

5 Assisted 2017 Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Reproductive Health



Updates to this report will be posted on the CDC website at the following address:

<https://www.cdc.gov/art/artdata/index.html/>

For additional information, send an e-mail to artinfo@cdc.gov

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October 2017

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Preface

For many people who want to start a family, the dream of having a child is not easily realized. Assisted reproductive technology (ART) has been used in the United States since 1981 to help women become pregnant, most commonly through the transfer of fertilized human eggs into a woman's uterus. However, for many people, deciding whether to undergo this expensive and time-consuming treatment can be difficult.

The goal of this report is to help patients make informed decisions about ART by providing some of the information needed to answer the following questions:

- What are my chances of having a child by using ART?
- Where can I go to get this treatment?

The Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), an organization of ART providers affiliated with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM), has been collecting data and publishing annual reports of pregnancy success rates for fertility clinics in the United States and Canada since 1989. In 1992, the US Congress passed the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This law requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to publish pregnancy success rates for ART in fertility clinics in the United States. (For more details about the law, see <https://www.cdc.gov/art/nass/policy.html>.) Since 1995, CDC has worked in consultation with SART and ASRM to report ART success rates.

The 2015 report of pregnancy success rates is the twenty-first to be issued under the law. This report is based on the latest available data on the type, number, and outcome of ART cycles performed in US clinics.

The 2015 ART report has three major sections:

- **Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System**

This section provides background information on infertility and ART, an explanation of the data collection, analysis, and publication processes, and links to resources for people experiencing infertility or people interested in ART.

- **Fertility Clinic Tables**

Many factors contribute to the success of ART, including the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals, the quality of services, and the characteristics of the patient population. The Fertility Clinic Tables section displays ART results and success rates for individual US fertility clinics in 2015. The section also includes the 2015 National Summary table, which combines data from all clinics.

- **Appendixes**

Appendix A provides information about 2015 data validation activities.

Appendix B provides definitions for technical and medical terms used throughout the report.

Appendix C includes the current names and addresses of all reporting clinics along with a list of clinics known to be in operation in 2015 that did not report their data to CDC as required by law.

Success rates can be reported in a variety of ways, and the statistical aspects of these rates can be difficult to interpret. This report is intended for the general public, and the emphasis is on presenting the information in an easily understandable form. CDC hopes that this report is informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure. We welcome any suggestions for improving the report and making it easier to use. (Please contact us at artinfo@cdc.gov.)

In addition to the *2015 Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*, CDC also publishes the *2015 Assisted Reproductive Technology National Summary Report* (available in October 2017), which provides an overall national picture that uses 2015 data to answer specific questions related to ART success rates.

Commonly Asked Questions About the US ART Clinic Reporting System

Background Information, Data Collection Methods, Content and Design of the Report, and Additional Information About ART in the United States

1. How many people in the United States have infertility problems?

The latest data on infertility available to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are from the 2011–2013 National Survey of Family Growth. (For more details about the data, see https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nsfg/key_statistics/i.htm#infertility.)

- Of the approximately 61 million women aged 15–44 years in 2011–2013, almost 7 million, or 11%, had, at some time in their lives, received medical tests to diagnose infertility, medical advice and treatments to help a woman become pregnant, or services other than routine prenatal care to prevent miscarriage.
- Additionally, about 6% of married women aged 15–44 years were unable to get pregnant after at least 12 consecutive months of trying to conceive.

2. What is assisted reproductive technology (ART)?

Although various definitions have been used for ART, the definition used in this report is based on the 1992 law that requires CDC to publish this report. According to this definition, ART includes all fertility treatments in which either eggs or embryos are handled. In general, ART procedures involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries, combining them with sperm in the laboratory, and returning them to the woman's body or donating them to another woman. They do NOT include treatments in which only sperm

are handled (i.e., intrauterine insemination) or procedures in which a woman takes drugs only to stimulate egg production without the intention of having eggs surgically retrieved.

The main type of ART is **in vitro fertilization (IVF)**. IVF involves extracting a woman's eggs, fertilizing the eggs in the laboratory, and then transferring the resulting embryos into the woman's uterus. For some IVF procedures, fertilization involves a specialized technique known as intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI). In ICSI, a single sperm is injected directly into the woman's egg.

Other types of ART exist, but are rarely performed. **Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)** involves using a fiber optic instrument called a laparoscope to guide the transfer of unfertilized eggs and sperm (gametes) into the woman's fallopian tubes through small incisions in her abdomen. **Zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT)** involves fertilizing a woman's eggs in the laboratory and then using a laparoscope to guide the transfer of the fertilized eggs (zygotes) into her fallopian tubes.

In addition, ART often is categorized according to whether the procedure was started with the intent to freeze all eggs or embryos (banking), whether the procedure used a woman's own eggs (nondonor) or eggs from another woman (donor), whether the eggs were frozen and thawed before use, and whether the embryos used were newly fertilized (fresh) or previously fertilized, frozen, and then thawed (frozen).

3. What is an ART cycle?

Because ART consists of several steps over an interval of approximately 2 weeks, an ART procedure is typically referred to as a **cycle** of treatment rather than a procedure at a single point in time. The start of an ART cycle is when a woman begins taking drugs to stimulate egg production or starts ovarian monitoring with the intent of having embryos transferred. For the purposes of this report, data on all cycles that were started, even those that were discontinued before all steps were undertaken, are counted in the clinic's success rates.

4. How do United States ART clinics report data to CDC about their success rates?

CDC contracts with a statistical survey research organization, Westat, to obtain the data published in the *Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*. Westat maintains a list of all ART clinics known to be in operation, identifies new clinics throughout the year, and tracks clinic reorganizations and closings. This list includes clinics and individual providers that are members of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) as well as clinics and providers that are not SART members. Westat maintains the National ART Surveillance System (NASS), the web-based data collection system that all ART clinics use to submit data to CDC. Clinics either electronically enter or import data into NASS for each ART cycle started in a given reporting year. SART-member clinics can report directly to SART, and SART submits the data to NASS. The data collected include de-identified information on the patient's medical history (such as infertility diagnoses), clinical information pertaining to the ART procedure, and information on resulting pregnancies and births.

5. Why is the report of 2015 success rates being published in 2017?

Before success rates based on live births can be calculated, every ART pregnancy must be followed up to determine whether a birth occurred. Therefore, the earliest possible date that clinics can report complete annual data is about 9 months past the end of the reporting year, when all the births have occurred. Accordingly, the results of all the cycles initiated in 2015 were not known until October 2016. After ART outcomes are known, the following occurs before the report is published:

- Clinics enter their 2015 data into NASS and verify that the generated clinic tables are accurate before submitting the data at the end of 2016 to Westat.
- Preliminary data for individual fertility clinic tables are prepared and made available in the spring of 2017 on CDC's website at <https://www.cdc.gov/art/artdata/index.html>.
- After CDC conducts extensive data checks, the full report with all fertility clinic tables and the National Summary table is prepared and published on the CDC website at <https://www.cdc.gov/art/artdata/index.html>.

6. Which clinics are represented in this report?

The data in this report come from 464 fertility clinics that provided and verified information about the outcomes of the ART cycles started in their clinics in 2015.

Although almost all clinics that provided ART services in the United States during 2015 are represented in this report, data from 35 clinics or practitioners are not included because they did not report as required. Clinics and practitioners known to have been in operation as of January 1, 2015 that did not report and verify their data are listed in this report as nonreporters, as required by law (see Appendix C: 2015

Nonreporting Clinics, by State on pages 576–578). Given the estimated number of ART cycles performed in nonreporting clinics, we estimate that ART surveillance covered 98% of ART cycles performed in the United States in 2015. We will continue to make every effort to include in future reports all clinics and practitioners providing ART services.

7. Why aren't the clinics ranked by their success rates?

Many factors contribute to the success rate of an ART procedure, and a difference in success rates between two ART clinics may reflect differences in the groups of patients treated, the types of procedures performed, or other factors. More explanations on how to use the success rates and other statistics published in this report are in the Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables section (see pages 11–20). The report should be used to help people considering an ART procedure find clinics where they can meet personally with ART providers to discuss their specific medical situation and their likelihood of success using ART. Contacting a clinic also may provide additional information that could be helpful in deciding whether or not to use ART. Because ART offers several treatment options for infertility, and because there are non-ART treatment options, there are many other factors that may affect the decision. This report may be a helpful starting point for consumers to obtain information and consider their options.

8. Does this report include all ART cycles performed by the reporting clinics?

This report includes 231,936 ART cycles performed in 2015 by the 464 clinics that reported their data as required. Of those 231,936 cycles, 45,779 were cycles started with the intent of cryopreserving (freezing) and storing all resulting

eggs or embryos for potential future use. Because these cycles cannot result in immediate pregnancies, they are not included in the majority of clinic success rates. Instead, the number of banking cycles is included in the total number of cycles performed, and the number of banking cycles by age group is reported.

Of the 231,936 total cycles, 4,003 were cycles started with the intention of thawing a frozen egg for fertilization and transfer. These cycles are not included in any clinic success rates. Instead, the number of cycles using frozen eggs is shown for each clinic in their table as part of the total number of cycles performed. The 231,936 total cycles performed in 2015 excludes 1 cycle started in which a new treatment procedure was being evaluated. The number of new treatment procedures performed is shown for each clinic in footnote “d” of their table.

9. How are the success rates determined?

This report presents several measures of success for ART, including the percentage of ART cycles that result in a pregnancy. Note that not all pregnancies result in live birth; some pregnancies result in miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth. All live-birth deliveries were reported to the ART clinic by either the patient or the patient's obstetric provider. Because this report is geared toward patients, the focus is on the percentage of cycles resulting in live births. Singleton live births (births of a single, live infant), are emphasized as a separate measure of success because they have a much lower risk than multiple-infant births for adverse infant health outcomes, including prematurity, low birth weight, disability, and death. Success rates were calculated at various steps of the ART cycle to provide a complete picture of the chances for success as the cycle progresses.

10. What are my chances of getting pregnant using ART?

Many consumers ask this question because they assume that the pregnancy will lead to a live birth. Unfortunately, not all ART procedures that result in a pregnancy lead to the delivery of a live infant. For example, 91,090 fresh nondonor ART cycles were started in 2015. Of those, 26,708 (29%) led to a pregnancy, but only 21,771 (24%) resulted in a live birth. In other words, 4,937 (almost 1 in 5) of ART pregnancies did not result in a live birth. The percentage of cycles resulting in live births will give a more accurate answer to the question, “If I have an ART procedure, what is my chance that I will have a baby?”

It is important to note that ART success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. These characteristics include age, type of infertility diagnosis, number of embryos transferred, type of ART procedure, use of techniques such as ICSI, and history of previous births, miscarriages, and ART cycles.

11. If a patient has had more than one ART treatment cycle, how is the success rate calculated? Alternatively, how many cycles does a patient usually go through before getting pregnant?

Because clinics report information based on outcomes for each cycle started, success rates on a “per patient” basis, or the number of cycles that an average patient may undergo before achieving success, are not presented in this report. Success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. Patients should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of pregnancy using ART.

12. What quality control steps are used to ensure data accuracy?

To have their success rates published in this annual report, clinics have to submit their data in time for analysis and the clinics’ medical directors have to verify by signature that the generated clinic tables are accurate. Then, Westat conducts an in-house review of the data and contacts the clinics if corrections are necessary. After the data have been checked, a quality control process called validation begins.

This year, 34 (about 7%) of the 464 reporting clinics were selected for validation. During the annual validation process, members of the Westat Validation Team visit the selected clinics and review medical record data for a sample of the clinic’s ART cycles. (See Appendix A: Validation of 2015 ART Data on page 525 for a more detailed presentation of sampling strategy.) For each cycle, the validation team abstracts information from the patient’s medical record. The abstracted information is then compared with the data submitted for the report.

The data validation process does not include any assessment of clinical practice or overall record keeping. Validation primarily helps ensure that clinics submit accurate data. It also serves to identify any systematic problems that could cause data collection to be inconsistent or incomplete. (See Appendix A: Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation on pages 526–527 for findings from 2015 validation.)

13. Does CDC collect any data that it does not report in the annual *Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report* and *National Summary Report*?

Yes. CDC uses the data collected and not reported in the annual ART reports for surveillance of emerging practice patterns, surveillance of success rates by the characteristics of the patient or practice, evaluation of emerging ART research questions, and the monitoring of safety and efficacy issues related to ART treatment for improving maternal and child health outcomes. A list of ART publications is available at <https://www.cdc.gov/art/key-findings/index.html>.

14. How does CDC ensure the confidentiality of the ART data it collects?

CDC has an Assurance of Confidentiality for the ART database. An assurance is a formal confidentiality protection used for projects conducted by CDC staff or contractors involving the collection or maintenance of sensitive, identifiable, or potentially identifiable information. The assurance allows CDC programs to assure that individuals and institutions involved in research or nonresearch projects protect the confidentiality of the data collected. The ART data are stored in a secure, limited-access, password-protected environment.

15. Why doesn't the report contain specific medical information about ART?

This report describes average chances of success per ART cycle. Although the report provides some information about factors such as age and type of infertility diagnosis, patients have many unique medical situations. This population-based registry of ART procedures cannot capture detailed information about specific medical conditions associated with infertility. Patients should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of success using ART.

16. Why are statistics in the *Fertility Clinic Tables* published by CDC different from statistics reported by SART's IVF Success Rate Reports?

In 2015, of all the ART clinics reporting data to CDC, approximately 81% were SART members. Annual summary statistics of ART treatments performed in each of these SART member clinics are available in this report, as well as online at <http://www.sart.org>. Discrepancies in tabulated statistics between the SART and CDC tables may be due to (1) the inclusion in the CDC Fertility Clinic Reports of ART treatments performed at non-SART member clinics; (2) differences in the data submission deadlines between SART and CDC, which may result in ART clinics being excluded from CDC's annual Fertility Clinic Reports; and (3) differences in data processing procedures, statistical methods, and data presentation.

17. Does CDC have any information on the women who donate eggs?

CDC only collects information on the age of egg donors, and does not present it in the individual clinic tables for this report. In 2015, the average age of egg donors was approximately 26 years. Success rates for cycles using donor eggs or using embryos derived from donor eggs is related to the age of the woman who produced the eggs.

18. Are there any medical guidelines for ART performed in the United States?

ASRM and SART issue guidelines dealing with specific ART practice issues, such as the number of embryos to be transferred in an ART procedure. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or at websites <http://www.asrm.org> and <http://www.sart.org>).

19. Where can I get additional information on United States fertility clinics?

For further information on specific clinics, contact the clinic directly. (See Appendix C: ART Clinics on pages 537–578 for contact information.) In addition, SART can provide general information on its member clinics (telephone 205-978-5000, extension 109).

20. What resources are available for people experiencing infertility or people interested in ART?

Resources for people experiencing infertility can be found at <https://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/infertility/> under Related Links. Resources for people interested in ART can be found at <https://www.cdc.gov/art/whatis.html> under Related Resources.

21. What's new in the 2015 report?

CDC is constantly striving to present the most accurate and relevant ART clinic success rates to help potential patients make decisions. Highlights of modifications to this report designed to enhance clarity and provide a more comprehensive presentation of data include the following:

- A new commonly asked question, #20, which provides links to comprehensive lists of resources for people with infertility or people interested in ART has been added. This question replaces Appendix D, which provided a short list of resources for people experiencing infertility.

2015

Fertility Clinic Tables



INTRODUCTION TO FERTILITY CLINIC TABLES

Presentation of fertility table data begins on page 21 with the 2015 National Summary of combined data from all clinics. Individual clinic tables follow, beginning on page 23, with each clinic's data presented in a one-page table that includes the types of assisted reproductive technology (ART) used, patient diagnoses, success rates, and individual clinic characteristics. Clinics reporting their data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are listed in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic name. Each known nonreporting clinic is also included in alphabetical order, although no data are presented for these clinics. An explanation of how to read a fertility clinic table begins on page 14.

Many people considering ART will want to use this report to find the “best” clinic. However, comparisons between clinics must be made with caution. Many factors contribute to the success of an ART procedure. Some factors are related to the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals and the quality of services they provide. Other factors are related to the patients themselves, such as their age, quality of their eggs and sperm, cause of their infertility, genetic factors, and diagnosis. Some clinics may be more willing than others to accept patients with low chances of success or may specialize in ART treatments that attract particular types of patients.

We encourage consumers considering ART to contact clinics to discuss their specific medical situations and their potential for success using ART. Because clinics did not have the opportunity to provide narratives to explain their data in this report, such conversations could provide additional information to help consumers decide whether to use ART.

Although ART offers important options for the treatment of infertility, the decision to use ART

involves many factors in addition to success rates. Therefore, consumers should carefully examine all related financial, psychological, and medical issues before beginning treatment. They also will want to consider the location of the clinic, the counseling and support services available, and the rapport that staff members have with their patients.

Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic

- **ART statistics are from 2015**

Data for cycles started in 2015 could not be published until 2017 because the final outcomes of pregnancies conceived in December 2015 were not known until October 2016. Additional time was then required to collect and analyze the data and prepare the report. Many factors that contribute to a clinic's success rate may have changed in the 2 years since these cycles were performed. Personnel may be different. Equipment and training may or may not have been updated. As a result, success rates for 2015 may not necessarily represent current rates.

- **Success rates may vary**

A clinic's success rates may vary from year to year even if all determining factors remain the same. The more cycles that a clinic carries out, the less the rate is likely to vary. Conversely, clinics that perform fewer cycles are likely to have more variability in success rates from year to year. As an extreme example, if a clinic reports only one ART cycle in a given category, as is sometimes the case in the data presented here, the clinic's success rate in that category would be either 0% or 100%.

- **Some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems**

Some clinics are willing to offer ART to most potential patients, even those who have a low probability of success. Others discourage such patients or encourage them to use donor eggs, a practice that results in higher success rates among older women. Clinics that accept a higher percentage of women who previously have had multiple unsuccessful ART cycles will generally have lower success rates. In contrast, clinics that offer ART procedures to women who might have become pregnant with less technologically advanced treatment will generally have higher success rates. CDC does not collect information on clinic-specific practices with regard to patient selection.

- **The percentage of cycles that are canceled varies**

The percentage of canceled cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos varies among clinics from less than 1% to, in a few cases, more than 30%. A high percentage of cancellations tends to lower the percentage of cycles resulting in live births but may increase the percentage of embryo transfers resulting in live births.

- **Percentages of unstimulated (or “natural”) cycles are included with those for stimulated cycles**

In an unstimulated cycle, the woman ovulates naturally rather than as the result of the daily injections used in stimulated cycles. Unstimulated cycles are less expensive because they require no daily injections and fewer ultrasounds and blood tests. However, women who use natural or mild stimulation produce only one or two eggs, thus reducing the potential number of embryos for transfer.

As a result, clinics that perform a relatively high percentage of unstimulated cycles may have lower success rates. Nationally, about 1% of ART cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos in 2015 were unstimulated.

- **Success rates are calculated per cycle rather than per patient**

Success rates shown in this report are presented in terms of cycles, as required by law, rather than in terms of patients. As a result, patients who had more than one ART cycle in 2015 are represented in multiple cycles that are not linked. In addition, for patients who undergo both fresh and frozen cycles, success rates are calculated separately by cycle type. Clinics that have a very high percentage of cycles resulting in live births with frozen embryos would have higher ART success rates if these births were included as successes from the original fresh cycle. Consumers should look at both rates (for cycles using fresh embryos and for those using frozen embryos) when assessing a clinic’s success rates. Also, cycles in which a new procedure was being evaluated and cycles with the intent to use frozen eggs are not used in success rate calculations.

- **The number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic**

In 2015, the average number of embryos that nearly all clinics transferred to women younger than age 35 ranged from 1 to 3 for fresh nondonor cycles. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) discourage the transfer of a large number of embryos because of the increased likelihood of multiple-fetus pregnancies. Multiple-fetus pregnancies, in turn, increase the probability of premature births and related health problems.

SAMPLE CLINIC TABLE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

1 Data verified by Andrew B. Sample, MD

2 Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				3 Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	99%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

4 Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

7 Type of Cycle	6 Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
7 Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	106	68	19	12	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.2	6.6	13.2	3 / 19	2 / 12	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	18.8	11.0	11.5	4.6	1 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.5	1.2	3.8	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3
7A Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	18.9	10.3	1 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.7	21.7	14.7	1 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	8.5	2.9	1 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.4	31.1	20.6	2 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	37.7	23.5	5 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 5
7B Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	90	85	52	15	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	23.5	13.5	1 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	27.1	19.2	1 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	10.6	3.8	1 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.7	38.8	26.9	2 / 15	1 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.8	47.0	30.8	5 / 15	1 / 8	1 / 3
8 Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	75	30	25	20	15	10
Number of transfers	62	25	20	14	8	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.7	2.0	2.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.5	25.3	32.1	10.7	9.3	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	24.0	10.0	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.0	24.0	10.0	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	8.0	5.0	1 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.4	36.0	20.0	2 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	48.0	45.0	3 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 5
9 Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	12	7	4	0	0	0
10 Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		60			19	
Number of transfers		49			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.0			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.7			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.0			6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.1			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.0			7 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.4			9 / 14	

11 CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sample Clinic

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 3 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table

This section is provided to help consumers understand the information presented in the fertility clinic tables. The number before each heading refers to the number of the corresponding section in the sample clinic table on page 13. Technical terms are defined in the Glossary of Terms (see Appendix B on pages 531–534).

1. Verification

To have success rates published in the annual report, a clinic's medical director must verify the accuracy of the generated clinic table before submitting 2015 data to Westat. The name of the medical director who verified the clinic's data is shown.

2. Type of ART and procedural factors

This section gives the percentage of in vitro fertilization (IVF) cycles using fresh nondonor embryos. It also lists the percentage of ART cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos that were unstimulated, that used a gestational carrier, that involved intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI), and that used preimplantation genetic diagnosis or screening (PGD/PGS).

3. Patient diagnosis

This section gives the percentage of ART cycles for which patients had a particular diagnosis out of the total number of cycles performed at the clinic. The Glossary of Terms has more information about each diagnosis (see Appendix B on pages 531–534). Cycles started with the intent of using frozen eggs or with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use are not included in the calculations of percentages in this section.

Consumers may want to know what percentage of cycles are performed for a clinic's patients with the same diagnosis as they have. In addition,

patients' diagnoses may affect a clinic's success rates. However, the use of these diagnostic categories may vary somewhat from clinic to clinic, and total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each cycle.

4. Total number of cycles

The first number represents total ART cycles started at the clinic in 2015. It includes cycles started with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use. It also includes cycles started with the intent of using frozen eggs, which is shown in parentheses. The total number of ART cycles excludes cycles started with the intent of evaluating a new procedure (a small number nationwide). The number of cycles at each clinic in which a new procedure was being evaluated is shown in footnote "d." Cycles in which a new procedure was being evaluated and cycles with the intent to use frozen eggs are not used to calculate success rates presented in clinic tables or the national summary.

5. Success rates by type of cycle

Success rates are given for the three categories of ART cycles included in Sections 7, 8, and 10: cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs, and cycles using donor eggs. (Section 9 gives the number of egg/embryo banking cycles.) Success rates shown are calculated on the basis of data from all ART cycle procedures (IVF, gamete intrafallopian transfer or GIFT, and zygote intrafallopian transfer or ZIFT).

Success rates for term, normal weight, and singleton live births (births of a single live infant at 37 weeks or more and weighing at least 5 pounds and 8 ounces) are emphasized in the table because they are an important measure of success. Multiple-infant births are associated with

increased risk of adverse outcomes for mothers and infants, including higher rates of caesarean section, prematurity, low birth weight, and infant disability or death.

Clinic table success rates indicate the average chance of success for ART cycles started at the clinic in 2015. Depending on the type of cycle, success rates are calculated by the number of cycles started, the number of cycles that progressed to embryo transfer, or both, and by age group or for all ages combined. For example, if a clinic started 60 fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs in 2015, and these resulted in 15 live births, the average success rate for this type of cycle started at that clinic would be

$$15 \text{ (births)} \div 60 \text{ (cycles)} = 0.250 \text{ or } 25.0\%.$$

Thus, the success rate per cycle was 25.0%, meaning that 25.0% of fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs started at the clinic in 2015 resulted in a live birth. Alternatively, if an embryo transfer was attempted in only 40 of the 60 cycles, the average success rate for transfers of this type of cycle at that clinic would be

$$15 \text{ (births)} \div 40 \text{ (transfers)} = 0.375 \text{ or } 37.5\%.$$

Thus, the success rate per transfer was 37.5%, meaning that 37.5% of fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs in which an embryo transfer was attempted at the clinic in 2015 resulted in a live birth.

Success rate calculations may be misleading if they are based on a small number of cycles or transfers. Therefore, when fewer than 20 cycles or transfers are reported in a given category, the rates are shown as fractions rather than percentages. For example, suppose that the sample clinic started only 19 fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs among women aged 41–42 years. Of these 19 cycles, 2—or about 10%—resulted in a live birth. Because of the small number of cycles, 10% is not a statistically reliable success rate, so the success rate is presented as 2/19, meaning 2 out of the 19 cycles started resulted in a live birth.

6. Age of woman

Because a woman's fertility declines with age, clinics report lower success rates for older women attempting to become pregnant with their own eggs. For this reason, success rates for women using nondonor eggs or embryos are reported separately for women younger than age 35, for women aged 35–37, aged 38–40, aged 41–42, aged 43–44, and for woman older than age 44. The sample clinic table illustrates the decline in ART success rates among older women. For example, for cycles that used fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women younger than age 35 was 37.4%, whereas the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women aged 38–40 was 20.6%.

7. Cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs

This section includes success rates for all ART cycles started with the intent to use fresh embryos from a woman's own eggs. Cycles started with the intention of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use are not included in the calculations of success rates in this section.

- **Number of cycles**

This represents the number of ART cycles started by age of woman.

- **Percentage of cancellations before retrieval**

This refers to cycles that were stopped before an egg retrieval was attempted. A cycle may be canceled if a woman's ovaries do not respond to fertility medications and thus do not produce a sufficient number of eggs. Cycles also may be canceled because of illness or other medical or personal reasons.

This is calculated as follows: number of cycles canceled divided by the total number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Average number of embryos transferred**

The average number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic. ASRM and SART have practice guidelines that address this issue. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or at websites <http://www.asrm.org> and <http://www.sart.org>).

This is calculated as follows: number of embryos transferred divided by number of cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred.

- **Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation**

This represents the number of fetuses with which the woman became pregnant out of the total number of embryos transferred for all cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred. Not all fetal hearts can be detected by ultrasound. For this reason, the number of fetuses with which a woman is pregnant is defined as the larger of either the maximum number of fetal hearts detected by ultrasound or the number of infants born, including live-born and stillborn infants.

This is calculated as follows: the larger of either the maximum number of fetal hearts or the number of infants born (live born and stillborn) divided by number of embryos transferred, expressed as a percentage of embryos transferred.

- **Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET)**

This represents the cycles in which one embryo is selected to be transferred from a larger number of available embryos, usually for the purpose of reducing the chance of having a multiple-infant birth. For these cycles, one or more of the extra embryos are cryopreserved (frozen) during the current cycle for future use.

This is calculated as follows: number of cycles in which one embryo was transferred and one or more embryos were cryopreserved, divided by number of transfers in which either one embryo was transferred and one or more embryos were cryopreserved or more than one embryo was transferred, expressed as a percentage of these transfer procedures.

7A. Outcomes per cycle

In this section, success rates using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs are calculated as a percentage of fresh nondonor cycles started. The number of cycles started is not the same as the number of patients treated because some patients start more than one cycle in a year.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight, and singleton live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in the birth of a single live infant of normal weight and at term, out of all cycles started. For this report, births are defined as term if 37 full weeks gestation or more and normal weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds and 8 ounces).

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births with a birth weight of at least 2,500 grams and at least 37 full weeks gestation, divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in the birth of a single live infant out of all cycles started.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth of two infants out of all cycles started. A twin live birth may include one or both infants born live.

This is calculated as follows: number of twin live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in live births**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles started. A cycle resulting in live birth may include one or more infants born live; that is, a multiple-infant birth (for example, twins or triplets) with at least one live-born infant is counted as one live birth.

This is calculated as follows: number of live births divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies**

This represents the cycles that resulted in a pregnancy out of all cycles started. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, the percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies is usually higher than the percentage of cycles resulting in live births.

This is calculated as follows: number of pregnancies divided by number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles.

7B. Outcomes per transfer

In this section, success rates using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs are calculated as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer procedure was attempted, even if no embryos were successfully transferred. A clinic may begin cycles that do not proceed to

transfer because not every cycle started results in successful egg retrieval and fertilization. For this reason, percentages of transfers resulting in pregnancies and live births generally are higher than percentages for cycles started.

- **Number of transfers**

This represents the number of transfer procedures attempted out of all cycles started, by age of woman.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight, and singleton live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in the birth of a single live infant of normal weight and at term, out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. For this report, births are defined as term if 37 full weeks gestation or more and normal weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds and 8 ounces).

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births with a birth weight of at least 2,500 grams and at least 37 full weeks gestation, divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in the birth of a single live infant out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted.

This is calculated as follows: number of single-infant live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a live birth of two infants out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. A twin live birth may include one or both infants born live.

This is calculated as follows: number of twin live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in live births**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. A transfer resulting in live birth may include one or more infants born live; that is, a multiple-infant birth (for example, twins or triplets) with at least one live-born infant is counted as one live birth.

This is calculated as follows: number of live births divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies**

This represents the transfer procedures that resulted in a pregnancy out of all cycles in which a transfer was attempted. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, the percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies is usually higher than the percentage of transfers resulting in live births.

This is calculated as follows: number of pregnancies divided by number of transfers, expressed as a percentage of transfers.

8. Cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs

This section includes success rates for all ART cycles started with the intent to use frozen embryos from a woman's own eggs. Cycles started with the intent to use frozen eggs are not included.

Cycles using frozen embryos are those in which previously cryopreserved (frozen) embryos are thawed and transferred. Because these cycles use embryos formed during a previous cycle,

no stimulation or retrieval is involved in the current cycle. As a result, cycles using frozen embryos usually are less expensive and less invasive than cycles using fresh embryos. In addition, cryopreserving some of the embryos retrieved during a fresh cycle may increase a woman's overall chances of having a child from a single retrieval.

The embryos transferred in frozen nondonor cycles may come from prior cycles with the original intent to retrieve and transfer embryos (fresh nondonor cycles) and in which one or more embryos were cryopreserved. Embryos transferred in frozen nondonor cycles also may come from previous banking cycles with the original intent to cryopreserve all retrieved eggs or resulting embryos for future use. Banking cycles may be performed to avoid potentially negative effects of stimulation, or when it is necessary to wait for results of genetic testing. Since some patients may only develop a small number of eggs during a single cycle, women may undergo several short-term banking cycles to improve availability of good-quality embryos for later transfer. In other situations, patients may choose to cryopreserve eggs or embryos because the patient or partner needs to undergo medical treatment that may harm their future reproduction capabilities or to delay childbearing for other reasons.

Success rates in Section 8 are calculated for frozen nondonor cycles as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer procedure was attempted, not the percentage of cycles started because not every cycle started results in successful thaw of frozen embryos or proceeds to transfer. The only success rate in the clinic table that includes banking cycles in the calculation is the estimated average number of frozen nondonor transfers per fresh nondonor retrieval. See the following interpretation of this measure, and Sections 7 (pages 15–16) and 7B (pages 17–18) for the interpretation of other success rates for frozen nondonor cycles.

- **Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval**

This represents an estimate of the average number of frozen nondonor cycle transfers for a patient per fresh nondonor cycle retrieval. All banking cycles started during the reporting year, and any fresh nondonor cycles performed during the reporting year among patients who received a transfer of frozen nondonor embryos are included. Frozen nondonor transfers performed early in the reporting year might have involved egg retrieval and egg or embryo cryopreservation during cycles performed in previous years. Additionally, cycles in which retrieval and cryopreservation occurred late in the reporting year may not contribute to frozen nondonor cycles in which thawed embryos are transferred until subsequent years.

This measure will be lower in clinics performing a larger number of short-term banking cycles to increase the number of good-quality embryos available for transfer, or in clinics performing a larger number of long-term banking cycles for fertility preservation. On the other hand, this measure will be higher in clinics practicing elective single embryo transfer (eSET) when one fresh nondonor cycle results in several subsequent frozen nondonor cycles.

This is calculated as follows: number of frozen nondonor cycles in which at least one embryo was transferred divided by the sum of: number of banking cycles among all patients in the age group and number of fresh nondonor cycles among those patients in the age group with one or more frozen nondonor cycles resulting in the transfer of at least one embryo.

9. Number of egg/embryo banking cycles

This section represents the number of cycles started with the intent of freezing and banking all eggs or embryos for future use, by age of woman. See Section 8 on page 18 for additional information about banking cycles.

10. Cycles using donor eggs

Women who are older, who have premature ovarian failure (early menopause), whose ovaries have been removed, or who have a genetic concern about using their own eggs may consider using eggs that are donated by a young, healthy woman. Embryos donated by patients who previously had ART also may be available. Many clinics provide services for donor egg and embryo cycles.

In this section, success rates are presented separately for ART cycles using fresh donor eggs or embryos and those using frozen donor embryos. For both cycle types, results among women in all age groups are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not affect success rates with donor eggs. Success rates using donor eggs or embryos are calculated as the percentage of these cycles in which an embryo transfer was attempted, even if no embryos were successfully transferred. See Sections 7 (pages 15–16) and 7B (pages 17–18) for the interpretation of success rates for cycles using donor eggs or embryos.

11. Current clinic services and profile

- **Current name**

This may reflect a clinic name change that occurred since 2015, whereas the clinic name at the top of the table was the name of the ART clinic as it existed in 2015. Some clinics may have reorganized, which is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). In such cases, a statement will indicate this. If a clinic has closed since 2015, a statement that the clinic has closed is included, and no current name, clinic services, or profile are listed.

- **Donor eggs**

Some clinics have programs for ART in which a donor egg is retrieved from one woman (the donor), fertilized with either partner or donor sperm, and then the resulting embryo is transferred to the uterus of another woman (the recipient). Policies regarding sharing of donor eggs vary from clinic to clinic.

- **Donor embryos**

This refers to whether the clinic has a program for ART using embryos that were donated by other patients who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available.

- **Gestational carriers**

A gestational carrier is a woman who carries a child for others; sometimes such women are referred to as gestational surrogates. Policies regarding ART services using gestational carriers vary from clinic to clinic. Some states do not permit clinics to offer this service.

- **Embryo cryopreservation**

This refers to whether the clinic has a program for freezing extra embryos that may be available from a patient's ART cycle.

- **Single women**

Clinics have varying policies regarding ART services for single (unmarried) women.

- **SART member**

In 2015, 375 of the 464 reporting clinics were SART members.

- **Verified lab accreditation**

If "Yes" appears next to this item, the clinic uses an embryo laboratory accredited by one or more of three specific accrediting organizations. If "Pending" appears here, it means that

the clinic has submitted an application for accreditation to one or more of the three organizations and has provided proof of such application to CDC. "No" indicates that the embryo laboratory has not been accredited by any of these three organizations or has not provided proof of accreditation to CDC.

CDC provides this information as a public service. Note that CDC does not oversee any of these accreditation programs. They are all nonfederal programs. To become certified, laboratories must have systems and processes in place that comply with the accrediting organization's standards. Depending on the organization, standards may include those for personnel, quality control and quality assurance, specimen tracking, results reporting, and the performance of technical procedures. Compliance with these standards is confirmed by documentation provided by the laboratory and by on-site inspections. For further information, consumers may contact the three accrediting organizations directly:

College of American Pathologists (CAP):

For a list of accredited laboratories, call 800-323-4040 and follow the prompts for Laboratory Accreditation.

The Joint Commission: Call 630-792-5800 to inquire about the status of individual laboratories.

New York State Tissue Bank Program

(NYSTB): Call 518-485-5341 to find out which laboratories are certified under the tissue bank regulations.

Further information on laboratory accreditation for specific clinics is provided in Appendix C: 2015 Reporting Clinics, by State (pages 537–578).

