dr, Suite 200
Dallas TX 75231
Telephone: (214) 363-5965; Fax: (214) 363-0639
Lab Name: Dallas Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Outpatient Building
1801 Inwood Rd, Suite 616
Dallas TX 75390
Telephone: (214) 645-3858; Fax: (214) 645-7930
Lab Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Dallas
Baylor Medical Pavilion
3900 Junius St, Suite 610
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (972) 884-5700; Fax: (972) 884-5709
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Dallas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital
ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ReproMed Fertility Center
3800 San Jacinto St
Dallas TX 75204
Telephone: (214) 827-8777; Fax: (214) 827-8622
Lab Name: Allen Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C638
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6686; Fax: (972) 566-6670
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Dallas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Barnett Tower
3600 Gaston Ave, Suite 504
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (214) 821-2274; Fax: (214) 821-2373
Lab Name: Texas Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
700 S. Mesa Hills Dr
El Paso TX 79912
Telephone: (915) 842-9998; Fax: (915) 842-9972
Lab Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive
Health, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Brooke Army Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
3551 Roger Brooke Dr
Fort Sam Houston TX 78234
Telephone: (210) 916-6305; Fax: (210) 916-6350
Lab Name: BAMC IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fort Worth Fertility, PA
1800 Mistletoe Blvd
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 348-8145; Fax: (817) 348-8264
Lab Name: Texas Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§CCRM Dallas-Fort Worth
Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine
8380 Warren Pkwy, Suite 201
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (972) 377-2625; Fax: (972) 377-2667
Lab Name: CCRM Dallas-Fort Worth Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Dallas IVF
2840 Legacy Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 100
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 297-0027; Fax: (214) 297-0034
Lab Name: Dallas IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC
5757 Warren Pkwy, Suite 300
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 618-2044; Fax: (214) 618-7838
Lab Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Texas
10901 Katy Freeway
Houston TX 77079
Telephone: (713) 467-4488; Fax: (713) 467-9499
Lab Name: Center for Women's Medicine
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Aspire Fertility-Houston
7515 S. Main St, Suite 500
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (713) 425-3003; Fax: (713) 396-3854
Lab Name: Aspire Fertility-Houston Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cooper Institute for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
7500 Beechnut St, Suite 308
Houston TX 77074
Telephone: (713) 771-9771; Fax: (713) 771-9773
Lab Name: Cooper Institute
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Family Fertility Center
Texas Children's Pavilion for Women
6651 Main St, Suite E350
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (832) 826-7463; Fax: (832) 825-9413
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Heard Institute
1315 St. Joseph Pkwy, Suite 1305
Houston TX 77002
Telephone: (713) 878-0878; Fax: (713) 654-8795
Lab Name: Cooper Institute
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Houston Fertility Institute
2500 Fondren Rd, Suite 300
Houston TX 77063
Telephone: (832) 237-1434; Fax: (832) 237-1436
Lab Name: New Houston Health IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