2015 NATIONAL SUMMARY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	13%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				12%
				Female & male factors				17%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 231,936 (includes 4,003 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	39,302	19,023	17,191	8,872	4,940	1,762
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	10.6	15.3	19.6	21.9	23.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	32.1	21.0	10.7	5.2	1.9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	34.7	20.8	8.1	2.4	0.8	1.1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.3	17.0	11.1	5.7	2.3	0.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.1	20.2	13.5	7.0	2.8	0.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	5.8	3.2	1.2	0.4	0.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.1	26.1	16.9	8.3	3.2	0.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.3	32.0	23.1	13.7	7.2	2.7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	27,951	12,944	10,573	4,750	2,396	722
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	25.0	18.0	10.7	4.8	1.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	29.7	22.0	13.2	5.8	1.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	8.5	5.2	2.2	0.8	0.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.5	38.4	27.4	15.5	6.6	1.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.8	47.0	37.5	25.5	14.9	6.6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32,604	16,998	12,589	4,759	2,044	888
Number of transfers	30,806	15,837	11,684	4,341	1,815	752
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.1	43.6	38.3	31.4	23.4	16.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8	31.8	28.7	25.6	21.2	13.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.4	37.6	34.5	31.0	25.7	16.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	6.8	5.4	3.5	1.8	1.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.7	44.5	40.0	34.6	27.5	18.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	54.9	51.2	46.1	39.8	29.5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12,996	10,298	11,303	5,955	3,296	1,931
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7,336			13,846		
Number of transfers	5,835			12,914		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6			40.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5			26.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.2			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2			7.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.6			42.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.9			52.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Number of reporting clinics: 464

Percentage of clinics that allow cycles involving:		Clinic profile:	
Donor eggs	91%	Gestational carriers	87%
Donor embryos	74%	Embryo cryopreservation	>99%
Single women	98%	SART member	81%
		Verified lab accreditation	
		Yes	92%
		No	6%
		Pending	2%

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 1 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALABAMA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael P. Steinkampf, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	39%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 75 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		20	12	3	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		15.0	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.4	3.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		27.6	2 / 19	3 / 9	2 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.0	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		15.0	2 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0	0 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		20.0	2 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		25.0	2 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		14	8	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 14	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 14	2 / 8	2 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		15	7	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers		12	6	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0	1.0		1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.8		4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		23.8	2 / 11				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 12	1 / 6		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 12	2 / 6		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 12	0 / 6		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 12	2 / 6		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 12	2 / 6		1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			9		
Number of transfers		0			9		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					2 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ART FERTILITY PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Virginia L. Houserman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 49%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	61%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 424 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	129	31	23	7	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	17.1	9.7	39.1	0 / 7	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.3	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	40.5	1 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.5	4.8	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	12.9	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.6	16.1	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	16.1	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.4	32.3	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.5	38.7	8.7	1 / 7	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	24	8	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	16.7	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.2	20.8	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	20.8	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.2	41.7	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.4	50.0	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	96	21	18	5	0	0
Number of transfers	89	21	18	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	4.2	1.1	0.8	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.0	37.9	29.2	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	14.3	2 / 18	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.7	19.0	3 / 18	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	4.8	1 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.3	28.6	4 / 18	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.2	47.6	8 / 18	1 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	3	10	3	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			39		
Number of transfers	8			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 9			37.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8			17.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8			29.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8			14.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8			44.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8			55.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Janet M. Bouknight, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 239 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	12	13	7	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.4	1 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 7	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.2	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.7	9 / 17	6 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.2	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.7	3 / 12	4 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.1	3 / 12	4 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	3 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.4	6 / 12	4 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.7	6 / 12	5 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	47	9	7	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	3 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	3 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.3	3 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	6 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.2	6 / 9	5 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	10	10	1	1	0
Number of transfers	48	9	9	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.9		0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.7	2 / 8	7 / 13	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.6	2 / 9	2 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.1	2 / 9	4 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.6	2 / 9	5 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.8	3 / 9	6 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	16	9	8	0	3	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			10	
Number of transfers		7			8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 12			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7			2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 7			4 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			4 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham, Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUNTSVILLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC MADISON, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrew J. Harper, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 176 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	73	19	15	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	0 / 19	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.1	3 / 13	3 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.1	2 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	1 / 19	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.4	1 / 19	3 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	1 / 19	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.1	2 / 19	3 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.4	3 / 19	4 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	17	11	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	1 / 17	3 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	1 / 17	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	1 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.8	2 / 17	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.1	3 / 17	4 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	12	4	3	1	1
Number of transfers	31	12	3	3	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.4	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.1	7 / 13	1 / 5		0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.5	3 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.4	5 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.5	7 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			3		
Number of transfers	7			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 9			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by George T. Koulianos, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 292 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	76	37	25	8	3	0
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.2	24.3	40.0	2 / 8	1 / 3	
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	2.7	4.0		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	27.3	11.8	2 / 16		
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	49.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.3	16.2	8.0	1 / 8	0 / 3	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.9	18.9	8.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	2.7	4.0	0 / 8	0 / 3	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.8	21.6	12.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.1	21.6	16.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	53	22	14	4	0	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.4	27.3	2 / 14	1 / 4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.2	31.8	2 / 14	2 / 4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	4.5	1 / 14	0 / 4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.5	36.4	3 / 14	2 / 4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.0	36.4	4 / 14	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	40	19	12	7	2	0
	Number of transfers	40	18	11	7	1	0
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.5	2.8	0.6	0.5	
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.0	
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	32.0	7 / 16	4 / 11	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	6 / 18	5 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	7 / 18	5 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	0 / 18	1 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.0	7 / 18	6 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.5	10 / 18	6 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		11	2	3	10	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	4			11		
	Number of transfers	3			11		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.7		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4			6 / 17		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			3 / 11		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			3 / 11		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			1 / 11		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			4 / 11		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			6 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA IVF AND ART PROGRAM MOBILE, ALABAMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Botros M. Rizk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	47%	Uterine factor	57%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 53%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 49 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	4	4	2	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.7	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.8	3.7		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.9	4 / 11	4 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.5	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.2	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.2	2 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	4	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	0 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	1 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.1	2 / 4	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.1	2 / 4	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	2	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	7	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 18	1 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7	1 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PENINSULA MEDICAL CENTER
JOHN NELS ANDERSON, MD
SOLDOTNA, ALASKA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

NEW DIRECTION FERTILITY CENTERS GILBERT, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark Amols, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	21%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 324 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 4			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	72	29	19	6	1	1
Number of transfers	71	28	19	6	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.8	65.1	40.0	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.6	25.0	7 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.8	32.1	9 / 19	3 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.8	21.4	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.6	57.1	9 / 19	3 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	80.3	71.4	10 / 19	3 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	85	39	34	14	2	6
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			1	
Number of transfers		1			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New Direction Fertility Centers

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TROCHÉ FERTILITY CENTERS GLENDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vladimir Troché, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	1%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	74%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	1%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				4%
				Female & male factors				48%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 242 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	65	16	16	10	0	1
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.1	1 / 16	0 / 16	0 / 10		0 / 1
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	3.0		1.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	38.5	18.8	4.2		0 / 1
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.3	0 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.2	2 / 16	0 / 16	0 / 10		0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	2 / 16	1 / 16	0 / 10		0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	3 / 16	2 / 16	0 / 10		0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.0	5 / 16	3 / 16	0 / 10		0 / 1
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	7 / 16	5 / 16	1 / 10		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	58	13	15	8	0	1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	2 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 8		0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	0 / 8		0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	3 / 13	2 / 15	0 / 8		0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.8	5 / 13	3 / 15	0 / 8		0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.4	7 / 13	5 / 15	1 / 8		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	43	19	8	1	0	0
	Number of transfers	41	16	8	1	0	0
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	2.3	1.6	0.5		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.1	26.9	9 / 14	0 / 2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	4 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.7	4 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	1 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.6	5 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	7 / 16	5 / 8	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		5	6	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	18			29		
	Number of transfers	16			25		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.6		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.9			30.8		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 16			16.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16			32.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16			4.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16			36.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 16			44.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Troché Fertility Centers					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Drew V. Moffitt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 319 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	18	13	6	3	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.3	4 / 18	2 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 3	3 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 5		1 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2		0 / 1	1 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2.1	0 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4.3	0 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4.3	0 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4.3	0 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	0	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	30	21	7	3	1
Number of transfers	74	27	19	7	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	23.1	42.9	1 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	18.5	6 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.0	22.2	6 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	3.7	2 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.2	25.9	8 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	29.6	10 / 19	1 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	9	16	1	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3		18		
Number of transfers		0		17		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				56.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				8 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				10 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sujatha Gunnala, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	29%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 98 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	16	5	2	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.7	0 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.5	5.0	4.0	6.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	9.1	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.4	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.1	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.2	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.6	2 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	11	4	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 18	1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 18	1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 18	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 18	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	5	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	14	5	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	14.0	5.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.4			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.0	2 / 9	2 / 12			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 14	0 / 5	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 14	0 / 5	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 14	1 / 5	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 14	1 / 5	2 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	4	2	3	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			2		
Number of transfers	6			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 8			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CARE, PLLC SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frederick W. Larsen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 321 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	22	9	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.0	9.1	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.5	2.3	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.5	46.7	3 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.4	6 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	45.5	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	45.5	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	4.5	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.3	50.0	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	59.1	3 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	60	18	6	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	10 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	10 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	11 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.3	13 / 18	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	31	17	5	0	0
Number of transfers	60	31	17	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.6	0.9	0.6	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.9	54.8	57.1	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	41.9	9 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.0	41.9	10 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	9.7	1 / 17	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.3	51.6	11 / 17	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.7	64.5	11 / 17	1 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	10	14	7	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			23		
Number of transfers	10			22		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 14			58.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10			50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10			4.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10			54.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10			72.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Care, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA ASSOCIATES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark D. Johnson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 354 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	27	30	9	7	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.5	7.4	3.3	2 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.2	9 / 18	15.6	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.5	2 / 9	3 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.5	22.2	6.7	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	22.2	10.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	3.7	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.0	25.9	10.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.5	29.6	16.7	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	13	19	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.3	6 / 13	2 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	6 / 13	3 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	1 / 13	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4	7 / 13	3 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.4	8 / 13	5 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	36	28	5	0	0
Number of transfers	63	35	28	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.7	1.9	1.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.7	65.0	51.4	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.7	31.4	35.7	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.6	48.6	39.3	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	5.7	0.0	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	54.3	39.3	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.8	68.6	64.3	2 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	13	10	5	5	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			8		
Number of transfers	7			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 7			4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			5 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES
(ACFS)
SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jay S. Nemiro, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a		Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	With ICSI	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	11%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	PGD/PGS	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier		Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	12%	
		Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 312 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	20	11	7	2	9
Number of transfers	50	18	11	6	2	8
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.2	43.8	55.0	3 / 12	3 / 3	10 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.0	5 / 18	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.0	5 / 18	5 / 11	3 / 6	0 / 2	3 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	1 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.0	6 / 18	7 / 11	3 / 6	1 / 2	5 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.0	10 / 18	8 / 11	3 / 6	1 / 2	6 / 8
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	60	44	44	23	9	17
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0		14		
Number of transfers		0		14		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				7 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				9 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Fertility Studies, (ACFS)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF, THE ARIZONA CENTER SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alan Penzias, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 97 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	9	14	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 17	1 / 9	4 / 14			1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 8	3 / 6	1 / 16			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 14			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 14			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 14			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 14			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 17	2 / 9	1 / 14			0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	4	7	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 7			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	5	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	19	5	7	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.2	4 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 19	2 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 19	3 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	4	8	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF, The Arizona Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF PHOENIX SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John L. Couvaras, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 138 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	9	11	8	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3 / 19	0 / 9	3 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9.1	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	8	5	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	9	3	1	3	0
Number of transfers	17	7	3	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.0	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.9	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 17	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 17	4 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	14	4	11	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			7		
Number of transfers	0			7		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Phoenix

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER, PC TEMPE, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by H. Randall Craig, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	<1%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors <1%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	64%	Male factor	1%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 502 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	12	13	17	13	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 9	5 / 12	5 / 13	5 / 17	4 / 13	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4	1 / 4	2 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2		1 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	1 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	2	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	1 / 2	2 / 3		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	93	46	34	12	11	2
Number of transfers	91	46	31	11	11	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.1	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	38.3	28.1	27.3	8.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.2	30.4	12.9	3 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.6	37.0	16.1	3 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.5	10.9	6.5	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	47.8	25.8	4 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.1	58.7	38.7	6 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	71	34	46	16	11	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			55	
Number of transfers		0			55	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					25.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					21.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					25.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					10.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					36.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					49.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Treatment Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Timothy J. Gelety, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 293 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	32	33	13	10	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	2 / 13	1 / 10	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.2	23.2	19.2	8.0	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	21.9	12.1	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	21.9	15.2	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	6.3	6.1	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.9	28.1	21.2	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	43.8	33.3	2 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	79	28	29	10	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.6	25.0	13.8	0 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	25.0	17.2	0 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.1	7.1	6.9	0 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.6	32.1	24.1	0 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.2	50.0	37.9	2 / 10	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	16	13	5	2	1
Number of transfers	52	16	13	5	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.3	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.4	13.9	21.6	3 / 15	1 / 6	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	2 / 16	2 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	4 / 16	3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.8	4 / 16	3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.7	5 / 16	8 / 13	3 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	3	1	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			12		
Number of transfers	6			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2			2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 13			15.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			5 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CENTER
TUCSON, ARIZONA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

VIVERE ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE TUCSON, ARIZONA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christine W. Mansfield, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 194 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	22	24	8	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.6	13.6	12.5	4 / 8	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.8	2.7	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.6	31.4	17.3	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.9	1 / 17	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.9	9.1	16.7	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.2	13.6	16.7	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	13.6	4.2	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.1	27.3	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	40.9	33.3	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	18	20	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	2 / 18	20.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	3 / 18	20.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	3 / 18	5.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.1	6 / 18	30.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	9 / 18	40.0	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	9	6	2	0	0
Number of transfers	28	9	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	3 / 19	3 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9	3 / 9	3 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	3 / 9	3 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	71.4	3 / 9	3 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.6	3 / 9	4 / 5	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	13	5	4	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			1		
Number of transfers	3			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Vivere Arizona Reproductive Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARKANSAS FERTILITY CENTER LITTLE ROCK FERTILITY CENTER LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dean M. Moutos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 292 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	118	38	16	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.8	15.8	3 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	10.7	1 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.6	8.0	0 / 8	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	15.8	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	15.8	0 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.7	15.8	0 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.6	18.4	2 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	98	30	10	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.7	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.0	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.1	23.3	2 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	22	6	2	1	0
Number of transfers	49	20	6	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.5	1.8	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.2	21.9	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	15.0	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	15.0	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.1	10.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.5	25.0	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.7	25.0	1 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	1	1	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			7		
Number of transfers	9			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 12			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 9			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			2 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arkansas Fertility Center, Little Rock Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESTART FERTILITY CENTER AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Anita P. Singh, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	71%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				0%
				Female & male factors				43%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 10 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	3	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)			0 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			1 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)			0 / 3				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 3				
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		0	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval			0.5				
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			2 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			2 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	3	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			1		
Number of transfers		1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: LifeStart Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ryszard J. Chetkowski, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 138 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	9	10	0	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 4	3 / 9	1 / 10		1 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.5		5.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 5	1 / 8	1 / 6		0 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	1 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	1 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	4	5	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 5		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 5		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 5		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 5		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 5		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	16	4	11	0	0
Number of transfers	15	13	3	8	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.4	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	7 / 18	2 / 2	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 15	3 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 15	4 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	5 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 15	6 / 13	3 / 3	1 / 8		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	6	9	7	2	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			22		
Number of transfers	2			19		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3			40.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			8 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & GYNECOLOGY
(CRH&G)
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sam Najmabadi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 48%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	23%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	50%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 101 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	11	10	10	8	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 8	0 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 10	1 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 16	28.6	6 / 15	5 / 19	3 / 15	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 7	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	4 / 11	4 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	4 / 11	4 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 10	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	5 / 11	5 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	5 / 11	5 / 10	4 / 10	2 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	11	8	9	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	4 / 11	4 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	4 / 11	4 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	5 / 11	5 / 8	3 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	5 / 11	5 / 8	4 / 9	2 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	3	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	3	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3		3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4	2 / 7		1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	2 / 3		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	2 / 3		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2	2 / 3		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	2 / 3		1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	8	18	2	3	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 8			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 6			4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology, (CRH&G)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REPRODUCTIVE CENTER BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Mark W. Surrey, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	36%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 754 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		23	16	18	16	6	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		8.7	0 / 16	1 / 18	1 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.4	6 / 12	6 / 13	3 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8 / 14	4 / 8	4 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.4	2 / 16	5 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.4	3 / 16	5 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.7	0 / 16	0 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.1	3 / 16	5 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		26.1	4 / 16	6 / 18	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		15	8	9	8	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 15	2 / 8	5 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 15	3 / 8	5 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 15	3 / 8	5 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 15	4 / 8	6 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		76	47	43	21	3	2
Number of transfers		75	47	36	21	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.5	50.8	57.1	53.3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.7	44.7	50.0	57.1	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		53.3	44.7	52.8	57.1	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.7	8.5	5.6	4.8	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0	53.2	58.3	61.9	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.0	61.7	61.1	76.2	2 / 3	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		131	104	118	58	19	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		18			26		
Number of transfers		16			23		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		12 / 19			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 16			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 16			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16			4.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 16			39.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 16			43.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Southern California Reproductive Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CARE OF ORANGE COUNTY BREA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Changnin T. Lee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 203 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	2	2	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.5			2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			0 / 2			0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2	1 / 2			0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	2	2	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2	1 / 2			0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	23	26	6	5	0
Number of transfers	18	23	23	5	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	73.9	60.7	46.7	2 / 9	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10 / 18	39.1	26.1	1 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	11 / 18	47.8	30.4	1 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 18	8.7	13.0	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14 / 18	56.5	43.5	1 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	14 / 18	78.3	52.2	2 / 5	2 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	16	31	9	13	14
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			13		
Number of transfers	0			13		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				9 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				7 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				8 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				8 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Care of Orange County

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA IVF PROGRAM WOMEN'S SPECIALTY AND FERTILITY CENTER CLOVIS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by H. Michael Synn, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 311 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	32	25	10	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	17.8	12.5	28.0	3 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	27.7	30.0	2 / 17		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.2	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	12.5	20.0	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	15.6	24.0	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	12.5	8.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.9	28.1	32.0	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	31.3	32.0	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	25	18	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	16.0	5 / 18	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	20.0	6 / 18	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	16.0	2 / 18	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	36.0	8 / 18	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	40.0	8 / 18	2 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	21	15	3	1	0
Number of transfers	51	20	13	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.6	2.0	1.3	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.0	9.1	28.6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	10.0	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.6	10.0	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	21.6	10.0	5 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.4	10.0	5 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	6	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			13		
Number of transfers	11			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 16			6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 11			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11			5 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Central California IVF Program, Women's Specialty and Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA IVF FERTILITY CENTER DAVIS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ernest J. Zeringue, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	53%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 619 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	82	33	23	17	9	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.9	2.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.1	15.6	31.0	7.5	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.9	26.9	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.9	12.1	13.0	3 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	18.2	17.4	3 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	0.0	8.7	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.8	18.2	26.1	3 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.1	27.3	34.8	3 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	69	28	16	14	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	14.3	3 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	21.4	4 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	0.0	2 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.9	21.4	6 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.6	32.1	8 / 16	3 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	87	37	17	5	3	0
Number of transfers	85	37	17	5	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.3	36.4	18.5	1 / 9	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	24.3	2 / 17	0 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.4	35.1	2 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	5.4	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.6	40.5	3 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.4	59.5	5 / 17	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	27	13	20	4	11	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		64			163	
Number of transfers		63			162	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.3			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			29.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.4			34.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.2			11.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			46.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.8			58.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: California IVF Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lori L. Arnold, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	23%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	19%	Female factors only	16%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	31%	Female & male factors	11%
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	8%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 124 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	3	1	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	3.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 3	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		4	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	6	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers		17	6	6	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.3	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7	4 / 8	3 / 9	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		12 / 17	2 / 6	3 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		14 / 17	3 / 6	3 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		14 / 17	3 / 6	3 / 6	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		16	10	11	3	4	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		5			25		
Number of transfers		5			25		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 8			60.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5			44.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 5			48.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			12.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 5			60.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 5			64.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: California Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTES-LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, GUADALAJARA ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey Steinberg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Male factor	3%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	94%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 181 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	18	10	7	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.6	23.1	3 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.2	5 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.7	1 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	2 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.3	3 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	5 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 7	1 / 1	1 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	18	8	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	1 / 18	3 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	2 / 18	3 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	1 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.3	3 / 18	3 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	5 / 18	3 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	6	7	1	0	5
Number of transfers	12	6	7	1	0	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.0		1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 15	1 / 11	3 / 9	0 / 1		1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	22	12	11	5	2	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			9	
Number of transfers		5			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 9			6 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 5			3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 5			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 5			5 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 5			5 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles, New York, Guadalajara

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ENCINO ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Feinman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	1%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	47%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,078 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	114	95	98	69	39	12
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.8	7.4	5.1	17.4	10.3	1 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.6	31.9	23.9	7.7	11.8	3 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.9	13.6	6.7	4.3	0 / 9	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	17.9	14.3	5.8	5.1	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.2	20.0	16.3	7.2	5.1	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	5.3	5.1	0.0	2.6	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	25.3	21.4	7.2	7.7	2 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.0	30.5	26.5	10.1	7.7	3 / 12
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	71	51	57	29	13	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.8	33.3	24.6	13.8	2 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.7	37.3	28.1	17.2	2 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.5	9.8	8.8	0.0	1 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.2	47.1	36.8	17.2	3 / 13	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.0	56.9	45.6	24.1	3 / 13	3 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	53	67	39	17	31
Number of transfers	86	48	62	33	13	27
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.5	2.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.7	58.4	46.3	29.6	20.0	26.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	55.8	43.8	35.5	33.3	2 / 13	33.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.0	52.1	38.7	39.4	3 / 13	33.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	16.7	11.3	3.0	0 / 13	7.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	75.6	70.8	50.0	42.4	3 / 13	40.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	81.4	81.3	67.7	60.6	7 / 13	44.4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	21	30	38	22	16	10
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		100			101	
Number of transfers		59			99	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.0			50.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.6			34.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			44.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		27.1			13.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		72.9			57.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		84.7			66.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Encino

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ZOUVES FERTILITY CENTER FOSTER CITY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Christo Zouves, MD			
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b			
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	4%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	33%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	8%
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	3%
				<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 15%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 665 (includes 22 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	6	11	21	21	27	12	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 6	1 / 11	19.0	9.5	7.4	1 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 6	0 / 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	69	48	48	21	8	2	
Number of transfers	69	46	46	21	8	2	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	40.4	38.3	41.4	2 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	37.0	28.3	28.6	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	47.8	28.3	38.1	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.4	0.0	4.3	4.8	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	47.8	32.6	42.9	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.3	50.0	43.5	57.1	3 / 8	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
	60	58	69	39	29	18	
Donor Eggs							
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f			
Number of cycles		1			75		
Number of transfers		1			72		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			46.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			40.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			48.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			52.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Zouves Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTERS FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by David G. Diaz, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	39%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	6%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 172 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		25	9	13	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.0	2 / 9	0 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	2.2	3.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7	2 / 12	5.0	3 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0	2 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.0	2 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.0	0 / 9	0 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		28.0	2 / 9	1 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		32.0	2 / 9	3 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		13	7	11	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 11	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 11	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 13	2 / 7	3 / 11	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		35	17	9	2	2	0
Number of transfers		33	17	9	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.1	2.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.6	1.8	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		23.7	33.3	4 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.3	1 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	3 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.0	1 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		36.4	4 / 17	3 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		39.4	8 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 2	2 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		5	3	14	4	5	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			9		
Number of transfers		3			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 4			8 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 3			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 3			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 3			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3			6 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: West Coast Fertility Centers					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**XPERT FERTILITY CARE OF CALIFORNIA
MINH N. HO, MD, FACOG
FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Minh N. Ho, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 20 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	3	3	2	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	1.7	3.0	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11	4 / 5	1 / 9	0 / 8		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 4	3 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	3	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 4	3 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0		0.0		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Xpert Fertility Care of California, Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lisa Farah-Eways, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,018 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	207	136	121	57	24	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.9	8.1	14.9	14.0	8.3	2 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.6	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.4	42.1	30.2	11.9	7.0	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	65.8	39.0	2.3	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.6	30.1	18.2	5.3	4.2	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.5	33.8	19.8	7.0	4.2	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	5.1	13.2	1.8	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.8	39.0	33.1	8.8	4.2	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	47.1	39.7	24.6	8.3	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	176	107	94	45	20	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.6	38.3	23.4	6.7	5.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.9	43.0	25.5	8.9	5.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	6.5	17.0	2.2	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	49.5	42.6	11.1	5.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	59.8	51.1	31.1	10.0	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	106	55	26	11	3
Number of transfers	107	103	55	26	11	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.2	1.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.5	55.7	49.3	48.5	8 / 18	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.1	36.9	30.9	26.9	4 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.5	43.7	34.5	30.8	4 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	8.7	7.3	15.4	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.9	52.4	41.8	46.2	5 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	65.0	63.6	57.7	7 / 11	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	17	22	16	9	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		37			26	
Number of transfers		34			25	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.8			72.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		41.2			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			64.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.8			12.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.8			76.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.7			84.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CARE FERTILITY GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rudy Quintero, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 434 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	30	40	12	6	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	13.3	10.0	3 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0	7 / 17	34.6	2 / 13	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.1	6.7	2.5	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.6	10.0	2.5	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	3.3	7.5	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.2	13.3	10.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.7	23.3	17.5	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	11	13	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.0	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	3 / 11	1 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	1 / 11	3 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.0	4 / 11	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	7 / 11	7 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	32	39	11	3	1
Number of transfers	77	27	29	10	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.6	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.1	46.5	28.6	7.7	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	33.3	24.1	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	40.7	24.1	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	11.1	6.9	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.1	51.9	31.0	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.6	66.7	41.4	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	21	18	14	6	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			23	
Number of transfers		4			21	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 5			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 4			42.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4			57.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4			66.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CARE Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MARIN FERTILITY CENTER GREENBRAE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter S. Uzelac, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 193 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	7	5	7	2	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0/7	0/7	0/5	0/7	0/2	0/4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.2	3.0	2.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3/12	4/10	3/11	2/7	0/4	0/6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1/6	1/4	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/7	3/7	1/5	1/7	0/2	0/4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/7	4/7	1/5	2/7	0/2	0/4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/7	0/7	1/5	0/7	0/2	0/4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3/7	4/7	2/5	2/7	0/2	0/4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/7	4/7	2/5	3/7	0/2	0/4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	6	5	4	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/6	3/6	1/5	1/4	0/2	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/6	4/6	1/5	2/4	0/2	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/6	1/5	0/4	0/2	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/6	4/6	2/5	2/4	0/2	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/6	4/6	2/5	3/4	0/2	0/4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	16	13	10	2	1
Number of transfers	27	16	13	10	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.2	1.7	1.6	2.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	9/18	40.0	1/11	0/5	0/4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	6/16	4/13	1/10	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	7/16	5/13	1/10	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	1/16	1/13	0/10	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	8/16	6/13	1/10	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	9/16	8/13	3/10	0/2	0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	25	18	13	1	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2		9		
Number of transfers		2		9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1/3		6/15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/2		2/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/2		4/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/2		1/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1/2		5/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1/2		5/9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Marin Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COASTAL FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER, INC. IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Lawrence B. Werlin, MD						
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	22%		Female factors only	9%
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	24%		Female & male factors	9%
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	13%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 324 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		38	25	15	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		5.3	4.0	3 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.0	2.3	2.0	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2.6	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2.6	4.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2.6	4.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2.6	4.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		7	4	3	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		50	28	18	6	1	0
Number of transfers		50	28	17	6	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.0	17.9	24.1	3 / 9	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.0	25.0	5 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.0	25.0	5 / 17	1 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.0	3.6	1 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		36.0	28.6	6 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.0	32.1	6 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		32	23	27	9	6	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			17			23	
Number of transfers			15			21	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.1			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			32.3			15.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			2 / 15			9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			4 / 15			9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			1 / 15			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			5 / 15			9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			8 / 15			28.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ilene E. Hatch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	58%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 217 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	2	8	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2		2 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1		1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	18	32	6	7	3
Number of transfers	26	18	30	6	6	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.6	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.3	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	79.4	66.7	44.4	6 / 10	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.5	10 / 18	56.7	5 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	11 / 18	63.3	6 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	1 / 18	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	69.2	12 / 18	63.3	6 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.9	14 / 18	66.7	6 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	14	23	4	7	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7		19		
Number of transfers		1		16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 1		45.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1		5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1		5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1		6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1		9 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Southern California

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LIFE IVF CENTER IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frank D. Yelian, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	92%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,750 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	9	12	6	11	11
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 16	0 / 9	2 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.2	2.0	1.4	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 17	6 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 8	2 / 15	0 / 16
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 16	2 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	4 / 9	2 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 16	5 / 9	3 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 11	0 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	9	10	4	11	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 16	2 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	4 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 11	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 16	5 / 9	3 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 11	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	106	103	112	94	72	69
Number of transfers	104	101	112	94	71	68
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.1	53.0	43.1	41.3	22.2	8.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.2	41.6	35.7	31.9	11.3	1.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.9	50.5	41.1	38.3	14.1	2.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	1.0	1.8	2.1	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.6	52.5	42.9	40.4	14.1	2.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.3	62.4	50.9	52.1	32.4	16.2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	223	240	444	393	355	410
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			49		
Number of transfers	1			49		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2			74.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			42.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			51.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			65.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			75.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Life IVF Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER-OC IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James P. Lin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	27%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 761 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	34	20	11	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.4	17.6	1 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.2	2 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.7	2.9	5.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.5	5.9	5.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.2	2.9	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.7	8.8	5.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	20.6	10.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	20	9	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	5.0	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.6	10.0	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.3	5.0	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	15.0	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	35.0	2 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	61	42	10	7	2
Number of transfers	76	61	42	10	7	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.5	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	50.5	38.7	4 / 12	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	29.5	31.0	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	32.8	33.3	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	16.4	11.9	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.4	49.2	45.2	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.2	62.3	57.1	5 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	83	83	84	45	31	29
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			59	
Number of transfers		15			57	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.6			46.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 15			24.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 15			35.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 15			12.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 15			47.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 15			57.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Fertility Center-OC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**LA JOLLA IVF
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS FERTILITY CENTER-SAN DIEGO LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by V. Gabriel Garzo, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,003 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		82	90	56	42	20	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		11.0	17.8	28.6	19.0	25.0	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 4	0 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		3 / 3	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		4	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 4	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		147	142	84	46	17	2
Number of transfers		125	119	71	32	12	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		69.3	50.8	58.9	48.5	8 / 13	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		50.4	37.8	46.5	37.5	6 / 12	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		56.8	39.5	52.1	40.6	7 / 12	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.2	1.7	1.4	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0	41.2	53.5	40.6	7 / 12	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.8	52.9	66.2	50.0	9 / 12	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		44	45	43	28	20	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			17			57	
Number of transfers			6			44	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			2 / 5			52.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 6			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			2 / 6			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 6			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			2 / 6			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			3 / 6			54.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Partners Fertility Center-San Diego					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ACACIO FERTILITY CENTER
LAGUNA NIGUEL, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by John D. Jacobson, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	10%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 221 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		59	32	21	10	5	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		11.9	12.5	23.8	2 / 10	3 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.2	2.5	3.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.2	28.8	31.6	0 / 15	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		20.9	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.9	21.9	14.3	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.3	21.9	14.3	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.6	12.5	4.8	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		33.9	34.4	28.6	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.4	34.4	33.3	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		46	24	15	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.7	29.2	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.1	29.2	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.4	16.7	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.5	45.8	6 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.3	45.8	7 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		25	18	4	2	0	0
Number of transfers		25	18	4	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	1.5	0.6	0.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.9	26.7	2 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.0	5 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0	6 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.0	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.0	6 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.0	8 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		10	5	6	3	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		4			14		
Number of transfers		3			11		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 6			18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 3			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3			4 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA FERTILITY PARTNERS LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard P. Marrs, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	35%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 35% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	60%	Other factor	44%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,393 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	56	100	62	72	29
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.9	25.0	38.0	35.5	36.1	58.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.3	36.6	17.3	12.0	5.3	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 15	3 / 19	4.5	2 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.9	16.1	2.0	3.2	2.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.9	17.9	4.0	4.8	2.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.3	17.9	5.0	4.8	2.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	15.6	23.2	9.0	8.1	4.2	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	21	25	16	16	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 18	42.9	8.0	2 / 16	2 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	47.6	16.0	3 / 16	2 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	0.0	4.0	0 / 16	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	47.6	20.0	3 / 16	2 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 18	61.9	36.0	5 / 16	3 / 16	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	49	48	35	21	10
Number of transfers	69	47	42	29	16	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	2.1	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.5	45.5	32.8	57.6	17.9	2 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.1	27.7	28.6	27.6	2 / 16	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.9	40.4	28.6	34.5	2 / 16	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	6.4	4.8	6.9	1 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.6	46.8	33.3	41.4	3 / 16	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.9	57.4	42.9	65.5	6 / 16	2 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	61	76	134	103	52	37
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		78			227	
Number of transfers		52			192	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.1			44.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.6			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.4			32.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.3			10.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.7			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.2			53.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: California Fertility Partners

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CEDARS SINAI MEDICAL CENTER CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Margareta D. Pisarska, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 111 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	9	4	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 11	0 / 9	1 / 4	3 / 7	2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 11	4 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11	3 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 11	3 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 11	3 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11	4 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	7	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 8	4 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	6	5	3	1	0
Number of transfers	13	6	5	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 17	4 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 13	3 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	3 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	10	9	12	2	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			1	
Number of transfers		3			1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 3			1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 3			1 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vicken P. Sepilian, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	5%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 378 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	10	10	8	0	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 7	0 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 8		0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	1.9	1.4	2.2		1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 13	3 / 17	2 / 9	1 / 11		0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 5		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 8		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7	3 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 8		0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		6	9	7	5	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 6	3 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 5		0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		65	23	19	7	3	1
Number of transfers		65	21	19	7	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.9	44.4	41.4	5 / 10	3 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.9	28.6	3 / 19	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.1	42.9	6 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.4	14.3	2 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.5	57.1	8 / 19	4 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.2	61.9	10 / 19	4 / 7	2 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		59	20	22	9	5	22
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		21			62		
Number of transfers		21			60		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.5			46.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.1			48.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		28.6			8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			56.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.0			75.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: CHA Fertility Center							
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER-LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vicken Sahakian, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	8%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	39%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 547 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	17	36	18	14	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 17	5.6	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.4	1.5	2.1	2.1	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.0	20.0	20.6	23.8	0 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.6	2 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.7	0 / 17	2.8	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.8	1 / 17	11.1	2 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	1 / 17	0.0	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	2 / 17	11.1	3 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.0	2 / 17	16.7	4 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	14	24	10	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4.0	0 / 14	4.2	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.0	1 / 14	16.7	2 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	1 / 14	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.0	2 / 14	16.7	3 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	2 / 14	25.0	4 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	28	30	19	7	2
Number of transfers	53	27	29	18	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	31.7	51.2	12.5	2 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.4	11.1	10.3	1 / 18	1 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	22.2	20.7	2 / 18	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.9	0.0	10.3	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	24.5	22.2	31.0	2 / 18	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.8	44.4	58.6	4 / 18	2 / 5	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	39	54	45	24	28	11
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		34			52	
Number of transfers		31			50	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		69.8			38.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		12.9			4.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.9			34.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.6			4.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.5			38.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		83.9			52.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCLA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Kathleen M. Brennan, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	4%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	48%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	17%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				7%
				Female & male factors				7%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 204 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	6	5	5	4	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 4	5 / 8	2 / 7	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 3	3 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		3	6	5	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3	4 / 6	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		36	21	17	7	0	1
Number of transfers		36	21	17	7	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.3	1.2	1.6		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.9	46.4	40.0	5 / 11		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.4	38.1	7 / 17	2 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.2	47.6	8 / 17	2 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.3	4.8	0 / 17	1 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		30.6	52.4	8 / 17	3 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.9	57.1	8 / 17	4 / 7		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		35	15	18	12	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			14		
Number of transfers		0			14		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					6 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: UCLA Fertility Center							
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

USC REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard J. Paulson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 42%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	60%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 705 (includes 18 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	41	70	43	23	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	2.4	8.6	25.6	8.7	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.9	3.5	4.0	4.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	16.7	17.2	5.6	1.3	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.7	5.4	1.9	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	19.5	4.3	7.0	4.3	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	22.0	5.7	7.0	4.3	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	4.9	8.6	2.3	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.7	26.8	17.1	9.3	4.3	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	31.7	25.7	16.3	4.3	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	57	39	57	32	20	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	20.5	5.3	9.4	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	23.1	7.0	9.4	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	5.1	10.5	3.1	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.1	28.2	21.1	12.5	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	33.3	31.6	21.9	5.0	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	47	43	16	10	2
Number of transfers	50	47	43	16	10	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.8	3.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.5	27.0	20.0	13.6	2.6	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.0	27.7	18.6	3 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	27.7	18.6	3 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	6.4	7.0	1 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.0	34.0	25.6	4 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	38.3	37.2	5 / 16	1 / 10	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	58	63	61	35	19	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			22	
Number of transfers		8			22	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 10			32.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 8			22.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 8			27.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			4.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8			31.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 8			45.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

INNOVATIVE FERTILITY CENTER MANHATTAN BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark J. Rispler, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	22%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	36%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 129 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	2	0	2	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.0	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	2	0	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	3	8	7	5	1
Number of transfers	14	3	8	6	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.8	1 / 6	19.0	0 / 13	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 14	1 / 3	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 14	1 / 3	2 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 14	1 / 3	3 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 14	1 / 3	3 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	7	19	9	11	3
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			9	
Number of transfers		5			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 8			3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 5			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 5			2 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Innovative Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER
MONTEREY BAY IVF PROGRAM
MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edward J. Ramirez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 99 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	16	19	6	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	0 / 16	5 / 19	3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	3.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.9	18.9	22.7	1 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	3 / 16	2 / 19	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	5 / 16	3 / 19	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	0 / 16	0 / 19	0 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	5 / 16	3 / 19	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	7 / 16	5 / 19	1 / 6		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	16	10	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	3 / 16	2 / 10	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	5 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	5 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	7 / 16	5 / 10	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	6	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	13	5	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	1.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	2	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility and Gynecology Center, Monterey Bay IVF Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard J. Schmidt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	28%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	60%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 545 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	52	43	23	15	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.8	9.6	4.7	8.7	2 / 15	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.2	4.4	4.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	23.3	13.8	8.6	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 16	3 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.8	5.8	2.3	8.7	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.5	7.7	2.3	8.7	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.8	1.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	12.3	9.6	2.3	8.7	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	12.3	13.5	7.0	13.0	0 / 15	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	17	13	8	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	3 / 17	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 17	4 / 17	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 17	5 / 17	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 17	7 / 17	3 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	57	62	20	16	1
Number of transfers	57	57	62	20	16	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.7	3.9	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	37.4	31.1	18.8	14.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.6	29.8	35.5	15.0	5 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.9	38.6	37.1	15.0	6 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	8.8	4.8	5.0	0 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.6	49.1	41.9	20.0	6 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.9	59.6	59.7	45.0	7 / 16	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	34	27	27	14	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			15	
Number of transfers		5			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 10			63.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			7 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5			10 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 5			2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			12 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			13 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Nova In Vitro Fertilization

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ORANGE COUNTY NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Daniel A. Potter, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	43%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 926 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		227	90	93	61	25	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		1.8	5.6	7.5	14.8	4.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.5	58.7	42.4	4 / 15	1 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		54.9	50.0	38.5	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.2	26.7	22.6	4.9	4.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.9	34.4	22.6	6.6	4.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.6	6.7	2.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		48.5	41.1	24.7	6.6	4.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.4	44.4	26.9	8.2	4.0	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		158	58	40	9	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.5	41.4	52.5	3 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		54.4	53.4	52.5	4 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.2	10.3	5.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		69.6	63.8	57.5	4 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.3	69.0	62.5	5 / 9	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		88	40	33	13	6	10
Number of transfers		86	38	28	12	6	6
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.2	66.7	52.6	10 / 16	3 / 6	4 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		43.0	60.5	39.3	3 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		57.0	68.4	46.4	4 / 12	3 / 6	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.4	10.5	3.6	3 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		74.4	78.9	53.6	7 / 12	3 / 6	3 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		79.1	84.2	71.4	8 / 12	4 / 6	3 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		29	20	31	13	14	12
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		65			41		
Number of transfers		52			41		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		67.2			59.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		46.2			34.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			51.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.5			9.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.5			61.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			73.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: HRC Fertility-Orange County					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEWPORT FERTILITY CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark T. Kan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	48%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 44% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	6%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	56%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 122 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	2	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 3	2 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	1	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	6	12	5	0	0
Number of transfers	15	6	12	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	7 / 8	7 / 18	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	2 / 6	3 / 12	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 15	4 / 6	4 / 12	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 12	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 15	5 / 6	5 / 12	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	6 / 6	7 / 12	2 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	11	30	10	5	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			8		
Number of transfers	4			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 4			7 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4			6 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			6 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 4			7 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Newport Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OC FERTILITY NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sharon E. Moayeri, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	8%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 52%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 213 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 1	1 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		2	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2	1 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		34	18	15	9	0	0
Number of transfers		33	18	14	9	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.7	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		75.8	11 / 16	7 / 15	7 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	5 / 18	3 / 14	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		66.7	10 / 18	6 / 14	5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.0	0 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		69.7	10 / 18	6 / 14	5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.8	13 / 18	7 / 14	8 / 9		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		45	22	35	13	8	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			0			6	
Number of transfers			0			6	
Average number of embryos transferred						1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						4 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						4 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						5 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: OC Fertility					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY MEDICAL CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Beth A. Ary, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 54%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	17%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	46%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 13 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	2	0	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		4.0		3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2		0 / 4		0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1		0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			3		
Number of transfers	1			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has closed since 2015. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert E. Anderson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 41% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	75%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 700 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	3	10	6	14	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	5 / 10	2 / 6	3 / 14	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 14	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	74	73	34	12	0
Number of transfers	93	70	68	29	11	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	71.3	69.4	71.4	64.3	6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	61.3	55.7	54.4	48.3	6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	66.7	61.4	67.6	58.6	6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	4.3	1.5	0.0	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.8	65.7	69.1	58.6	6 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.0	70.0	75.0	69.0	6 / 11	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	91	63	80	37	31	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			56	
Number of transfers		0			49	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					63.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					51.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					57.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					4.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					61.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					67.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southern California Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE
NORTHRIDGE, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LANE FERTILITY INSTITUTE NOVATO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Danielle E. Lane, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	9%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 166 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	2	1	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0			3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2			0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		1	1	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1	1 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1	1 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1	1 / 1			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1	1 / 1			0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	16	15	4	1	0
Number of transfers		15	16	11	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.4	1.4	2.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 19	63.6	6 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 15	8 / 16	4 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 15	9 / 16	5 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 15	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 15	10 / 16	5 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 15	13 / 16	6 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		32	22	31	10	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			7		
Number of transfers		0			6		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Lane Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**IVF-ORANGE SURGERY CENTER
ORANGE, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

AMERICAN REPRODUCTIVE CENTERS PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Maher A. Abdallah, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	29%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	51%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 248 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	74	39	32	19	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	41.3	15.9	18.2	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.9	0.0	1 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	33.3	9.4	4 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.4	35.9	9.4	4 / 19	0 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	12.8	6.3	0 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.9	48.7	15.6	4 / 19	0 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.9	53.8	15.6	4 / 19	0 / 5	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	31	20	10	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	41.9	15.0	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	45.2	15.0	4 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	16.1	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.5	61.3	25.0	4 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	67.7	25.0	4 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	9	1	0	0	4
Number of transfers	6	9	1	0	0	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.0		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.0			1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10	8 / 17	0 / 2			4 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 1			1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 1			2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	3 / 9	0 / 1			0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6	4 / 9	0 / 1			2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	5 / 9	0 / 1			3 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	9	11	3	0	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			5	
Number of transfers		8			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 14			6 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 8			4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8			4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8			5 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 8			5 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: American Reproductive Centers

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAY IN VITRO FERTILIZATION CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Francis Polansky, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 222 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	21	30	6	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.7	14.3	10.0	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.1	9.1	15.6	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 16	1 / 9	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.1	9.5	20.0	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	9.5	20.0	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.0	9.5	20.0	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.0	9.5	23.3	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	11	20	6	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	2 / 11	30.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 17	2 / 11	30.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 11	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17	2 / 11	30.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 17	2 / 11	35.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	20	22	5	5	0
Number of transfers	32	20	22	5	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.7	1.1	2.5	5.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	21.2	8.5	0 / 11	1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9	30.0	13.6	0 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	30.0	13.6	0 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.6	30.0	13.6	0 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	35.0	18.2	0 / 5	1 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	6	4	2	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			8		
Number of transfers	6			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 10			9 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			6 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6			7 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 6			8 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Bay In Vitro Fertilization Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

STANFORD MEDICINE FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Valerie Baker, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	31%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	68%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,057 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	89	82	97	71	39	24
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	6.1	12.4	21.1	15.4	20.8
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.8	3.0	1.6
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.2	23.4	14.9	11.9	0.0	0 / 13
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.5	51.4	17.6	1 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.0	6.1	10.3	5.6	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.5	7.3	12.4	5.6	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.7	11.0	12.4	5.6	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.1	13.4	15.5	8.5	0.0	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	47	43	51	25	17	8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.0	11.6	19.6	16.0	0 / 17	0 / 8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.6	14.0	23.5	16.0	0 / 17	0 / 8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	7.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	20.9	23.5	16.0	0 / 17	0 / 8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.2	25.6	29.4	24.0	0 / 17	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	102	87	81	26	15	9
	Number of transfers	91	75	63	20	14	5
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.2
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.6	43.2	47.8	37.5	4 / 16	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	34.7	30.2	25.0	4 / 14	0 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.2	40.0	34.9	30.0	4 / 14	0 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	2.7	6.3	5.0	0 / 14	0 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.9	42.7	41.3	35.0	4 / 14	0 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.7	48.0	50.8	40.0	6 / 14	0 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		91	75	51	22	18	13
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	18			37		
	Number of transfers	12			35		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.1		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 11			19.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 12			14.3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 12			17.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12			0.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 12			17.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12			25.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Stanford Medicine Fertility & Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-PASADENA PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John G. Wilcox, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	34%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,269 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	212	144	103	64	55	37
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.2	6.3	12.6	20.3	16.4	37.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	3.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	30.2	12.2	20.0	6.3	1 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.7	13.5	12.2	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.6	16.7	9.7	9.4	0.0	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.9	22.9	11.7	10.9	0.0	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	4.9	1.0	1.6	1.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.6	27.8	12.6	12.5	1.8	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.3	33.3	16.5	14.1	1.8	2.7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	136	92	58	24	15	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	26.1	17.2	25.0	0 / 15	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	35.9	20.7	29.2	0 / 15	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.4	7.6	1.7	4.2	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.3	43.5	22.4	33.3	1 / 15	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.6	52.2	29.3	37.5	1 / 15	1 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	233	109	82	36	24	36
Number of transfers	196	96	69	22	16	20
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.8	37.6	46.5	50.0	36.0	36.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.8	34.4	36.2	31.8	3 / 16	40.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.5	40.6	44.9	40.9	6 / 16	50.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	7.3	8.7	0.0	1 / 16	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.7	47.9	53.6	40.9	7 / 16	55.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.3	55.2	59.4	68.2	8 / 16	60.0
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	213	123	137	95	75	72
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		185			226	
Number of transfers		91			222	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.7			45.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.0			31.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.1			40.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.9			12.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		65.9			52.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		79.1			59.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Pasadena