†Houston Fertility Specialists
7900 Fannin St, Suite 4400
Houston TX 77054
Telephone: (713) 425-3003; Fax: (713) 512-7853
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Houston IVF dba
CCRM Houston
Houston IVF
929 Gessner Rd, Suite 2300
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 465-1211; Fax: (713) 550-1475
Lab Name: Houston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVFMD
7501 Las Colinas Blvd, Suite 200A
Irving TX 75063
Telephone: (972) 506-9986; Fax: (972) 506-0044
Lab Name: IVFMD, Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Centre for Reproductive Medicine
3405 22nd St, Suite 300
Lubbock TX 79410
Telephone: (806) 788-1212; Fax: (806) 788-1253
Lab Name: The Centre for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery
3601 4th St, Mailstop 8340
Lubbock TX 79430
Telephone: (806) 743-4256; Fax: (806) 743-4462
Lab Name: Texas Tech University Health Sciences
Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Institute of South Texas
110 E. Savannah Ave, Bldg B, Suite 103
McAllen TX 78503
Telephone: (956) 687-2693; Fax: (956) 687-2829
Lab Name: Reproductive Institute of South
Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Centers, PLLC
420 E. 6th St, Suite 101
Odessa TX 79761
Telephone: (432) 614-6376; Fax: (432) 614-6377
Lab Name: Odessa Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Plano
6300 W. Parker Rd, MOB 2, Suite G28
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 612-2500; Fax: (972) 612-9601
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital
ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Presbyterian Hospital ARTS
6130 W. Parker Rd, Suite 215
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 981-7800; Fax: (972) 981-7814
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital
ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Aspire Fertility-San Antonio
Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA
19296 Stone Oak Pkwy
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 337-8453; Fax: (210) 337-8452
Lab Name: Aspire Fertility-San Antonio Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of San Antonio
4499 Medical Dr, Suite 200
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 692-0577; Fax: (210) 615-6788
Lab Name: Fertility Center of San
Antonio Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Women's Health
Advanced Fertility Center
18707 Hardy Oak Blvd, Suite 500
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 616-0680; Fax: (210) 676-0684
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UT Health San Antonio Reproductive Health and
Fertility Center
UT Medicine Fertility Center
Medical Arts & Research Center
8300 Floyd Curl Dr, 5th Floor
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 450-9500; Fax: (210) 450-6027
Lab Name: UT Health San Antonio Reproductive
Health and Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Scott & White Clinic-Temple
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
2401 S. 31st St
Temple TX 76508
Telephone: (254) 724-3389; Fax: (254) 724-1046
Lab Name: Scott & White Clinic-Temple Laboratory
Accreditation: None

North Houston Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PA
111 Vision Park, Suite 110
The Woodlands TX 77384
Telephone: (281) 444-4784; Fax: (281) 444-0429
Lab Name: North Houston Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)
1015 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 2100
Webster TX 77598
Telephone: (281) 332-0073; Fax: (281) 557-5837
Lab Name: Center of Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UTAH

Utah Fertility Center
1446 W. Pleasant Grove Blvd
Pleasant Grove UT 84062
Telephone: (801) 785-5100; Fax: (801) 785-4597
Lab Name: Utah Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine
675 Arapeen Dr, Suite 205
Salt Lake City UT 84108
Telephone: (801) 581-3834; Fax: (801) 585-2231
Lab Name: University of Utah School of Medicine
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Care Center
10150 Petunia Way
Sandy UT 84092
Telephone: (801) 878-8888; Fax: (801) 878-8890
Lab Name: Reproductive Care Center Andrology
and Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VERMONT

University of Vermont Medical Center
Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine
111 Colchester Ave, Main Campus, Main Pavilion,
Level 4
Burlington VT 05401
Telephone: (802) 847-1249; Fax: (802) 847-0111
Lab Name: University of Vermont Medical
Center, Vermont Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Northeastern Reproductive Medicine
105 West View Rd, Suite 302
Colchester VT 05446
Telephone: (802) 655-8888; Fax: (802) 497-3371
Lab Name: Northeastern Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VIRGINIA

Washington Fertility Center
4316 Evergreen Ln
Annandale VA 22003
Telephone: (703) 658-3100; Fax: (703) 658-3103
Lab Name: Washington Fertility Center
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
4040 N. Fairfax Dr, Suite 600
Arlington VA 22203
Telephone: (703) 920-3890; Fax: (703) 892-6037
Lab Name: Dominion Fertility and
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of
Virginia, PLC
595 Martha Jefferson Dr, Suite 390
Charlottesville VA 22911
Telephone: (434) 654-8520; Fax: (434) 654-8521
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Surgery Center
of Virginia, PLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Genetics & IVF Institute
3015 Williams Dr
Fairfax VA 22031
Telephone: (703) 698-3912; Fax: (703) 207-9183
Lab Name: Genetics & IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine
601 Colley Ave
Norfolk VA 23507
Telephone: (757) 446-7100; Fax: (757) 446-7455
Lab Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine
11150 Sunset Hills Rd, Suite 100
Reston VA 20190
Telephone: (703) 437-7722; Fax: (703) 437-0066
Lab Name: Virginia Reproductive Labs
Accreditation: CAP

Shady Grove Fertility-Richmond
Virginia Fertility Associates
9030 Stony Point Pkwy, Suite 450
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 379-9000; Fax: (804) 323-0236
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VCU Reproductive Medicine
9109 Stony Point Dr
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 327-8820; Fax: (804) 237-6637
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: VCU Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

CCRM Northern Virginia
8010 Towers Crescent Dr, 5th floor
Vienna VA 22182
Telephone: (571) 789-2100; Fax: (571) 789-2101
Lab Name: CCRM Northern Virginia Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine
448 Viking Dr, Suite 100
Virginia Beach VA 23452
Telephone: (757) 496-5370; Fax: (757) 481-3354
Lab Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WASHINGTON

Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS
11232 N.E. 15th St, Suite 201
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 646-4700; Fax: (425) 646-1076
Lab Name: Overlake Reproductive Health
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine
1370 116th Ave N.E., Suite 100
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 462-6100; Fax: (425) 635-0742
Lab Name: Eastside Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bellingham IVF & Infertility Care
2980 Squalicum Pkwy, Suite 103
Bellingham WA 98225
Telephone: (360) 715-8124; Fax: (360) 715-8126
Lab Name: Bellingham IVF & Infertility
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Poma Fertility
12039 N.E. 128th St, Suite 110
Kirkland WA 98034
Telephone: (425) 822-7662; Fax: (425) 822-0172
Lab Name: Poma Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Olympia Women's Health
403 Black Hills Ln S.W., Suite E
Olympia WA 98502
Telephone: (360) 786-1515; Fax: (360) 754-7476
Lab Name: Olympia Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists
1101 Madison St, Suite 1050
Seattle WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 515-0000; Fax: (206) 515-0001
Lab Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Seattle Reproductive Medicine
1505 Westlake Ave North, Suite 400
Seattle WA 98109
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (206) 285-1119
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Sound Fertility Care, PLLC
509 Olive Way, Suite 501
Seattle WA 98101
Telephone: (206) 651-4432; Fax: (206) 793-7999
Lab Name: Poma Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University Reproductive Care
University of Washington
4245 Roosevelt Way N.E., 4th Floor
Seattle WA 98105
Telephone: (206) 598-4225; Fax: (206) 598-7080
Lab Name: University Reproductive Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Health
508 W. 6th Ave, Suite 500
Spokane WA 99204
Telephone: (509) 462-7070; Fax: (509) 462-7071
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

SRM Spokane
15920 E. Indiana Ave, Suite 200
Spokane Valley WA 99216
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (206) 301-5679
Lab Name: SRM Spokane Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Madigan Army Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
9040A Jackson Ave
Tacoma WA 98431
Telephone: (253) 968-3783; Fax: (253) 968-5295
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

WEST VIRGINIA

†West Virginia University Fertility Center
830 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 205
Charleston WV 25302
Telephone: (304) 388-2863; Fax: (304) 388-2802
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Cabell Huntington Hospital
Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
1600 Medical Center Dr, Suite 4500
Huntington WV 25701
Telephone: (304) 526-2602; Fax: (304) 691-1410
Lab Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital, Center for
Advanced Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1322 Pineview Dr, Suite 2
Morgantown WV 26505
Telephone: (304) 598-3100; Fax: (304) 598-8301
Lab Name: West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WISCONSIN

§Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services
The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare
Medical Center
2845 Greenbrier Rd, Suite 350
Green Bay WI 54311
Telephone: (920) 288-8500; Fax: (920) 288-8570
Lab Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility
Services, Green Bay Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin
Reproductive Medicine Center
North Hills Health Center
W129 N0755 Northfield Dr, Bldg B, Suite 500
Menomonee Falls WI 53051
Telephone: (262) 253-9220; Fax: (262) 253-9221
Lab Name: Froedtert Hospital Reproductive
Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care
2365 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-6160; Fax: (608) 827-3040
Lab Name: Generations Fertility Care, Inc.,
Andrology and Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Wisconsin Fertility Institute
3146 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-0075; Fax: (608) 829-0748
Lab Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Specialty Center
2350 N. Lake Dr, Suite 504
Milwaukee WI 53211
Telephone: (414) 289-9668; Fax: (414) 289-0974
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services,
West Allis
West Allis Memorial Hospital
8901 W. Lincoln Ave, 2nd Floor
West Allis WI 53227
Telephone: (414) 329-4300; Fax: (414) 329-4399
Lab Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility
Services, West Allis Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