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-BEVERLY HILLS, REDONDO BEACH & WESTMINSTER REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Bill Yee, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,711 (includes 51 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		131	87	109	91	52	17
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		9.2	18.4	16.5	25.3	32.7	3 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	2.1	2.3	3.2	3.3	4.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.3	25.6	21.1	6.0	2.5	9.1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		42.9	5.7	2.7	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		11.5	13.8	2.8	1.1	0.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		12.2	14.9	3.7	1.1	0.0	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		3.1	3.4	2.8	1.1	0.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		15.3	18.4	6.4	2.2	0.0	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		19.1	20.7	13.8	5.5	1.9	2 / 17
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		46	38	40	27	12	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.6	31.6	7.5	3.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.8	34.2	10.0	3.7	0 / 12	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.7	7.9	7.5	3.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.5	42.1	17.5	7.4	0 / 12	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.3	47.4	37.5	18.5	1 / 12	2 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		211	141	156	56	29	12
Number of transfers		192	122	138	49	25	8
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.3	1.6	1.6	2.5	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.2	51.9	35.2	25.7	13.1	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		44.3	37.7	31.2	34.7	32.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.5	44.3	35.5	34.7	32.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.6	5.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.1	50.0	39.1	34.7	32.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.5	59.8	48.6	40.8	36.0	0 / 8
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		95	120	148	65	30	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			85		
Number of transfers		6			75		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 10			43.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 6			38.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 6			45.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			4.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6			49.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 6			54.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Partners-Beverly Hills, Redondo Beach & Westminster					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carlos E. Soto-Albors, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 643 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	65	45	20	12	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.6	10.8	17.8	15.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.0	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	32.3	23.3	10.5	1 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.3	4.7	4.2	1 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	12.3	11.1	10.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.9	21.5	15.6	10.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	9.2	4.4	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	30.8	20.0	10.0	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.4	38.5	24.4	15.0	1 / 12	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	64	47	28	17	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	17.0	17.9	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	29.8	25.0	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.1	12.8	7.1	0 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.3	42.6	32.1	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	53.2	39.3	3 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	92	52	35	11	6	0
Number of transfers	90	51	35	11	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	1.5	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	37.9	33.3	6 / 13	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	27.5	20.0	5 / 11	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	35.3	25.7	5 / 11	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	3.9	8.6	0 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	39.2	34.3	5 / 11	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	49.0	42.9	6 / 11	2 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	26	36	19	8	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		25		61		
Number of transfers		25		59		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.7		26.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0		16.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.0		22.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.0		8.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0		30.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.0		37.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northern California Fertility Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH-SACRAMENTO SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sae Sohn, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 485 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		119	57	44	13	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3.4	1.8	13.6	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.7	2.1	2.7	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.6	34.1	33.3	6.9	0 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		61.6	33.3	8.6	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.1	19.3	27.3	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.3	24.6	29.5	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.9	8.8	4.5	0 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		41.2	35.1	34.1	1 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.1	40.4	47.7	3 / 13	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		101	50	37	12	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.6	22.0	32.4	1 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.6	28.0	35.1	1 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.9	10.0	5.4	0 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.5	40.0	40.5	1 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.4	46.0	56.8	3 / 12	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		98	39	34	6	8	1
Number of transfers		95	39	32	4	8	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.3	3.5	2.7	1.3	8.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.5	36.4	40.9	3 / 7	8 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.8	30.8	28.1	1 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.3	33.3	28.1	2 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.7	5.1	0.0	0 / 4	2 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.9	38.5	28.1	2 / 4	4 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		68.4	56.4	56.3	2 / 4	6 / 8	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	3	8	0	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		17			23		
Number of transfers		14			23		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 14			56.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 14			39.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 14			52.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 14			8.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14			60.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 14			65.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health-Sacramento					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MEDICAL GROUP SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arlene J. Morales, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 515 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	27	20	2	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	17.0	37.0	45.0	0 / 2	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0	2.3	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.1	1 / 6	3 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7 / 14	4 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.4	3.7	10.0	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6.4	3.7	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8.5	3.7	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	12.8	3.7	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	6	4	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	1 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	1 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 17	1 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 17	1 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	50	36	10	4	0
Number of transfers	68	48	34	9	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.3	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.9	35.8	48.8	6 / 14	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.1	20.8	32.4	4 / 9	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	27.1	38.2	4 / 9	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	8.3	8.8	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.4	35.4	47.1	5 / 9	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4	39.6	61.8	6 / 9	3 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	61	47	41	7	5	6
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			59		
Number of transfers	6			58		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 10			39.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			29.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			37.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6			3.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6			41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6			48.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists Medical Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER SAN DIEGO INFERTILITY SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Larry R. Laufer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 250 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	35	23	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.0	5.7	13.0	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	35.3	14.8	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	17.1	0.0	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.8	20.0	0.0	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	2.9	4.3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.3	22.9	4.3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.3	25.7	8.7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	20	16	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	30.0	0 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.7	35.0	0 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	5.0	1 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	40.0	1 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.0	45.0	2 / 16	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	26	12	1	1	0
Number of transfers	53	25	12	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	2.1	3.0		1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8	45.9	5 / 18	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	24.0	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	28.0	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	4.0	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.7	32.0	3 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	52.0	4 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			12	
Number of transfers		4			12	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 7			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			0 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 4			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 4			4 / 12	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Naval Medical Center San Diego Infertility

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES MEDICAL CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel H. Wood, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	26%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 159 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	5	3	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.3	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 12	4 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 8	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	5	3	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 8	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 8	4 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	16	10	1	1	1
Number of transfers	10	15	10	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 19	60.0	35.0	2 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 10	9 / 15	6 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 10	9 / 15	6 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	2 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 10	11 / 15	6 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10	12 / 15	6 / 10	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	17	20	19	12	4	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6		17		
Number of transfers		6		17		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 10		50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 6		6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 6		6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6		4 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 6		10 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 6		10 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Sciences Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SAN DIEGO FERTILITY CENTER SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by L. Michael Kettel, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	58%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,399 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	108	64	59	42	20	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.3	9.4	22.0	28.6	35.0	4 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.6	22.0	18.9	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.2	3 / 19	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	4.7	11.9	0.0	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.1	4.7	13.6	0.0	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	14.8	7.8	13.6	0.0	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	16.7	9.4	16.9	0.0	5.0	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	46	23	27	12	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	13.0	25.9	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	13.0	29.6	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	8.7	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.8	21.7	29.6	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.1	26.1	37.0	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	135	86	48	29	10	3
Number of transfers	126	78	44	26	10	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.9	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.7	29.8	29.4	13.2	4 / 19	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.8	16.7	22.7	15.4	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	21.8	27.3	19.2	1 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	10.3	6.8	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7	32.1	34.1	19.2	2 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	41.0	45.5	26.9	3 / 10	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	58	47	53	48	40	30
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		158			347	
Number of transfers		129			313	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.9			28.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.9			24.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.7			29.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.5			7.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.1			36.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		69.8			43.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: San Diego Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

LAUREL FERTILITY CARE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Collin B. Smikle, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	29%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 273 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		28	14	13	7	5	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	1 / 14	1 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 5	2 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.7	25.0	4 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.9	1 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		17.9	2 / 14	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		17.9	0 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.7	2 / 14	3 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.9	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		17	12	7	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 17	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 17	2 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 17	0 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 17	2 / 12	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 17	4 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		46	24	19	8	5	0
Number of transfers		44	24	16	7	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.3	43.8	45.0	5 / 9	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		15.9	37.5	6 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.5	37.5	6 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1	4.2	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		29.5	41.7	7 / 16	3 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		38.6	50.0	9 / 16	4 / 7	2 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		17	16	19	14	6	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		7			17		
Number of transfers		6			15		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 12			42.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 6			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 6			6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 6			7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 6			8 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Laurel Fertility Care					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Philip E. Chenette, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	32%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	10%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,969 (includes 57 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	50	30	63	39	28	9
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	14.0	23.3	39.7	38.5	25.0	4 / 9
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.1	1.9	2.7	3.0	4.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	6 / 17	9.1	3.7	1 / 10	0 / 4
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	66.7	10 / 12	3 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.0	16.7	3.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	20.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.0	20.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.0	20.0	6.3	2.6	7.1	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	35	15	19	10	4	1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	5 / 15	2 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	6 / 15	3 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	0 / 15	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	6 / 15	3 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.7	6 / 15	4 / 19	1 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	130	191	157	64	20	6
	Number of transfers	126	182	150	61	19	5
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.1
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.4
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.7	53.7	47.0	50.8	54.5	2 / 7
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.0	44.0	37.3	41.0	9 / 19	2 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.4	48.4	40.7	45.9	11 / 19	2 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	2.7	2.0	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	51.1	42.7	45.9	11 / 19	2 / 5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.1	55.5	47.3	54.1	13 / 19	2 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		151	231	253	121	55	40
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	26			248		
	Number of transfers	22			221		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.1		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5			53.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7			33.9		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8			42.5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5			3.6		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.4			46.2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5			56.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCSF CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Marcelle I. Cedars, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 2,272 (includes 25 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		158	181	214	160	92	16
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		10.1	20.4	28.5	36.3	31.5	7 / 16
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.8	2.7	4.0	4.2	6.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.3	33.8	22.5	6.9	3.5	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		50.4	22.7	3.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.3	22.1	12.1	6.3	1.1	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.6	24.3	16.4	6.3	2.2	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.9	4.4	4.7	1.3	0.0	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		40.5	28.7	21.5	7.5	2.2	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		46.2	35.9	29.9	17.5	8.7	0 / 16
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		123	121	129	84	49	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.5	33.1	20.2	11.9	2.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.7	36.4	27.1	11.9	4.1	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.4	6.6	7.8	2.4	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.0	43.0	35.7	14.3	4.1	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.3	53.7	49.6	33.3	16.3	0 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		150	162	154	90	38	21
Number of transfers		139	153	143	86	35	18
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.5	1.1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.5	1.7	2.4	4.2	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.0	48.2	25.4	21.4	5.8	15.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.3	41.2	20.3	18.6	8.6	3 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.3	44.4	23.8	25.6	20.0	5 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	7.2	4.2	8.1	0.0	0 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.6	51.6	28.0	33.7	20.0	5 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.8	61.4	41.3	43.0	25.7	8 / 18
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		127	196	177	86	51	17
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		70			87		
Number of transfers		60			87		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.3			44.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		38.3			36.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.7			41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0			8.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.7			49.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.0			56.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PALO ALTO MEDICAL FOUNDATION FERTILITY PHYSICIANS
OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by G. David Adamson, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,013 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	151	100	115	83	41	26
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.3	18.0	14.8	15.7	34.1	46.2
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.9	3.3	3.4
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.4	19.8	18.5	11.9	3.4	3.7
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	62.0	25.4	13.7	0.0	0 / 19	1 / 9
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.5	13.0	14.8	9.6	2.4	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.8	15.0	14.8	13.3	2.4	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	1.0	2.6	2.4	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.1	16.0	17.4	15.7	2.4	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.7	23.0	27.8	22.9	9.8	7.7
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	139	71	81	59	20	9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.1	18.3	21.0	13.6	5.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.8	21.1	21.0	18.6	5.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	1.4	3.7	3.4	0.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.6	22.5	24.7	22.0	5.0	0 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.5	32.4	39.5	32.2	20.0	2 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	105	82	76	38	10	7
	Number of transfers	102	81	75	37	10	6
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	0.8
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.3
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.6	24.5	17.9	13.6	4 / 14	0 / 14
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	22.2	17.3	5.4	3 / 10	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	23.5	22.7	5.4	3 / 10	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	2.5	0.0	2.7	0 / 10	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.4	25.9	22.7	10.8	3 / 10	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	32.1	26.7	18.9	5 / 10	0 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		27	29	33	11	5	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	25			43		
	Number of transfers	22			43		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.1			1.3		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.3			26.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.5			11.6		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0			18.6		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5			4.7		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.5			23.3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6			34.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Palo Alto Medical Foundation Fertility Physicians of Northern California					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALEX STEINLEITNER, MD SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Alex J. Steinleitner, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 193 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		54	27	9	8	7	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		31.5	18.5	1 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.7	2.1	3.5	3.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.9	48.4	3 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 17	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8.0	3 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		9.3	25.9	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.0	33.3	1 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.1	11.1	1 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		25.9	44.4	2 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		27.8	48.1	3 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		27	20	7	4	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.5	35.0	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.9	45.0	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.2	15.0	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.9	60.0	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.6	65.0	3 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		25	11	7	2	1	0
Number of transfers		22	10	5	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.0	2.5	0.5	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		30.8	3 / 16	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		9.1	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9.1	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.6	0 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		22.7	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.9	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		13	4	2	3	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		10			9		
Number of transfers		6			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 12			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 6			1 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Alex Steinleitner, MD					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,873 (includes 19 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	250	125	116	36	16	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.4	8.0	29.3	33.3	5 / 16	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.1	3.4	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.0	41.9	30.0	20.7	14.3	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	74.4	47.9	21.3	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	16.0	9.5	8.3	0 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.0	17.6	11.2	11.1	1 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	6.4	4.3	2.8	1 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.6	24.0	15.5	13.9	2 / 16	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.2	32.8	21.6	16.7	3 / 16	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	181	76	51	15	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.7	26.3	21.6	3 / 15	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.9	28.9	25.5	4 / 15	1 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	10.5	9.8	1 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.9	39.5	35.3	5 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	53.9	49.0	6 / 15	3 / 7	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	268	230	166	56	25	4
Number of transfers	250	190	145	51	19	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.4	58.3	58.8	44.3	48.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.0	43.2	45.5	41.2	9 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.2	48.9	49.0	45.1	10 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	4.7	3.4	2.0	1 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	54.2	52.4	47.1	11 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.0	63.7	66.9	54.9	12 / 19	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	83	104	116	56	30	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		69			97	
Number of transfers		61			79	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		82.7			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		45.9			21.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		65.6			32.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.5			8.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		77.0			41.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		83.6			57.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA BARBARA FERTILITY CENTER SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by René B. Allen, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 162 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		17	18	15	2	6	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 17	1 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 2	1 / 6	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.3	2.2	4.0	2.3	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		22.2	18.8	6 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8 / 16	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 17	4 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 17	1 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		5 / 17	5 / 18	4 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 17	6 / 18	7 / 15	1 / 2	1 / 6	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		16	15	9	2	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 16	4 / 15	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16	4 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16	1 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16	5 / 15	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 16	6 / 15	7 / 9	1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		23	18	8	4	1	1
Number of transfers		18	16	8	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.5	2.0	1.0	0.4	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		27.6	19.2	6 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 18	3 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 18	4 / 16	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 18	0 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 18	4 / 16	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 18	6 / 16	5 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		6	5	6	7	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		8			11		
Number of transfers		7			10		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 11			10 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7			6 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7			6 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7			7 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			8 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Santa Barbara Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA MONICA FERTILITY SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John K. Jain, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	31%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	97%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 215 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	2	3	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0/2	0/2	0/3	0/4	0/2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/1	0/3	2/6	3/10	1/7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1/1	1/2	1/3	0/3	0/2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/2	0/2	2/3	2/4	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/2	0/2	2/3	3/4	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0/2	0/2	0/3	0/4	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0/2	0/2	2/3	3/4	0/2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/2	0/2	2/3	3/4	1/2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	2	3	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1	0/2	2/3	2/4	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1	0/2	2/3	3/4	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1	0/2	0/3	0/4	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1	0/2	2/3	3/4	0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/1	0/2	2/3	3/4	1/2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	4	3	3	1
Number of transfers	3	3	4	3	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.7	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2/4	4/4	2/4	2/5	1/7	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2/3	1/3	0/4	2/3	0/3	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/3	1/3	0/4	2/3	0/3	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/3	1/3	0/4	0/3	0/3	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2/3	2/3	0/4	2/3	0/3	1/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/3	3/3	2/4	2/3	2/3	1/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	20	17	14	16	10
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	30			63		
Number of transfers	30			63		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	68.6			68.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.3			50.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	56.7			63.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3			3.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0			66.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.3			77.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Santa Monica Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA MONICA UCLA GYN SUBSPECIALTIES GROUP SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Ingrid A. Rodi, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	42%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 182 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		14	14	8	4	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3 / 14	3 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.3	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2	3 / 5	1 / 5			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 14	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 14	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 14	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 14	3 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		2	4	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2	3 / 4	1 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	32	7	4	3	0
Number of transfers		18	29	7	4	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	0.8	0.5		0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 18	30.6	1 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 18	13.8	0 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 18	17.2	0 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 18	6.9	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 18	24.1	0 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 18	31.0	1 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		20	30	11	0	8	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Santa Monica UCLA GYN Subspecialties Group					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY ASSOCIATES MEDICAL GROUP, INC. SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer V. Ratcliffe, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 182 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	27	15	16	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	7.4	1 / 15	4 / 16	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	3.1	3.2	5.2	3.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.0	20.5	22.0	4.2	0 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.6	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	33.3	0 / 15	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	37.0	0 / 15	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	23.1	7.4	3 / 15	0 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.5	44.4	3 / 15	2 / 16	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	51.9	5 / 15	3 / 16	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	25	13	10	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	36.0	0 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.4	40.0	0 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.1	8.0	3 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	48.0	3 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.2	56.0	5 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	5	3	1	2	2
Number of transfers	14	5	3	1	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.7	2.0	1.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.8	3 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 2	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	3	3	1	2	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			38		
Number of transfers	9			38		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 18			36.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9			26.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			18.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9			44.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			55.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
TINA KOOPERSMITH, MD
SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Tina B. Koopersmith, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	35%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 101 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	6	10	6	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	3	4	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	9	13	1	1	0
Number of transfers	12	9	13	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.2	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 18	10 / 15	6 / 16	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 12	3 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 12	3 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	3 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 12	6 / 9	4 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12	6 / 9	6 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	6	10	9	6	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1		0		
Number of transfers		1		0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Valley Center for Reproductive Health, Tina Koopersmith, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**GARFIELD FERTILITY CENTER
SOUTH PASADENA, CALIFORNIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY
VERMESH CENTER FOR FERTILITY
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael Vermesh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	11%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 253 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	16	13	13	15	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 19	5 / 17	29.2	33.3	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	3 / 16	2 / 13	4 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	4 / 16	4 / 13	4 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.8	4 / 16	5 / 13	4 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.8	5 / 16	5 / 13	4 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	10	11	11	12	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	3 / 10	2 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 15	4 / 10	4 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 15	4 / 10	5 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	5 / 10	5 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	18	8	13	4	1
Number of transfers	16	18	8	13	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 15	58.6	5 / 12	23.8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	10 / 18	2 / 8	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 16	10 / 18	2 / 8	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	3 / 18	1 / 8	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 16	13 / 18	3 / 8	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 16	14 / 18	5 / 8	5 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	14	14	17	9	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			23	
Number of transfers		5			23	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 9			56.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5			56.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5			65.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			13.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			78.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			78.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Fertility and Gynecology, Vermesh Center for Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TREE OF LIFE CENTER FOR FERTILITY
SNUNIT BEN-OZER, MD
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 55 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	4	2	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 6	1 / 3		0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	2	0	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	2	5	4	1	0
Number of transfers	8	2	5	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.3	0.7	4.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 13	2 / 2	3 / 6	4 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8	2 / 2	2 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 8	2 / 2	2 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 8	2 / 2	2 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 8	2 / 2	3 / 5	4 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	7	6	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tree of Life Center for Fertility, Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATES OF CALIFORNIA THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Gary Hubert, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,497 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		19	18	22	19	12	13
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 19	0 / 18	0.0	2 / 19	1 / 12	1 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.5	2.0	1.0		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 2	2 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 19	1 / 18	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 19	1 / 18	4.5	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 19	0 / 18	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		3 / 19	1 / 18	4.5	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 19	1 / 18	4.5	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 13
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		8	2	1	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		175	98	112	42	9	4
Number of transfers		175	97	111	41	9	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.4	59.5	51.9	60.9	5 / 12	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.1	28.9	37.8	43.9	5 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.3	39.2	50.5	48.8	5 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.3	11.3	3.6	4.9	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.6	51.5	54.1	53.7	5 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.0	63.9	63.1	68.3	5 / 9	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		181	133	170	101	61	74
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			221		
Number of transfers		7			217		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 8			53.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7			21.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7			41.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7			11.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 7			53.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7			66.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of California					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC REPRODUCTIVE CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rifaat Salem, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	99%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 304 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	37	31	13	5	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.6	38.4	30.2	13.8	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.7	3.2	8.3	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.6	40.5	29.0	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	45.9	35.5	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	8.1	3.2	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	66.1	56.8	41.9	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	67.6	54.8	5 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	112	37	31	13	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.6	40.5	29.0	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	45.9	35.5	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	8.1	3.2	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.1	56.8	41.9	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	67.6	54.8	5 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	5	9	2	1	1
Number of transfers	24	5	9	2	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.1	4 / 10	4 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	4 / 5	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.2	4 / 5	3 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	75.0	4 / 5	3 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.2	4 / 5	6 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	5	16	7	6	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			5	
Number of transfers		9			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		12 / 19			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 9			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 9			3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 9			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 9			3 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 9			4 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Omid A. Khorram, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 276 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	40	46	35	15	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.0	2.5	17.4	8.6	0 / 15	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.4	3.3	2.9	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5	38.2	17.3	15.9	7.9	2 / 16
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	1 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	12.5	6.5	2.9	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	20.0	6.5	5.7	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	10.0	4.3	5.7	1 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.0	30.0	10.9	11.4	1 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.0	50.0	26.1	31.4	2 / 15	2 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	33	35	27	13	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	15.2	8.6	3.7	0 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.8	24.2	8.6	7.4	0 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.4	12.1	5.7	7.4	1 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.2	36.4	14.3	14.8	1 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.9	60.6	34.3	40.7	2 / 13	2 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	11	21	12	8	1
Number of transfers	16	11	21	12	8	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.2	2.6	1.0	4.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	3.4	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.6	24.1	35.8	25.8	21.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	0 / 11	19.0	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	0 / 11	33.3	3 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	3 / 11	14.3	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 16	3 / 11	47.6	4 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 16	4 / 11	57.1	6 / 12	4 / 8	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	3	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			2	
Number of transfers		6			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 12			4 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 6			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6			2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			2 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH WEST HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eliran Mor, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 541 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	30	43	21	26	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	38.2	20.8	9.8	3.6	5.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.5	0.0	2.9	0 / 11	0 / 19	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.8	23.3	16.3	4.8	3.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	30.0	23.3	4.8	3.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	13.3	2.3	4.8	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.6	43.3	25.6	9.5	3.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.7	60.0	41.9	14.3	11.5	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	28	39	17	24	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	25.0	17.9	1 / 17	4.2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.6	32.1	25.6	1 / 17	4.2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	14.3	2.6	1 / 17	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	46.4	28.2	2 / 17	4.2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.2	64.3	46.2	3 / 17	12.5	1 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	20	34	11	13	2
Number of transfers	49	20	34	11	13	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.3	35.0	22.8	19.4	7.9	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.5	25.0	8.8	2 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	30.0	20.6	3 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	15.0	5.9	0 / 11	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.1	45.0	26.5	3 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.2	65.0	44.1	6 / 11	5 / 13	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	55	35	53	30	15	12
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			14	
Number of transfers		17			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			28.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 17			3 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 17			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 17			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 17			6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 17			8 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Fertility Center, California Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY CENTER COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul C. Magarelli, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 67%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	41%	Ovulatory dysfunction	47%	Male factor	80%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 465 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	19	14	2	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	0 / 19	1 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0				1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1	1 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	1 / 1				1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	125	35	19	9	1	2
Number of transfers	125	34	19	9	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.8	57.1	28.0	4 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	35.3	4 / 19	3 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.8	41.2	4 / 19	3 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.4	5.9	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.2	47.1	4 / 19	3 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	76.5	8 / 19	6 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	87	29	27	14	3	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			12	
Number of transfers		1			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2			6 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			5 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 1 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO
DENVER, COLORADO**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alex Polotsky, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 217 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	18	9	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.5	1 / 18	3 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	14.8	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	13.8	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.2	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.3	3 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	30	12	6	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.7	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	22	7	3	0	0
Number of transfers	38	22	7	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	25.8	2 / 10	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	13.6	2 / 7	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	18.2	2 / 7	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	9.1	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.5	27.3	2 / 7	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	31.8	2 / 7	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	15	9	4	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8		14		
Number of transfers		8		14		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 15		8 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 8		2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8		4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 8		2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 8		6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 8		7 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine, University of Colorado

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY DENVER, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susan W. Trout, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	9%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 96 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	9	13	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.6	1 / 9	2 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14.8	6 / 10	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 8		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.1	1 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.1	1 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	2 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.6	3 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	18.2	4 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	6	9	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 17	1 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	2 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 17	3 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 17	4 / 6	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	4	2	0	1	0
Number of transfers	14	3	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.7	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 14	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	4	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			9		
Number of transfers	7			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			4 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILE HOPE IVF ALBRECHT WOMEN'S CARE DENVER IVF ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce H. Albrecht, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 120 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	15	20	1	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.1	0 / 15	20.0	1 / 1	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	2.1		1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	4 / 18	30.4		0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.3	3 / 9	0 / 11		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.3	2 / 15	10.0	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	3 / 15	10.0	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0 / 15	10.0	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.4	3 / 15	20.0	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	4 / 15	30.0	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	11	12	0	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.5	2 / 11	2 / 12		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	3 / 11	2 / 12		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	0 / 11	2 / 12		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.8	3 / 11	4 / 12		0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	4 / 11	6 / 12		0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	5	7	0	0	0
Number of transfers	11	5	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	1.0	0.9		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 13	4 / 5	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	3 / 5	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	3 / 5	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 11	3 / 5	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 11	5 / 5	1 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	4	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			9		
Number of transfers	7			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8			3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			2 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertile Hope IVF, Albrecht Women's Care Denver IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Kevin E. Bachus, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	20%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				11%
				Female & male factors				18%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 82 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		21	8	7	2	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	2.6	4.5	4.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.9	7 / 16	1 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		19.0	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.4	3 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.4	5 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		21	8	7	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.0	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.4	3 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.4	5 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		14	6	5	1	0	0
Number of transfers		13	6	5	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		13.0	3.0				
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.8	1.6	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		16.0	6 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 13	4 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 13	4 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		5			10		
Number of transfers		4			10		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 8			2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 4			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 4			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 4			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4			3 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF COLORADO LITTLETON, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark R. Bush, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 938 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	20	8	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.7	5.0	0 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 17	40.9	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 10	1 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.9	35.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.6	35.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.6	40.0	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	13	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 12	5 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 12	7 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 12	7 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	8 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	189	103	57	12	14	1
Number of transfers	167	89	54	12	9	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	76.4	85.6	75.9	7 / 12	8 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	47.3	46.1	42.6	5 / 12	5 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.7	60.7	59.3	7 / 12	6 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	11.2	9.3	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	72.5	71.9	68.5	7 / 12	7 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.6	82.0	75.9	7 / 12	8 / 9	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	206	81	74	33	19	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			84		
Number of transfers	1			76		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				67.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			46.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			64.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			2.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			67.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			73.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates of Colorado

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LONE TREE, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William B. Schoolcraft, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,608 (includes 73 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	149	66	80	39	63	22
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.4	22.7	23.8	38.5	22.2	9.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.5	41.7	2 / 16	1 / 9	1 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.8	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	7.6	1.3	2.6	1.6	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	7.6	2.5	2.6	1.6	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.5	10.6	2.5	2.6	1.6	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.8	10.6	2.5	2.6	1.6	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	13	8	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.1	5 / 13	1 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.1	5 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.7	7 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.5	7 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	376	289	295	144	67	17
Number of transfers	376	289	295	144	66	17
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	69.8	67.2	67.7	57.1	51.4	9 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.8	40.8	41.7	34.7	50.0	4 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.7	50.9	49.8	40.3	51.5	4 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.4	15.6	16.9	14.6	0.0	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.9	66.4	67.1	55.6	51.5	5 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.7	77.9	76.6	63.9	63.6	8 / 17
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	386	358	417	277	144	47
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	87			212		
Number of transfers	53			212		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.0			63.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.7			27.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.3			42.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.1			18.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.3			62.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.8			70.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN FERTILITY CENTER PARKER, COLORADO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Deborah L. Smith, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 119 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	16	5	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.6	51.7	4 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.4	1 / 14	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	3 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	3 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	5 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.6	8 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	10 / 16	3 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	16	5	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.3	3 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	3 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	5 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	8 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.8	10 / 16	3 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	11	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	16	11	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.2	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	6 / 17	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 16	7 / 11	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	6	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			9		
Number of transfers	9			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 17			7 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			6 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CT FERTILITY BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Melvin Thornton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	25%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	5%	
Used gestational carrier	19%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	66%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 483 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	8	14	4	5	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	0 / 8	0 / 14	0 / 4	4 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.2	3.0	2.0	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	3 / 19	6.9	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.6	0 / 8	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.9	1 / 8	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.9	1 / 8	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	1 / 8	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.8	2 / 8	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	2 / 8	1 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	8	14	4	1	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 8	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	2 / 8	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	2 / 8	1 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	14	5	2	3	3
Number of transfers	11	12	4	2	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	1.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.3	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	15.0	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11	3 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	6	5	3	3	7
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	163			179		
Number of transfers	155			165		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.5			21.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.7			14.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3			18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.1			2.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.9			31.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: CT Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John C. Nulsen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,179 (includes 34 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	342	154	128	43	26	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.9	14.3	21.9	37.2	23.1	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.6	2.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.5	43.1	27.9	25.0	2.8	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	64.8	22.8	7.8	0 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	18.8	12.5	14.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.2	23.4	15.6	14.0	3.8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	8.4	3.1	4.7	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	31.8	18.8	18.6	3.8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	39.0	26.6	20.9	7.7	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	262	103	73	17	14	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.8	28.2	21.9	6 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.0	35.0	27.4	6 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.4	12.6	5.5	2 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.4	47.6	32.9	8 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.1	58.3	46.6	9 / 17	2 / 14	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	166	69	57	9	4	1
Number of transfers	157	60	51	6	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.3	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.4	56.0	55.3	5 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.7	45.0	37.3	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.3	50.0	43.1	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	6.7	13.7	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.8	56.7	56.9	3 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.9	66.7	74.5	4 / 6	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	38	30	29	10	8	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			21		
Number of transfers	6			19		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 8			53.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 6			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			10 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			11 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 6			14 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREENWICH FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER, PC GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry R. Witt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	34%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	32%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 366 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	20	31	13	13	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.4	10.0	25.8	5 / 13	6 / 13	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	32.0	13.3	2 / 8	1 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.0	3 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.3	25.0	9.7	1 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	25.0	12.9	1 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	5.0	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.8	30.0	12.9	1 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	50.0	16.1	1 / 13	2 / 13	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	17	18	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.1	5 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	5 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	1 / 17	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.2	6 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	10 / 17	5 / 18	1 / 4	2 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	48	26	30	6	5	0
Number of transfers	47	25	30	5	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.5	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.0	64.3	71.9	3 / 4	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.8	44.0	56.7	2 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	57.4	48.0	60.0	2 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	4.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.7	52.0	60.0	2 / 5	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.1	60.0	80.0	4 / 5	2 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	35	24	26	10	5	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			4		
Number of transfers	0			4		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				4 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				4 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

YALE FERTILITY CENTER NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Pasquale Patrizio, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	27%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 643 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		150	84	93	43	15	11
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		8.7	14.3	14.0	34.9	4 / 15	5 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.4	41.7	21.2	13.0	1 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		36.4	7.4	7.3	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.3	23.8	5.4	2.3	1 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.3	27.4	9.7	4.7	1 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		8.0	6.0	4.3	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		39.3	33.3	14.0	7.0	1 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.0	42.9	23.7	9.3	1 / 15	0 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		120	57	64	19	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.7	35.1	7.8	1 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.2	40.4	14.1	2 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0	8.8	6.3	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		49.2	49.1	20.3	3 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.5	63.2	34.4	4 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		60	19	20	6	3	1
Number of transfers		58	19	20	6	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.4	1.8	1.0	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.7	44.0	48.6	1 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.5	7 / 19	40.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.2	7 / 19	40.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.8	1 / 19	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	8 / 19	60.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.2	10 / 19	60.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		42	26	29	10	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		23			7		
Number of transfers		23			7		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		75.0			8 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.7			4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.7			5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		56.5			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		78.3			5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.6			5 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Yale Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF CONNECTICUT NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Mark P. Leondires, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	37%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,391 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	196	126	102	54	33	8
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.7	15.1	21.6	22.2	36.4	1 / 8
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.4	41.8	35.5	24.2	1 / 8	
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.3	19.1	6.5	0 / 16	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	10.3	4.9	7.4	3.0	0 / 8
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.9	11.1	7.8	7.4	3.0	0 / 8
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	7.9	3.9	1.9	0.0	0 / 8
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.7	19.0	11.8	9.3	3.0	0 / 8
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	23.0	16.7	14.8	3.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	136	57	37	19	4	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.2	22.8	13.5	4 / 19	1 / 4	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.6	24.6	21.6	4 / 19	1 / 4	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.9	17.5	10.8	1 / 19	0 / 4	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.5	42.1	32.4	5 / 19	1 / 4	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	50.9	45.9	8 / 19	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	177	130	102	33	10	1
	Number of transfers	149	112	82	30	10	1
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.1
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.9	61.5	47.9	47.4	2 / 12	1 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.9	37.5	35.4	33.3	2 / 10	1 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.0	44.6	41.5	40.0	2 / 10	1 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	13.4	2.4	3.3	0 / 10	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.1	58.9	45.1	43.3	2 / 10	1 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.8	70.5	57.3	56.7	2 / 10	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		61	66	89	32	15	11
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	40			92		
	Number of transfers	28			82		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.4		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.7			64.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9			39.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.6			47.6		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9			14.6		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	71.4			63.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0			68.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gad Lavy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	5%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	82%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 363 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	19	19	18	9	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	2 / 19	1 / 19	5 / 18	6 / 9	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.1	3.1	4.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.1	28.0	23.1	11.5	0 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 17	1 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	1 / 19	2 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	3 / 19	2 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	2 / 19	1 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.0	5 / 19	3 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.0	6 / 19	6 / 19	4 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	11	13	9	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 18	1 / 11	2 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 18	3 / 11	2 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 18	2 / 11	1 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 18	5 / 11	3 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 18	6 / 11	6 / 13	4 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	17	15	5	2	4
Number of transfers	15	15	15	5	2	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.4	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.2	26.9	41.7	3 / 9	0 / 5	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 15	3 / 15	5 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 15	3 / 15	7 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	2 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	5 / 15	8 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 15	5 / 15	9 / 15	3 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	18	14	14	13	16
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		33			68	
Number of transfers		18			67	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.3			56.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 18			31.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 18			37.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18			23.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 18			61.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 18			67.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New England Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE STAMFORD HOSPITAL STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Frances W. Ginsburg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	67%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 9 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	1	1	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	1	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0		0.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	2	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Stamford Hospital

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PARK AVENUE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrew Levi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	37%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 219 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	50	21	23	12	13	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.0	9.5	21.7	2 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	8 / 19	3 / 18	3 / 15	13.6	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7 / 18	3 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 7	1 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.0	28.6	4.3	2 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.0	33.3	4.3	2 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.0	33.3	4.3	2 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.0	38.1	13.0	2 / 12	3 / 13	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	14	10	7	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.9	6 / 14	1 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.8	7 / 14	1 / 10	2 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.8	7 / 14	1 / 10	2 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	8 / 14	3 / 10	2 / 7	3 / 9	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	12	8	1	4	1
Number of transfers	20	11	8	1	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.0	1.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0	11 / 19	4 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.0	6 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	6 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	2 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	8 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	80.0	8 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	4	6	4	3	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		19		13		
Number of transfers		10		12		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 12		1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 10		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 10		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 10		0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 10		1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 10		3 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA NEWARK, DELAWARE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey B. Russell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	99%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	43%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 31% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	42%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	11%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 317 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	15	17	9	8	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.0	2 / 15	3 / 17	0 / 9	4 / 8	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.0	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	0 / 15	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2.5	0 / 15	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2.5	1 / 15	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	2	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	32	17	0	0	0
Number of transfers	70	30	14	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.2	55.8	8 / 15			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.3	36.7	3 / 14			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	36.7	4 / 14			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	13.3	1 / 14			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.6	50.0	5 / 14			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	66.7	9 / 14			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	22	9	6	5	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			31		
Number of transfers	0			27		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				51.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				40.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				7.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				48.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				55.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE NEWARK, DELAWARE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ronald F. Feinberg, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	44%	Uterine factor	68%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 51% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	45%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 645 (includes 19 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	30	30	11	7	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.8	20.0	60.0	6 / 11	5 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	72.2	14 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	100.0	11 / 14	2 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.6	23.3	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.6	30.0	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	6.7	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.6	36.7	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.2	40.0	6.7	0 / 11	1 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	15	4	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	58.2	7 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	67.3	9 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.3	11 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.7	12 / 15	2 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	149	76	53	15	2	4
Number of transfers	143	70	45	11	2	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.6	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.4	64.1	52.1	4 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.3	40.0	37.8	3 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	57.3	44.3	46.7	3 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.5	2.9	2.2	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.8	47.1	48.9	3 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.5	64.3	55.6	4 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	34	29	18	5	11	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		16		53		
Number of transfers		4		51		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4		46.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4		25.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4		0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 4		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 4		52.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Associates of Delaware

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA FERTILITY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Safa Rifka, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	4%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	41%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 816 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	63	80	72	36	32
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.7	9.5	16.3	16.7	22.2	12.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	19.1	12.9	7.9	13.0	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.0	16.3	4.0	5.1	0 / 15	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.0	17.5	12.5	8.3	11.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.6	17.5	15.0	8.3	13.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	4.8	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.1	22.2	16.3	9.7	13.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.7	23.8	18.8	11.1	16.7	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	51	57	47	23	19
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	21.6	17.5	12.8	17.4	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	21.6	21.1	12.8	21.7	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	5.9	1.8	2.1	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.0	27.5	22.8	14.9	21.7	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.0	29.4	26.3	17.0	26.1	0 / 19
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	57	53	14	15	9
Number of transfers	48	45	45	11	11	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	39.1	39.7	4 / 16	1 / 16	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	28.9	31.1	3 / 11	1 / 11	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	33.3	35.6	4 / 11	1 / 11	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	2.2	2.2	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.7	35.6	40.0	4 / 11	1 / 11	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	46.7	42.2	4 / 11	1 / 11	2 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	48	51	10	19	15
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6		55		
Number of transfers		4		52		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 8		36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4		30.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 4		40.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4		3.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 4		44.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4		55.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Columbia Fertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEDICAL FACULTY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David Frankfurter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	57%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 435 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	36	56	24	8	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.9	19.4	19.6	37.5	1 / 8	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.0	3.1	2.7	4.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.2	14.3	15.6	18.2	0 / 8	1 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7 / 13	2 / 11	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.8	8.3	1.8	0.0	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.8	8.3	3.6	4.2	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	1.8	4.2	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	10.8	8.3	5.4	8.3	0 / 8	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	10.8	8.3	8.9	8.3	0 / 8	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	12	22	7	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	3 / 12	4.5	0 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16	3 / 12	9.1	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 12	4.5	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 16	3 / 12	13.6	2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 16	3 / 12	22.7	2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	33	47	12	10	2
Number of transfers	35	31	43	10	8	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.8	4.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	47.4	33.9	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	41.9	27.9	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.9	45.2	32.6	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3.2	4.7	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	48.4	37.2	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	54.8	46.5	2 / 10	0 / 8	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	21	37	4	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6		19		
Number of transfers		3		16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3		1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4		6 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3		3 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3		5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		0 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3		5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3		6 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: George Washington University Medical Faculty Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JAMES A. SIMON, MD, PC WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James A. Simon, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	33%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	67%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0		1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: James A. Simon, MD, PC

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOCAFERTILITY BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Maurice (Moshe) R. Peress, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 153 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	19	18	6	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.8	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.2	15.4	5.0	3 / 7	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.4	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.3	3 / 19	1 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.3	4 / 19	1 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	0 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.0	4 / 19	1 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.0	4 / 19	1 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	15	13	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	3 / 15	1 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.0	4 / 15	1 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	24.0	4 / 15	1 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.0	4 / 15	1 / 13	3 / 4	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	8	7	3	0	0
Number of transfers	9	7	6	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 15	4 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	3	4	6	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			8		
Number of transfers	14			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.6			8 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9 / 14			4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 14			5 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 14			6 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 14			7 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: BocaFertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark S. Denker, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 52%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	58%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 142 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	8	11	5	2	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	20.0	2 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.5	2.3	2.0	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.9	5 / 9	6 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	1 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.0	1 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	2 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.0	3 / 8	4 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.0	3 / 8	4 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	5	10	3	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 15	2 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 15	3 / 5	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 15	3 / 5	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	2	1	4	1	0
Number of transfers	12	2	1	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.1	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 19	1 / 3	1 / 2	3 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	1 / 2	1 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	9	7	3	7	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			20		
Number of transfers	9			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 17			23.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			2 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			2 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9			5 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9			5 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

POLCZ FERTILITY CENTER BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Tibor E. Polcz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	43%	Tubal factor	43%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	7%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 21 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	6	2	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.7	2.5	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 8	6 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	4 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 4	4 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	6	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	4 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 4	4 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			1		
Number of transfers	5			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 11			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Polcz Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FLORIDA FERTILITY INSTITUTE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark D. Sanchez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	5%	PGD/PGS	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 292 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	54	40	28	7	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	14.9	5.6	17.5	14.3	1 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	15.9	18.2	8.1	1 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.7	2.4	4.2	0 / 18	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	11.1	10.0	10.7	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	13.0	20.0	10.7	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.4	18.5	20.0	10.7	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.3	24.1	22.5	25.0	2 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	47	46	28	21	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	13.0	14.3	14.3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	15.2	28.6	14.3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	6.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.2	21.7	28.6	14.3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.7	28.3	32.1	33.3	2 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	8	13	1	1	2
Number of transfers	28	7	13	1	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.4	2.2	0.3		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	4 / 14	25.0	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.7	1 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.9	2 / 7	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	1 / 7	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.3	3 / 7	4 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	3 / 7	6 / 13	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	2	3	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			17		
Number of transfers	9			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 14			40.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9			2 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9			4 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 9			7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 9			9 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Florida Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA FERTILITY CENTER, PA FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jacob L. Glock, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 55 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	8	7	6	1	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.3	3.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	7 / 19	4 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0	2 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.4	5 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4	5 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	8	7	6	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0	2 / 8	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	5 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4	5 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	0	1	1
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4				0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2				0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2				0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2				0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2				0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2				0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			0		
Number of transfers	4			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 8					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PA EMBRYO DONATION INTERNATIONAL, PL FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Craig R. Sweet, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 128 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	13	15	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.5	0 / 13	1 / 15	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.9	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.2	38.5	8.6	2 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.2	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	4 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.0	4 / 13	0 / 15	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	3 / 13	0 / 15	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.0	7 / 13	0 / 15	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.5	8 / 13	4 / 15	2 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	12	13	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	4 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	4 / 12	0 / 13	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	3 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.8	7 / 12	0 / 13	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.3	8 / 12	4 / 13	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	1	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	8	1	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.3	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	4.0	2.0	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.8	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	3	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			27		
Number of transfers	9			26		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 14			25.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			19.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			19.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			11.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9			34.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			42.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PA,
Embryo Donation International, PL