2017 Nonreporting Clinics, by State

The clinics listed below provided ART services and were in operation as of January 1, 2017 and accordingly were required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act passed by the US Congress. These clinics either failed to submit data or the clinic's medical director did not approve the clinic's 2017 ART data for inclusion in this report.

Consumers who are aware of a clinic that was in operation in 2017 but is not included in this report's lists of either reporting or nonreporting clinics are encouraged to contact us with the complete name, mailing address, and telephone number of the clinic, by e-mail at artinfo@cdc.gov or by regular mail at CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team; 4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop F-74; Atlanta GA 30341-3717. Providing this information will help ensure that clinics that should be in the report will be included in upcoming years.

Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since January 1, 2017.

Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
20 Hughes Rd, Suite 203
Madison AL 35758
Telephone: (256) 213-2229; Fax: (256) 213-9978

The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles,
New York, Guadalajara
16030 Ventura Blvd, Suite 404
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 728-4600; Fax: (818) 728-4616

Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD
1560 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 200
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 242-9933; Fax: (818) 242-9937

Hope IVF and Fertility Center
2500 Alton Pkwy, Suite 201
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 387-3888; Fax: (949) 387-3907

La Jolla IVF
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 610
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 558-2221; Fax: (858) 558-2263

Acacio Fertility Center
27882 Forbes Rd, Suite 200
Laguna Niguel CA 92677
Telephone: (949) 249-9200; Fax: (949) 249-9203

LA IVF Clinic
2080 Century Park East, Suite 400
Los Angeles CA 90067
Telephone: (310) 286-2800; Fax: (310) 691-1116

†Women's Healthcare Institute
18546 Roscoe Blvd, Suite 220
Northridge CA 91324
Telephone: (818) 886-0600; Fax: (818) 701-8100

Williams OB/GYN & Associates
1334 W. Covina Blvd, Suite 102
San Dimas CA 91773
Telephone: (909) 599-8677; Fax: (909) 592-0999

Alex Steinleitner, MD, Inc.
35 Casa St, Suite 260
San Luis Obispo CA 93405
Telephone: (805) 543-2228; Fax: (805) 269-0226

Dr. Aimee Eyvazzadeh
5401 Norris Canyon Rd, Suite 106
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 277-0600; Fax: (925) 277-0801

†Santa Monica UCLA GYN Subspecialties Group
1450 10th St, Suite 404
Santa Monica CA 90401
Telephone: (310) 451-8144; Fax: (310) 451-3414

†The Stamford Hospital
1 Hospital Plaza
Stamford CT 06902
Telephone: (203) 276-7559; Fax: (203) 276-7259

†CT Fertility
100 Technology Dr, Suite 210
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 373-1200; Fax: (203) 880-5730

†Center for Reproductive Medicine
19844 N. Dale Mabry Hwy, Suite 101
Lutz FL 33556
Telephone: (813) 948-8400; Fax: (813) 948-8410

Fertility Center of Orlando
1000 N. Maitland Ave
Maitland FL 32751
Telephone: (407) 345-9006; Fax: (407) 345-9007

Kaiser Permanente Hawaii Region, Reproductive
Medicine Division
1010 Pensacola St
Honolulu HI 96814
Telephone: (808) 432-2540; Fax: (808) 432-2510

Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.
Alexian Brother's Hospital, Wimmer Building
800 Biesterfield Rd, Suite 402
Elk Grove Village IL 60007
Telephone: (847) 545-4733; Fax: (847) 952-7457

†Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 401
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 843-7090; Fax: (847) 843-0584

Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.
1515 Essington Rd
Joliet IL 60435
Telephone: (815) 730-1100; Fax: (815) 730-1066

†Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
5401 N. Knoxville Ave, Suite 102
Peoria IL 61614
Telephone: (309) 689-0411; Fax: (309) 689-0784

†Reproductive Health and Fertility Center
973 Featherstone Rd, Suite 100
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 986-3737; Fax: (815) 986-3748

Fertility First
Reproductive Endocrine Services
6420 Dutchmans Pkwy, Suite 395
Louisville KY 40205
Telephone: (502) 749-6420; Fax: (502) 749-6426

University of Louisville Physicians OB/GYN
& Women's Health Fertility Center
6420 Dutchmans Pkwy, Suite 190
Louisville KY 40202
Telephone: (502) 588-7660; Fax: (502) 588-7893

†Center for Reproductive Medicine
9711 Medical Center Dr, Suite 214
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 424-1904; Fax: (301) 424-1902

Siu Ng-Wagner, MD
14955 Shady Grove Rd, Suite 125
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1495; Fax: (301) 838-9712

†Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center
18181 Oakwood Blvd, Suite 109
Dearborn MI 48124
Telephone: (313) 299-6650; Fax: (313) 299-6651

Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC
415 E. Maple Rd, Suite 101
Troy MI 48083
Telephone: (248) 524-1001; Fax: (248) 528-2533

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine
and Fertility
University of Missouri
Department of Obstetrics, Gynecology
and Women's Health
500 N. Keene St, Suite 203
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 817-3101; Fax: (573) 882-9010

†Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
1 Medical Center Dr, 5th Floor
Lebanon NH 03756
Telephone: (603) 653-9240; Fax: (603) 650-0905

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
171 State Route 173, Suite 301
Asbury NJ 08802
Telephone: (908) 781-0666; Fax: (908) 238-5197

Global Fertility & Genetics, NY
115 E. 57th St, Suite 420
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 381-9558; Fax: (212) 381-9557

New York Reproductive Medical Services, PC
133 E. 58th St, Suite 1002
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 317-8700; Fax: (877) 396-8029

University IVF
SUNY Upstate Medical University
725 Irving Ave, Suite 600
Syracuse NY 13210
Telephone: (315) 464-7249; Fax: (315) 464-4615

Braverman Reproductive Immunology, PC
800 Woodbury Rd, Suite G
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 584-8710; Fax: (516) 584-8711

Advanced Reproductive Concepts
1918 Randolph Rd, Suite 210
Charlotte NC 28207
Telephone: (704) 947-9000; Fax: (704) 992-1900

Wright State Physicians OB/GYN
Berry Women's Health Pavilion
1 Wyoming St, Suite 4130
Dayton OH 45409
Telephone: (937) 208-6810; Fax: (937) 208-2030

†Kettering Reproductive Medicine
3533 Southern Blvd, Suite 4100
Kettering OH 45429
Telephone: (937) 395-8444; Fax: (937) 395-8450

Northwest Fertility Center
1750 S.W. Harbor Way, Suite 200
Portland OR 97201
Telephone: (503) 227-7799; Fax: (503) 227-5452

†Advanced Fertility & Reproductive
Medicine-Tower Health Medical Group
301 S. 7th Ave, Suite 245
West Reading PA 19611
Telephone: (484) 628-7900; Fax: (610) 685-5264

GENES Fertility Institute
Doral Bank Center
576 César González Ave, Suite 505
San Juan PR 00918
Telephone: (787) 767-2220; Fax: (787) 767-7781

IVF Institute, PA
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C-108
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6868; Fax: (972) 566-6860

The Women's Place
950 Scotland Dr
DeSoto TX 75115
Telephone: (972) 709-9777; Fax: (972) 709-8300

Office of Frank DeLeon, MD
1300 W. Terrell Ave, Suite 320
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 735-2300; Fax: (817) 882-8653

Houston Infertility Clinic
Sonja Kristiansen, MD
9055 Katy Freeway, Suite 450
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 862-6181; Fax: (713) 464-2810

Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC
705 Generations Dr, Suite 102
New Braunfels TX 78130
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**US Department of Health and Human Services
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