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UF HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AT SPRINGHILL GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Alice Rhoton-Vlasak, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	35%	
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 110 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	13	8	2	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	22.5	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.1	2.5	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.7	14.3	15.0	0 / 4	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	36.4	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	7.5	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.0	2 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	15.0	2 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	10	8	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.3	1 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	1 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	2 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	2 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	6	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	17	6	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	6.0	0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	3.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	5 / 10		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 17	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 17	3 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 17	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17	4 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			5		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 8			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 5			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 5			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UF Health Reproductive Medicine at Springhill

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ASSISTED FERTILITY PROGRAM JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marwan M. Shaykh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 80 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	4	7	3	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0/4	0/7	0/3	0/1	0/2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	2.0	3.3	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/13	1/11	1/9	0/10	2/3	0/3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0/6	0/4	0/4	0/3	0/1	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0/4	0/7	0/3	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	1/4	0/7	0/3	1/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0/4	0/7	0/3	0/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0.0	1/4	0/7	0/3	1/1	0/2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8.0	1/4	2/7	0/3	1/1	0/2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	4	5	3	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/6	0/4	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/6	1/4	0/5	0/3	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/6	0/4	0/5	0/3	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/6	1/4	0/5	0/3	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2/6	1/4	2/5	0/3	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	1	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	29	1	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	4.0	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11.5	0/4	1/5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.3	0/1	1/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.8	0/1	1/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0/1	0/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	13.8	0/1	1/3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.1	0/1	1/3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			2	
Number of transfers		3			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5/5			3/4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1/3			0/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1/3			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2/3			1/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3/3			2/2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3/3			2/2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Assisted Fertility Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BROWN FERTILITY JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel E. Brown, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	>99%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 516 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	138	53	46	14	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	2.0	2.0	2.2	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.3	42.5	24.7	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.8	7.1	2.6	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	22.6	13.0	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	26.4	21.7	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	15.1	4.3	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.1	41.5	26.1	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.3	54.7	39.1	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	116	48	41	10	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	25.0	14.6	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.4	29.2	24.4	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	16.7	4.9	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.6	45.8	29.3	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.6	60.4	43.9	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	95	44	34	7	5	1
Number of transfers	95	44	34	7	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	3.7	3.8	2.3	5.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.9	13.8	10.8	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	9.1	2.9	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	18.2	2.9	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	2.3	2.9	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.5	20.5	5.9	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.4	29.5	20.6	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		33			42	
Number of transfers		30			42	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.4			20.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.7			19.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0			2.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.7			21.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.3			35.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brown Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin L. Winslow, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 945 (includes 38 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	158	66	44	16	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	0.0	2.3	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.7	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	20.5	27.3	17.4	2 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.8	16.2	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.9	15.2	13.6	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.1	18.2	13.6	1 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	0.0	2.3	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.8	18.2	15.9	2 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	18.4	19.7	25.0	3 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	39	25	10	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	25.6	24.0	1 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.4	30.8	24.0	1 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	0.0	4.0	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.7	30.8	28.0	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.0	33.3	44.0	3 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	228	105	63	21	5	2
Number of transfers	225	101	62	21	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.6	1.6	2.3	0.5	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	38.1	34.0	32.4	1 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.3	25.7	27.4	19.0	1 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	30.7	33.9	19.0	1 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	8.9	8.1	4.8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.3	39.6	41.9	23.8	1 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	51.5	48.4	38.1	2 / 5	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	32	19	6	8	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12		74		
Number of transfers		10		72		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 16		36.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 10		18.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 10		26.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 10		4.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 10		30.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 10		51.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JACKSONVILLE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	12%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	30%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 309 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	36	31	9	3	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	5.6	22.6	4 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.4	3.0		1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8	43.2	35.0	0 / 9		0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7.4	18.2	2 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.5	25.0	12.9	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.7	27.8	12.9	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	11.1	3.2	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.6	38.9	16.1	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.8	38.9	19.4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	26	14	3	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	34.6	4 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	38.5	4 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	15.4	1 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	53.8	5 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.5	53.8	6 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	25	15	7	2	4
Number of transfers	47	23	14	7	2	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.4	1.4	0.8	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.9	17.1	3 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 3	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.9	8.7	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.4	8.7	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	4.3	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.9	13.0	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	26.1	4 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	5	5	4	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		13			16	
Number of transfers		10			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 19			27.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 10			2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 10			3 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 10			0 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10			3 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 10			5 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUTZ, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Stephen W. Welden, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	39%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	15%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				8%
				Female & male factors				23%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 13 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		3	5	1	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.3	2.0		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		3	4	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval			0.7				
Average number of embryos transferred			3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1		
Number of transfers		0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	No	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF ORLANDO MAITLAND, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Milton McNichol, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 39% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	35%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 58 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	7	4	2	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.7	5.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.8	4 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 10		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	3 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 14	3 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	6	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	4	0	0	1	0
Number of transfers	10	3	0	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.0	0.0		1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0			5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	1 / 6			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 10	1 / 3			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 10	1 / 3			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 3			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 10	1 / 3			0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10	1 / 3			0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	3	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			2		
Number of transfers	5			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Fertility Center of Orlando

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF FLORIDA REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES MARGATE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David I. Hoffman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,290 (includes 90 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	221	132	131	91	29	14
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.9	12.1	14.5	25.3	37.9	2 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.7	3.3	2.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.3	23.5	19.2	4.5	2.2	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	36.0	13.8	3.6	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.2	17.4	12.2	3.3	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	22.7	13.7	4.4	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	3.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	25.8	19.8	4.4	0.0	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.6	29.5	23.7	9.9	3.4	0 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	167	100	96	52	14	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	23.0	16.7	5.8	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	30.0	18.8	7.7	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.4	4.0	8.3	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.9	34.0	27.1	7.7	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.7	39.0	32.3	17.3	1 / 14	0 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	170	74	46	28	16	2
Number of transfers	161	70	44	27	10	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8	36.7	26.7	25.0	4 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	34.3	20.5	29.6	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.2	37.1	20.5	37.0	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	5.7	2.3	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.7	42.9	22.7	37.0	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.9	48.6	40.9	51.9	5 / 10	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	48	28	46	30	19	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			41	
Number of transfers		21			38	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.0			31.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.3			26.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.8			31.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		28.6			31.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.9			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Florida Reproductive Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VIERA FERTILITY CENTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER FOR WOMEN MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Diran Chamoun, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 73 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	8	11	4	4	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.6	0 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.5	2 / 10	3 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.2	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	1 / 8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	2 / 8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7	0 / 8	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.7	2 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	3 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	6	9	4	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	1 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	2 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	0 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	2 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.9	3 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.7		0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 7	0 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Viera Fertility Center, Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center for Women

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONCEPTIONS FLORIDA: CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GENETICS MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Armando E. Hernandez-Rey, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	26%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 154 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		40	23	13	8	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		10.0	8.7	6 / 13	1 / 8	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.9	3 / 15	2 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5.0	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.5	4.3	0 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.0	4.3	0 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.5	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		22.5	4.3	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		30.0	8.7	2 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		22	8	5	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.8	1 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.4	1 / 8	0 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.5	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.9	1 / 8	1 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.5	2 / 8	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		15	6	6	4	2	0
Number of transfers		14	6	6	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.5	1.7	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.0	1 / 7	6 / 10	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 14	1 / 6	3 / 6	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 14	1 / 6	4 / 6	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 14	1 / 6	5 / 6	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 14	2 / 6	5 / 6	2 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		5	1	5	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		17			4		
Number of transfers		16			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.8			4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 16			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 16			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 16			3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility and Genetics					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI, INC. MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael H. Jacobs, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	57%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 674 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	27	40	28	20	9
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.5	7.4	22.5	21.4	25.0	4 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	13.3	22.0	15.4	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.1	1 / 16	0 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	11.1	5.0	3.6	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	11.1	7.5	3.6	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.9	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.3	11.1	10.0	7.1	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.9	14.8	15.0	7.1	10.0	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	17	20	11	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	3 / 17	10.0	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	3 / 17	15.0	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	0 / 17	5.0	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.0	3 / 17	20.0	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	4 / 17	30.0	2 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	93	76	45	18	13	12
Number of transfers	90	72	45	18	12	12
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.4	49.2	34.8	50.0	50.0	27.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	31.9	26.7	7 / 18	4 / 12	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	37.5	37.8	9 / 18	5 / 12	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	13.9	0.0	1 / 18	2 / 12	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	51.4	37.8	10 / 18	7 / 12	3 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	59.7	46.7	11 / 18	8 / 12	4 / 12
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	54	52	48	25	12	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15			15	
Number of transfers		12			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7			56.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 12			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 12			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12			4 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 12			9 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 12			10 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI INFERTILITY CENTER MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George R. Attia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 203 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	31	36	19	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.0	6.5	22.2	1 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.4	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.7	35.6	16.3	12.9	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.1	13.6	4.8	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	19.4	11.1	1 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	22.6	16.7	2 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	12.9	0.0	1 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.7	35.5	16.7	3 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.8	41.9	22.2	3 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	25	22	13	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	24.0	18.2	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	28.0	27.3	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	16.0	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.9	44.0	27.3	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5	52.0	36.4	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	4	4	2	0	0
Number of transfers	13	4	3	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.5	3 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 13	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	6	3	6	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			6		
Number of transfers	3			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Miami Infertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall A. Loy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,183 (includes 84 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	187	100	73	31	15	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.4	17.0	21.9	25.8	7 / 15	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.6	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	33.3	15.2	9.5	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.5	3 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.6	6.0	2.7	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.2	6.0	4.1	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	2.0	0.0	3.2	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	14.4	8.0	4.1	3.2	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	16.0	9.0	6.8	3.2	0 / 15	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	48	21	21	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	28.6	9.5	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.8	28.6	14.3	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	9.5	0.0	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	38.1	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	42.9	23.8	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	198	129	73	38	10	3
Number of transfers	174	110	56	32	8	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.6	43.3	33.3	38.5	3 / 13	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.1	34.5	23.2	28.1	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.1	36.4	30.4	34.4	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.6	6.4	5.4	6.3	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.3	42.7	35.7	40.6	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.6	55.5	46.4	53.1	3 / 8	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	42	41	42	29	6	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8		68		
Number of transfers		1		56		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1		38.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1		26.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1		35.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		5.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1		41.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1		50.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Fernando L. Gomez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	39%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 44% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	74%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	Other factor	54%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 47 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	4	10	3	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 3	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.7	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	1 / 4	1 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	2	6	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	0.0		1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 4		1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			2		
Number of transfers	5			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW LEADERS IN FERTILITY & ENDOCRINOLOGY, LLC PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry A. Ripps, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 256 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	124	41	36	5	4	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.1	2.4	11.1	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	41.3	42.9	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	28.6	10.0	0 / 18	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	26.8	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.6	29.3	13.9	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	7.3	13.9	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.9	36.6	27.8	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	39.0	44.4	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	98	26	25	2	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	42.3	12.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.7	46.2	20.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	11.5	20.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.0	57.7	40.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	61.5	64.0	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	18	6	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	3.0	0.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.2	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	3 / 7	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 18	2 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 18	3 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 18	3 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 18	3 / 6	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New Leaders in Fertility & Endocrinology, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & GENETICS PLANTATION, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mick Abaé, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	36%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 57%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 217 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	22	29	21	3	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	13.6	24.1	23.8	1 / 3	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	3 / 16	24.1	3 / 15	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	9.1	3.4	4.8	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	9.1	3.4	9.5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	0.0	3.4	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	9.1	6.9	9.5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.9	13.6	20.7	14.3	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	14	11	16	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	0 / 11	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 14	2 / 11	2 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 14	3 / 11	6 / 16	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	17	5	1	0	1
Number of transfers	30	16	5	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.8	0.7	1.0		1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.1	34.6	2 / 10	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	6 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.3	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.7	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	6 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	9 / 16	2 / 5	1 / 1		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	4	5	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		39			7	
Number of transfers		26			7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.9			2 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		11.5			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.9			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.4			0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		42.3			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.4			2 / 7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & Genetics

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER & APPLIED GENETICS OF FLORIDA SARASOTA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	61%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 168 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	2	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	22	6	4	0	1
Number of transfers	25	20	6	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.4	70.0	6 / 8	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	52.0	50.0	3 / 6	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.0	60.0	4 / 6	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.0	60.0	5 / 6	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	75.0	5 / 6	1 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	32	25	16	12	4	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			10	
Number of transfers		0			9	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					4 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					4 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of Florida

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SOUTH MIAMI, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Juergen Eisermann, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,285 (includes 79 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	255	141	143	72	19	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.6	9.2	14.0	26.4	3 / 19	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.7	41.5	35.4	24.6	1 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	30.0	12.6	6.5	3.1	0 / 7	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	22.7	13.3	11.1	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	29.1	15.4	13.9	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	9.2	8.4	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	38.3	23.8	13.9	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.9	45.4	31.5	25.0	1 / 19	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	178	107	89	42	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	29.9	21.3	19.0	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.3	38.3	24.7	23.8	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.7	12.1	13.5	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.0	50.5	38.2	23.8	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	59.8	50.6	42.9	1 / 8	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	141	75	74	24	17	2
Number of transfers	140	72	69	24	16	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.7	1.6	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.7	53.1	40.6	47.4	30.4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.9	41.7	30.4	20.8	1 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.7	45.8	36.2	41.7	2 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	8.3	7.2	8.3	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.7	54.2	43.5	50.0	2 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.7	70.8	59.4	66.7	7 / 16	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	52	51	51	10	5	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	30			34		
Number of transfers	24			32		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.2			43.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.8			28.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0			40.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.8			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	70.8			40.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	83.3			59.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH ASSOCIATES, PA
CATHERINE L. COWART, MD, FACOG
TAMPA, FLORIDA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Catherine L. Cowart, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 40 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	6	5	6	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4 / 12	2 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 6	2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.8	3.0	3.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 6	4.5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	4	2	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	0	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 9		0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5		0 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Associates, PA, Catherine L. Cowart, MD, FACOG

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE GROUP TAMPA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Timothy Yeko, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	47%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 814 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	33	28	9	5	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.1	21.2	25.0	6 / 9	3 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.0	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	30.8	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	37.7	2 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	15.2	3.6	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.7	15.2	7.1	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	3.0	3.6	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.1	18.2	10.7	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	27.3	21.4	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	17	12	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.5	5 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	5 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	1 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	6 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	9 / 17	6 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	118	96	39	12	6	1
Number of transfers	113	91	39	12	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	69.6	54.0	44.7	8 / 11	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.6	37.4	35.9	5 / 12	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.3	41.8	38.5	7 / 12	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	4.4	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.8	46.2	38.5	7 / 12	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.6	56.0	53.8	10 / 12	1 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	77	71	70	38	18	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		44		47		
Number of transfers		33		45		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		46.9		52.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.4		35.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.5		44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1		6.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.5		51.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.6		57.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Reproductive Medicine Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA IVF TAMPA, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shayne Plosker, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 306 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	23	45	19	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.3	4.3	11.1	5 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.8	2.2	3.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.2	20.5	16.2	6.5	0 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.8	2 / 19	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.7	21.7	8.9	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	21.7	11.1	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	8.7	4.4	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.1	30.4	15.6	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	30.4	24.4	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	69	21	36	14	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.5	23.8	11.1	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	23.8	13.9	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	9.5	5.6	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.1	33.3	19.4	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	33.3	30.6	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	11	13	3	0	3
Number of transfers	35	9	10	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	1.2	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	12 / 18	3 / 12	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.3	5 / 9	1 / 10	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.7	5 / 9	1 / 10	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	3 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	8 / 9	2 / 10	2 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	8 / 9	2 / 10	2 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	5	4	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14		15		
Number of transfers		14		13		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.6		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 14		1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 14		2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 14		3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 14		5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 14		5 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Florida IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

F.I.R.S.T.
FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGIES
WESTON, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Minna R. Selub, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	17%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	72%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 37 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	4	4	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			0 / 1	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 4	0 / 4	1 / 4			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		4	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval							0.0
Average number of embryos transferred			2.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		21			1		
Number of transfers		18			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		18.4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 18			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 18			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 18			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 18			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: F.I.R.S.T., Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences and Technologies					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS, LLC WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	25%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 31 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	4	4	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 9	1 / 2	2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	5	1	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 6	2 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	1 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			1		
Number of transfers	2			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Specialists, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CARE (CENTER OF ASSISTED REPRODUCTION & ENDOCRINOLOGY) WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Mark P. Trolice, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 248 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		50	20	12	6	1	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		2.0	0.0	0 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.8	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.8	1 / 12	5 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		4 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		16.0	5.0	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		16.0	5.0	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		16.0	5.0	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		16.0	10.0	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		17	8	6	3	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 17	1 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 17	1 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 17	0 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 17	1 / 8	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 17	2 / 8	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		49	34	19	3	0	0
Number of transfers		47	28	18	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.4	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.6	1.8	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.1	48.9	37.9	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		46.8	32.1	2 / 18	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.8	39.3	2 / 18	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	10.7	2 / 18	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.1	50.0	4 / 18	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.6	71.4	11 / 18	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		9	9	8	4	1	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			6		
Number of transfers		6			6		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 6			4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			5 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Fertility CARE (Center of Assisted Reproduction & Endocrinology)					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James P. Toner, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,107 (includes 101 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	228	93	60	35	12	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.6	9.7	18.3	20.0	3 / 12	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.6	26.1	34.9	2 / 19	0 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	70.0	39.5	9.5	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.9	18.3	11.7	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	20.4	13.3	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	0.0	3.3	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.8	20.4	16.7	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	23.7	23.3	5.7	0 / 12	1 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	174	66	27	9	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.1	25.8	25.9	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	28.8	29.6	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	0.0	7.4	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.4	28.8	37.0	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.9	33.3	51.9	2 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	175	93	56	13	1	1
Number of transfers	165	91	52	13	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	39.8	48.3	9 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	31.9	38.5	6 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.6	37.4	48.1	7 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	1.1	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.8	38.5	48.1	7 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	45.1	55.8	9 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	56	52	55	12	4	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			48		
Number of transfers	7			45		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8			44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			31.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			2.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7			35.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7			48.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EMORY REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jessica B. Spencer, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	39%	Female factors only	23%
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	4%	Female & male factors	31%
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	9%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 424 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		97	60	49	18	8	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		7.2	10.0	8.2	5 / 18	1 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.7	3.2	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.3	31.5	24.1	21.9	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		18.4	14.9	2.6	0 / 7	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.9	21.7	22.4	1 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.1	23.3	30.6	2 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.3	6.7	4.1	0 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		49.5	30.0	34.7	2 / 18	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.7	36.7	44.9	5 / 18	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		83	48	41	10	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.7	27.1	26.8	1 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.4	29.2	36.6	2 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.3	8.3	4.9	0 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.8	37.5	41.5	2 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.5	45.8	53.7	5 / 10	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		45	29	20	6	3	0
Number of transfers		38	22	17	6	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.9	1.9	2.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.1	48.7	40.0	3 / 16	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		52.6	45.5	5 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		63.2	54.5	5 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.9	4.5	1 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		76.3	59.1	6 / 17	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.9	68.2	9 / 17	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		16	15	12	5	11	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			10		
Number of transfers		11			8		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 15			9 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 11			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11			5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 11			6 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 11			6 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Emory Reproductive Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEORGIA REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS, LLC ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark Perloe, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 28% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 498 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	38	28	21	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.6	13.2	10.7	9.5	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.3	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.2	28.0	9.1	3.1	2 / 15	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.0	11.5	4.3	0 / 13	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	18.4	17.9	4.8	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.5	18.4	17.9	4.8	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	7.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.0	26.3	17.9	4.8	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.9	34.2	21.4	4.8	1 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	29	23	14	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.2	24.1	21.7	1 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.7	24.1	21.7	1 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	10.3	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.6	34.5	21.7	1 / 14	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.3	44.8	26.1	1 / 14	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	59	46	19	5	5
Number of transfers	84	56	42	15	5	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.2	45.7	31.8	8 / 18	1 / 5	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.5	33.9	26.2	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	39.3	33.3	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	3.6	4.8	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.4	42.9	38.1	6 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.5	57.1	47.6	8 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	30	21	17	7	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14		24		
Number of transfers		10		22		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 15		28.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 10		18.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 10		22.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 10		9.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10		31.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 10		40.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Larisa Gavrilova-Jordan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	33%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 57 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	4	6	4	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 4		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.3	1.8	3.3		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.6	3 / 9	2 / 7	2 / 13		0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.9	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.0	0 / 4	0 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.0	1 / 4	1 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	60.0	2 / 4	1 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	2 / 4	2 / 6	2 / 4		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	4	4	4	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.5	0 / 4	0 / 4	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	56.5	1 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.2	2 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.9	2 / 4	2 / 4	2 / 4		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	3	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	3.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	5 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	3 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	3 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SERVY MASSEY FERTILITY INSTITUTE
SERVY INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edouard Servy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 367 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	55	43	14	9	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.0	18.2	18.6	4 / 14	0 / 9	3 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.8	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.8	29.2	17.3	3 / 18	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.0	10.8	8.0	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.9	12.7	11.6	2 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.5	14.5	11.6	2 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	9.1	2.3	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.1	23.6	14.0	2 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.8	30.9	23.3	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	71	41	28	10	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.7	17.1	17.9	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.4	19.5	17.9	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	12.2	3.6	0 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.4	31.7	21.4	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	41.5	35.7	3 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	18	15	7	6	1
Number of transfers	40	18	15	6	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.6	1.3	1.5	2.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	42.9	23.1	6 / 13	0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.5	2 / 18	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.5	4 / 18	2 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	3 / 18	0 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.5	7 / 18	2 / 15	3 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.5	10 / 18	6 / 15	4 / 6	0 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	0	3	2	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		19			26	
Number of transfers		17			26	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9.1			14.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 17			11.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 17			15.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 17			3.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 17			19.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 17			23.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Servy Massey Fertility Institute, Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBUS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY, LLC COLUMBUS, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Prakash J. Thirupathi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 37% Female & male factors 39%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	73%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 109 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	11	6	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.2	1 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.2	3.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.4	2 / 18	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.6	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.4	0 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	1 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.2	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.8	1 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	2 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	8	5	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.6	0 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	1 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.3	1 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.1	2 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	6	0	3	0	0
Number of transfers	16	5	0	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.3	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0		2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.3	2 / 5		1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 16	1 / 5		0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 5		1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	0 / 5		0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 16	2 / 5		1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 16	4 / 5		1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			5		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8			5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			5 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES SANDY SPRINGS, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel Shapiro, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,834 (includes 191 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	224	97	92	33	25	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.0	9.3	12.0	12.1	12.0	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.5	2.2	3.3	2.6	4.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	32.1	11.3	10.0	5.7	0 / 14
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	76.9	52.6	12.5	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.2	8.2	6.5	3.0	8.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.5	10.3	7.6	6.1	8.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.8	12.4	7.6	6.1	8.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.3	19.6	9.8	9.1	12.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	101	40	33	8	15	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	20.0	18.2	1 / 8	2 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.6	25.0	21.2	2 / 8	2 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	2.5	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.6	30.0	21.2	2 / 8	2 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	47.5	27.3	3 / 8	3 / 15	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	270	195	144	52	17	9
Number of transfers	268	192	143	50	17	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	52.9	34.5	28.8	32.1	4 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.6	35.9	25.9	32.0	6 / 17	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.9	40.6	35.0	34.0	7 / 17	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	7.3	4.2	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.1	48.4	39.2	34.0	7 / 17	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	64.1	49.7	50.0	10 / 17	4 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	78	64	73	37	12	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			208		
Number of transfers	0			205		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				47.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				33.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				41.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				2.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				43.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				55.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Biology Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE GEORGIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Patrick L. Blohm, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 163 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		69	25	7	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	8.0	0 / 7	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.0	32.6	9 / 14	3 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		6.6	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.0	36.0	3 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.2	48.0	3 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		27.5	4.0	2 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		63.8	52.0	5 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.0	56.0	5 / 7	3 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		66	23	7	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.3	39.1	3 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.9	52.2	3 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		28.8	4.3	2 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7	56.5	5 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.2	60.9	5 / 7	3 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		24	6	7	1	0	3
Number of transfers		24	6	7	1	0	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		3.0	1.5	3.5	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.5	1.4	1.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7	0 / 9	4 / 10	0 / 1		0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.2	0 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	0 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.8	0 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.2	0 / 6	4 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		13			2		
Number of transfers		13			2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		76.0			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 13			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 13			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 13			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 13			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 13			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER OF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher T. Huang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 1% Female & male factors 42%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	86%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 207 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	14	22	13	10	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.8	0 / 14	0.0	1 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			1 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	15	24	13	9	2
Number of transfers	23	12	22	11	6	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.9	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	41.7	28.3	20.8	2 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	47.8	3 / 12	13.6	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.2	3 / 12	18.2	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	1 / 12	18.2	2 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.5	5 / 12	36.4	3 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	6 / 12	40.9	3 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	4	4	3	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			3		9	
Number of transfers			1		7	
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			1 / 2		4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 1		3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 1		3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1		0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 1		3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 1		4 / 7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & GYNECOLOGY OF HAWAII, INC. HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John L. Frattarelli, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	79%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	5%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				1%
				Female & male factors				54%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 417 (includes 22 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	10	24	10	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 19	3 / 10	8.3	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	5 / 11	22.0	8.7	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	2 / 10	8.3	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	3 / 10	8.3	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 19	1 / 10	8.3	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9 / 19	4 / 10	16.7	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 19	4 / 10	33.3	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	7	22	10	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	2 / 7	9.1	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 17	3 / 7	9.1	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	1 / 7	9.1	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17	4 / 7	18.2	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 17	4 / 7	36.4	2 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	33	33	11	11	2
Number of transfers	66	33	32	11	11	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.6	1.8	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.0	60.0	44.7	3 / 15	5 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	33.3	31.3	2 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.4	33.3	40.6	2 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	21.2	6.3	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	54.5	46.9	2 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	63.6	59.4	4 / 11	6 / 11	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	61	30	31	17	6	6
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			18		
Number of transfers	0			16		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				57.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				7 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				11 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				12 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				13 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology of Hawaii, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Benton HH Chun, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 59%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	71%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	45%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 196 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	16	32	20	8	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.0	1 / 16	18.8	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.5	3.0	2.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.9	12 / 19	30.0	14.9	1 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	51.6	2 / 12	5.0	1 / 12	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	3 / 16	21.9	10.0	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5	6 / 16	21.9	15.0	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	2 / 16	12.5	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.5	8 / 16	34.4	20.0	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	11 / 16	37.5	35.0	1 / 8	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	12	21	16	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.4	3 / 12	33.3	2 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.4	6 / 12	33.3	3 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	2 / 12	19.0	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.3	8 / 12	52.4	4 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	80.6	11 / 12	57.1	7 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	9	8	4	4	0
Number of transfers	17	8	6	4	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.7	0.5	1.3		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.8	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	6 / 12	6 / 11	0 / 11	2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	2 / 8	3 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 17	3 / 8	3 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 17	4 / 8	4 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17	5 / 8	5 / 6	0 / 4	2 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	0	10	2	0	4
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			13		
Number of transfers	0			11		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				5 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Hawaii

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC IN VITRO FERTILIZATION INSTITUTE HONOLULU, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Thomas S. Kosasa, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	35%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 485 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	36	45	31	11	10
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.6	8.3	11.1	9.7	0 / 11	1 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.7	2.8	3.2	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.6	15.2	17.9	5.6	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	0.0	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.0	16.7	8.9	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	7.0	19.4	11.1	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.3	0.0	8.9	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	16.3	19.4	20.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.9	25.0	22.2	12.9	0 / 11	1 / 10
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	24	29	20	10	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	25.0	13.8	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.3	29.2	17.2	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.0	0.0	13.8	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	29.2	31.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	37.5	34.5	20.0	0 / 10	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	26	29	10	4	3
Number of transfers	29	20	27	9	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.1	2.0	1.9	2.3	4.0	1.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.9	2.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.6	32.5	38.2	7.7	5 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	30.0	22.2	1 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	30.0	29.6	1 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.1	15.0	18.5	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.7	45.0	48.1	1 / 9	3 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.2	50.0	59.3	1 / 9	4 / 4	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	5	1	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	74			113		
Number of transfers	68			106		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0			22.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.9			31.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.1			12.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.9			43.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4			45.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER IVF INSTITUTE TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE Data verified by Nia Middleton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	29%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c Total number of cycles^d: 112 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	18	12	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	3 / 18	2 / 12	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	48.0	3 / 14			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.2	0 / 13	0 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.9	2 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.3	6 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	24.1	3 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.5	9 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.9	10 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	13	6	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.0	2 / 13	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.0	6 / 13	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.0	3 / 13	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	9 / 13	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	10 / 13	2 / 6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	5	12	2	3	0
Number of transfers	12	3	8	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	2.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 9		1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	1 / 3	2 / 8	1 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE Current Name: Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IDAHO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOISE, IDAHO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Cristin C. Slater, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 480 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	41	15	6	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	19.5	3 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 5	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.3	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	40.5	2 / 11	2 / 5	1 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.5	2 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.6	14.6	1 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.8	17.1	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	4.9	0 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.2	22.0	2 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.9	36.6	2 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	65	24	5	4	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	25.0	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	29.2	2 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.5	8.3	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.2	37.5	2 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	62.5	2 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	35	17	4	0	0
Number of transfers	57	33	17	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.4	35.8	20.7	6 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.8	33.3	1 / 17	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.6	36.4	1 / 17	3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	9.1	0 / 17	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.6	45.5	1 / 17	3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.6	54.5	6 / 17	4 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	8	21	8	2	8
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	58			85		
Number of transfers	51			78		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.3			42.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.2			39.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	33.3			11.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	74.5			51.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.4			61.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RUSH-COPLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AURORA, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Zvi Binor, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	42%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 129 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	20	16	3	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.7	15.0	6 / 16	2 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.1	3.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.1	16.1	2 / 15	1 / 3		0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.8	10.0	0 / 16	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.9	10.0	2 / 16	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	5.0	0 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.8	15.0	2 / 16	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.2	25.0	2 / 16	1 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	58	17	7	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.9	2 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	2 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.4	3 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.6	5 / 17	2 / 7	1 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	12	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.0	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 12	0 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			3		
Number of transfers	3			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 7			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS-RIVER NORTH IVF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher Sipe, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,159 (includes 79 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	620	366	296	129	79	18
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.9	16.7	21.6	19.4	30.4	6 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5	33.6	21.4	12.8	11.5	0 / 19
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	54.9	26.4	6.4	3.4	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	20.8	13.5	4.7	3.8	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	22.4	14.5	6.2	3.8	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	5.5	3.0	2.3	1.3	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.0	27.9	17.6	8.5	5.1	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.8	33.6	24.0	13.2	13.9	0 / 18
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	435	250	182	72	34	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	30.4	22.0	8.3	8.8	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.2	32.8	23.6	11.1	8.8	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	8.0	4.9	4.2	2.9	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.9	40.8	28.6	15.3	11.8	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.8	49.2	39.0	23.6	32.4	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	430	229	184	63	21	4
Number of transfers	397	205	161	56	19	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.7	43.0	36.8	34.6	25.9	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.5	30.7	27.3	35.7	2 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.1	36.1	30.4	35.7	3 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	6.3	5.0	1.8	1 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	42.9	35.4	37.5	4 / 19	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	52.2	49.1	46.4	7 / 19	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	105	123	111	65	19	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		83			132	
Number of transfers		61			120	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.9			46.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		50.8			27.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		60.7			35.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.5			6.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		72.1			42.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.7			60.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois-River North IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (IHR) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David P. Cohen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	39	51	20	18	12
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.8	2.6	13.7	5.0	4 / 18	0 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.6	28.8	8.6	4.0	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	55.3	29.6	11.5	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.2	7.7	3.9	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.5	7.7	5.9	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	7.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.2	15.4	5.9	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.4	28.2	7.8	5.0	0 / 18	0 / 12
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	53	30	27	12	5	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.2	10.0	7.4	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.1	10.0	11.1	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	10.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	18.9	20.0	11.1	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.1	36.7	14.8	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	100	43	28	6	6	1
Number of transfers	87	39	23	4	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.8	55.1	40.6	3 / 4	2 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.0	48.7	26.1	1 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	51.3	30.4	2 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.6	7.7	8.7	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.1	59.0	39.1	2 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.1	64.1	43.5	3 / 4	2 / 5	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	46	33	46	15	15	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		13			36	
Number of transfers		6			31	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 7			47.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			22.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			22.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			16.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			38.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			61.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mary Ellen Pavone, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,028 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	260	128	136	45	39	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	8.6	16.9	13.3	20.5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.6	2.6	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.9	35.8	16.6	11.5	1.4	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.4	19.8	1.0	3.7	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	22.7	15.4	6.7	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	25.8	19.1	8.9	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	10.2	3.7	2.2	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.9	36.7	22.8	11.1	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	42.2	26.5	22.2	5.1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	233	106	106	35	28	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	27.4	19.8	8.6	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.9	31.1	24.5	11.4	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	12.3	4.7	2.9	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.6	44.3	29.2	14.3	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.1	50.9	34.0	28.6	7.1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	98	57	27	13	3	2
Number of transfers	93	50	24	13	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.7	46.6	26.3	25.0	2 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.6	32.0	29.2	3 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.8	38.0	29.2	3 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	8.0	4.2	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.5	46.0	33.3	4 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.0	56.0	37.5	5 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	70	36	25	7	10	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		32			34	
Number of transfers		27			26	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.5			22.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		48.1			11.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.9			26.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		51.9			26.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.0			30.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northwestern University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO MEDICINE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Helen Kim, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	42%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	19%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	29%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 154 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	12	13	8	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	16.7	2 / 12	3 / 13	4 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.8	1.9	2.7	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 18	4 / 14	4 / 10	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	1 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.8	1 / 12	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 12	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.8	2 / 12	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.8	3 / 12	5 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	8	8	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	1 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	1 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16	2 / 8	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 16	3 / 8	5 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	18	11	2	4	0
Number of transfers	30	17	10	2	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.0	4.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.9	45.0	6 / 15	0 / 3	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	5 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.3	6 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.3	0 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.7	6 / 17	3 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	11 / 17	6 / 10	0 / 2	3 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	5	1	0	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			7		
Number of transfers	3			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 5			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 3			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 3			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3			2 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Chicago Medicine Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO IVF PROGRAM CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Humberto Scoccia, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	42%	Female factors only	23%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	10%	Female & male factors	24%
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	9%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 193 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		47	21	30	21	14	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		10.6	23.8	16.7	33.3	5 / 14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	2.3	2.7	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.7	40.7	30.4	3.3	0 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		33.3	2 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.3	19.0	13.3	4.8	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.7	23.8	20.0	4.8	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.3	9.5	3.3	0.0	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		31.9	33.3	26.7	4.8	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		36.2	38.1	26.7	4.8	0 / 14	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		32	15	20	11	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.3	4 / 15	20.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.6	5 / 15	30.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.3	2 / 15	5.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		46.9	7 / 15	40.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.1	8 / 15	40.0	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	12	6	1	3	1
Number of transfers		17	10	6	1	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	10.0	0.8		1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.7	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.5	9 / 12	1 / 11	2 / 1	1 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 17	4 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 17	5 / 10	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 17	8 / 10	1 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		2	1	3	0	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		7			4		
Number of transfers		7			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 10			4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7			3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 7			3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 7			3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CONSULTANTS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mary W. Molo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	41%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 42% Female & male factors 39%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 306 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	22	22	25	9	16
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	4.5	0.0	24.0	3 / 9	5 / 16
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.5	1.8	2.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.2	25.0	23.9	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 15
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.3	5 / 16	0 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	18.2	27.3	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	22.7	31.8	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	4.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.5	27.3	31.8	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.4	31.8	45.5	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 16
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	18	21	15	5	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.6	4 / 18	28.6	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	5 / 18	33.3	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	1 / 18	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.1	6 / 18	33.3	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.3	7 / 18	47.6	0 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	31	13	11	4	2
Number of transfers	43	27	13	10	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.3	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.0	22.2	31.0	27.3	2 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.9	18.5	4 / 13	1 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	18.5	5 / 13	1 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	7.4	1 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.2	25.9	6 / 13	2 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	29.6	6 / 13	5 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	13	15	8	2	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			7	
Number of transfers		2			7	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4			0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			0 / 7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Health Consultants

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/JOLIET IVF CREST HILL, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Scott Springer, DO				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	34%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 220 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		22	7	5	4	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.5	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		27.3	4 / 8	2 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.7	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.7	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1	1 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		31.8	2 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		31.8	3 / 7	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		18	4	5	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 18	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 18	2 / 4	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 18	3 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		56	32	9	3	0	0
Number of transfers		54	32	9	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.5	1.1	0.6		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	1.9	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.1	36.0	6 / 17	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	31.3	3 / 9	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.4	34.4	4 / 9	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.7	6.3	1 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.1	40.6	5 / 9	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.4	50.0	5 / 9	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		45	20	7	4	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			2		
Number of transfers		0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY CENTER DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Amos E. Madanes, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	45%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 140 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	15	14	9	10	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.5	2 / 15	0 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 10	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	2.5	3.5	4.1	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.7	17.6	3.1	0.0	5.3	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.5	1 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	1 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	2 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.5	3 / 15	1 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.0	3 / 15	1 / 14	1 / 9	3 / 10	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	13	13	8	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.9	1 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.2	1 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	2 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.7	3 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.8	3 / 13	1 / 13	1 / 8	3 / 10	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	5	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	14	5	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	5.0	5.0		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.0	2 / 9	1 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			9		
Number of transfers	8			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 17			2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 8			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8			2 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHICAGO INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES, LTD. ELK GROVE VILLAGE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Ketan N. Jobanputra, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	27%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 25 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	4	2	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.3	1.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.8	1 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		4 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		12	4	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 12	1 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	0	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers		2	0	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0			1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DAVIES FERTILITY & IVF SPECIALISTS, SC GLENVIEW, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susan Davies, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 286 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	30	36	18	25	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.7	10.0	13.9	3 / 18	40.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.4	2.8	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.3	37.5	23.1	0 / 12	0 / 18	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.4	0 / 11	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.4	6.7	5.6	0 / 18	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.4	10.0	5.6	0 / 18	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	3.3	2.8	0 / 18	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.2	16.7	8.3	0 / 18	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	16.5	16.7	16.7	1 / 18	4.0	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	40	13	16	5	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	2 / 13	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.5	3 / 13	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	1 / 13	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.0	5 / 13	3 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.5	5 / 13	6 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	12	8	4	1	0
Number of transfers	31	12	8	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.7	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	45.0	7 / 9	4 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.6	5 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	5 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	1 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	6 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.4	8 / 12	7 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	2	6	6	5	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			3		
Number of transfers	2			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4			4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2			3 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			3 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Davies Fertility & IVF Specialists, SC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF CHICAGO GURNEE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Richard P. Sherbahn, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 799 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		244	69	76	25	13	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		1.2	0.0	18.4	16.0	1 / 13	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.7	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.8	49.2	29.6	8.3	3.1	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		14.0	11.1	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.7	34.8	18.4	4.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.8	42.0	23.7	8.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		22.1	15.9	7.9	4.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		55.7	58.0	31.6	12.0	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.5	66.7	43.4	16.0	2 / 13	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		235	68	57	17	10	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.8	35.3	24.6	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.0	42.6	31.6	2 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.0	16.2	10.5	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.9	58.8	42.1	3 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.0	67.6	57.9	4 / 17	2 / 10	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		114	42	30	2	1	0
Number of transfers		111	42	30	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.1	1.7	1.5	0.4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.3	1.4	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.4	49.0	56.1	2 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		41.4	40.5	26.7	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		47.7	40.5	50.0	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.1	7.1	6.7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		64.9	47.6	56.7	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.1	57.1	66.7	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		19	17	16	5	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		63			56		
Number of transfers		59			55		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		78.0			55.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.7			25.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			32.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		37.3			12.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		83.1			47.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		89.8			65.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS-HIGHLAND PARK IVF CENTER HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Angeline N. Beltsos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	46%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,713 (includes 38 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	285	163	158	115	67	25
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.3	15.3	17.1	22.6	29.9	44.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.2	31.0	8.7	9.7	3.8	0 / 18
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.2	15.6	4.3	0.0	5.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.7	12.3	5.1	3.5	1.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.8	13.5	5.7	4.3	1.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.9	16.0	5.7	4.3	1.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.7	19.6	7.6	8.7	3.0	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	130	73	59	34	21	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	27.4	13.6	11.8	4.8	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	30.1	15.3	14.7	4.8	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.6	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.2	35.6	15.3	14.7	4.8	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.4	43.8	20.3	29.4	9.5	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	412	236	195	85	47	4
Number of transfers	377	222	170	72	38	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	40.9	36.0	31.1	23.9	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.6	32.9	27.6	22.2	15.8	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.3	35.6	31.8	25.0	18.4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	3.6	4.7	5.6	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.8	39.2	36.5	30.6	18.4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	49.5	47.6	43.1	39.5	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	152	165	166	87	43	23
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		44			203	
Number of transfers		31			183	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.0			55.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.5			39.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.2			44.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.7			10.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.8			56.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.0			69.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois-Highland Park IVF Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HINSDALE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION HINSDALE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Hickey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	64%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 77 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	9	11	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	16.0	1 / 9	0 / 11			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.1			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.6	4 / 13	2 / 17			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 7			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.0	2 / 9	2 / 11			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.0	2 / 9	2 / 11			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	0 / 9	0 / 11			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.0	2 / 9	2 / 11			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.0	3 / 9	2 / 11			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	6	8	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 6	2 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	3 / 6	2 / 8			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	7	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	13	6	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.2	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8	6 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 13	4 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Hinsdale Center for Reproduction

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INVIA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vishvanath C. Karande, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	31%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 755 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	164	90	66	16	23	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.3	11.1	9.1	3 / 16	26.1	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.8	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.0	33.0	18.2	13.6	1 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.8	7.8	8.6	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.7	14.4	12.1	1 / 16	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.9	18.9	15.2	1 / 16	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	5.6	1.5	1 / 16	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.2	25.6	16.7	2 / 16	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.5	27.8	19.7	2 / 16	8.7	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	85	53	39	8	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.1	24.5	20.5	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	32.1	25.6	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.1	9.4	2.6	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.6	43.4	28.2	2 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	47.2	33.3	2 / 8	2 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	146	64	37	6	0	2
Number of transfers	146	64	37	6	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.2		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9	40.9	47.5	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	31.3	45.9	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.3	39.1	56.8	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	4.7	2.7	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.3	43.8	59.5	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.5	54.7	64.9	3 / 6		0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	32	15	21	8	1	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			35	
Number of transfers		15			35	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.9			35.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 15			25.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 15			34.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 15			2.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 15			37.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 15			42.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: InVia Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REENA JABAMONI, MD, SC HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Reena Jabamoni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	16%		Female factors only	7%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	3%		Female & male factors	7%
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	5%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 68 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	7	8	2	2	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	2.0	2.8	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	2	4	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	3	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	11	3	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	0.8	1.3			0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.7	1.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 11	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 11	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 11	2 / 3	3 / 5	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	2	0	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, LTD. JOLIET, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marek W. Piekos, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	36%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	7%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	29%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 16 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	6	1	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.2	3.0	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 13	0 / 13	1 / 3	1 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	5	6	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE ADVANCED IVF INSTITUTE
CHARLES E. MILLER, MD, SC & ASSOCIATES
NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Charles E. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	135	93	74	33	17	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.4	22.6	25.7	27.3	7 / 17	3 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.6	22.7	12.7	17.6	1 / 17	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.9	6.5	9.5	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.3	7.5	13.5	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	2.2	0.0	6.1	0 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.8	10.8	13.5	6.1	1 / 17	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.4	17.2	13.5	12.1	1 / 17	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	43	39	15	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	14.0	17.9	0 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.5	16.3	25.6	0 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	4.7	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	23.3	25.6	2 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.9	37.2	25.6	4 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	40	23	7	2	0
Number of transfers	87	39	22	7	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.8	0.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.0	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.3	39.0	38.1	3 / 14	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.9	23.1	27.3	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	28.2	45.5	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.9	10.3	9.1	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.1	38.5	54.5	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.1	51.3	59.1	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	17	12	7	2	2	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		33			13	
Number of transfers		24			12	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.3			38.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.5			6 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			6 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.8			0 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			6 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			7 / 12	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Advanced IVF Institute, Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF1 NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randy S. Morris, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	11%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	78%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 702 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	91	23	16	15	13	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.7	21.7	4 / 16	8 / 15	3 / 13	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.0		3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.2	22.7	2 / 14		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.3	1 / 11	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	13.0	2 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.0	17.4	2 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.7	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.6	17.4	2 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.3	26.1	2 / 16	0 / 15	1 / 13	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	12	7	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	3 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.0	4 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.1	0 / 12	0 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.0	4 / 12	2 / 7		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.1	6 / 12	2 / 7		1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	102	70	57	13	1	2
Number of transfers	89	63	47	10	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.7	51.0	50.0	9 / 15		1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.8	38.1	40.4	5 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	47.6	46.8	5 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	29.2	9.5	8.5	2 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.0	58.7	55.3	7 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	79.8	68.3	63.8	7 / 10	1 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	47	53	65	34	12	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			58	
Number of transfers		14			51	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.6			43.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 14			31.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 14			37.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 14			7.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14			47.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 14			56.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF1

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nasiruddin Rana, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,105 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	217	111	85	57	34	10
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	7.2	15.3	5.3	11.8	5 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.0	17.6	25.2	4.2	8.5	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.6	8.6	2.2	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	10.8	11.8	3.5	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.6	11.7	15.3	3.5	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	3.6	4.7	1.8	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.4	15.3	20.0	5.3	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.0	18.0	27.1	10.5	8.8	0 / 10
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	135	68	50	43	19	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	17.6	20.0	4.7	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	19.1	26.0	4.7	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	5.9	8.0	2.3	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.3	25.0	34.0	7.0	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.7	29.4	46.0	14.0	3 / 19	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	171	93	46	25	9	0
Number of transfers	154	88	38	23	9	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.0	1.8	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.2	37.1	38.8	25.0	2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	31.8	31.6	21.7	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	40.9	34.2	34.8	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	5.7	5.3	0.0	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.1	46.6	39.5	34.8	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	53.4	57.9	43.5	3 / 9	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	49	29	32	15	3	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		26			81	
Number of transfers		20			78	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.6			30.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0			25.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.0			32.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.0			5.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			37.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.0			47.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DANIEL ROSTEIN, MD, SC OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Daniel A. Rostein, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	80%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 5 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)				0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)							
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval				1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			2		
Number of transfers		0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Daniel Rostein, MD, SC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-CENTRAL ILLINOIS PEORIA, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Adelina M. Emmi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	97%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	67%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 200 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	25	12	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	8.0	3 / 12	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.3	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	15.0	1 / 16	1 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.9	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	16.0	0 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.2	16.0	1 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	4.0	0 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.4	20.0	1 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.8	20.0	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	58	20	8	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	20.0	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	20.0	1 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.2	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	25.0	2 / 8	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	16	6	0	3	0
Number of transfers	33	14	6	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	1.2	0.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.8		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	30.0	2 / 11		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	1 / 14	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	2 / 14	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	2 / 14	0 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.3	4 / 14	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.4	5 / 14	2 / 6		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	6	10	4	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			6		
Number of transfers	1			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Central Illinois

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Todd D. Deutch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 121 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	18	12	3	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.5	1 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.7	25.0	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.2	4 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	1 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	3 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	1 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.6	4 / 18	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	4 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	13	7	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.8	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.7	4 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.9	4 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	7	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	19	7	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	3.5	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.8	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 19	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		10			0	
Number of transfers		10			0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 15				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 10				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 10				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 10				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 10				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 10				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Chiravudh Sawetawan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	30%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 228 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	14	18	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.0	0 / 14	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	3.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10.5	27.3	2.3	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	32.7	2 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.6	4 / 14	1 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.6	4 / 14	1 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 14	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.9	4 / 14	1 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	11.3	6 / 14	1 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	60	13	13	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.7	4 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6.7	4 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11.7	4 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.3	6 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	15	12	3	1	0
Number of transfers	40	9	11	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.8	2.8	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.4	3 / 12	8.3	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.5	1 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	1 / 9	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	2 / 9	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.0	3 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		14			30	
Number of transfers		14			24	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.1			16.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 14			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 14			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 14			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 14			16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 14			20.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHICAGO IVF SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joel G. Brasch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 641 (includes 21 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	156	62	49	26	20	15
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.3	3.2	0.0	3.8	0.0	2 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	3.2	3.0	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.8	26.8	6.3	8.1	4.2	0 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.9	10.9	3.1	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	19.4	6.1	3.8	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.4	21.0	6.1	3.8	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	8.1	0.0	3.8	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.5	30.6	6.1	7.7	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.2	43.5	18.4	26.9	10.0	0 / 15
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	145	59	39	22	16	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.1	20.3	7.7	4.5	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	22.0	7.7	4.5	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	8.5	0.0	4.5	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.7	32.2	7.7	9.1	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	45.8	23.1	31.8	2 / 16	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	114	42	25	13	3	3
Number of transfers	112	42	23	13	3	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.7	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.5	2.3	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13.2	15.6	18.2	12.1	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.7	11.9	21.7	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.3	16.7	21.7	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	2.4	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	17.9	19.0	21.7	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.3	28.6	30.4	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	5	15	12	4	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4			24	
Number of transfers		4			24	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 8			10.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			4.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			4.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 4			12.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4			25.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Chicago IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH SHORE FERTILITY SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anne Borkowski, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	68%	Male factor	9%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 187 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	15	28	13	8	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.1	1 / 15	3.6	1 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	2 / 9	9.1	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7 / 18	3 / 5	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	2 / 15	7.1	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	7	11	5	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 19	2 / 7	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	16	13	6	0	1
Number of transfers	23	16	13	6	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.5	1.3	1.2	0.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.5	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	40.0	8 / 18	1 / 10		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.7	0 / 16	1 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	2 / 16	1 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	21.7	2 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.9	9 / 16	7 / 13	2 / 6		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	4	3	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0		7		
Number of transfers		0		7		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Shore Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by J. Ricardo Loret de Mola, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	29%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	6%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				6%
				Female & male factors				12%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 190 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		82	28	16	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.9	14.3	3 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.1	2.3		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.0	35.3	13.3		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		16.7	0.0	1 / 11		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.3	14.3	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.8	17.9	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.8	17.9	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		48.8	35.7	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		54.9	42.9	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		75	24	13	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.0	16.7	2 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.3	20.8	2 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.7	20.8	0 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.3	41.7	2 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0	50.0	4 / 13		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		19	3	3	2	0	0
Number of transfers		17	3	3	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		5.7	0.8	1.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	2.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.9	2 / 5	0 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 17	2 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	2	2	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		17			10		
Number of transfers		17			10		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		78.6			7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 17			4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 17			4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 17			1 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 17			5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		15 / 17			6 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Southern Illinois University School of Medicine Fertility and IVF Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SETH LEVRANT, MD, PC PARTNERS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Seth G. Levrant, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 77 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	10	21	0	2	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 16	0 / 10	19.0		1 / 2	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	2.0	2.1		1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.1	2 / 18	14.3		0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		8 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 16			0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 16	1 / 10	4.8		0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 16	1 / 10	9.5		0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16	0 / 10	0.0		0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		8 / 16	1 / 10	9.5		0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 16	2 / 10	19.0		0 / 2	1 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		15	9	17	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 15	1 / 9	1 / 17		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 15	1 / 9	2 / 17		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 17		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 15	1 / 9	2 / 17		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 15	2 / 9	4 / 17		0 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		13	6	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers		11	4	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.8		2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 17	2 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			1		
Number of transfers		1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 2			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, Partners in Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY SPECIALISTS CARMEL, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laura M. Reuter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 881 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	297	75	55	17	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.4	10.7	9.1	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.4	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	35.7	14.9	9.1	0 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.3	10.6	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.9	17.3	3.6	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	25.3	3.6	0 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.4	8.0	7.3	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.0	33.3	10.9	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.0	37.3	14.5	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	228	56	36	9	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	23.2	5.6	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	33.9	5.6	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	10.7	11.1	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.0	44.6	16.7	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	50.0	22.2	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	34	31	6	3	1
Number of transfers	144	28	22	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	30.0	27.3	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	42.9	31.8	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	46.4	40.9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	3.6	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.3	50.0	40.9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	50.0	40.9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	12	13	4	3	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		59			80	
Number of transfers		52			66	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.3			29.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.1			15.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.8			21.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.2			10.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.1			31.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.7			40.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTION INSTITUTE, LLC
ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	29%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	54%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 161 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	15	8	5	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.7	2 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.2	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.1	28.0	1 / 11	2 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.1	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	2 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	3 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.7	5 / 15	0 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.2	5 / 15	1 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	12	6	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	2 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.5	3 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.8	5 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.1	5 / 12	1 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	10	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers	32	10	6	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.9	2.5	3.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.1	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.7	4.8	3 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.3	1 / 10	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.4	1 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			14		
Number of transfers	4			13		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 5			34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4			2 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			1 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4			6 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC, Advanced Fertility Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William Gentry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	40%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	13	14	4	3	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 14	0 / 13	5 / 14	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 19	21.7	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 14	3 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 14	3 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 14	4 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 14	4 / 13	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	12	8	1	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	3 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	3 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 12	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	4 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	4 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	6	8	0	1	0
Number of transfers	12	6	8	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	8.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.0	6 / 10	0 / 14		1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 8		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 8		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	3 / 6	0 / 8		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 12	5 / 6	0 / 8		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Group

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BONAVENTURA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

COMMUNITY REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David E. Carnovale, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	35%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 143 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	15	8	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.3	5 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.4	2 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.0	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.4	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.4	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.1	0 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.5	2 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	3 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	36	6	4	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.9	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.9	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.2	0 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.1	2 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	3 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	5	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers	20	5	6	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	1.2	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.0	2 / 8	3 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	1 / 5	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	1 / 5	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	2 / 5	3 / 6	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	3	4	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			8		
Number of transfers	4			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 8			7 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			5 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4			6 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Community Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY BEGINNINGS, PC INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James G. Donahue, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 193 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	21	14	3	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	19.0	19.0	6 / 14	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.3	8.3	2 / 12			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.7	0 / 11	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.5	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.4	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.9	9.5	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	12	6	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	0 / 12	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	0 / 12	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	0 / 12	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.2	0 / 12	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.1	2 / 12	2 / 6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	14	5	1	2	1
Number of transfers	34	12	3	1	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.4	47.6	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.8	4 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.7	6 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14.7	7 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.5	8 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	12	3	2	3	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	3			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 6			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Family Beginnings, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Marguerite K. Shepard, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	47%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 17 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 5					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 3					
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	5	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	4	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	4.0	2.0	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 9	6 / 8				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	3 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	3 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	3 / 4				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Indiana University Hospital

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JOHN C. JARRETT, II, MD
AMERICAN HEALTH NETWORK REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by John C. Jarrett, II, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	5%	
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	14%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				15%
				Female & male factors				9%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 542 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		184	61	41	17	14	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		10.3	8.2	17.1	2 / 17	3 / 14	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.8	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.2	32.5	40.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		28.8	5.3	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.5	18.0	19.5	1 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.4	18.0	24.4	1 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.5	8.2	4.9	0 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.5	26.2	29.3	1 / 17	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.5	36.1	36.6	1 / 17	2 / 14	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		125	46	24	9	10	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.0	23.9	33.3	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.8	23.9	41.7	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.6	10.9	8.3	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.2	34.8	50.0	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.0	47.8	62.5	1 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		90	26	16	0	1	1
Number of transfers		88	23	16	0	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	1.5	1.6	0.0	0.1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.6	1.8		1.0	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.9	21.6	13.8		0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.5	13.0	3 / 16		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.8	17.4	3 / 16		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.0	4.3	0 / 16		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.8	21.7	3 / 16		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.1	26.1	4 / 16		0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		9	2	5	4	5	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		34			27		
Number of transfers		32			27		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.7			24.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		18.8			18.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.9			25.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5			7.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.4			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0			37.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Indiana Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Henry, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	5%			Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 106 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	9	4	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.2	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	3.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.6	4 / 15	5 / 12	1 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.9	1 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.2	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	34.8	0 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	2 / 9	3 / 4	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.2	3 / 9	3 / 4	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	7	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	1 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.6	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	47.1	0 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.6	2 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.6	3 / 7	3 / 4	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	4	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	14	4	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.5	2.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.1	2 / 10	1 / 11			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 14	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			5		
Number of transfers	9			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 18			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care of Indiana

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF AT THE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL NEWBURGH, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Daniel W. Griffin, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 218 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		74	14	14	9	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.1	1 / 14	7 / 14	1 / 9	3 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.9	1.8	2.4	1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.8	2 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		21.3	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.6	2 / 14	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.3	2 / 14	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.5	0 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		29.7	2 / 14	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		33.8	3 / 14	3 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		51	10	5	5	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.5	2 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.4	2 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.7	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		43.1	2 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		49.0	3 / 10	3 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		56	16	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers		52	14	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	2.0	0.6	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.6	1.7	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.7	34.8	3 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.8	5 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.4	7 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.8	0 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		46.2	7 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		51.9	8 / 14	2 / 3	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		11	4	4	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1		
Number of transfers		0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Boston IVF at the Women's Hospital					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTY HEALTH CENTERS, PC NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David S. McLaughlin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 100% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	67%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	100%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 6 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1				
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MID-IOWA FERTILITY, PC CLIVE, IOWA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Donald C. Young, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 610 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	138	32	16	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.0	12.5	5 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.6	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	74.2	3 / 11	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.6	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	21.9	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	25.0	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.4	21.9	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.9	46.9	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	50.0	3 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	95	17	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.7	7 / 17	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	8 / 17	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.3	7 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.3	15 / 17	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.5	16 / 17	3 / 7	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	132	48	20	5	0	0
Number of transfers	130	47	20	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.6	59.1	62.5	5 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.2	46.8	25.0	4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.2	53.2	30.0	4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	12.8	5.0	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.5	66.0	40.0	4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.3	72.3	65.0	5 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	76	38	16	3	1	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			56	
Number of transfers		17			54	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		82.8			50.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 17			27.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 17			42.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9 / 17			11.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		14 / 17			53.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		16 / 17			61.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF IOWA HOSPITALS AND CLINICS
CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE
IOWA CITY, IOWA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bradley J. Van Voorhis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	42%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 766 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	202	74	51	24	5	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.9	17.6	7.8	29.2	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	2.1	2.1	2.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.1	47.0	28.0	9.7	0 / 11	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	74.7	56.9	9.8	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.1	33.8	19.6	8.3	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.0	39.2	19.6	12.5	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	4.1	9.8	0.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.5	43.2	29.4	12.5	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.5	48.6	39.2	16.7	1 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	167	61	45	16	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	49.7	41.0	22.2	2 / 16	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.7	47.5	22.2	3 / 16	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	4.9	11.1	0 / 16	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.7	52.5	33.3	3 / 16	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.3	59.0	44.4	4 / 16	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	184	71	38	17	5	1
Number of transfers	158	65	31	14	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.8	1.8	1.3	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.4	54.9	45.0	6 / 17	3 / 8	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.9	43.1	35.5	4 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.4	52.3	41.9	6 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	1.5	3.2	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.1	53.8	45.2	6 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.2	64.6	54.8	7 / 14	3 / 5	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	19	11	6	5	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15		34		
Number of transfers		12		29		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3		1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 15		43.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 12		24.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 12		44.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 12		0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 12		44.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 12		51.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, Center for Advanced Reproductive Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE CENTER, PA OLATHE, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dan L. Gehlbach, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 37%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 405 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	31	26	7	9	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.3	9.7	23.1	1 / 7	3 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.0	17.1	6.3	2 / 12	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.4	0 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.0	12.9	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.0	12.9	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	3.2	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	14.4	16.1	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	15.6	16.1	7.7	2 / 7	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	18	15	5	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	4 / 18	0 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	4 / 18	0 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.4	5 / 18	0 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	5 / 18	2 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	134	24	21	2	2	0
Number of transfers	132	24	20	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.5	1.8	0.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.1	23.7	30.8	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.6	12.5	30.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.6	25.0	30.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	4.2	10.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.2	29.2	40.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	33.3	50.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	6	3	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			17		
Number of transfers	13			17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9			36.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13			2 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13			4 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13			2 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13			9 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Reproductive Center, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Courtney A. Marsh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 677 (includes 25 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	114	40	15	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.6	30.0	7 / 15	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.5	6 / 13		0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	57.1	3 / 7		0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.2	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.7	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.9	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.5	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.8	15.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	46	9	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.6	4 / 9		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	4 / 9		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	0 / 9		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	4 / 9		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	6 / 9		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	182	63	37	7	1	1
Number of transfers	160	60	29	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	44.9	53.1	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.6	25.0	48.3	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	28.3	55.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	6.7	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.4	35.0	55.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.9	51.7	58.6	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	68	37	29	11	2	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			28	
Number of transfers		6			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 6			44.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6			45.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE RESOURCE CENTER OF GREATER KANSAS CITY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Celeste Brabec, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 377 (includes 42 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		104	24	21	7	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3.8	8.3	23.8	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.7	6 / 18	5 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5.7	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.1	8.3	9.5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.0	8.3	9.5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		14.4	4.2	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		38.5	12.5	9.5	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		44.2	20.8	23.8	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		63	12	5	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		38.1	2 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		39.7	2 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.8	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.5	3 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.0	5 / 12	5 / 5	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		77	22	13	5	4	1
Number of transfers		73	21	13	5	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	1.4	1.2	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.9	48.3	7 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.1	23.8	4 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.0	42.9	4 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.6	9.5	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.9	52.4	5 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		57.5	57.1	7 / 13	2 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		29	8	7	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			5		
Number of transfers		0			5		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Resource Center of Greater Kansas City					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce L. Tjaden, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 249 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	27	14	5	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.9	7.4	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	2.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1	42.4	13.6	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.5	5 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.0	18.5	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	18.5	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	14.8	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.7	33.3	3 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	33.3	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	48	20	10	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	25.0	3 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	25.0	3 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	45.0	3 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	45.0	4 / 10	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	24	3	2	1	0
Number of transfers	61	20	3	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.4	22.2	3 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	20.0	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	25.0	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.7	25.0	1 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	30.0	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	7	3	1	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0		1		
Number of transfers		0		1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BLUEGRASS FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James W. Akin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	2%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	66%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	4%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				2%
				Female & male factors				34%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 173 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	73	27	5	5	4	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	7.4	1 / 5	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	3.3	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.4	37.5	0 / 5	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.5	4.5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	25.9	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.0	29.6	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.5	7.4	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.6	40.7	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.8	51.9	0 / 5	1 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	23	2	3	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	30.4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	34.8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	8.7	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.6	47.8	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	60.9	0 / 2	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	9	8	2	0	0
Number of transfers	32	9	8	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.8	8.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	18.5	5 / 18	2 / 14	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.8	2 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.9	2 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	0 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	2 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.4	4 / 9	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			3		
Number of transfers	2			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LEXINGTON FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George M. Veloudis, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 23 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	2	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	2	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Lexington Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES LOUISVILLE REPRODUCTIVE CENTER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert J. Homm, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 62%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	25%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	71%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	53%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	37%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 184 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	11	11	9	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1 / 11	2 / 11	2 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.5	3 / 11	2 / 10	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	34.4	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.2	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.4	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.4	2 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.6	2 / 11	1 / 11	0 / 9		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	6	6	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.6	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.4	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	20	8	7	0	0
Number of transfers	41	20	8	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	3.3	2.0	1.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.1	23.1	2 / 11	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.8	5.0	1 / 8	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.1	10.0	1 / 8	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.4	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	19.5	15.0	1 / 8	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.9	30.0	2 / 8	1 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			19	
Number of transfers		5			19	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 7			20.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5			2 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5			3 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			1 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 5			4 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			7 / 19	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Endocrine Associates, Louisville Reproductive Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY FIRST REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINE SERVICES LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Johanna S. Archer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	45%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	28%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 61 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	6	5	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	21.1	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.8	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	0 / 4	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.2	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.6	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.2	1 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	4	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.2	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	1 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	8	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.0		0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 16	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	2 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	2 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 8	2 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 8	2 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility First, Reproductive Endocrine Services

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE PHYSICIANS OB/GYN &
WOMEN'S HEALTH FERTILITY CENTER
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kelly Pagidas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 139 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	15	10	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.2		2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	40.0	0 / 11		0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.8	0 / 9	0 / 5		0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	3 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	4 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	0 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.0	4 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.0	7 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	10	6	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	56.0	3 / 10	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	64.0	4 / 10	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0 / 10	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.0	4 / 10	0 / 6		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	7 / 10	1 / 6		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	5	7	1	1	0
Number of transfers	34	5	7	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.6		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	4 / 8	5 / 11		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.2	3 / 5	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	3 / 5	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 5	2 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	3 / 5	2 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.8	4 / 5	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	4	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			4	
Number of transfers		2			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 3			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 2			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			1 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: University of Louisville Physicians OB/GYN & Women's Health Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY ANSWERS, LLC-BATON ROUGE BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Storment, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 47%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	43%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 144 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	11	15	3	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.3	1 / 11	5 / 15	2 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.7	2 / 7	1 / 16			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.7	0 / 3	0 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.3	1 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.8	1 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	0 / 11	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	22.0	1 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.4	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	4	9	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.7	1 / 4	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.3	1 / 4	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	0 / 4	0 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.1	1 / 4	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.7	2 / 4	1 / 9			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	13	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	21	11	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.1	0.5	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.1	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.1	2 / 11	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.6	2 / 11	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	3 / 11	2 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	6	2	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			8		
Number of transfers	2			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			2 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Answers, LLC-Baton Rouge

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY ANSWERS, LLC-LAFAYETTE LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Storment, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 167 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	12	3	2	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.9	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.5	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.4	9 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.0	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.2	6 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.8	6 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	8	2	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.2	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.2	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.6	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.7	6 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.2	6 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	12	7	0	0	0
Number of transfers	44	11	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	0.9	1.2	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	5 / 18	4 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	52.3	1 / 11	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.5	1 / 11	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	1 / 11	1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	2 / 11	3 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.5	4 / 11	3 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	10	4	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Answers, LLC-Lafayette

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW ORLEANS MANDEVILLE, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard P. Dickey, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 754 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	174	75	48	17	9	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.6	16.0	12.5	2 / 17	3 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.3	35.1	19.0	1 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.3	11.1	2 / 19	2 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.4	6.7	4.2	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.1	9.3	4.2	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	5.3	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.7	14.7	4.2	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.3	18.7	14.6	1 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	92	33	22	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.2	15.2	9.1	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	21.2	9.1	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	12.1	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.7	33.3	9.1	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	42.4	31.8	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	165	72	50	14	5	3
Number of transfers	137	56	42	14	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.8	33.0	29.2	25.9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.8	25.0	26.2	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.9	28.6	35.7	4 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	3.6	4.8	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.6	32.1	40.5	5 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.9	42.9	45.2	7 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	35	17	21	10	7	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			16		
Number of transfers	2			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			40.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			9 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of New Orleans

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUDUBON FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lindsay Wells, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	29%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 278 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	13	19	7	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.3	3 / 13	7 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 11	3 / 5	2 / 8			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.7	1 / 13	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.7	1 / 13	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5.7	1 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5.7	3 / 13	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	3	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8	3 / 3	1 / 4			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	18	19	6	0	1
Number of transfers	54	14	19	6	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.7		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.5	9 / 14	40.9	3 / 10		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	6 / 14	4 / 19	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.4	7 / 14	5 / 19	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.8	1 / 14	1 / 19	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.3	8 / 14	6 / 19	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	10 / 14	10 / 19	3 / 6		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	13	16	5	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			26		
Number of transfers	0			19		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				61.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				6 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				7 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				2 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				9 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				13 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Audubon Fertility & Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARKLATEX FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David T. Vandermolen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 162 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	15	10	8	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.1	1 / 15	0 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.4	4.3	4.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.0	25.8	2 / 17	1 / 17	1 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	24.0	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.1	3 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	5 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	1 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	6 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.3	7 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	51	13	7	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	5 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.2	6 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.0	7 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	9	9	2	0	0
Number of transfers	28	6	8	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.0	1.1	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.0	4 / 10	5 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	0 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	67.9	1 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	82.1	2 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	85.7	3 / 6	5 / 8	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	1	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3		0		
Number of transfers		2		0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Arklatex Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF, THE MAINE CENTER SOUTH PORTLAND, MAINE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	34%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 385 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	119	44	47	16	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	6.8	4.3	2 / 16	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.3	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.6	38.9	22.2	20.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	75.0	51.5	15.2	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	22.7	17.0	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	25.0	23.4	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	6.8	4.3	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.0	31.8	27.7	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.0	43.2	31.9	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	91	38	42	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	26.3	19.0	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.1	28.9	26.2	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	7.9	4.8	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.4	36.8	31.0	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.9	50.0	35.7	4 / 11	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	34	20	6	2	0
Number of transfers	63	30	18	6	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	2.5	1.6	1.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.3	48.9	33.3	5 / 9	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	36.7	3 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	46.7	5 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	6.7	1 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.3	53.3	6 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	63.3	8 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	3	1	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			14		
Number of transfers	1			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1			5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			5 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF, The Maine Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE A.R.T. INSTITUTE OF WASHINGTON, INC.
WALTER REED NATIONAL MILITARY MEDICAL CENTER
BETHESDA, MARYLAND**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Csokmay, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 556 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	154	86	73	43	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	8.1	5.5	14.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.9	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.4	33.7	20.0	21.3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	72.0	65.0	10.7	0.0		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	27.9	13.7	14.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.2	29.1	16.4	16.3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	2.3	4.1	0.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.4	31.4	20.5	16.3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	32.6	28.8	27.9		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	109	69	60	30	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.3	34.8	16.7	20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.0	36.2	20.0	23.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	2.9	5.0	0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.4	39.1	25.0	23.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	40.6	35.0	40.0		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	100	49	32	13	1	1
Number of transfers	98	48	31	12	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	3.0	1.6	1.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.6	66.1	46.8	6 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	47.9	19.4	2 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.8	52.1	32.3	4 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	10.4	12.9	0 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	62.5	45.2	4 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.4	75.0	61.3	7 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	1	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.,
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ENDRIKA HINTON, MD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Endrika L. Hinton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	16%	Tubal factor	40%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 70% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	7%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	57%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 45 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	6	8	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 5	0 / 6	2 / 8			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3	5 / 6	1 / 4			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 3	2 / 4	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	1 / 6	1 / 8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	1 / 6	1 / 8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	2 / 6	1 / 8			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	3 / 6	1 / 8			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	4	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	3 / 4	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	3	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	4	3	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	1.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 5	2 / 5	3 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 4	0 / 3	3 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 4	0 / 3	3 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	3 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	1 / 3	3 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	4	6	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Endrika Hinton, MD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JOHNS HOPKINS FERTILITY CENTER LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jairo E. Garcia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 594 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	104	52	63	53	14	9
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.4	13.5	39.7	34.0	5 / 14	3 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.7	19.6	17.1	12.5	1 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	54.5	26.9	4.8	3 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	5.8	3.2	1.9	1 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.3	7.7	3.2	3.8	1 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.3	7.7	4.8	3.8	1 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	22.1	19.2	11.1	5.7	1 / 14	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	31	23	17	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	9.7	8.7	1 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.0	12.9	8.7	2 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	0.0	4.3	0 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.6	12.9	13.0	2 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	32.3	30.4	3 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	63	24	18	13	7	1
Number of transfers	62	24	17	12	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	31.4	30.4	18.2	0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.4	8.3	5 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.3	20.8	6 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	4.2	0 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.3	25.0	6 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	41.7	7 / 17	4 / 12	0 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	74	16	35	15	8	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			14	
Number of transfers		1			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			5 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			2 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			4 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			4 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1			5 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Johns Hopkins Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MONTGOMERY FERTILITY CENTER ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Oluyemisi Famuyiwa, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	5	15	7	3	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.3	1 / 5	1 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.5	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.3	0 / 11	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4.2	0 / 5	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	16.7	0 / 5	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.8	0 / 5	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	4	12	5	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	0	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	5	0	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6		0.5		0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 10		0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	0	2	0	1	6
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			4		
Number of transfers	1			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Montgomery Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SIU NG-WAGNER, MD
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Levy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	21%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 8,555 (includes 184 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1,358	753	807	447	235	37
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.0	10.4	15.6	20.1	20.9	21.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	35.8	23.9	11.9	5.6	3.6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.8	40.2	16.7	2.0	2.6	0 / 18
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	21.1	13.3	8.1	3.4	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	24.4	16.1	9.2	3.4	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	5.0	2.4	0.9	0.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.3	29.6	18.5	10.1	3.8	2.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	36.0	25.5	15.7	8.1	8.1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1,096	584	544	288	138	20
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.9	27.2	19.7	12.5	5.8	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.4	31.5	23.9	14.2	5.8	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	6.5	3.5	1.4	0.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.7	38.2	27.4	15.6	6.5	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.1	46.4	37.9	24.3	13.8	15.0
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	915	587	475	166	75	20
Number of transfers	874	569	442	149	69	17
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.6	49.2	42.8	36.5	30.5	25.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.9	31.8	29.9	22.8	24.6	2 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	37.3	34.8	28.2	29.0	3 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	5.3	4.1	1.3	1.4	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.4	42.7	38.9	29.5	30.4	3 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.7	56.1	51.6	49.7	42.0	8 / 17
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	224	337	313	170	49	20
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		704			679	
Number of transfers		558			612	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.7			42.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.8			26.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.9			33.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.9			3.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.0			36.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.6			48.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF MARYLAND TOWSON, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Santiago L. Padilla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	32%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 318 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	51	48	27	17	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.0	7.8	27.1	37.0	9 / 17	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.2	3.2	3.4	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.2	32.9	17.9	5.6	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	45.3	31.6	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.3	29.4	10.4	7.4	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	31.4	20.8	7.4	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.3	3.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.0	35.3	20.8	7.4	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.5	37.3	25.0	14.8	1 / 17	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	41	31	17	8	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.9	36.6	16.1	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.1	39.0	32.3	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	4.9	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.7	43.9	32.3	2 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.4	46.3	38.7	4 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	30	12	8	2	1
Number of transfers	33	30	11	4	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.7	2.8	4.0	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.6	22.7	20.0	3 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	30.0	2 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.2	30.0	2 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.3	30.0	3 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.5	40.0	3 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			3	
Number of transfers		2			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1			0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			0 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Maryland

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY RSC-TOWSON TOWSON, MARYLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eugene Katz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,952 (includes 32 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	533	216	169	97	29	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	8.8	9.5	23.7	20.7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.6	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.9	44.1	27.7	18.5	9.5	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	70.5	49.6	9.4	1.9	0 / 16	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	27.8	18.3	9.3	6.9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	31.5	24.3	9.3	6.9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	6.9	1.8	1.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	38.4	26.0	11.3	6.9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	43.5	33.7	23.7	17.2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	450	181	122	62	17	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.1	33.1	25.4	14.5	2 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.7	37.6	33.6	14.5	2 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	8.3	2.5	1.6	0 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.7	45.9	36.1	17.7	2 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.2	51.9	46.7	37.1	5 / 17	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	272	96	69	23	6	0
Number of transfers	261	90	66	21	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.1	54.2	42.9	25.9	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.2	35.6	19.7	28.6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	42.2	27.3	28.6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	5.6	4.5	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.0	48.9	33.3	28.6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	60.0	51.5	47.6	2 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	69	45	62	27	8	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		107			86	
Number of transfers		85			82	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.6			30.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.1			24.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.4			25.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.5			1.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.9			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0			37.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Towson

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Elizabeth S. Ginsburg, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 2,013 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		295	224	257	143	82	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		5.8	4.0	7.0	8.4	6.1	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.5	2.0	3.2	3.9	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.0	24.6	22.5	9.1	7.1	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		70.9	49.7	21.1	4.0	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.1	19.6	17.1	11.9	8.5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		28.8	25.0	23.0	12.6	8.5	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		3.1	1.8	2.7	0.7	1.2	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		31.9	26.8	25.7	13.3	9.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		39.3	34.4	33.5	29.4	24.4	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		266	201	213	123	70	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.9	21.9	20.7	13.8	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.0	27.9	27.7	14.6	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.4	2.0	3.3	0.8	1.4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		35.3	29.9	31.0	15.4	11.4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.6	38.3	40.4	34.1	28.6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		223	190	144	65	26	3
Number of transfers		210	178	138	59	23	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.4	45.0	30.9	28.4	23.8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.7	27.5	27.5	30.5	26.1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		47.1	35.4	31.2	33.9	30.4	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.2	6.2	5.1	1.7	4.3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.3	41.6	36.2	35.6	34.8	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.1	54.5	43.5	47.5	47.8	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		110	51	53	29	6	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		45			45		
Number of transfers		40			45		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.9			52.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.5			35.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		47.5			44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.5			6.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			51.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.5			57.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted Reproductive Technology					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Thomas L. Toth, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	51%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	4%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	21%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				10%
				Female & male factors				17%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 919 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		246	144	136	56	25	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		6.1	5.6	9.6	10.7	4.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	1.5	2.2	3.1	3.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0	33.5	22.9	8.7	7.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		58.4	41.7	3.0	0.0	0.0	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.0	29.9	23.5	3.6	8.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.2	32.6	25.7	3.6	8.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7	2.1	4.4	3.6	0.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		45.9	34.7	30.1	7.1	8.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.0	41.7	36.0	16.1	28.0	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		215	131	116	48	22	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0	32.8	27.6	4.2	9.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.0	35.9	30.2	4.2	9.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.5	2.3	5.2	4.2	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.6	38.2	35.3	8.3	9.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.5	45.8	42.2	18.8	31.8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		78	61	32	8	8	1
Number of transfers		78	61	32	7	7	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	1.3	0.9	1.4	3.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		42.1	38.0	27.1	5 / 9	3 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.5	36.1	31.3	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.5	42.6	40.6	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1.3	1.6	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		39.7	44.3	40.6	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.7	49.2	40.6	3 / 7	4 / 7	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		24	25	24	3	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		30			17		
Number of transfers		27			16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.9			52.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		48.1			5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		51.9			6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.8			2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			8 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.1			8 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC DEDHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ania Kowalik, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	37%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 709 (includes 22 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	138	88	70	53	28	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.2	8.0	18.6	17.0	28.6	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.7	2.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	32.4	25.0	10.5	8.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	63.6	33.3	13.0	2.8	0 / 14	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.5	15.9	21.4	9.4	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	18.2	21.4	11.3	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	6.8	1.4	1.9	3.6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.9	25.0	22.9	13.2	3.6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	38.6	32.9	18.9	10.7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	125	75	51	39	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	18.7	29.4	12.8	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.2	21.3	29.4	15.4	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	8.0	2.0	2.6	1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.0	29.3	31.4	17.9	1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	45.3	45.1	25.6	3 / 17	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	72	37	18	8	2
Number of transfers	74	61	36	15	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.6	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.3	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	36.9	30.4	20.0	1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	27.9	22.2	2 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.8	31.1	27.8	2 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	4.9	2.8	1 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.2	36.1	30.6	3 / 15	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.4	49.2	38.9	3 / 15	1 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	12	17	11	5	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			18	
Number of transfers		11			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 16			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 11			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11			0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11			8 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 11			9 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Solutions, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF NEW ENGLAND LEXINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel C. Pang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	39%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,700 (includes 77 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	568	352	279	148	41	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.9	4.3	4.3	10.1	14.6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.9	3.0	6.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	34.8	18.9	10.8	4.8	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	74.2	47.4	7.9	3.1	0.0	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.9	16.8	7.9	6.1	4.9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	20.7	10.0	8.1	4.9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.5	5.1	5.4	4.1	2.4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.9	26.1	15.4	12.2	7.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	34.1	24.4	17.6	7.3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	476	275	222	108	28	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.7	21.5	9.9	8.3	7.1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.2	26.5	12.6	11.1	7.1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	6.5	6.8	5.6	3.6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.2	33.5	19.4	16.7	10.7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.5	43.6	30.6	24.1	10.7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	451	270	155	40	9	3
Number of transfers	409	241	138	38	6	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.5	3.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.9	52.8	46.2	18.3	4 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	35.3	31.9	15.8	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	41.9	41.3	23.7	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	4.6	4.3	2.6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.3	46.5	45.7	26.3	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	57.7	58.7	36.8	3 / 6	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	74	74	53	21	6	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			60	
Number of transfers		17			50	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		13 / 19			55.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 17			30.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 17			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 17			48.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 17			60.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF New England

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY CENTERS OF NEW ENGLAND, INC.
NEW ENGLAND CLINICS OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, INC.
READING, MASSACHUSETTS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Danielle Vitiello, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	31%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,383 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	358	173	117	50	19	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.0	5.2	4.3	14.0	1 / 19	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	34.0	22.2	10.3	0 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	87.0	56.8	17.2	1 / 15	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	17.3	14.5	6.0	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	18.5	17.9	6.0	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.1	1.7	2.6	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.8	20.2	20.5	6.0	0 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.6	25.4	22.2	8.0	0 / 19	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	238	115	82	24	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	26.1	20.7	12.5	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.6	27.8	25.6	12.5	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.7	2.6	3.7	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.3	30.4	29.3	12.5	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.5	38.3	31.7	16.7	0 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	230	116	58	26	9	2
Number of transfers	223	110	49	24	7	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.8	58.6	43.3	34.4	3 / 7	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.7	30.9	30.6	16.7	3 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.1	40.0	36.7	25.0	3 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	5.5	10.2	4.2	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.4	45.5	46.9	29.2	3 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.8	50.0	46.9	37.5	3 / 7	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	39	31	26	9	7	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18		67		
Number of transfers		1		60		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 1		40.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1		28.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1		35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1		40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1		40.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Fertility Centers of New England, Inc., New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAYSTATE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kelly Lynch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	37%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 564 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	130	70	54	29	9	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	2.9	16.7	17.2	1 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.2	1.7	2.1	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.6	55.6	43.5	25.9	0 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	88.9	74.3	33.3	1 / 12	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	30.0	13.0	17.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	34.3	16.7	17.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.3	1.4	3.7	0.0	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.7	35.7	20.4	17.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.8	40.0	29.6	20.7	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	92	45	29	13	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.4	46.7	24.1	5 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	53.3	31.0	5 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	2.2	6.9	0 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.3	55.6	37.9	5 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.0	62.2	55.2	6 / 13	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	92	74	41	9	6	2
Number of transfers	85	59	33	8	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.9	1.3	0.9	2.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.2	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.2	33.9	47.5	7 / 12	3 / 7	2 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.2	16.9	12.1	3 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	56.5	23.7	24.2	4 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1.7	6.1	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.5	25.4	30.3	4 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.2	45.8	54.5	6 / 8	4 / 5	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	6	6	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			15	
Number of transfers		8			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 9			4 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 8			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 8			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 8			5 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Baystate Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CARDONE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY, LLC STONEHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vito R. Cardone, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	37%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	10%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	27%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 215 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		35	26	20	13	11	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	19.2	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.4	2.2	2.0	3.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		42.6	34.6	12.5	0.0	3.7	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		42.3	5 / 12	1 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.1	11.5	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0	15.4	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7	3.8	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		45.7	19.2	10.0	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.7	26.9	20.0	0 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		32	18	19	12	9	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.6	3 / 18	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.8	4 / 18	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.3	1 / 18	1 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	5 / 18	2 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	7 / 18	4 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		14	13	10	7	1	1
Number of transfers		13	10	10	5	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	1.4	1.4	0.6	0.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		23.8	5 / 14	4 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13	4 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 13	4 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 13	0 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 13	4 / 10	3 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 13	5 / 10	4 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	3	3	3	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		26			19		
Number of transfers		23			17		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			36.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		13.0			4 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		21.7			6 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		26.1			1 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.8			7 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.9			9 / 17		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility, LLC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	39%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,403 (includes 174 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	548	326	361	204	80	11
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.1	5.2	9.4	10.8	7.5	0 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.8	2.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	34.5	21.3	8.2	4.8	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	65.2	46.2	15.2	5.8	0.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	19.3	12.7	3.9	1.3	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	23.3	13.9	5.4	1.3	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	3.7	4.4	1.0	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.7	27.0	18.3	6.4	1.3	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.5	33.1	24.7	13.2	7.5	0 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	422	234	269	128	52	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.6	26.9	17.1	6.3	1.9	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	32.5	18.6	8.6	1.9	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	5.1	5.9	1.6	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.8	37.6	24.5	10.2	1.9	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.4	46.2	33.1	21.1	11.5	0 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	394	280	219	65	27	3
Number of transfers	371	265	204	60	23	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.7	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.2	39.4	36.8	23.3	22.7	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.0	29.1	25.0	16.7	26.1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.1	33.6	30.9	18.3	26.1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.1	3.0	3.4	3.3	4.3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.2	36.6	34.3	21.7	30.4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.4	46.0	46.1	33.3	39.1	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	128	131	129	80	25	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		48			167	
Number of transfers		44			152	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.3			39.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		38.6			21.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.2			32.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.6			5.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.8			38.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.4			48.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael Lanham, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 480 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	47	37	24	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.3	27.7	21.6	41.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.4	1.7	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.3	56.3	24.3	1 / 12		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	94.4	8 / 18	2 / 18	1 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	21.3	13.5	0.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	23.4	13.5	0.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	2.1	2.7	0.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.4	25.5	16.2	0.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.0	36.2	21.6	8.3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	88	24	23	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	41.7	21.7	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.2	45.8	21.7	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	4.2	4.3	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	50.0	26.1	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.4	70.8	34.8	2 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	79	43	29	7	2	0
Number of transfers	77	39	23	5	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	25.0	19.2	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	10.3	13.0	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	23.1	17.4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.3	2.6	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.2	25.6	17.4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.6	33.3	30.4	2 / 5	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	36	34	16	5	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4		4		
Number of transfers		2		4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2		1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2		1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2		1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2		1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, University of Michigan Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PC BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 191 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	23	14	19	8	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.2	8.7	0 / 14	9 / 19	3 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.5	2.9	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	41.7	33.3	7.7	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.2	3 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	13.0	6 / 14	0 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.2	17.4	6 / 14	0 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	13.0	2 / 14	1 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	34.8	8 / 14	1 / 19	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.4	43.5	8 / 14	1 / 19	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	19	13	9	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	3 / 19	6 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	4 / 19	6 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	3 / 19	2 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	8 / 19	8 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	10 / 19	8 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	13	7	4	2	1
Number of transfers	16	11	7	4	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	1.1	1.0	0.6	2.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.5	8 / 18	2 / 9	2 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7 / 16	4 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 16	4 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	6 / 11	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 16	6 / 11	2 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	5	7	6	1	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			19	
Number of transfers		5			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 6			26.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5			5 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5			5 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF MICHIGAN FERTILITY CENTER BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ahmad O. Hammoud, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,098 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	293	92	76	24	14	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	6.5	9.2	12.5	4 / 14	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.7	30.5	20.7	17.5	0 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.4	5.4	4.4	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.5	27.2	11.8	8.3	0 / 14	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.6	29.3	13.2	12.5	0 / 14	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.7	5.4	5.3	4.2	0 / 14	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.3	34.8	19.7	16.7	0 / 14	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	43.5	23.7	20.8	1 / 14	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	261	79	58	18	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	31.6	15.5	2 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.7	34.2	17.2	3 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.9	6.3	6.9	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.7	40.5	25.9	4 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.5	50.6	31.0	5 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	150	55	36	14	2	5
Number of transfers	145	54	35	12	2	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	31.1	46.2	6 / 17	1 / 3	4 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	18.5	34.3	2 / 12	0 / 2	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	25.9	40.0	2 / 12	1 / 2	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2	11.1	11.4	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.3	37.0	51.4	4 / 12	1 / 2	3 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.2	46.3	51.4	5 / 12	1 / 2	4 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	74	37	57	22	7	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		66			56	
Number of transfers		59			55	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.9			34.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		22.0			14.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.2			18.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.9			16.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		49.2			34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.0			49.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Michigan Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael S. Mersol-Barg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 191 (includes 27 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	17	17	10	7	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	2 / 17	3 / 17	1 / 10	1 / 7	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9 / 18	4 / 5	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	0 / 17	0 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	1 / 17	0 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.7	1 / 17	0 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.1	1 / 17	2 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	8	6	4	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	0 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	1 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.3	1 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.8	1 / 8	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	5	3	3	1	0
Number of transfers	21	5	2	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.8	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	7	8	5	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			8	
Number of transfers		2			8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 3			4 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 2			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 2			2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2			3 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			3 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GAGO IVF BRIGHTON, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Laura A. Gago, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	8%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	44%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	<1%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				26%
				Female & male factors				27%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 143 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		19	7	4	9	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.0	2.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.0	1 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 19	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 19	1 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		6 / 19	1 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 19	1 / 7	2 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		10	4	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 10	1 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 10	1 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 10	1 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		23	9	5	1	0	0
Number of transfers		23	9	5	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.8	1.2	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		71.8	9 / 16	3 / 6	2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		52.2	4 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		56.5	5 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		26.1	2 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		82.6	7 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		91.3	7 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		19	5	11	3	3	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		6			15		
Number of transfers		4			15		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 6			38.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4			4 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4			7 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Gago IVF					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN COMPREHENSIVE FERTILITY CENTER DEARBORN, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David M. Magyar, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 147 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	34	16	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	17.4	23.5	3 / 16	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.6	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.9	10.0	12.5	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.5	8.8	3 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.7	8.8	4 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.2	8.8	4 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.4	11.8	5 / 16	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	23	13	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.8	13.0	3 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.8	13.0	4 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	20.6	13.0	4 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.5	17.4	5 / 13	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	7	2	0	0	0
Number of transfers	10	5	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	2.5	1.0		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	1	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			11		
Number of transfers	1			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			0 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE & IVF CENTER, PC GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William G. Dodds, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	60%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 975 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	272	93	57	26	5	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.4	16.1	8.8	11.5	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8	2.9	2.5	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.4	28.0	13.0	26.5	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.0	3.0	2.6	0 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	23.7	8.8	7.7	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	26.9	10.5	19.2	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8	6.5	3.5	7.7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.3	33.3	14.0	26.9	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.6	39.8	21.1	38.5	1 / 5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	217	70	43	17	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	31.4	11.6	2 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	35.7	14.0	5 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.5	8.6	4.7	2 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.1	44.3	18.6	7 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.9	52.9	27.9	10 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	245	79	43	9	2	0
Number of transfers	230	74	41	9	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.7	3.7	2.4	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.1	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.4	24.8	18.4	10.7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	29.7	19.5	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.3	33.8	24.4	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	6.8	4.9	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.7	40.5	31.7	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	47.3	36.6	3 / 9	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	0	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		24			81	
Number of transfers		17			76	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1			2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.4			22.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 17			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 17			26.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 17			6.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10 / 17			32.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 17			42.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF MICHIGAN ROCHESTER HILLS & FLINT, PC ROCHESTER HILLS, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mostafa I. Abuzeid, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	>99%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 43%
Unstimulated	10%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 346 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	118	43	55	15	15	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.6	4.7	10.9	2 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	50.0	24.1	9.7	13.9	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.3	0.0	2.9	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	18.6	10.9	1 / 15	3 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.3	27.9	14.5	1 / 15	3 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.8	18.6	7.3	0 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	44.1	46.5	23.6	1 / 15	4 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.7	58.1	34.5	3 / 15	4 / 15	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	104	37	46	12	13	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	21.6	13.0	1 / 12	3 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	32.4	17.4	1 / 12	3 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.2	21.6	8.7	0 / 12	1 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	54.1	28.3	1 / 12	4 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.7	67.6	41.3	3 / 12	4 / 13	0 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	15	14	3	2	2
Number of transfers	35	15	11	3	2	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	3.0	1.4		1.0	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.6	36.0	4 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	0 / 15	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.1	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	25.7	3 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	4 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	8 / 15	4 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	1	3	0	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Michigan Rochester Hills & Flint, PC

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN GROUP
UNIVERSITY WOMEN'S CARE
SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth E. Puscheck, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 125 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	11	15	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.8	1 / 11	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2	2.0	1.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	30.0	1 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8 / 19	1 / 10	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	1 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.8	1 / 11	1 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2 / 11	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.8	3 / 11	1 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.6	5 / 11	2 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	10	11	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	1 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 19	1 / 10	1 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 19	5 / 10	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	8	15	5	0	0
Number of transfers	29	8	13	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.1	1.9	1.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.3	2 / 18	10.0	1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	2 / 8	0 / 13	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	2 / 8	1 / 13	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	0 / 8	0 / 13	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.5	2 / 8	1 / 13	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.9	2 / 8	4 / 13	1 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	3	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6		4		
Number of transfers		5		3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 10		2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 5		2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 5		2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 5		0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5		2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5		2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Wayne State University Physician Group, University Women's Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nicole Budrys, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	59%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	2%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				6%
				Female & male factors				27%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 82 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	9	4	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 14	3 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	7	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	3 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	8	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	20	7	3	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.8	0.5	0.3		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.4	8 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	5 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	2	5	2	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BRENDA L. MOSKOVITZ, MD, PC TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brenda L. Moskowitz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	36%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	29%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 18 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0		0.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	2	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			0		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brenda L. Moskowitz, MD, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF MICHIGAN TROY, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brad T. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 598 (includes 22 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	152	49	50	18	10	20
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.9	10.2	20.0	3 / 18	1 / 10	60.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.8	36.6	29.3	20.8	0 / 15	0 / 11
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.5	15.0	6.5	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.1	28.6	12.0	3 / 18	0 / 10	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	34.7	14.0	3 / 18	0 / 10	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	4.1	8.0	1 / 18	0 / 10	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.9	40.8	22.0	4 / 18	0 / 10	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	49.0	30.0	6 / 18	0 / 10	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	119	40	32	13	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	35.0	18.8	3 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	42.5	21.9	3 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	5.0	12.5	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.5	50.0	34.4	4 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.9	60.0	46.9	6 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	89	38	26	7	3	0
Number of transfers	83	35	24	6	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.2	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	58.3	37.5	3 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5	28.6	20.8	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	40.0	25.0	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	8.6	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.2	48.6	25.0	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.5	65.7	54.2	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	5	15	5	2	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		25			44	
Number of transfers		20			39	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7			52.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		10.0			20.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		15.0			30.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		30.0			15.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0			46.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			59.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH, PLC WARREN, MICHIGAN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 261 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	21	12	3	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.1	9.5	3 / 12	2 / 3	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.1			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	32.0	1 / 17			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.8	1 / 12	0 / 8			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.8	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	9.5	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.7	23.8	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.1	28.6	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	14	8	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	3 / 14	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	3 / 14	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	2 / 14	0 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.8	5 / 14	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.6	6 / 14	1 / 8			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	21	22	0	0	0
Number of transfers	21	20	22	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.9	24.1	38.5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	25.0	22.7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	25.0	31.8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	0.0	0.0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.6	25.0	31.8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4	35.0	40.9			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	21	23	11	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		15		24		
Number of transfers		15		23		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.4		44.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 15		21.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 15		34.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 15		8.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 15		43.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 15		60.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's Health, PLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CCRM MINNEAPOLIS EDINA, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by April E. Batcheller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 67 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4	1 / 4				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	4	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7	3 / 4	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	2 / 4	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5	2 / 4	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	2 / 4	3 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	3 / 4	3 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	12	14	8	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			2		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CCRM Minneapolis

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE MIDWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA MAPLE GROVE, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randle S. Corfman, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	61%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 250 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	98	31	14	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.0	6.5	3 / 14	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.7	37.5	30.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.5	11.5	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.6	12.9	1 / 14	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	12.9	2 / 14	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	26.5	16.1	0 / 14	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	57.1	29.0	3 / 14	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.2	45.2	4 / 14	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	96	29	11	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	13.8	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	13.8	2 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.1	17.2	0 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3	31.0	3 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.5	48.3	4 / 11	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	17	8	3	0	0
Number of transfers	28	15	8	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	7.0	7.5	8.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.4	6 / 19	3 / 10	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	4 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.4	4 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.0	5 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.6	5 / 15	3 / 8	0 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			30		18	
Number of transfers			28		18	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.9		1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			50.0		16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			25.0		2 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			32.1		3 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			25.0		0 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			57.1		3 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			64.3		6 / 18	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Colleen Casey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,368 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	373	135	113	35	16	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	10.4	14.2	17.1	5 / 16	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	48.5	34.1	18.2	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	41.2	31.1	7.8	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.8	28.9	14.2	5.7	0 / 16	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	32.6	16.8	8.6	0 / 16	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	11.1	7.1	2.9	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	49.1	43.7	24.8	11.4	0 / 16	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.2	48.9	33.6	17.1	0 / 16	1 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	321	106	77	18	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.3	36.8	20.8	2 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.4	41.5	24.7	3 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	14.2	10.4	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	55.7	36.4	4 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.9	62.3	49.4	6 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	185	96	67	20	3	0
Number of transfers	174	89	58	19	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.9	52.3	54.8	42.9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.2	39.3	39.7	5 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.4	46.1	44.8	6 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.6	11.2	3.4	0 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.0	57.3	50.0	6 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.0	64.0	67.2	10 / 19	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	47	46	41	27	5	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	75			69		
Number of transfers	64			65		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.9			53.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8			41.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.5			49.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.4			9.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.9			58.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0			69.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, Advanced Reproductive Technologies

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MAYO CLINIC ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Charles C. Coddington, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 436 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	27	21	14	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	11.1	9.5	2 / 14	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	53.1	22.7	9.5	0 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	52.7	4 / 17	1 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	25.9	4.8	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.1	25.9	19.0	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	7.4	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.9	33.3	19.0	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.4	44.4	28.6	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	19	12	9	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	7 / 19	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.9	7 / 19	4 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.9	2 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	9 / 19	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.2	12 / 19	6 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	109	29	25	7	7	4
Number of transfers	105	26	25	6	5	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.9	1.0	0.4	1.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.2	25.0	26.2	1 / 10	1 / 8	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.8	19.2	20.0	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.7	23.1	20.0	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	7.7	8.0	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.4	30.8	28.0	1 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.7	30.8	36.0	1 / 6	1 / 5	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	27	10	18	10	2	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			15	
Number of transfers		6			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 9			5 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 6			2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 6			3 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 6			1 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 6			4 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 6			5 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jacques P. Stassart, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 45%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	74%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 645 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	211	81	43	12	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.4	2.5	4.7	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.6	33.8	28.2	4.0	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.9	6.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.9	22.2	9.3	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.2	24.7	14.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	11.1	14.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.0	35.8	27.9	1 / 12	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.1	48.1	41.9	3 / 12	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	200	72	36	11	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.5	25.0	11.1	0 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.0	27.8	16.7	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	12.5	16.7	0 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.5	40.3	33.3	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	54.2	50.0	3 / 11	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	110	65	8	3	3	0
Number of transfers	109	64	8	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.9	1.6	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.4	27.2	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.4	26.6	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	26.6	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.5	3.1	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.6	29.7	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	39.1	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	5	3	4	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		39			29	
Number of transfers		38			29	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		23.7			13.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.6			27.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.2			6.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.7			34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		63.2			37.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MISSISSIPPI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PLLC FLOWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall S. Hines, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	36%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 34% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	7%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	37%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 171 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	10	3	2	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	14.3	3 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 18	1 / 4		0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.6	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3.6	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7.1	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7.1	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	2	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 10	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 10	1 / 2		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	36	13	4	1	1	0
Number of transfers	33	13	3	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	8 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	6 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	7 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	7	2	1	1	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		7			32	
Number of transfers		2			31	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4			20.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			12.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			19.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			3.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			22.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			22.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mississippi Reproductive Medicine, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI MEDICAL CENTER FLOWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by J. Preston Parry, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	33%	Female factors only	16%
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	2%	Female & male factors	17%
				Endometriosis	18%	Unknown factor	18%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 173 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		55	21	18	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		7.3	14.3	3 / 18	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.9	2.1	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		41.9	30.8	4 / 19	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		28.6	2 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.5	14.3	2 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.3	23.8	4 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		10.9	4.8	0 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		38.2	28.6	4 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.3	28.6	6 / 18	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		44	14	11	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.8	3 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.1	5 / 14	4 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.6	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.7	6 / 14	4 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		59.1	6 / 14	6 / 11	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		30	11	10	1	0	0
Number of transfers		30	10	9	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.5	2.0	3.0	0.5	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.3	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0	3 / 11	5 / 14	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.0	0 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		33.3	1 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.3	1 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		46.7	2 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.7	3 / 10	5 / 9	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	1	2	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			9		
Number of transfers		8			7		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 11			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 8			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 8			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 8			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8			1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: University of Mississippi Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY CENTER OF ST. LOUIS CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

MISSOURI

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sherman J. Silber, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	51%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 870 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	9	7	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.8		4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.9	3 / 17	1 / 14		0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3.4	0 / 9	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.3	1 / 9	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.4	1 / 9	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	1 / 9	0 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.4	2 / 9	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	3 / 9	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	31	9	5	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.3	1 / 9	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.9	1 / 9	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	1 / 9	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.2	2 / 9	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.7	3 / 9	1 / 5		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	138	63	50	40	31	29
Number of transfers	129	59	47	38	27	23
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.6	29.2	21.2	15.8	6.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	20.3	17.0	10.5	7.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.2	28.8	21.3	13.2	14.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.1	6.8	2.1	2.6	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.8	35.6	23.4	15.8	14.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.4	50.8	40.4	34.2	18.5	4.3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	120	61	83	44	43	53
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		23			39	
Number of transfers		20			34	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.0			33.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.0			20.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0			35.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.0			2.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.0			41.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility Center of St. Louis

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MID-MISSOURI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, INC. COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gilbert Wilshire, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 61%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	72%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 167 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	18	7	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.2	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.0	25.0	3 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.6	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.6	4 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	6 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	1 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.6	7 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	52	16	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	4 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	6 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	1 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.5	7 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	7 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	11	6	1	0	0
Number of transfers	28	8	6	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.3	3.0		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.8	1 / 12	2 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.3	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	2	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			13		
Number of transfers	7			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 12			3 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 7			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			3 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**MISSOURI CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY
UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI
COLUMBIA, MISSOURI**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Danny J. Schust, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 34 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman						
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	10	4	5	0	0	0	
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.7				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 5				
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers	9	2	3	0	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles	4	2	0	0	0	0	
Number of transfers	3	2	0	0	0	0	
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	2.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
	6	1	0	0	0	0	
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			2		
Number of transfers		0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility, University of Missouri					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-ST. LOUIS CREVE COEUR, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Molina B. Dayal, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 494 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	166	48	23	12	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.6	0.0	8.7	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.6	33.3	3 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8.0	15.0	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.9	12.5	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.3	20.8	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	4.2	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.1	25.0	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.1	25.0	13.0	0 / 12	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	126	28	6	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	21.4	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.4	35.7	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.5	7.1	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.7	42.9	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	42.9	3 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	46	30	5	3	1
Number of transfers	74	42	28	5	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.7	1.3	0.7	1.5	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.5	30.5	18.8	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.6	26.2	3.6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	28.6	14.3	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	4.8	3.6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.2	33.3	17.9	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.7	40.5	25.0	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	11	14	3	2	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			28	
Number of transfers		9			28	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 18			47.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 9			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 9			39.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 9			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 9			53.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 9			57.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE SPECIALISTS KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gregory C. Starks, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 34%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	26%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 120 (includes 18 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	42	21	7	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	14.3	28.6	1 / 7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	24.0	2 / 9			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	7.1	0 / 12	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	14.3	1 / 7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.7	14.3	2 / 7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	4.8	0 / 7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.0	19.0	2 / 7			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.0	23.8	2 / 7			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	13	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	3 / 13	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	3 / 13	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2	1 / 13	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.8	4 / 13	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	5 / 13	2 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	2	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	13	2	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 17	1 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	1 / 2	3 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			5		
Number of transfers	0			5		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY PARTNERSHIP SAINT PETERS, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by David E. Simckes, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 183 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	17	18	5	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	0 / 17	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.4	19.4	25.0	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.6	2 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	6 / 17	1 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	6 / 17	2 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	21.7	0 / 17	1 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	56.5	6 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.4	6 / 17	6 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	42	16	16	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	6 / 16	1 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	6 / 16	2 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	0 / 16	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.9	6 / 16	3 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.8	6 / 16	6 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	19	8	2	0	0
Number of transfers	31	14	8	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.8	2.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	19.2	5 / 14	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	3 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.7	4 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	0 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.8	4 / 14	3 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.3	6 / 14	4 / 8	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	8	4	3	4	1	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			8		
Number of transfers	0			6		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Partnership

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & ROBOTIC SURGERY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Saji Jacob, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	9%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 27% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	4%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 53 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	5	5	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.0	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.8	4 / 8	2 / 7			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 16	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16	4 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		9 / 16	4 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 16	4 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		14	4	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 14	2 / 4	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 14	4 / 4	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14	4 / 4	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		10 / 14	4 / 4	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	0	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers		2	0	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 4		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2		1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2		1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		9	5	4	1	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1		
Number of transfers		0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER
AT WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND BARNES-JEWISH HOSPITAL
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randall R. Odem, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 757 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	258	82	71	31	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.7	13.4	8.5	12.9	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.8	4.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	43.7	18.0	9.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.9	6.3	1.8	0.0	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.6	32.9	18.3	9.7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.0	39.0	19.7	9.7	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	8.5	7.0	3.2	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	47.6	26.8	12.9	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	52.4	32.4	22.6	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	229	65	61	25	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	41.5	21.3	12.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.8	49.2	23.0	12.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	10.8	8.2	4.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.3	60.0	31.1	16.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.0	66.2	37.7	28.0	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	49	36	9	1	0
Number of transfers	93	43	29	9	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.5	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.3	29.2	30.2	3 / 17	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.7	25.6	20.7	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.1	32.6	31.0	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	0.0	6.9	0 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.8	32.6	37.9	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.4	44.2	48.3	3 / 9	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	14	15	4	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		13			23	
Number of transfers		12			20	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.1			21.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 12			30.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 12			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 12			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 12			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 12			40.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center at Washington University School of Medicine and Barnes-Jewish Hospital

Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Gestational carriers?	Yes			SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BILLINGS CLINIC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY CARE BILLINGS, MONTANA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Stacy Shomento, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 152 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	19	9	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.6	3.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.1	44.4	5 / 16	1 / 14		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.6	1 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	6 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	8 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	1 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.3	9 / 19	2 / 9	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	11 / 19	4 / 9	2 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	16	8	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	6 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	8 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	1 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.8	9 / 16	2 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.4	11 / 16	4 / 8	2 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	7	0	2	0	0
Number of transfers	32	7	0	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.8	0.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.3		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.8	4 / 9		2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	2 / 7		2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	2 / 7		2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	37.5	1 / 7		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.6	3 / 7		2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.8	3 / 7		2 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	2	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			2	
Number of transfers		1			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			3 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			2 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Billings Clinic, Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS ELKHORN, NEBRASKA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Carolyn M. Doherty, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	Other factor	27%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 488 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	125	39	34	11	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.8	10.3	35.3	4 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.1	3.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	31.8	21.1	2 / 13		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.6	9.1	1 / 16	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.8	20.5	2.9	2 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.8	20.5	8.8	2 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	5.1	0.0	0 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.0	25.6	11.8	2 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.2	30.8	14.7	2 / 11		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	80	24	18	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	33.3	1 / 18	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.3	33.3	3 / 18	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	8.3	0 / 18	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.5	41.7	4 / 18	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.5	50.0	5 / 18	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	137	44	20	4	3	0
Number of transfers	128	37	16	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.4	1.2	0.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.3	31.6	34.5	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.9	18.9	4 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.8	32.4	5 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	5.4	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.1	37.8	7 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.3	40.5	7 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	13	1	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		15		24		
Number of transfers		12		19		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 19		32.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 12		3 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 12		4 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 12		0 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 12		4 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 12		9 / 19		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HEARTLAND CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC OMAHA, NEBRASKA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Victoria M. Maclin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	51%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 346 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	120	35	29	11	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.8	11.4	13.8	2 / 11	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.1	50.0	32.3	1 / 10	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.6	2 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	28.6	31.0	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	28.6	31.0	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.2	8.6	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.3	37.1	31.0	1 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.5	42.9	31.0	2 / 11	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	21	15	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	47.6	9 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	47.6	9 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.1	14.3	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.5	61.9	9 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.0	71.4	9 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	21	11	0	1	0
Number of transfers	51	21	10	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.9	1.0	0.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.9		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.3	51.9	5 / 18		0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.2	14.3	1 / 10		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.1	23.8	2 / 10		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.7	14.3	1 / 10		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.8	38.1	3 / 10		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	61.9	4 / 10		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	2	5	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	29			17		
Number of transfers	28			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	68.6			15.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.9			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0			0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1			1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.6			3 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREEN VALLEY FERTILITY PARTNERS HENDERSON, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey D. Fisch, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 205 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	16	18	24	5	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1 / 16	2 / 18	4.2	0 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.7	4 / 13	5 / 19	10.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.9	3 / 7	0 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	2 / 16	3 / 18	12.5	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	2 / 16	4 / 18	12.5	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	0 / 16	0 / 18	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.4	2 / 16	4 / 18	12.5	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.9	4 / 16	5 / 18	12.5	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	9	10	17	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	2 / 9	3 / 10	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	2 / 9	4 / 10	3 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.3	2 / 9	4 / 10	3 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.1	4 / 9	5 / 10	3 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	7	9	5	1	1
Number of transfers	31	7	8	5	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	0.8	1.0	2.5	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.9	3 / 10	4 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.6	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	3 / 7	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.3	3 / 7	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.2	3 / 7	4 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	6	6	2	0	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			8		
Number of transfers	6			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 9			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			4 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Green Valley Fertility Partners

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bruce S. Shapiro, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	20%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	40%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 981 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	4	0	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 5	0 / 4				0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.8				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3	5 / 7				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 2	0 / 3				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	2 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	3 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	4 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	4 / 4				0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	3	4	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	3 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	4 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	4 / 4				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	174	85	71	14	9	7
Number of transfers	168	81	68	14	8	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.0	66.4	57.1	11 / 15	5 / 10	4 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.5	32.1	30.9	5 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.8	37.0	41.2	7 / 14	5 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	18.5	10.3	2 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.3	55.6	51.5	9 / 14	5 / 8	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.4	69.1	63.2	10 / 14	5 / 8	4 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	157	94	90	23	12	14
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		90			124	
Number of transfers		69			118	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		64.6			54.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.2			29.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		47.8			43.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.4			12.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		65.2			55.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.9			66.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Las Vegas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RED ROCK FERTILITY CENTER LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eva D. Littman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	38%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 261 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	13	14	4	2	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.9	0 / 13	1 / 14	2 / 4	1 / 2	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.2	3 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.8	3 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.8	3 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	0 / 13	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	17.2	3 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.7	3 / 13	1 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	9	5	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 16	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	27	17	2	2	2
Number of transfers	43	27	17	2	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	1.0	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	52.4	46.2	2 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.6	37.0	6 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	44.4	6 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	14.8	3 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.8	59.3	9 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	66.7	9 / 17	2 / 2	1 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	33	31	27	5	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			2		
Number of transfers	1			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Red Rock Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark Severino, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 44% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	78%	
				Endometriosis	25%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 452 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	94	45	26	4	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.8		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.8	21.1	17.9		0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.2	8.3	0 / 12			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.8	11.1	7.7	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.0	17.8	11.5	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	4.4	3.8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.7	22.2	15.4	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.9	24.4	15.4	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	83	36	16	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.5	13.9	2 / 16		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.3	22.2	3 / 16		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	5.6	1 / 16		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.5	27.8	4 / 16		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.9	30.6	4 / 16		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	21	22	7	11	5
Number of transfers	37	20	20	7	11	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	21.4	11.1	2 / 11	3 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	20.0	15.0	1 / 7	1 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.0	30.0	20.0	1 / 7	3 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.7	30.0	20.0	1 / 7	3 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.5	35.0	20.0	2 / 7	3 / 11	1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	27	54	16	15	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		10			24	
Number of transfers		9			23	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 17			18.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 9			17.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 9			30.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 9			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 9			30.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 9			30.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Las Vegas

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEVADA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RENO, NEVADA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Scott J. Whitten, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 416 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	32	36	14	5	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.3	3.1	0.0	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.3	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	34.2	21.2	14.3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.7	1 / 18	1 / 18	0 / 9		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	21.9	13.9	3 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	21.9	16.7	3 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	9.4	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.3	31.3	16.7	3 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.8	31.3	25.0	3 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	34	21	19	9	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	33.3	5 / 19	3 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.3	33.3	6 / 19	3 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	14.3	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	47.6	6 / 19	3 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	47.6	9 / 19	3 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	26	31	12	3	0
Number of transfers	55	26	31	12	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.7	56.1	38.5	4 / 19	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.7	50.0	32.3	3 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.6	57.7	45.2	4 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	3.8	3.2	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	61.5	48.4	4 / 12	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.5	76.9	64.5	4 / 12	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	15	24	13	8	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			45	
Number of transfers		6			45	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 8			49.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 6			31.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 6			44.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			8.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 6			53.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 6			71.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DARTMOUTH-HITCHCOCK MEDICAL CENTER LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Misty B. Porter, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	40%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	20%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	27%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 186 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		49	27	34	12	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		8.2	14.8	29.4	1 / 12	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.1	2.7	4.1	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.8	24.5	11.3	0.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		31.0	13.6	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.5	11.1	5.9	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.5	14.8	8.8	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		2.0	7.4	2.9	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		28.6	25.9	11.8	0 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		30.6	29.6	20.6	0 / 12	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		43	23	23	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.2	13.0	8.7	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.2	17.4	13.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2.3	8.7	4.3	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		32.6	30.4	17.4	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.9	34.8	30.4	0 / 11	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		18	14	4	3	2	1
Number of transfers		17	12	3	3	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	1.7	0.8	1.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.5	1.3	3.0	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		18.2	2 / 18	0 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 17	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		11	1	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2			5		
Number of transfers		2			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 3			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-NEW JERSEY ASBURY, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Albert J. Peters, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	51%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 199 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	12	20	11	12	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.4	1 / 12	15.0	0 / 11	4 / 12	3 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.6	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	9 / 16	2 / 19	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	3 / 12	10.0	0 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.5	4 / 12	10.0	0 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	1 / 12	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	5 / 12	10.0	0 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.1	6 / 12	10.0	0 / 11	1 / 12	0 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	17	10	11	1	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	3 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	4 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 17	5 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 17	6 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	15	9	3	5	3
Number of transfers	21	15	9	3	4	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	1.5	0.6	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	17.6	25.0	3 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.0	0 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	1 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	1 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.8	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.8	4 / 15	3 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	12	4	4	3	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			13	
Number of transfers		6			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 11			4 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6			2 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6			3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6			3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 6			4 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-New Jersey

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW JERSEY BASKING RIDGE, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael R. Drews, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 46%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	43%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	65%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 5,379 (includes 30 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	782	423	342	117	76	15
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.7	7.6	12.6	16.2	27.6	3 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.1	61.2	61.2	68.2	2 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	75.3	66.9	69.6	6 / 10	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	18.2	16.1	5.1	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	19.9	18.1	7.7	2.6	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	3.3	2.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.0	23.2	20.2	7.7	2.6	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.3	25.8	21.9	11.1	2.6	0 / 15
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	333	163	109	20	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	47.7	47.2	50.5	30.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	55.3	51.5	56.9	45.0	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	8.6	6.4	0.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.8	60.1	63.3	45.0	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.6	66.9	68.8	65.0	2 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	934	513	449	170	63	16
Number of transfers	917	495	426	150	57	13
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	67.8	62.9	58.5	60.4	56.3	10 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.8	45.3	40.1	40.7	36.8	5 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.7	52.3	47.4	46.7	43.9	5 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	6.5	5.6	6.0	5.3	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.6	59.0	53.1	52.7	49.1	5 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.5	70.1	66.0	66.7	59.6	9 / 13
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	342	246	271	175	83	17
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		94			221	
Number of transfers		68			215	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		70.7			57.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.6			36.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.9			47.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.3			5.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.2			52.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.5			64.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLIFTON LOW COST IVF CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Charles Haddad, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	36%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 59 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	9	13	2	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.7	3 / 14	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 17	2 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 17	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 17	3 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	8	8	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	2	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	10	2	2	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	2.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 18	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 2			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Clifton Low Cost IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NJ BEST OB/GYN CLIFTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Fares Diarbakerli, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	33%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 12 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	5	3	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	8 / 8	1 / 3			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	4 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	4	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	3 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	3 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	4 / 4	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			0	
Number of transfers		1			0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1				

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: NJ Best OB/GYN

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF NEW JERSEY EATONTOWN, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William Ziegler, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 50%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 275 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	43	27	12	5	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.5	16.3	14.8	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.5	1.7	2.2	1.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	66.7	46.5	23.3	1 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	86.7	30.4	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	18.6	18.5	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.8	23.3	25.9	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	7.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.8	30.2	25.9	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	39.5	33.3	2 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	47	30	20	10	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.9	26.7	25.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	61.7	33.3	35.0	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	10.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.7	43.3	35.0	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.5	56.7	45.0	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	15	8	2	3	1
Number of transfers	30	13	7	2	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	0.7	0.9	0.4	3.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.8	7 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	4 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	4 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.7	5 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	7 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	13	8	5	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			10		
Number of transfers	2			10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1			4 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2			5 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY EDISON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gregory H. Corsan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b						
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>		
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	33%		Female factors only	4%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	<1%		Female & male factors	9%
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	17%			

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 379 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	89	26	29	18	9	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.1	7.7	17.2	4 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.2	27.0	33.3	2 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.0	2 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.9	19.2	10.3	1 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.7	19.2	10.3	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	3.8	3.4	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.2	23.1	13.8	2 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.6	34.6	24.1	3 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	20	12	10	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.2	25.0	3 / 12	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	25.0	3 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	5.0	1 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	30.0	4 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.8	45.0	7 / 12	3 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	23	17	2	0	1
Number of transfers	58	23	17	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.3	0.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.3	34.6	57.1	0 / 3		1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.8	21.7	8 / 17	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	26.1	9 / 17	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	4.3	1 / 17	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.6	30.4	10 / 17	0 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.6	52.2	12 / 17	0 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	21	14	7	6	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			13	
Number of transfers		9			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11 / 14			7 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 9			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 9			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 9			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 9			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 9			8 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Philip R. Lesorgen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 53 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	6	2	6	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.0	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	2 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4.0	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.0	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.0	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	3	1	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	2 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	2	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2		0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	3.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH HUDSON I.V.F. CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jane E. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 24 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	2	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2	0 / 3				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.0	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0		3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4	1 / 1		2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	1 / 1		1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			6		
Number of transfers	2			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Hudson I.V.F., Center for Fertility and Gynecology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES, PC HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter G. McGovern, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	56%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 573 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	60	39	14	15	8
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	1.7	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 15	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.0	33.3	19.3	5.0	3.4	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.6	8.7	13.3	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	15.0	12.8	0 / 14	0 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	20.0	17.9	1 / 14	0 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.4	13.3	2.6	0 / 14	0 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.9	33.3	20.5	1 / 14	0 / 15	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.9	43.3	25.6	3 / 14	1 / 15	1 / 8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	86	57	33	12	15	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.4	15.8	15.2	0 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.2	21.1	21.2	1 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	14.0	3.0	0 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.9	35.1	24.2	1 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	45.6	30.3	3 / 12	1 / 15	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	17	36	9	0	3
Number of transfers	56	17	34	9	0	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4		1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.9	14.3	31.8	3 / 12		1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.2	3 / 17	29.4	2 / 9		1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.4	3 / 17	29.4	2 / 9		1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	0 / 17	2.9	0 / 9		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7	3 / 17	32.4	2 / 9		1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.9	4 / 17	38.2	4 / 9		1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	44	41	54	26	16	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			28	
Number of transfers		1			28	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			36.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			32.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			39.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Associates, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHORE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Allen Morgan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	31%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 114 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	17	18	7	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	20.0	2 / 17	3 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.6	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.7	8 / 16	5 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	1 / 17	2 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.1	2 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	3 / 17	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	24.4	5 / 17	4 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	5 / 17	4 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	8	11	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	1 / 8	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.2	2 / 8	3 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.7	3 / 8	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.9	5 / 8	4 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.7	5 / 8	4 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	7	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	9	6	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 14	4 / 12	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1			2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine,
Morgan Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DELAWARE VALLEY OBGYN & INFERTILITY GROUP, PC
PRINCETON IVF
LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Seth G. Derman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	43%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 87 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	14	17	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.0	2 / 14	1 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	2.5	2.7	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.7	25.9	5.7	0 / 16	1 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	3 / 14	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	4 / 14	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	1 / 14	0 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.0	5 / 14	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	7 / 14	2 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	11	14	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	3 / 11	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	4 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	1 / 11	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.1	5 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	7 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	3	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	2	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	5.0	1.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 9	2 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			2		
Number of transfers	8			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 17			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 8			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 8			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 8			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley OBGYN & Infertility Group, PC, Princeton IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SCIENCE
SAINT BARNABAS MEDICAL CENTER
LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Margaret G. Garrisi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,139 (includes 21 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	188	123	122	70	27	11
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.9	11.4	16.4	22.9	29.6	4 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.4	41.6	22.7	13.4	3.0	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	50.0	12.9	5.1	0 / 9	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.5	22.0	11.5	14.3	3.7	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	28.5	14.8	15.7	3.7	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	4.9	3.3	1.4	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.4	33.3	18.0	17.1	3.7	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.5	39.8	26.2	20.0	3.7	0 / 11
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	150	96	87	49	14	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.0	28.1	16.1	20.4	1 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.3	36.5	20.7	22.4	1 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	6.3	4.6	2.0	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.7	42.7	25.3	24.5	1 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.0	51.0	36.8	28.6	1 / 14	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	108	79	60	19	4	2
Number of transfers	102	79	59	19	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	61.6	48.5	40.9	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.2	39.2	42.4	5 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.1	44.3	45.8	8 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.9	6.3	1.7	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.1	50.6	47.5	8 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.9	60.8	57.6	10 / 19	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	60	47	71	28	16	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		24			52	
Number of transfers		19			51	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.4			37.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 19			25.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		11 / 19			29.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 19			3.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 19			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 19			43.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science, Saint Barnabas Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE VALLEY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY AND GENETICS MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George S. Taliadouros, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	40%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 146 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	11	12	8	9	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.6	3.4	3.8	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.9	19.0	20.8	16.7	3.3	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.3	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	2 / 11	2 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	4 / 11	3 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.2	4 / 11	3 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	4 / 11	6 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	11	12	8	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	2 / 11	2 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	4 / 11	3 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	0 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	4 / 11	3 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.5	4 / 11	6 / 12	4 / 8	1 / 8	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	6	5	1	3	0
Number of transfers	19	6	5	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	2.0		0.5	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.3	2 / 8	2 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	1 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 19	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	1	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	10			22		
Number of transfers	9			22		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 15			21.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 9			22.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 9			22.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			4.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 9			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 9			31.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH JERSEY FERTILITY CENTER MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert A. Skaf, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	35%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 535 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	136	55	44	23	7	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.6	7.3	15.9	17.4	3 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.3	4.0	2.5	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.9	34.4	19.7	6.7	0 / 5	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.7	17.2	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	14.5	11.4	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.4	16.4	15.9	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	7.3	2.3	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.7	23.6	18.2	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.6	29.1	27.3	13.0	1 / 7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	103	36	28	12	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.0	22.2	17.9	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.8	25.0	25.0	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	11.1	3.6	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.4	36.1	28.6	1 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.3	44.4	42.9	3 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	51	27	6	2	1
Number of transfers	83	48	26	5	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.5	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.6	2.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	37.3	20.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.5	22.9	23.1	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	35.4	23.1	3 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.4	4.2	3.8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.4	39.6	26.9	3 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.2	60.4	34.6	3 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	11	19	5	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			17	
Number of transfers		11			15	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 14			47.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 11			6 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11			6 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 11			2 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 11			8 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11			9 / 15	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: South Jersey Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DIAMOND INSTITUTE FOR INFERTILITY MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arie Birkenfeld, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 321 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	58	36	20	11	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.2	8.3	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.2	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.6	36.2	15.4	0 / 14		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	36.1	20.0	0 / 12	1 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	22.2	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	27.8	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.7	2.8	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	30.6	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.8	44.4	25.0	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	37	29	13	9	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.0	27.6	3 / 13	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	34.5	3 / 13	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	3.4	0 / 13	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.5	37.9	3 / 13	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	55.2	5 / 13	1 / 9		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	13	8	1	1	2
Number of transfers	41	13	7	1	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1	4 / 17	4 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	3 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.3	3 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.6	3 / 13	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.3	4 / 13	4 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	14	6	2	6	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		22			54	
Number of transfers		13			53	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 17			28.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13			15.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 13			22.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 13			3.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 13			26.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 13			35.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Diamond Institute for Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HORMONAL DISORDERS MOUNT LAUREL, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jerome H. Check, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	47%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 663 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	110	86	84	88	60	21
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	14.5	14.0	22.6	29.5	21.7	9.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	28.4	17.9	5.3	3.7	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.7	5.7	6.1	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.4	12.8	7.1	2.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.9	14.0	9.5	2.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	8.1	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.1	22.1	11.9	2.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.5	29.1	16.7	8.0	3.3	4.8
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	67	62	47	41	32	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	17.7	12.8	4.9	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.3	19.4	17.0	4.9	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	11.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	30.6	21.3	4.9	0.0	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.7	40.3	29.8	17.1	6.3	1 / 12
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	23	26	14	9	9
Number of transfers	38	21	21	9	7	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.4	1.4	0.6	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.4	3.1	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.8	14.3	11.1	10.0	3 / 18	4.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	14.3	9.5	2 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	14.3	9.5	2 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	0.0	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.2	14.3	14.3	2 / 9	3 / 7	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.4	19.0	19.0	3 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	2	5	6	7	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			37	
Number of transfers		16			30	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.7			30.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 16			26.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 16			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 16			6.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 16			50.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive Hormonal Disorders

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VALLEY HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER PARAMUS, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ali Nasser, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	42%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 486 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	32	20	22	9	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.0	15.6	25.0	9.1	3 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.2	26.5	29.6	9.1	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	41.5	4 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 15	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.5	12.5	10.0	9.1	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	15.6	15.0	9.1	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	3.1	5.0	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.3	18.8	20.0	9.1	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.6	21.9	30.0	13.6	1 / 9	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	24	15	18	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	16.7	2 / 15	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	20.8	3 / 15	2 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	4.2	1 / 15	0 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.0	25.0	4 / 15	2 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.0	29.2	6 / 15	3 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	62	45	32	19	5	0
Number of transfers	59	44	26	17	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.2	39.2	51.5	6 / 17	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.1	38.6	34.6	5 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.2	40.9	42.3	5 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.7	2.3	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.9	43.2	42.3	5 / 17	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	45.5	61.5	7 / 17	2 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	43	38	42	21	18	7
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 11			3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Valley Hospital Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

DAMIEN FERTILITY PARTNERS SHREWSBURY, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Miguel Damien, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 359 (includes 23 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	83	34	48	20	25	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.2	5.9	12.5	5.0	12.0	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.3	54.3	24.3	20.0	3.6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.9	5.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 13	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	26.5	18.8	5.0	4.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	38.2	25.0	5.0	4.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.5	14.7	0.0	5.0	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.0	52.9	27.1	10.0	4.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.6	61.8	37.5	20.0	8.0	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	27	33	11	16	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	33.3	27.3	1 / 11	1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.9	48.1	36.4	1 / 11	1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.0	18.5	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.9	66.7	39.4	2 / 11	1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	77.8	54.5	4 / 11	2 / 16	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	12	8	2	0	0
Number of transfers	32	12	8	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	50.0	9 / 13	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.3	3 / 12	3 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.6	3 / 12	3 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.9	2 / 12	3 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.5	5 / 12	6 / 8	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.8	6 / 12	7 / 8	2 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	8	14	4	4	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		4		18		
Number of transfers		3		18		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 6		44.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 3		3 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 3		5 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		4 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3		9 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3		11 / 18		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Damien Fertility Partners

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**IVF NEW JERSEY
SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY
LOUIS R. MANARA, DO
VOORHEES, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Louis R. Manara, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	28%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 248 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	21	25	2	4	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.5	19.0	32.0	1 / 2	0 / 4	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.9	1.8		1.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 17	2 / 13	2 / 12		1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.3	0.0	4.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.3	0.0	4.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.8	4.8	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7.0	4.8	4.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7.0	4.8	12.0	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	7	8	0	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 8		0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 8		0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 8		0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 8		0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	1 / 7	3 / 8		1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	20	19	6	1	2
Number of transfers	66	18	19	5	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	2.3	1.6	0.8	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	36.4	50.0	4 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.4	5 / 18	10 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.0	8 / 18	10 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	0 / 18	0 / 19	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.0	8 / 18	10 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.1	8 / 18	11 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	2	3	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			8		
Number of transfers	3			8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 4			3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 3			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 3			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 3			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3			3 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center For Reproductive Medicine and Fertility, Louis R. Manara, DO

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW JERSEY AND NEW YORK WESTWOOD, NEW JERSEY

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Zalman Levine, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 30% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	59%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 380 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	26	20	27	14	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.9	19.2	20.0	29.6	3 / 14	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.5	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.8	18.2	24.0	7.1	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	14.3	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 15	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	11.5	5.0	7.4	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	11.5	10.0	7.4	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.8	11.5	15.0	7.4	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.1	11.5	30.0	14.8	1 / 14	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	35	10	10	16	10	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	3 / 10	1 / 10	2 / 16	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 10	2 / 10	2 / 16	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.1	0 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 16	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.7	3 / 10	3 / 10	2 / 16	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	3 / 10	6 / 10	4 / 16	1 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	23	20	10	0	0
Number of transfers	49	22	19	9	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.2	1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.3	48.6	22.5	8 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	40.9	5 / 19	5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.8	50.0	5 / 19	7 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.4	13.6	1 / 19	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.2	63.6	6 / 19	7 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.5	68.2	8 / 19	8 / 9		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	35	20	24	21	3	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		24			14	
Number of transfers		23			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		61.5			44.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		39.1			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.2			7 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		21.7			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		73.9			8 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.6			9 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF NEW MEXICO ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Douglas J. Thompson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	35%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	87%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 155 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	5	4	0	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 8				0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 4					
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	0	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4				0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4				0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4				0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4				0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 4				0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	14	15	4	2	0
Number of transfers	34	14	13	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.3	1.6	0.6	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.7	34.8	19.0	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.7	4 / 14	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.6	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.5	5 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.3	5 / 14	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	10	8	7	3	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			16		
Number of transfers	0			16		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				2 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				10 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has closed since 2015. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTE AT NEW YORK METHODIST HOSPITAL BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George D. Kofinas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	93%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 41% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	43%	Unknown factor	1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 515 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	36	44	32	38	13
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	5.6	2.3	3.1	10.5	1 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.4	2.6	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	33.8	13.4	7.4	7.8	0 / 15
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.3	20.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	16.7	13.6	9.4	5.3	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	22.2	13.6	12.5	5.3	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	19.4	0.0	0.0	2.6	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	45.7	41.7	13.6	12.5	7.9	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	50.0	25.0	21.9	13.2	0 / 13
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	35	34	37	28	31	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	17.6	16.2	10.7	6.5	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.4	23.5	16.2	14.3	6.5	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	20.6	0.0	0.0	3.2	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.7	44.1	16.2	14.3	9.7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.3	52.9	29.7	25.0	16.1	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	30	29	9	13	5
Number of transfers	54	29	28	9	13	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.4	30.2	25.4	19.0	9.1	2 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	31.0	14.3	2 / 9	2 / 13	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	37.9	21.4	2 / 9	2 / 13	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	0.0	7.1	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.4	37.9	28.6	2 / 9	2 / 13	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.4	55.2	42.9	4 / 9	3 / 13	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	53	30	19	11	23	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		8			14	
Number of transfers		7			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 13			26.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 7			3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 7			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 7			5 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 7			6 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institute at New York Methodist Hospital

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENESIS FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard V. Grazi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 743 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	127	55	78	27	37	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.9	21.8	21.8	14.8	37.8	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.0	39.0	17.0	7.7	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	50.0	26.5	4.3	0 / 16	0 / 11	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	21.8	14.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	21.8	15.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.5	5.5	2.6	3.7	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.9	27.3	17.9	3.7	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.0	40.0	24.4	14.8	2.7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	95	39	49	18	17	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.5	30.8	22.4	0 / 18	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.9	30.8	24.5	0 / 18	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	7.7	4.1	1 / 18	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.3	38.5	28.6	1 / 18	0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.5	56.4	38.8	4 / 18	1 / 17	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	135	44	33	13	19	4
Number of transfers	120	36	31	13	13	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.8	2.5	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.6	25.0	23.2	8.7	6.1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	25.0	25.8	2 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	25.0	32.3	2 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	0.0	3.2	0 / 13	0 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.8	25.0	35.5	2 / 13	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.2	41.7	41.9	2 / 13	2 / 13	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	37	18	25	17	29	5
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			14	
Number of transfers		16			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.0			38.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 16			7 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 16			8 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 16			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 16			8 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 16			8 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY & IVF MEDICAL ASSOCIATES OF WESTERN NEW YORK BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Adam M. Griffin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 523 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	222	85	72	36	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.5	20.0	26.4	27.8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.2	3.1	2.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	13.7	10.8	1.4	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.2	3.2	2.5	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	5.9	4.2	2.8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	9.4	4.2	2.8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.9	5.9	4.2	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.0	15.3	8.3	2.8	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.0	20.0	13.9	5.6	1 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	186	66	50	24	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.5	7.6	6.0	4.2	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.2	12.1	6.0	4.2	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.7	7.6	6.0	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	19.7	12.0	4.2	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.8	25.8	20.0	8.3	1 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	45	16	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	40	15	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.9	1.3	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.7	13.0	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	3 / 15	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	3 / 15	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	0 / 15	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.5	3 / 15	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.5	3 / 15	2 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	5	0	2	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			2		
Number of transfers	6			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 12			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 6			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 6			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 6			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 6			0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western New York

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUDSON VALLEY FERTILITY, PLLC FISHKILL, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel W. Levine, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 177 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	14	14	5	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	19.2	3 / 14	3 / 14	2 / 5	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.5	50.0	29.2	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	2 / 14	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	2 / 14	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	1 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.8	4 / 14	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.8	6 / 14	5 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	9	10	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	2 / 9	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	2 / 9	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	4 / 9	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	6 / 9	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	11	14	8	4	0
Number of transfers	17	9	13	6	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.1	10 / 16	13.8	0 / 9	2 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17	2 / 9	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	5 / 9	3 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 17	7 / 9	3 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	17	7	14	7	7	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1		1		
Number of transfers		1		1		
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 3		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1		1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1		1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEW YORK FERTILITY CENTER FLUSHING, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Tony Tsai, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors <1%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	9%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 283 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		85	38	45	22	17	14
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		5.9	18.4	4.4	13.6	1 / 17	0 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred		3.6	3.7	3.1	2.8	4.0	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		11.0	9.0	9.8	0.0	10.0	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4.7	5.3	8.9	0.0	2 / 17	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		10.6	13.2	17.8	0.0	3 / 17	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		3.5	2.6	2.2	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		14.1	15.8	20.0	0.0	3 / 17	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		24.7	15.8	22.2	0.0	5 / 17	0 / 14
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		66	23	34	13	12	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6.1	8.7	11.8	0 / 13	2 / 12	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		13.6	21.7	23.5	0 / 13	3 / 12	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.5	4.3	2.9	0 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		18.2	26.1	26.5	0 / 13	3 / 12	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		31.8	26.1	29.4	0 / 13	5 / 12	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		25	9	6	5	2	4
Number of transfers		25	9	6	4	2	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.6	1.3	3.0	1.3		1.5
Average number of embryos transferred		3.2	2.9	3.7	2.8	1.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7.0	3.8	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.0	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		24.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			11		
Number of transfers		0			9		
Average number of embryos transferred					2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					6 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The New York Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MONTEFIORE'S INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND HEALTH HARTSDALE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Harry J. Lieman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 275 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	48	36	40	13	7	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.3	16.7	17.5	1 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.9	31.9	17.6	2 / 15	1 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	34.5	0.0	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.5	16.7	12.5	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.6	19.4	17.5	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	5.6	2.5	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	16.7	25.0	20.0	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.1	36.1	27.5	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	35	27	26	8	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	22.2	19.2	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.0	25.9	26.9	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	7.4	3.8	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	22.9	33.3	30.8	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	48.1	42.3	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	25	11	13	2	4	0
Number of transfers	22	7	12	1	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.1	1.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.1	1.6	1.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	5 / 13	7 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	0 / 7	3 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.5	1 / 7	4 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	1 / 7	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.6	2 / 7	5 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	4 / 7	8 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	9	9	8	3	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			8	
Number of transfers		4			8	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 8			4 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 4			0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			1 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			3 / 8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE WELLNESS JERICHO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gregory Zapantis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 26% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 174 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	18	16	5	4	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.2	1 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.5	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.7	7 / 11	3 / 18	0 / 10	2 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8 / 18	3 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.7	2 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	3 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.2	4 / 18	2 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	6 / 18	4 / 16	0 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	9	11	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	2 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	3 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	1 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.0	4 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0	6 / 9	4 / 11	0 / 4	2 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	15	7	9	0	5
Number of transfers	15	15	6	9	0	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	0.5	1.3	0.0	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	2.3		1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.6	54.2	3 / 9	1 / 13		2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 15	5 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 9		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 15	7 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 9		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 15	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 9		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 15	9 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 9		0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 15	10 / 15	2 / 6	4 / 9		2 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	13	11	5	2	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			6	
Number of transfers		1			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			4 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			2 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Reproductive Wellness

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF, THE ALBANY CENTER LOUDONVILLE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steven Bayer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 258 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	36	25	9	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.6	8.3	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.5	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.6	24.5	27.0	1 / 15	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	26.0	18.2	0 / 15	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	22.2	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.4	30.6	20.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	2.8	4.0	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.2	33.3	24.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.8	33.3	28.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	60	31	16	6	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	25.8	5 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	35.5	5 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	3.2	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	38.7	6 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.3	38.7	7 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	14	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	39	11	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.2	2.5	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.6	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.5	1 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	0 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	1 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.8	1 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	3 / 11	3 / 5	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		23			15	
Number of transfers		20			12	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.5			3 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0			0 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.0			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		15.0			1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.0			2 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.0			3 / 12	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF, The Albany Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL THE CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION MANHASSET, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Avner Hershlag, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,477 (includes 29 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	226	146	164	79	47	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.8	20.5	18.3	27.8	36.2	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.7	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.2	21.4	13.8	6.1	2.1	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	56.1	11.6	2.0	2.7	0 / 17	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.6	9.6	6.1	3.8	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.0	10.3	9.8	7.6	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	7.5	3.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.5	17.8	13.4	7.6	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.7	21.9	18.3	8.9	4.3	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	168	102	119	47	20	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	13.7	8.4	6.4	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	14.7	13.4	12.8	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	10.8	4.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7	25.5	18.5	12.8	0.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.0	31.4	25.2	14.9	10.0	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	219	111	94	30	10	2
Number of transfers	218	110	90	30	10	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.2	0.8	1.3	0.5	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.4	37.7	31.7	31.4	2 / 15	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.8	27.3	20.0	16.7	1 / 10	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.3	33.6	28.9	23.3	2 / 10	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	3.6	2.2	6.7	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.2	37.3	31.1	30.0	2 / 10	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.0	50.0	41.1	46.7	3 / 10	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	55	57	77	16	14	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			68	
Number of transfers		21			67	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.1			36.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		42.9			31.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.4			35.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.5			1.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.9			37.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.7			46.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Shore University Hospital, The Center for Human Reproduction

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LONG ISLAND IVF MELVILLE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Daniel Kenigsberg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	33%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,184 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	213	139	134	66	42	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.2	2.2	7.5	12.1	14.3	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.7	2.6	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	27.1	22.8	14.8	1.4	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	37.5	20.9	5.4	2.3	0.0	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	19.4	11.2	7.6	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	24.5	14.9	15.2	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	1.4	5.2	3.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.9	25.9	20.1	18.2	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	33.1	29.1	25.8	7.1	1 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	171	110	101	47	29	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	24.5	14.9	10.6	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.2	30.9	19.8	21.3	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.2	1.8	6.9	4.3	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.9	32.7	26.7	25.5	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	41.8	38.6	36.2	10.3	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	130	90	67	36	16	10
Number of transfers	124	82	65	33	14	10
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.4	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.8	33.1	24.3	10.8	2.9	2 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	23.2	18.5	12.1	0 / 14	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.9	29.3	21.5	21.2	0 / 14	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	3.7	4.6	0.0	0 / 14	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.5	32.9	26.2	21.2	0 / 14	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.2	45.1	38.5	24.2	1 / 14	1 / 10
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	22	24	35	11	10	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		35			77	
Number of transfers		34			75	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.1			24.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.6			24.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.5			24.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		26.5			2.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.9			26.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.7			36.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Long Island IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS OF NEW YORK MINEOLA, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Stelling, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,461 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	211	128	150	97	90	46
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.6	15.6	12.0	15.5	21.1	23.9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.4	1.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.6	27.5	20.3	10.5	4.2	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	39.9	22.5	17.5	8.3	2.4	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.2	10.2	14.0	5.2	2.2	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.9	12.5	17.3	7.2	2.2	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	5.5	0.7	0.0	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.6	18.0	18.0	7.2	3.3	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.9	24.2	22.7	13.4	6.7	2.2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	153	83	101	58	56	17
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.9	15.7	20.8	8.6	3.6	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	19.3	25.7	12.1	3.6	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	8.4	1.0	0.0	1.8	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.3	27.7	26.7	12.1	5.4	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.2	37.3	33.7	22.4	10.7	1 / 17
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	214	94	96	48	21	6
Number of transfers	201	86	90	38	16	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.3	36.8	23.2	21.1	9.1	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	22.1	16.7	2.6	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	29.1	21.1	13.2	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	5.8	3.3	5.3	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.8	34.9	24.4	18.4	0 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.8	46.5	30.0	31.6	2 / 16	0 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	45	28	52	33	27	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			41	
Number of transfers		12			39	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 17			40.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 12			25.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 12			25.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 12			2.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 12			28.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 12			46.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MT. KISCO, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rachel A. Bennett, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 53 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	11	2	9	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.5	3.0	4.0	5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11	5 / 11	2 / 3	12.5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	3 / 11	1 / 2	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	3 / 11	2 / 2	2 / 9	1 / 1	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	6	2	8	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 7	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7	3 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	3 / 6	2 / 2	2 / 8	1 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	8	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	6	8	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	4.0	0.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 7	4 / 10		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6	2 / 8		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6	2 / 8		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 6	1 / 8		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6	3 / 8		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	3 / 8		0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	1	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Westchester Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY SERVICES NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Hugh D. Melnick, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	10%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 94 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	16	14	5	15	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 9	0 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 7	16.7	4 / 19	0 / 4	0.0	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 4	1 / 11	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 9	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 9	3 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 9	3 / 16	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 9	3 / 16	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 9	4 / 16	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 15	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	4	14	13	4	11	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	3 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	3 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4	0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 4	3 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 11	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	5	8	1	1	0
Number of transfers	5	5	6	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	0.9			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			7		
Number of transfers	1			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			4 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BROOKLYN/WESTSIDE FERTILITY CENTER
BROOKLYN FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

CHELSEA FERTILITY NYC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul Gindoff, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	32%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 31 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	4	6	2	3	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.7	2.3	2.0	2.3	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 19	1 / 5	3 / 14	0 / 4	3 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	2 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	3	6	2	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	2 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Chelsea Fertility NYC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR WOMEN'S REPRODUCTIVE CARE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael M. Guarnaccia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	53%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	51%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,505 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	157	195	122	94	24
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.3	15.9	25.6	32.0	45.7	33.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.0	21.4	15.8	14.9	11.5	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	72.6	50.0	13.3	2 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.0	12.7	6.7	3.3	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.3	13.4	7.2	4.9	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	2.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.6	15.9	7.7	4.9	2.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.8	19.7	13.8	6.6	4.3	4.2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	105	109	98	35	18	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9	18.3	13.3	11.4	2 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	19.3	14.3	17.1	2 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	3.7	1.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.4	22.9	15.3	17.1	2 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	28.4	27.6	22.9	4 / 18	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	99	90	57	31	9	5
Number of transfers	94	84	55	28	8	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.7	41.4	24.6	16.7	1 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	27.4	14.5	21.4	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.9	31.0	16.4	21.4	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	4.8	3.6	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.1	35.7	20.0	21.4	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	53.6	36.4	32.1	2 / 8	0 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	62	86	97	45	21	12
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		42			99	
Number of transfers		36			98	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.1			31.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.8			21.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.1			25.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.1			5.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		47.2			30.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.8			37.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Columbia University Center for Women's Reproductive Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIBERA MEDICAL, PLLC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Drew V. Tortoriello, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	4%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	6%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,248 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	124	128	99	69	28
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.6	16.9	18.0	22.2	21.7	35.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.4	23.8	20.0	4.3	3.7	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.9	18.6	6.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.0	8.9	10.2	2.0	1.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	13.9	9.7	10.2	3.0	1.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	4.8	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	19.1	14.5	12.5	3.0	1.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.1	19.4	15.6	5.1	2.9	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	82	80	65	43	35	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	13.8	20.0	4.7	2.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.5	15.0	20.0	7.0	2.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	7.5	4.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	26.8	22.5	24.6	7.0	2.9	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.6	30.0	30.8	11.6	5.7	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	99	84	71	40	6	10
Number of transfers	93	77	66	40	5	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.4	1.4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.5	44.8	27.9	18.8	3 / 7	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	27.3	15.2	20.0	1 / 5	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.8	29.9	19.7	20.0	2 / 5	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	9.1	3.0	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	31.2	40.3	22.7	20.0	2 / 5	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.5	54.5	37.9	35.0	3 / 5	2 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	75	75	85	49	18	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		24		35		
Number of transfers		14		33		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		43.5		36.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 14		30.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 14		30.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 14		6.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 14		36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 14		48.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Libera Medical, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ANDREW LOUCOPOULOS, MD, PhD NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a		Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	With ICSI	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	PGD/PGS	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier		Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	0%	
		Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	100%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 21 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	9	6	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0		0		
Number of transfers		0		0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MANHATTAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Hanna Jesionowska, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	67%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 64 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	6	8	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.8	2.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.1	3 / 14	27.3	2 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	1 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	2 / 6	5 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12	2 / 6	5 / 8	2 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	11	6	8	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	1 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 11	1 / 6	4 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 11	2 / 6	5 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 11	2 / 6	5 / 8	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	0	0	0	0	2
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0	0	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5			0.0	0.0	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 6					1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3					0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3					0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3					0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3					0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3					1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	3	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	19			3		
Number of transfers	19			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.9			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 19			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 19			1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Manhattan Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MEDICAL OFFICES FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (CHR) NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Norbert Gleicher, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	88%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 658 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	59	61	79	57	102
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.8	16.9	21.3	16.5	22.8	17.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.7	14.5	17.2	7.4	3.6	0.8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	17.2	6.3	3.4	2.6	0.0	0.0
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9	15.3	6.6	5.1	1.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.4	15.3	11.5	6.3	1.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	1.7	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.0	16.9	16.4	6.3	1.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.1	18.6	23.0	13.9	7.0	1.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	45	39	50	36	60
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	20.0	10.3	8.0	2.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	20.0	17.9	10.0	2.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	2.2	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.6	22.2	25.6	10.0	2.8	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	24.4	35.9	22.0	11.1	1.7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	15	9	7	3	7
Number of transfers	17	14	9	7	3	7
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.7	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.6	2.3	3.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	12.5	20.0	3 / 17	1 / 18	0 / 7	7.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 17	3 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	3 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 17	4 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	5 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 7
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	15	6	6	13	17
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		59			56	
Number of transfers		55			53	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		28.7			17.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.5			11.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.7			17.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.5			3.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.2			20.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.5			30.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Medical Offices for Human Reproduction, Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

METROPOLITAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susan Lobel, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	25%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	3%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	52%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 52 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	16	7	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3	1 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0	3.4	3.9	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2	2 / 4	5.9	14.8	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	2 / 3	2 / 16	4 / 7	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	2	10	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 2	2 / 2	2 / 10	4 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.0	0.7		0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3		2 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1		1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1		1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1		0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1		1 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1		4 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	2	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			7		
Number of transfers	2			7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 3			0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2			1 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW HOPE FERTILITY CENTER-WEST SIDE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John J. Zhang, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	14%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	69%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,938 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	102	95	170	233	118	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.8	16.8	12.4	15.0	11.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.8	28.9	13.9	5.6	12.0	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	40.6	33.3	8 / 18	0 / 12	1 / 10	1 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.8	5.3	2.4	0.9	1.7	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.7	8.4	2.9	0.9	2.5	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.7	9.5	2.9	0.9	2.5	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.7	9.5	2.9	0.9	2.5	1 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	37	24	25	21	14	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	20.8	16.0	9.5	2 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.1	33.3	20.0	9.5	3 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.7	4.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.8	37.5	20.0	9.5	3 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.8	37.5	20.0	9.5	3 / 14	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	177	161	143	143	73	97
Number of transfers	174	160	140	139	73	96
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5	16.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.9	50.0	33.3	33.1	28.9	5.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	51.1	41.3	28.6	26.6	21.9	3.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.6	46.9	33.6	31.7	28.8	5.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	5.6	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	66.1	52.5	37.1	31.7	28.8	5.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.2	55.0	40.0	43.2	41.1	14.6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	188	234	426	295	111	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			143	
Number of transfers		0			142	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					41.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					41.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					2.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					43.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					47.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New Hope Fertility Center-West Side

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK FERTILITY INSTITUTE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Majid Fateh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	3%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	5%	PGD/PGS	17%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	6%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 205 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	7	10	5	1	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 13	0 / 7	3 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.1	3 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 13	2 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	7	4	1	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	5	12	2	3	5
Number of transfers	21	5	12	2	2	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	1.8	1.0	1.5	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14.3	2 / 10	14.3	0 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.5	1 / 5	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.5	1 / 5	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 5	1 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9.5	1 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.8	2 / 5	2 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 2	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	29	5	23	18	8	13
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			14	
Number of transfers		2			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 4			14.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			5 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK FERTILITY SERVICES, PC BATZOFIN FERTILITY SERVICES, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joel Batzofin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	8%	
Used gestational carrier	4%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 143 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	18	9	2	8	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	24.0	0.0	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 19	0 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 19	0 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	14	6	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 12	0 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 12	0 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	12	4	1	0	1
Number of transfers	5	12	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.7	1.3	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 6	0.0	0 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 5	0 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	17	7	2	4	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			11		
Number of transfers	4			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 7			4.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 4			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4			1 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Fertility Services, PC, Batzofin Fertility Services, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK REPRODUCTIVE MEDICAL SERVICES, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Galina Karpenko, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	45%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 108 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	9	13	9	13	9
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 13	3 / 13	1 / 16	1 / 10	1 / 19	1 / 16
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 12	1 / 9	0 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 12	3 / 9	1 / 13	1 / 9	1 / 13	1 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	8	9	6	10	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 10	3 / 8	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 10	1 / 6
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	7	3	3	1	3
Number of transfers	5	7	3	3	1	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8	6 / 9	1 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 5	4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 5	4 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 5	5 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	5 / 7	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	4	3	6	4	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: New York Reproductive Medical Services, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEWAY MEDICAL NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Janelle Luk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	22%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	15%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 691 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	74	42	50	55	47	42
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.4	1.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	27.7	21.3	8.2	5.1	10.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	48.0	25.0	16.0	1 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	11.9	8.0	7.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.4	14.3	10.0	7.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	4.8	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.5	19.0	16.0	7.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.6	23.8	16.0	7.3	4.3	2.4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	66	29	32	26	16	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	17.2	12.5	15.4	0 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	20.7	15.6	15.4	0 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	6.9	6.3	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	27.6	25.0	15.4	0 / 16	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	34.5	25.0	15.4	2 / 16	1 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	18	22	11	15	9
Number of transfers	24	18	22	11	15	9
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	19.5	26.9	7.9	4 / 17	12.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.3	4 / 18	0.0	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.3	6 / 18	4.5	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	0 / 18	4.5	0 / 11	0 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	16.7	6 / 18	9.1	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	7 / 18	9.1	4 / 11	3 / 15	0 / 9
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	31	46	51	57	56	35
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		2			2	
Number of transfers		2			2	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			2 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Neway Medical

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NOBLE FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter L. Chang, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 210 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	15	25	17	16	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.5	2 / 15	12.0	5 / 17	5 / 16	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	3.1	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10.0	9.5	12.5	9.7	4.2	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9.5	1 / 11	3 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.1	1 / 15	8.0	1 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.1	1 / 15	16.0	2 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.1	1 / 15	16.0	2 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	9.1	2 / 15	20.0	3 / 17	1 / 16	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	11	16	10	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	1 / 11	2 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.4	1 / 11	4 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	17.4	1 / 11	4 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.4	2 / 11	5 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	11	10	7	0	1
Number of transfers	27	11	10	7	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.8	3.3		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.2	45.0	21.4	17.4		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	6 / 11	3 / 10	1 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.4	8 / 11	3 / 10	2 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.1	0 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.6	8 / 11	3 / 10	2 / 7		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.0	9 / 11	6 / 10	4 / 7		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	4	2	4	3	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			5		
Number of transfers	9			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Noble Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NYU FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James A. Grifo, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	28%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	22%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,727 (includes 51 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	104	85	124	85	63	18
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.6	21.2	37.1	49.4	39.7	6 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.5	2.0	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.1	29.0	23.6	17.8	4.3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	73.3	66.7	37.8	1 / 19	0 / 17	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	9.4	8.9	2.4	1.6	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	11.8	8.9	4.7	3.2	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.0	3.5	0.0	1.2	0.0	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	29.8	15.3	8.9	5.9	3.2	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	22.4	13.7	10.6	4.8	0 / 18
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	77	52	50	24	21	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.8	15.4	22.0	8.3	4.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.0	19.2	22.0	16.7	9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.3	5.8	0.0	4.2	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.3	25.0	22.0	20.8	9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	36.5	34.0	37.5	14.3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	210	185	194	75	63	16
Number of transfers	201	169	183	69	54	13
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.3	52.0	57.4	57.9	37.9	7 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.3	34.3	37.7	34.8	29.6	6 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.2	41.4	45.4	49.3	37.0	7 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.0	4.1	2.7	1.4	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.2	45.6	48.1	50.7	37.0	7 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.7	56.8	62.8	62.3	48.1	7 / 13
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	257	324	404	198	103	36
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		21			111	
Number of transfers		16			99	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 19			56.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 16			31.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 16			47.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 16			1.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 16			48.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 16			60.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: NYU Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OFFICES FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Cecilia Schmidt-Sarosi, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 71%
Unstimulated	11%	PGD/PGS	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	57%	Male factor	71%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 128 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	2	1	2	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		1	2	1	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		10	4	14	1	3	1
Number of transfers		10	4	14	1	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.6	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.0	1.4	1.0	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 16	1 / 4	5 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 10	1 / 4	4 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 10	1 / 4	4 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 10	1 / 4	4 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 10	1 / 4	5 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		15	14	21	17	3	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			7		
Number of transfers		0			7		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					3 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine, PC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW YORK, LLP NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lawrence Grunfeld, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	16%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	30%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,997 (includes 62 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	395	232	299	169	114	27
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.6	12.5	20.7	22.5	30.7	14.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.1	40.6	26.4	16.8	0.0	0 / 19
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	59.9	23.9	17.4	3.6	6.5	0 / 6
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.1	19.8	11.7	8.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	23.7	14.4	8.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	6.9	3.0	1.8	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	42.3	30.6	17.4	10.1	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.1	37.9	25.4	16.0	0.9	3.7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	314	159	169	79	42	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.9	28.9	20.7	17.7	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.3	34.6	25.4	17.7	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.9	10.1	5.3	3.8	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	44.7	30.8	21.5	0.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.8	55.3	45.0	34.2	2.4	1 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	460	310	265	89	23	6
Number of transfers	445	298	259	87	22	6
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.7	52.2	45.7	37.4	34.8	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.0	37.6	32.8	31.0	18.2	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.5	43.0	38.2	35.6	27.3	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.0	5.0	3.5	1.1	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.9	48.0	41.7	36.8	27.3	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.7	60.4	54.1	48.3	50.0	1 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	327	342	369	150	74	13
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		126			145	
Number of transfers		111			138	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.0			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		45.0			28.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		53.2			36.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.4			7.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.6			43.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.9			55.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WEILL MEDICAL COLLEGE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY
CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Zev Rosenwaks, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	2%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	64%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 5,031 (includes 77 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	674	457	576	400	280	106
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.4	15.1	15.6	23.3	25.0	26.4
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.0	3.4
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	27.5	17.3	10.7	5.1	0.5
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.8	17.4	7.8	2.6	0.6	0.0
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	19.7	13.4	7.3	3.6	0.9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	23.9	15.3	8.8	4.6	0.9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	6.8	3.6	2.5	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.1	30.6	18.9	11.3	4.6	0.9
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.7	36.5	26.4	19.3	11.1	1.9
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	504	357	441	273	195	64
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	25.2	17.5	10.6	5.1	1.6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	30.5	20.0	12.8	6.7	1.6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.1	8.7	4.8	3.7	0.0	0.0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.2	39.2	24.7	16.5	6.7	1.6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.8	46.8	34.5	28.2	15.9	3.1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	401	284	234	148	57	27
	Number of transfers	361	254	213	126	50	19
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.3
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.8	42.3	39.6	29.8	33.3	9.5
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.3	33.1	33.8	22.2	26.0	2 / 19
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	35.4	38.5	30.2	34.0	3 / 19
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	5.1	2.8	4.8	0.0	0 / 19
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.7	40.6	41.3	34.9	34.0	3 / 19
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.7	51.2	50.2	43.7	54.0	5 / 19
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		264	247	288	175	107	32
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	98			99		
	Number of transfers	96			85		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.3		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6			40.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.5			22.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.0			29.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3			7.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.2			36.5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.6			47.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell University, Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTMED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES PURCHASE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Martin D. Keltz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	55%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 37 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	10	4	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0/7	0/10	0/4		0/1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.7		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8/11	6/15	3/5		0/1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3/7	1/8	1/2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/7	2/10	2/4		0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/7	2/10	3/4		0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2/7	2/10	0/4		0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5/7	4/10	3/4		0/1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/7	5/10	3/4		0/1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	10	3	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/7	2/10	2/3		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3/7	2/10	3/3		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2/7	2/10	0/3		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5/7	4/10	3/3		0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6/7	5/10	3/3		0/1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	3	0	2	0	0
Number of transfers	1	3	0	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.2	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.3		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1/1	1/4		1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/1	1/3		1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1/1	1/3		1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1	0/3		0/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1/1	1/3		1/2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1/1	1/3		1/2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	1	1	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: WESTMED Reproductive Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCHESTER FERTILITY CARE, PC ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rosalind A. Hayes, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 22% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 101 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	34	10	11	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	26.5	0 / 10	0 / 11	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 17	9 / 16	3 / 11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.9	3 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.9	3 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.8	2 / 10	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	14.7	5 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	14.7	6 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	8	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	3 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9	3 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 9	5 / 8	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	6 / 8	2 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	21	4	4	0	0	0
Number of transfers	17	3	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	3.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.9	2 / 5	1 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 17	1 / 3	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 17	2 / 3	1 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			0		
Number of transfers	2			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Rochester Fertility Care, PC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

STRONG FERTILITY CENTER ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John T. Queenan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 381 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	82	30	22	10	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.7	6.7	0.0	1 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.5	3.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	28.6	12.8	7.4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	34.8	9.1	0 / 19	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	13.3	4.5	1 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.4	16.7	4.5	2 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	10.0	4.5	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.1	26.7	9.1	2 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.2	30.0	18.2	2 / 10		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	71	23	19	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.9	17.4	1 / 19	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.2	21.7	1 / 19	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	13.0	1 / 19	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	34.8	2 / 19	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.5	39.1	4 / 19	2 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	31	34	6	1	1
Number of transfers	65	31	33	5	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.9	2.4	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.3	34.1	37.1	0 / 12	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	25.8	27.3	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	25.8	36.4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	6.5	12.1	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.5	32.3	48.5	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	45.2	54.5	0 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	10	13	2	4	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			19	
Number of transfers		7			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 13			25.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7			2 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 7			3 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 7			1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 7			4 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			5 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Strong Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ISLAND REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES, PC STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Eric S. Knochenhauer, MD					
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b					
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	25%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	30%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	45%	Female factors only	14%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	6%	Female & male factors	31%
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	4%		

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 388 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		62	28	24	14	10	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		8.1	10.7	12.5	6 / 14	6 / 10	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.7	1.8	2.6	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.7	28.6	16.7	3 / 18	1 / 9	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		24.0	25.0	0 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.0	28.6	20.8	1 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.6	32.1	20.8	1 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		4.8	0.0	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.5	32.1	20.8	2 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.3	42.9	29.2	2 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		53	25	21	7	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.0	32.0	23.8	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.8	36.0	23.8	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.7	0.0	0.0	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		41.5	36.0	23.8	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		47.2	48.0	33.3	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		82	22	15	12	0	0
Number of transfers		79	21	15	12	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	1.1	0.9	1.2		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.3	1.5	1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		29.7	25.9	22.7	10.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.5	14.3	3 / 15	1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.1	23.8	3 / 15	1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.1	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		34.2	23.8	3 / 15	1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		36.7	33.3	5 / 15	2 / 12		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		46	16	15	9	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			1			25	
Number of transfers			1			24	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			1 / 1			31.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			1 / 1			16.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			1 / 1			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1			8.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			1 / 1			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 1			37.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Island Reproductive Services, PC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CNY FERTILITY CENTER SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert J. Kiltz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,647 (includes 68 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	564	265	240	123	57	22
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	7.5	9.6	11.4	15.8	9.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.0	22.9	15.6	7.1	6.5	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.3	7.0	4.5	3.0	0.0	0 / 7
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	18.5	8.8	7.3	7.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.5	20.4	10.0	9.8	7.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	3.4	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.5	23.8	13.8	9.8	7.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.6	30.9	20.0	12.2	10.5	4.5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	462	207	165	82	31	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	23.7	12.7	11.0	12.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	26.1	14.5	14.6	12.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.6	4.3	5.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.2	30.4	20.0	14.6	12.9	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.9	39.6	29.1	18.3	19.4	1 / 10
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	439	207	137	53	13	8
Number of transfers	412	196	126	51	11	6
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.6	2.1	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	24.9	13.7	11.0	5.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	20.4	10.3	5.9	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.4	25.5	13.5	7.8	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	5.1	1.6	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.7	31.1	15.1	7.8	0 / 11	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.1	37.8	25.4	19.6	2 / 11	1 / 6
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	47	30	40	24	13	18
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		106			173	
Number of transfers		80			157	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		39.1			19.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.3			17.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.0			19.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.8			3.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		48.8			23.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.0			35.0	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: CNY Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY IVF
SUNY UPSTATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shawky Z. Badawy, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	54%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 13 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	2	1	0	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	1.0		2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	1	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University IVF, SUNY Upstate Medical University

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael B. Blotner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	43%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	22%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 168 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	15	18	13	11	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	1 / 15	1 / 18	2 / 13	1 / 11	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	6 / 17	30.0	2 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	3 / 15	1 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	4 / 15	1 / 18	2 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	1 / 15	2 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	5 / 15	3 / 18	2 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	5 / 15	4 / 18	3 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	9	10	9	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.1	3 / 9	1 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	4 / 9	1 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	1 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	5 / 9	3 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	5 / 9	4 / 10	3 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	10	19	2	4	1
Number of transfers	11	9	14	2	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	0.6	1.2	1.0	0.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.5	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16	6 / 16	18.2	2 / 3	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 11	4 / 9	2 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 11	5 / 9	3 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 11	5 / 9	3 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11	6 / 9	4 / 14	2 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	11	4	0	4	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			7		
Number of transfers	0			7		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				4 / 7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Westchester Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BRAVERMAN REPRODUCTIVE IMMUNOLOGY, PC
WOODBURY, NEW YORK**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

GOLD COAST IVF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER WOODBURY, NEW YORK

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steven F. Palter, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 287 (includes 17 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	77	33	26	11	8	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.3	6.1	3.8	0 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.6	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	40.4	37.5	14.3	4 / 18	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	10.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.5	27.3	11.5	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.9	39.4	19.2	2 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.9	6.1	19.2	0 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.8	45.5	38.5	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	48.5	50.0	3 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	56	23	20	8	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	39.1	15.0	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.1	56.5	25.0	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.2	8.7	25.0	0 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.3	65.2	50.0	2 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.4	69.6	65.0	3 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	20	12	6	3	0
Number of transfers	28	20	12	6	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.5	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.0	43.3	40.0	4 / 9	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	30.0	5 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.7	35.0	5 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.4	10.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	45.0	6 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.9	55.0	7 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	6	8	5	4	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			6	
Number of transfers		0			6	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					2 / 6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Gold Coast IVF, Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH CAROLINA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
THE TALBERT FERTILITY INSTITUTE
CARY, NORTH CAROLINA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sameh K. Toma, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors^a				Patient Diagnosis^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 393 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	80	35	36	8	1	0
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.3	20.0	36.1	4 / 8	0 / 1	
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		2.0			
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1		1 / 2			
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1		0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0.0	2.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0.0	2.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0.0	0.0	2.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1.3	0.0	2.8	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	2	0	1	0	0	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1			
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1			
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2		0 / 1			
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2		1 / 1			
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2		1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	82	29	31	11	1	4
	Number of transfers	80	29	28	11	0	4
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.4	2.2	1.6		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9		2.3
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.8	43.4	34.0	28.6		1 / 9
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5	41.4	21.4	3 / 11		1 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	55.2	32.1	3 / 11		1 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.3	3.4	7.1	1 / 11		0 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.8	58.6	39.3	4 / 11		1 / 4
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.5	72.4	60.7	5 / 11		1 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		11	3	3	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	28			25		
	Number of transfers	15			21		
	Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.7			46.3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 15			19.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 15			38.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 15			19.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	13 / 15			57.1		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	14 / 15			61.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine, The Talbert Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PROGRAM FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION AT CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER CMC WOMEN'S INSTITUTE CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Bradley S. Hurst, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	25%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 581 (includes 22 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		98	24	18	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		5.1	12.5	7 / 18	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1	2.0	2.8	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.6	20.8	2 / 17	1 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		84.1	0 / 12	0 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.4	12.5	2 / 18	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		20.4	12.5	2 / 18	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	4.2	0 / 18	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		20.4	16.7	2 / 18	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		23.5	20.8	2 / 18	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		54	13	6	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.2	3 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.0	3 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.0	4 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		42.6	5 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		175	60	26	9	3	0
Number of transfers		148	52	23	7	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.6	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		48.4	45.8	64.0	6 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		38.5	36.5	39.1	6 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		43.9	38.5	56.5	6 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.7	5.8	4.3	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.6	44.2	60.9	6 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.8	50.0	69.6	6 / 7	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		45	37	23	11	5	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			20		
Number of transfers		3			20		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2			37.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3			35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			5.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 3			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3			45.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Program for Assisted Reproduction at Carolinas Medical Center, CMC Women's Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES OF CHARLOTTE CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Seth Katz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,191 (includes 48 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	210	105	88	48	25	13
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.7	10.5	15.9	22.9	28.0	2 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.1	37.3	12.3	20.7	0.0	0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.0	11.4	3.2	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.7	10.5	6.8	4.2	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.1	11.4	9.1	4.2	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	6.7	0.0	2.1	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.8	18.1	9.1	6.3	0.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	16.2	21.9	12.5	10.4	12.0	0 / 13
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	80	45	41	15	13	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.5	24.4	14.6	2 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	26.7	19.5	2 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	15.6	0.0	1 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.3	42.2	19.5	3 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.5	51.1	26.8	5 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	240	92	65	15	8	1
Number of transfers	219	89	60	14	8	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.3	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	43.3	42.2	9 / 18	2 / 12	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	28.1	23.3	3 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.6	31.5	33.3	3 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.6	7.9	8.3	1 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.2	39.3	41.7	5 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.2	52.8	53.3	10 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	51	32	38	12	6	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		31			57	
Number of transfers		27			56	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.0			47.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.6			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.0			35.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		22.2			7.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.0			42.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.1			55.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Endocrinology Associates of Charlotte

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DUKE FERTILITY CENTER DUKE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer L. Eaton, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 307 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	33	22	7	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.7	12.1	18.2	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.4	2.8	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.5	28.6	17.9	2 / 11	1 / 7	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	42.6	19.0	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	24.2	18.2	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	24.2	27.3	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.0	3.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.7	27.3	27.3	0 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.3	33.3	36.4	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	23	17	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	34.8	4 / 17	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	34.8	6 / 17	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.0	4.3	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.0	39.1	6 / 17	0 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.0	47.8	8 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	34	11	3	5	0
Number of transfers	55	29	10	3	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.6	1.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.7	2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.2	36.2	4 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	34.5	3 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.5	37.9	3 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	10.3	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	25.5	48.3	3 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.5	48.3	6 / 10	1 / 3	2 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	8	7	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18			13	
Number of transfers		14			11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		12 / 18			6 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 14			4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 14			5 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 14			0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 14			5 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 14			6 / 11	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Duke Fertility Center, Duke University Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMACK ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT BRAGG, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jason Parker, DO				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	38%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	27%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 162 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		70	29	15	10	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	3.4	0 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.6	2.4	2.1	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		27.0	21.5	2.8	0 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1.6	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.0	17.2	0 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		24.3	24.1	0 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		12.9	6.9	0 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		37.1	31.0	0 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.0	41.4	1 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		67	26	15	9	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		20.9	19.2	0 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		25.4	26.9	0 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.4	7.7	0 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.8	34.6	0 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.8	46.2	1 / 15	0 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		10	6	5	1	1	0
Number of transfers		9	6	5	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	6.0	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1	2.2	1.8	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 19	4 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		5	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			5		
Number of transfers		0			5		
Average number of embryos transferred					3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					4 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Womack Army Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PREMIER FERTILITY CENTER
HIGH POINT REGIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM
HIGH POINT, NORTH CAROLINA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CONCEPTS HUNTERVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark L. Jutras, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	25%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 104 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	7	5	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.7	0 / 7	4 / 5		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 19	9 / 12	0 / 1			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 12	1 / 6				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	2 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.4	2 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	2 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	4 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.9	6 / 7	0 / 5		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	7	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	4 / 7	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 12	6 / 7	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	11	7	0	1	0
Number of transfers	29	10	7	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	2.5	3.5		0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.6		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.8	6 / 11	5 / 10		2 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.6	2 / 10	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	3 / 10	3 / 7		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.1	1 / 10	1 / 7		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.7	4 / 10	4 / 7		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.1	7 / 10	5 / 7		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	3	2	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ATLANTIC REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Susannah D. Copland, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 211 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	20	19	14	5	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.1	10.0	3 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.8	57.1	5 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.5	35.0	1 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	40.0	3 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	5.0	1 / 19	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	45.0	4 / 19	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	55.0	4 / 19	3 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	14	8	5	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	7 / 14	1 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 19	8 / 14	3 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 19	9 / 14	4 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 19	11 / 14	4 / 8	3 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	9	11	2	1	0
Number of transfers	31	8	11	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	7 / 12	4 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.3	5 / 8	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.5	5 / 8	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.5	5 / 8	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.6	6 / 8	3 / 11	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	21	7	5	2	1	5
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			17	
Number of transfers		11			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		7 / 10			9 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 11			3 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		7 / 11			6 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 11			0 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 11			6 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 11			9 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CAROLINA CONCEPTIONS, PA RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John K. Park, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 700 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	65	53	21	10	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.3	12.3	15.1	19.0	3 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.6	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	30.9	12.8	17.6	0 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.2	13.0	12.9	0 / 12	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.8	20.0	17.0	4.8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.1	21.5	17.0	4.8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	10.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.4	32.3	17.0	4.8	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.9	35.4	17.0	19.0	0 / 10	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	124	51	39	13	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.1	25.5	23.1	1 / 13	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.1	27.5	23.1	1 / 13	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	13.7	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.3	41.2	23.1	1 / 13	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.3	45.1	23.1	4 / 13	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	38	22	4	2	0
Number of transfers	84	36	22	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.8	56.0	52.9	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	41.7	36.4	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	44.4	40.9	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	11.1	13.6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.0	55.6	54.5	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	72.2	68.2	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	33	38	16	7	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		45		97		
Number of transfers		41		92		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.6		48.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		31.7		35.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		36.6		44.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.1		9.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.7		55.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.2		65.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Carolina Conceptions, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNC FERTILITY RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer E. Mersereau, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 426 (includes 13 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	110	50	44	16	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.5	10.0	11.4	6 / 16	1 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.8	2.2	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.0	39.1	34.2	18.5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	74.4	15.6	3.1	0 / 8		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	24.0	15.9	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	30.0	20.5	2 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.8	8.0	11.4	1 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.2	38.0	31.8	3 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.4	42.0	45.5	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	96	39	35	9	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	30.8	20.0	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	38.5	25.7	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	10.3	14.3	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.8	48.7	40.0	3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	53.8	57.1	4 / 9		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	26	24	3	1	2
Number of transfers	62	25	23	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.9	50.0	43.2	3 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.5	28.0	26.1	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.9	32.0	30.4	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.7	20.0	13.0	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.6	52.0	43.5	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.8	56.0	56.5	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	7	16	4	1	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11			18	
Number of transfers		10			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 13			34.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 10			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 10			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 10			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 10			4 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 10			6 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UNC Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CAROLINAS FERTILITY INSTITUTE WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Tamer M. Yalcinkaya, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	98%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 211 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		44	28	6	5	5	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	3.6	0/6	0/5	0/5	0/3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.7	47.1	1/2	1/9	0/5	0/5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		40.5	3/17	0/3	0/3	0/2	0/1
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		43.2	17.9	1/6	1/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		56.8	17.9	1/6	1/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		20.5	14.3	0/6	0/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		77.3	32.1	1/6	1/5	0/5	0/3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.8	39.3	3/6	1/5	0/5	0/3
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		43	19	3	4	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		44.2	5/19	1/3	1/4	0/2	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		58.1	5/19	1/3	1/4	0/2	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.9	4/19	0/3	0/4	0/2	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		79.1	9/19	1/3	1/4	0/2	0/2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		83.7	11/19	3/3	1/4	0/2	0/2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	14	9	7	2	1
Number of transfers		15	14	9	7	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		60.9	55.0	8/13	2/6	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7/15	4/14	5/9	0/7	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8/15	6/14	6/9	1/7	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2/15	2/14	0/9	0/7	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		10/15	8/14	6/9	1/7	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12/15	9/14	6/9	4/7	1/2	0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		9	13	16	8	4	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		10			9		
Number of transfers		8			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6/9			8/15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3/8			3/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5/8			4/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0/8			2/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5/8			6/9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6/8			6/9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Carolinas Fertility Institute					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Erika B. Johnston-MacAnanny, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 251 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		54	19	24	11	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		1.9	0 / 19	33.3	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.0	2.5	2.7	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.2	35.3	26.5	4 / 19	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		43.5	1 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		38.9	3 / 19	20.8	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		46.3	5 / 19	25.0	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		16.7	3 / 19	4.2	1 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		63.0	8 / 19	29.2	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.4	10 / 19	41.7	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		46	19	16	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		45.7	3 / 19	5 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		54.3	5 / 19	6 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		19.6	3 / 19	1 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		73.9	8 / 19	7 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		82.6	10 / 19	10 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		46	24	14	11	3	1
Number of transfers		40	22	13	6	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.8	2.0	1.2	1.2		0.3
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		58.2	46.2	45.5	2 / 9	3 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.5	27.3	8 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.5	31.8	8 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		17.5	9.1	1 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		60.0	40.9	9 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.5	59.1	9 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	6	7	3	0	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		9			4		
Number of transfers		7			3		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 14			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 7			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 7			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 7			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 7			2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Wake Forest University Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANFORD HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INSTITUTE FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steffen P. Christensen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 335 (includes 18 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	126	42	14	7	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.9	11.9	4 / 14	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.8	19.7	0 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.5	3.2	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	9.5	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	11.9	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	7.1	0 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.0	19.0	0 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	29.4	23.8	0 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	97	33	8	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	12.1	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.7	15.2	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.3	9.1	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.1	24.2	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.1	30.3	0 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	21	13	2	1	0
Number of transfers	65	21	13	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.6	1.3	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.5	2.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	48.1	5.0	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.5	19.0	1 / 13	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.7	19.0	1 / 13	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	19.0	0 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.5	38.1	1 / 13	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.3	52.4	1 / 13	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	3	4	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			5		
Number of transfers	0			5		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sanford Health Reproductive Medicine Institute

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY UNLIMITED, INC. NORTHEASTERN OHIO FERTILITY CENTER AKRON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Nicholas J. Spirtos, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	62%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 53%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	64%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	42%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 40 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	3	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	0	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	8	0	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		2.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 11		0 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 8		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 8		0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 8		0 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			3		
Number of transfers	9			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 17			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9			0 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY, INC.-AKRON AKRON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard W. Moretuzzo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	26%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 31%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 475 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	136	51	36	18	2	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.7	9.8	19.4	6 / 18	0 / 2	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.9	31.3	14.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.7	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.2	7.8	11.1	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.1	13.7	11.1	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	9.8	2.8	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.4	23.5	13.9	0 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.3	31.4	16.7	1 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	111	35	20	12	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	11.4	20.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.5	20.0	20.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.7	14.3	5.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	34.3	25.0	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	45.7	30.0	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	104	28	25	1	1	1
Number of transfers	100	27	19	1	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.8	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.7	30.4	33.3	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.0	29.6	6 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.0	33.3	8 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.0	3.7	0 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.0	37.0	8 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.0	48.1	13 / 19	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	17	4	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	22			22		
Number of transfers	17			20		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.1			35.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 17			25.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 17			30.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 17			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17			35.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 17			55.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Akron

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLEVELAND CLINIC FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Cynthia Austin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	9%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 729 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	169	75	70	16	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.1	10.7	21.4	1 / 16	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.1	46.8	41.6	3.4	1 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.0	14.0	14.6	1 / 11	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.8	18.7	21.4	1 / 16	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.1	22.7	22.9	1 / 16	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	14.7	7.1	0 / 16	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.2	37.3	31.4	1 / 16	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.6	50.7	42.9	1 / 16	1 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	128	61	51	14	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.7	23.0	29.4	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.8	27.9	31.4	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2	18.0	9.8	0 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.9	45.9	43.1	1 / 14	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.4	62.3	58.8	1 / 14	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	120	50	56	13	3	1
Number of transfers	117	47	55	13	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.7	47.9	42.2	2 / 17	3 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.2	34.0	29.1	1 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.7	36.2	36.4	1 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.0	12.8	9.1	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.7	51.1	45.5	1 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.0	55.3	54.5	2 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	24	21	34	9	4	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	15			36		
Number of transfers	11			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11 / 17			38.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 11			23.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 11			41.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 11			5.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11			47.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 11			50.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS FERTILITY CENTER BEACHWOOD, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Goldfarb, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 625 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	164	62	52	22	8	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	19.5	30.6	48.1	22.7	6 / 8	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.6	3.1	3.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	30.4	20.4	5.7	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.7	5.9	4.8	0 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.2	22.6	13.5	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.2	22.6	15.4	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	3.2	1.9	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.0	25.8	17.3	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.0	30.6	17.3	22.7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	117	37	21	15	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.5	37.8	33.3	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	37.8	38.1	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.9	5.4	4.8	0 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.7	43.2	42.9	1 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.8	51.4	42.9	5 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	86	47	25	15	6	3
Number of transfers	79	43	21	12	5	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.0	1.2	2.0	1.0	2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.6	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.7	20.9	10.8	10.7	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	23.3	9.5	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.6	25.6	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.4	25.6	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.0	34.9	19.0	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	33	15	8	1	4	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	23			40		
Number of transfers	18			34		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0			45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 18			29.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 18			38.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18			5.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 18			44.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 18			52.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Hospitals Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SPRINGCREEK FERTILITY CENTERVILLE, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeremy M. Groll, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 111 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	9	10	1	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.4	4 / 16	2 / 17			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	45.8	2 / 9	1 / 8			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	2 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.1	3 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	0 / 9	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	55.6	3 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.3	4 / 9	2 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	9	10	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	2 / 9	0 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.0	3 / 9	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	0 / 9	0 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	3 / 9	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	4 / 9	2 / 10			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	9	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers	19	9	6	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.3	1.2			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	1.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.0	4 / 16	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 6			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	5	4	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			4	
Number of transfers		1			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: SpringCreek Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BETHESDA FERTILITY CENTER CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kasey Reynolds, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 274 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	29	13	12	10	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.4	17.2	3 / 13	6 / 12	3 / 10	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.9	30.8	15.0	1 / 14	0 / 17	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.7	4.5	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.4	13.8	1 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.1	13.8	2 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	6.9	0 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.2	20.7	2 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.2	37.9	3 / 13	1 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	22	10	5	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	18.2	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	18.2	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.9	9.1	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	27.3	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.2	50.0	3 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	13	8	3	0	0
Number of transfers	37	13	8	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	2.0	0.8	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.3	6 / 19	6 / 14	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.2	2 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.6	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.7	4 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.5	6 / 13	4 / 8	0 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	2	1	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	22			32		
Number of transfers	17			31		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.3			17.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17			16.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 17			16.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 17			3.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 17			19.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 17			22.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Bethesda Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sherif G. Awadalla, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1,176 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		386	162	95	46	8	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		6.5	13.0	15.8	30.4	1 / 8	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.0	2.4	2.8	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		34.7	30.1	11.9	11.1	2 / 16	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		36.2	5.7	5.5	0.0	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.6	18.5	13.7	15.2	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.9	22.2	15.8	15.2	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.2	8.6	1.1	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		38.3	32.1	16.8	15.2	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.7	35.8	22.1	21.7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		329	129	78	28	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.9	23.3	16.7	25.0	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		38.6	27.9	19.2	25.0	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6.1	10.9	1.3	0.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.0	40.3	20.5	25.0	1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		48.9	45.0	26.9	35.7	1 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		219	65	26	5	1	0
Number of transfers		211	60	25	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.6	0.8	4.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.7	1.6	2.3	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.4	38.5	35.9	2 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.2	21.7	24.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.8	25.0	36.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.3	10.0	4.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		44.1	36.7	40.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		52.6	50.0	52.0	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		25	5	13	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		51			53		
Number of transfers		48			47		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.6			42.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		43.8			34.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		45.8			40.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.4			12.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.3			53.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.5			57.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Health					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

METROHEALTH MEDICAL CENTER CLEVELAND, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Brian M. Mercer, MD			
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b			
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	0%
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	100%
				Multiple Factors:			
						Female factors only	0%
						Female & male factors	0%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 1 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		1	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 1					
Average number of embryos transferred		5.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1					
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1					
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		1	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval							
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.					
Current Name: MetroHealth Medical Center							
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OHIO REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLUMBUS, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Grant Schmidt, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 20% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 755 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	250	90	73	33	16	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.0	11.1	12.3	24.2	5 / 16	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.8	3.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.8	29.7	21.9	7.3	0 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.6	9.9	4.2	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.2	14.4	19.2	6.1	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.6	20.0	20.5	9.1	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	13.3	4.1	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.2	33.3	24.7	9.1	0 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.2	38.9	28.8	12.1	2 / 16	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	211	76	55	20	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	17.1	25.5	10.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	23.7	27.3	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	15.8	5.5	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	39.5	32.7	15.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	46.1	38.2	20.0	2 / 6	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	112	29	22	5	2	0
Number of transfers	111	28	22	5	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.0	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.8	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	55.9	15.6	3 / 14	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.0	35.7	18.2	2 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.5	39.3	18.2	2 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	7.1	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.5	46.4	18.2	2 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	64.3	27.3	2 / 5	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	11	8	4	4	1
Donor Eggs			Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles			31		33	
Number of transfers			28		32	
Average number of embryos transferred			1.6		1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)			29.5		39.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			32.1		15.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			32.1		15.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			7.1		15.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			39.3		31.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			42.9		43.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Ohio Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WRIGHT STATE PHYSICIANS OB/GYN DAYTON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Steven R. Lindheim, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	57%	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	41%	
				Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 34 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	2	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	3	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	3	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.5	1.5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.3	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	1 / 3	1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			13		
Number of transfers	7			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 10			13.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7			3 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Wright State Physicians OB/GYN

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KETTERING REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE KETTERING, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Mark C. Bidwell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	22%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 184 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	19	13	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.1	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.2	45.2	24.0	0 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.9	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.0	6 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.1	6 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	4 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.1	10 / 19	4 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.0	10 / 19	5 / 13	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	16	13	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	6 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	6 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.6	4 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.3	10 / 16	4 / 13	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.4	10 / 16	5 / 13	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	16	3	6	1	0
Number of transfers	40	16	3	6	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	3.2	0.8	6.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.6	16.0	1 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	4 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.5	4 / 16	0 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	6 / 16	1 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			2		
Number of transfers	6			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 9			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 6			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Kettering Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY WELLNESS INSTITUTE OF OHIO MASON, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Neeoo W. Chin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 45% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	47%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	47%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 58 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	6	9	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 6	3 / 9	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.2	7 / 10	2 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.6	0 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	1 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.7	2 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	54.5	3 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.7	5 / 6	2 / 9	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	6	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.3	0 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	1 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.1	3 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	76.2	5 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	5	1	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	5	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 5	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 5	0 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			6		
Number of transfers	5			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 10			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 5			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 5			0 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Wellness Institute of Ohio

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY CENTER OF NORTHWEST OHIO
TOLEDO, OHIO**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

UC CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH WEST CHESTER, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael A. Thomas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	56%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 30%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	34%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 238 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	91	30	17	3	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.1	16.7	3 / 17	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.6	32.5	19.2	1 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11.3	2 / 19	1 / 13	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.7	16.7	2 / 17	1 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	20.0	5 / 17	1 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	6.7	0 / 17	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.6	26.7	5 / 17	1 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.6	33.3	5 / 17	1 / 3		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	72	22	13	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.6	22.7	2 / 13	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.2	27.3	5 / 13	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.4	9.1	0 / 13	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	36.4	5 / 13	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.3	45.5	5 / 13	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	5	4	2	2	0
Number of transfers	27	4	4	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.4	0.8			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.3	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.4	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	18.5	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	18.5	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.9	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	8	4	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			10	
Number of transfers		11			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.0			1 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 11			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11			0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11			1 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UC Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY, INC.-WESTERVILLE WESTERVILLE, OHIO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard Moretuzzo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	51%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 231 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	27	19	6	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.9	7.4	0 / 19	2 / 6	3 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2	2.8	3.0	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	38.0	10.0	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.2	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	22.2	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	25.9	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	22.2	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.9	48.1	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	48.1	5 / 19	0 / 6	1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	58	23	16	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.0	26.1	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.8	30.4	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	26.1	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.9	56.5	4 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.7	56.5	5 / 16	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	16	10	5	0	0
Number of transfers	52	13	8	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.3	2.6	1.3	2.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.5	2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.2	61.9	5 / 18	4 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.3	4 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.3	4 / 13	2 / 8	2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	4 / 13	1 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.7	8 / 13	3 / 8	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.3	9 / 13	5 / 8	3 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			6		
Number of transfers	7			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 11			5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 7			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 7			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7			2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7			3 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Westerville

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HENRY G. BENNETT, JR., FERTILITY INSTITUTE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Eli Reshef, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 310 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	134	54	31	7	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.0	1.9	6.5	0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.0	26.5	14.5	2 / 12		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.5	2.0	0.0	1 / 6		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	18.5	6.5	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	24.1	9.7	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.2	7.4	6.5	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.0	31.5	16.1	1 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.0	50.0	32.3	2 / 7		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	117	51	28	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	19.6	7.1	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	25.5	10.7	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.2	7.8	7.1	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	33.3	17.9	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.7	52.9	35.7	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	12	5	5	0	0
Number of transfers	32	7	5	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.2	1.8	5.0	4.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.4	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.8	4 / 13	4 / 7	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	2 / 7	0 / 5	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	3 / 7	2 / 5	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.5	3 / 7	3 / 5	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.9	3 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11		14		
Number of transfers		11		14		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.1		24.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 11		3 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11		4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 11		1 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 11		5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		6 / 11		5 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OU PHYSICIANS REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by LaTasha B. Craig, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	29%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 261 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	104	26	25	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	11.5	4.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.6	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	28.9	23.5	0 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.9	10.0	5.0	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	11.5	16.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.7	19.2	28.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.4	11.5	4.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	49.0	30.8	32.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.6	38.5	40.0	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	97	23	20	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	13.0	20.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.1	21.7	35.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.5	13.0	5.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.6	34.8	40.0	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.9	43.5	50.0	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41	10	7	1	0	0
Number of transfers	40	10	7	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.7	3.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.3	3 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.0	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.5	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.5	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.5	4 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	1	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			24		
Number of transfers	12			24		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15 / 18			35.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12			29.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12			29.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 12			8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 12			37.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 12			54.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TULSA FERTILITY CENTER TULSA, OKLAHOMA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Stanley G. Prough, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 360 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	148	32	32	4	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.8	15.6	9.4	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.0	25.9	27.0	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.3	2 / 12	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	12.2	12.5	9.4	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	14.9	18.8	15.6	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.1	0.0	6.3	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.0	18.8	21.9	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.7	18.8	28.1	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	100	17	23	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.0	4 / 17	13.0	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	6 / 17	21.7	1 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	0 / 17	8.7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.0	6 / 17	30.4	1 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.0	6 / 17	39.1	1 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	17	5	1	1	0
Number of transfers	52	17	5	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.1	1.3	0.5	0.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.0	38.1	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	6 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	6 / 17	3 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.6	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.2	7 / 17	3 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	10 / 17	4 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	4	4	2	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		26			18	
Number of transfers		18			18	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.8			27.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 18			4 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		8 / 18			7 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 18			1 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		12 / 18			8 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		13 / 18			8 / 18	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tulsa Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF OREGON EUGENE, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Douglas J. Austin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	12%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 175 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	26	13	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.3	11.5	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.4	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.5	25.0	26.9	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.9	17.4	0 / 12	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	15.4	2 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	26.9	2 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	3.8	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.5	30.8	3 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.1	42.3	5 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	41	23	13	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	17.4	2 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	30.4	2 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.2	4.3	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.8	34.8	3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.3	47.8	5 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	12	11	5	1	0
Number of transfers	29	12	11	5	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.2	4.0	1.8	1.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	13.0	4.5	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	1 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.0	3 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	0 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.5	3 / 12	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	3 / 12	1 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	14			12		
Number of transfers	14			12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9			20.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 14			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 14			2 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14			1 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 14			3 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 14			4 / 12		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Center of Oregon

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER
PORTLAND, OREGON**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

OREGON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PORTLAND, OREGON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John S. Hesla, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	5%	PGD/PGS	14%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,646 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	137	77	61	29	16	12
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.4	29.9	37.7	24.1	4 / 16	4 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.3	55.6	3 / 17	1 / 8		0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.3	18.2	3 / 8	0 / 3		0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	14.3	1.6	3.4	0 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.7	18.2	1.6	3.4	0 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	15.3	10.4	1.6	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.0	28.6	3.3	3.4	0 / 16	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.0	32.5	3.3	3.4	0 / 16	0 / 12
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	100	34	11	5	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.0	32.4	1 / 11	1 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.0	41.2	1 / 11	1 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.0	23.5	1 / 11	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.0	64.7	2 / 11	1 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.0	73.5	2 / 11	1 / 5		0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	156	94	92	39	8	5
Number of transfers	146	87	82	33	6	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.3	65.3	57.1	46.9	5 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	41.8	46.0	37.8	42.4	3 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.3	51.7	42.7	51.5	3 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.4	18.4	19.5	9.1	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.7	71.3	62.2	60.6	4 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.5	78.2	69.5	60.6	4 / 6	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	135	125	142	78	44	45
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		54			293	
Number of transfers		38			283	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7			67.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		47.4			38.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.6			47.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.4			21.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		73.7			69.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.6			78.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Oregon Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS
OREGON HEALTH & SCIENCE UNIVERSITY
PORTLAND, OREGON**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Diana H. Wu, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 520 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	37	33	4	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.3	16.2	15.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.3		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.1	40.7	24.1	0 / 7		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	57.6	5 / 17	2 / 14	0 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.5	5.4	15.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.7	13.5	18.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	2.7	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.8	16.2	18.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.2	24.3	24.2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	35	17	16	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	2 / 17	5 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	5 / 17	6 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	1 / 17	0 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.3	6 / 17	6 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	9 / 17	8 / 16	0 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	51	40	11	3	2
Number of transfers	61	49	39	11	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9	41.9	44.9	2 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.1	38.8	41.0	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.7	40.8	46.2	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	4.1	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.2	44.9	46.2	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.3	55.1	66.7	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	34	41	33	19	7	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		25			37	
Number of transfers		21			35	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.1			42.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		66.7			28.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		66.7			34.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.5			8.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		76.2			42.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.2			51.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Consultants, Oregon Health & Science University

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ABINGTON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, ABINGTON IVF AND GENETICS TOLL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES ABINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Annette Lee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 636 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	169	99	92	37	14	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.9	6.1	12.0	10.8	2 / 14	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.8	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	13.3	12.2	3.2	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.3	3.0	1.7	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.9	9.1	10.9	2.7	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	13.1	12.0	2.7	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	3.0	2.2	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.0	16.2	14.1	2.7	0 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.2	18.2	16.3	8.1	0 / 14	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	137	79	65	27	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.4	11.4	15.4	3.7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.3	16.5	16.9	3.7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	3.8	3.1	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.1	20.3	20.0	3.7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.2	22.8	23.1	11.1	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	36	12	4	1	0
Number of transfers	66	35	11	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.3	25.5	2 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.7	17.1	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	20.0	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	20.0	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.9	42.9	5 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	13	13	2	4	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		21			34	
Number of transfers		20			33	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.0			18.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.0			15.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.0			15.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0			6.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0			21.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.0			24.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF and Genetics, Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INFERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC
ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PENNSYLVANIA ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Wendy J. Schillings, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	82%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 46%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	31%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	53%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	53%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 279 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	23	8	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.0	13.0	1 / 8	2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	74.2	8 / 11	6 / 7	1 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9 / 18	6 / 8	4 / 6			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.4	21.7	3 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.9	30.4	4 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.5	0.0	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.4	30.4	5 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.4	34.8	6 / 8	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	9	6	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	47.8	5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	52.2	7 / 9	4 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.7	0 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	73.9	7 / 9	5 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	82.6	8 / 9	6 / 6	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	67	21	14	1	0	1
Number of transfers	65	20	13	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.0	3.3	0.1	0.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.3	73.9	9 / 16	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	53.8	40.0	4 / 13	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	58.5	45.0	4 / 13	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.3	15.0	2 / 13	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	70.8	60.0	6 / 13	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.4	75.0	7 / 13	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	12	4	12	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3		7		7
Number of transfers		1		7		7
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.3		1.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2		3 / 7		3 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1		2 / 7		2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1		2 / 7		2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		0 / 7		0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1		2 / 7		2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1		4 / 7		4 / 7

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by H. Christina Lee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 40%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 109 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	14	6	1	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	2 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	2.0		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	62.5	6 / 12	0 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	68.2	1 / 6	1 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.6	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.1	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	60.7	4 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.3	4 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	7	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	56.0	2 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	60.0	2 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	2 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	68.0	4 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.0	4 / 7	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	6	8	2	0	1
Number of transfers	11	5	7	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.8	1.9	1.5		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 12	4 / 9	5 / 13	1 / 3		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 11	0 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8 / 11	0 / 5	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 11	2 / 5	3 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 11	2 / 5	4 / 7	1 / 2		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	3	6	5	6	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2		6		
Number of transfers		2		6		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2		4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2		2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2		4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2		4 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 2		4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Family Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MAIN LINE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BRYN MAWR, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Glassner, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	29%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	27%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,354 (includes 85 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	224	150	120	54	41	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.6	4.0	7.5	18.5	14.6	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.8	26.9	12.4	9.0	6.1	0 / 10
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	16.6	9.0	1.3	3.4	0 / 19	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	18.0	10.0	9.3	9.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.0	22.7	11.7	9.3	9.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.2	8.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.5	30.7	13.3	9.3	9.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.9	38.7	21.7	18.5	12.2	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	178	126	84	32	23	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	21.4	14.3	15.6	17.4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.4	27.0	16.7	15.6	17.4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.0	9.5	2.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.1	36.5	19.0	15.6	17.4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.8	46.0	31.0	31.3	21.7	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	160	105	63	20	12	3
Number of transfers	146	92	60	19	9	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.5	38.0	31.5	27.3	5 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.5	32.6	31.7	3 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.6	35.9	33.3	4 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.8	3.3	5.0	0 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.5	39.1	38.3	4 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	47.8	41.7	6 / 19	5 / 9	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	79	70	57	18	14	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17			59	
Number of transfers		11			58	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.1			28.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 11			24.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 11			34.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 11			3.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		8 / 11			37.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 11			44.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEISINGER MEDICAL CENTER FERTILITY PROGRAM DANVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jennifer Gell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 109 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	12	14	8	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 12	4 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14.0	5 / 19	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.8	1 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.9	3 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	6.9	3 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	1 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	13.8	4 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.8	4 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	23	10	10	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.7	3 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.7	3 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	17.4	4 / 10	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.4	4 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	8	2	2	0	0
Number of transfers	13	7	2	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.5	0 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	0	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			8	
Number of transfers		0			7	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					4 / 7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PENN STATE MILTON S. HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER HERSHEY, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William C. Dodson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 91 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	33	8	13	1	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.1	3 / 8	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.5	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	31.4	2 / 9	36.0	0 / 3	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.2	0 / 8	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.2	0 / 8	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.1	0 / 8	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	0 / 8	5 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	1 / 8	5 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	5	10	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.0	0 / 5	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	0 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.0	0 / 5	3 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.0	0 / 5	5 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.0	1 / 5	5 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	7	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	17	6	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	6.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.2				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.6	3 / 13				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 17	0 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 17	1 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	1 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 17	2 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 17	2 / 6				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PHILADELPHIA KING OF PRUSSIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Arthur J. Castelbaum, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	13%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	26%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 986 (includes 47 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	226	108	45	26	11	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.3	5.6	2.2	11.5	0 / 11	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.4	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.8	42.3	8.7	2 / 11	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	78.0	52.5	21.7	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	20.4	4.4	7.7	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.9	25.0	4.4	7.7	2 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	4.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.0	29.6	4.4	7.7	2 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.1	34.3	11.1	11.5	2 / 11	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	182	71	25	7	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	31.0	8.0	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	38.0	8.0	2 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	7.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.5	45.1	8.0	2 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.3	52.1	20.0	3 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	173	75	39	15	6	0
Number of transfers	164	64	39	10	6	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.8	48.8	42.6	6 / 12	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	35.9	28.2	3 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.8	40.6	35.9	3 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.9	6.3	2.6	0 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.7	46.9	38.5	3 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.4	54.7	51.3	7 / 10	1 / 6	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	39	32	34	21	7	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		20			60	
Number of transfers		16			56	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		14 / 19			39.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		7 / 16			30.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 16			37.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 16			0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 16			37.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 16			46.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOCIETY HILL REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Maureen P. Kelly, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 2%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	17%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 96 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	5	3	4	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2	5 / 10	2 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 6	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 4	3 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 4	3 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	1	5	2	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1	2 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1	2 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1	3 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1	3 / 5	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	8	9	1	0	0
Number of transfers	11	7	8	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.1	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 14	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 11	0 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 11	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	14	13	7	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	4			5		
Number of transfers	4			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Society Hill Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
PENN FERTILITY CARE
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Clarisa R. Gracia, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	21%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,032 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	171	86	60	39	18	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.5	14.0	13.3	10.3	7 / 18	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.3	35.3	14.5	8.9	0 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	46.6	14.3	9.4	4.5	1 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.9	17.4	6.7	2.6	0 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.4	23.3	6.7	2.6	0 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.5	4.7	5.0	2.6	0 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.9	27.9	11.7	5.1	0 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.7	31.4	13.3	10.3	0 / 18	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	116	54	37	26	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.3	27.8	10.8	3.8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	37.0	10.8	3.8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.2	7.4	8.1	3.8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.7	44.4	18.9	7.7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.3	50.0	21.6	15.4	0 / 5	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	191	83	52	25	13	1
Number of transfers	178	76	50	24	13	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.5	40.0	30.8	47.1	3 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	25.0	20.0	25.0	1 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.7	28.9	30.0	45.8	3 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.4	9.2	0.0	4.2	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.1	38.2	30.0	50.0	3 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.2	48.7	50.0	66.7	5 / 13	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	65	43	48	27	23	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		39		32		
Number of transfers		33		29		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2		1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.1		51.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		60.6		37.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		63.6		41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.0		0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7		41.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.7		51.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pennsylvania, Penn Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE AT WEST PENN ALLEGHENY HEALTH SYSTEM PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Bryan R. Hecht, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	36%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 95 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	17	4	9	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	26.9	6 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.2	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	11.4	4 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.8	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.5	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	11.5	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	15.4	4 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	6	4	5	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 18	4 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 18	4 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 18	4 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 18	4 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	11	2	4	0	0
Number of transfers	6	9	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	4.5		0.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 12	9.5	0 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 6	1 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	3	0	0	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			6		
Number of transfers	2			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4			0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2			0 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny Health System

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, INC. PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Judith L. Albert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 400 (includes 18 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	56	15	9	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.1	5.4	1 / 15	1 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.0	27.3	6 / 17	2 / 16		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	52.8	33.3	0 / 6	0 / 8		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.7	14.3	4 / 15	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.9	17.9	4 / 15	0 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4.1	5.4	0 / 15	1 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.0	23.2	4 / 15	1 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.1	26.8	5 / 15	1 / 9		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	62	42	11	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.7	19.0	4 / 11	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.8	23.8	4 / 11	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	7.1	0 / 11	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	31.0	4 / 11	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	35.7	5 / 11	1 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	84	43	25	4	2	0
Number of transfers	79	41	24	4	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.4	1.7	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	38.8	32.4	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.3	34.1	8.3	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.1	41.5	8.3	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	2.4	12.5	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.9	43.9	20.8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.6	43.9	37.5	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	4	9	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5		17		
Number of transfers		4		16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 7		6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4		4 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4		6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 4		0 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 4		6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4		6 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH PHYSICIANS
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anthony N. Wakim, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 724 (includes 27 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	142	68	50	14	3	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.6	10.3	20.0	0 / 14	0 / 3	3 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.3		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.0	31.2	19.3	18.5		0 / 6
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	28.9	7.9	0.0	0 / 11		0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	14.7	12.0	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.5	17.6	14.0	3 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	4.4	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.2	22.1	14.0	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	31.0	29.4	20.0	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	93	42	26	12	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	23.8	23.1	3 / 12		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.4	28.6	26.9	3 / 12		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	7.1	0.0	1 / 12		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.0	35.7	26.9	4 / 12		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.3	47.6	38.5	4 / 12		0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	147	70	35	12	7	2
Number of transfers	138	63	31	9	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.9	1.3	2.3	0.8	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.2	32.0	37.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	30.2	29.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	33.3	35.5	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.2	6.3	9.7	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.1	39.7	45.2	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.4	44.4	48.4	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	36	9	9	2	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		24		60		
Number of transfers		22		47		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		33.3		31.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.3		29.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.8		34.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1		4.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.9		38.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		40.9		44.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pittsburgh Physicians,
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND FERTILITY CENTER UPLAND, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Albert El-Roeiy, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	34%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 28% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 115 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		36	16	13	2	0	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		19.4	4 / 16	3 / 13	0 / 2		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.2	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		17.6	18.2	3 / 18	2 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 17	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2.8	2 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		5.6	3 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		5.6	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		11.1	3 / 16	2 / 13	0 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		13.9	4 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 2		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		19	10	9	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 19	0 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 19	3 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 19	4 / 10	2 / 9	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		16	10	5	1	0	0
Number of transfers		13	10	5	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.1	1.7	0.8	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		20.0	2 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 13	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		5			3		
Number of transfers		3			3		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 5			4 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3			2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 3			2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY RSC OF PENNSYLVANIA WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Isaac Sasson, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	72%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 758 (includes 19 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	119	38	15	5	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.1	15.8	5 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.5	23.3	0 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	70.8	50.0	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	13.4	5.3	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.6	7.9	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.4	2.6	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	21.0	10.5	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.5	15.8	0 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	20	5	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	10.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	15.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.3	5.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.5	20.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.9	30.0	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	153	79	37	10	3	1
Number of transfers	144	65	33	9	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.8	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.4	44.6	35.0	4 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.9	36.9	33.3	1 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	38.5	36.4	2 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.6	3.1	0.0	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.5	41.5	36.4	3 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.4	50.8	48.5	3 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	47	26	12	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		69			73	
Number of transfers		54			67	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		44.8			26.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		29.6			13.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.5			17.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.4			1.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		38.9			19.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.7			40.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC of Pennsylvania

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RHPN WOMEN'S CLINIC & IVF-FERTILITY WEST READING, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Vincent A. Pellegrini, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	36%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 43% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	42%	
				Endometriosis	25%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 99 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		28	19	13	0	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3.6	8 / 19	3 / 13		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2	2.1	2.1		4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.3	21.7	5 / 17		0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	1 / 11	1 / 7		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		28.6	1 / 19	5 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		42.9	1 / 19	5 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	1 / 19	0 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		46.4	2 / 19	5 / 13		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		53.6	4 / 19	5 / 13		0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		23	11	8	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		34.8	1 / 11	5 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.2	1 / 11	5 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	1 / 11	0 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		56.5	2 / 11	5 / 8		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.2	4 / 11	5 / 8		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		12	5	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers		11	4	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.8	4.0	2.0			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	2.0	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 18	3 / 8	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			4		
Number of transfers		0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: RHPN Women's Clinic & IVF-Fertility					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER, LLC YORK, PENNSYLVANIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert B. Filer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	4%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	22%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 157 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	16	7	3	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.3	2.2	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.2	41.2	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.9	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.3	5 / 16	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	5 / 16	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.9	4 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.0	9 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	10 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	55	16	7	3	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.4	5 / 16	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.1	5 / 16	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.7	4 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.8	9 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.6	10 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	3	7	2	1	0
Number of transfers	23	3	7	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	0.8	2.3	2.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	2 / 6	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1	2 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.1	2 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.7	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.8	2 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.5	2 / 3	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	2	3	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			17	
Number of transfers		3			17	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			25.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3			3 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3			5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			1 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3			6 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3			7 / 17	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Center, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PEDRO J. BEAUCHAMP, MD IVF PROGRAM BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	41%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 23% Female & male factors 47%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	61%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	Other factor	52%	
				Endometriosis	23%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 146 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		40	26	26	16	9	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		7.5	7.7	7.7	1 / 16	4 / 9	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.8	3.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.2	42.9	29.1	19.2	0 / 11	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		5.7	0.0	4.3	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		25.0	19.2	26.9	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.5	34.6	26.9	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		15.0	15.4	7.7	0 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		50.0	50.0	34.6	2 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		67.5	65.4	57.7	6 / 16	1 / 9	2 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		37	24	23	15	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.0	20.8	30.4	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		35.1	37.5	30.4	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		16.2	16.7	8.7	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		54.1	54.2	39.1	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		73.0	70.8	65.2	6 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		2	2	6	2	0	1
Number of transfers		2	2	6	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0		2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5	3.0	3.3	2.5		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 5	2 / 3	20.0	1 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2	0 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2	2 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 2		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		1	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		11			0		
Number of transfers		11			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		57.1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 11					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 11					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 11					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 11					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 11					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD IVF Program					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLINICA DE FERTILIDAD HIMA-SAN PABLO CAGUAS CAGUAS, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jose R. Cruz, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	21%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				4%
				Female & male factors				15%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 53 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		14	13	11	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 14	0 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	2.1	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 19	42.3	26.1	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		3 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 14	5 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 14	6 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 14	2 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 14	8 / 13	2 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 14	9 / 13	4 / 11	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		11	13	11	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 11	5 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 11	6 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 11	2 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 11	8 / 13	2 / 11	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 11	9 / 13	4 / 11	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		4	3	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers		4	3	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	1.5	1.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.7	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			0		
Number of transfers		3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo Caguas					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

GREFI
GYNECOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY INSTITUTE
SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rosa Ileana Cruz, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	7%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	47%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	40%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 33 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	8	2	5	2	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0/8	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/1	0/1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.5	1.0	1.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4/18	0/4	1/10	0/1	1/1	0/2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1/8	0/2	0/4			0/1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/8	0/2	1/5	0/2	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/8	0/2	1/5	0/2	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1/8	0/2	0/5	0/2	0/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3/8	0/2	1/5	0/2	1/1	0/1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/8	0/2	1/5	0/2	1/1	0/1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	2	4	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1/8	0/2	1/4	0/1	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2/8	0/2	1/4	0/1	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1/8	0/2	0/4	0/1	0/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3/8	0/2	1/4	0/1	1/1	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3/8	0/2	1/4	0/1	1/1	0/1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	2	1	3	2	1
Number of transfers	1	2	1	3	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	2.0	1.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.7	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0/2	0/4	0/1	0/5	2/5	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/3	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/3	0/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/3	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/3	1/2	0/1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0/1	0/2	0/1	0/3	1/2	0/1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0/1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0/1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: GREFI, Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN AND INFANTS' CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION AND INFERTILITY PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ruben Alvero, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	38%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 605 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	159	110	80	47	12	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.1	6.4	5.0	8.5	2 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.7	3.2	4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	33.2	19.4	14.0	5.6	8.3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.9	17.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.2	9.1	7.5	4.3	1 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.9	11.8	11.3	4.3	1 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	5.5	7.5	2.1	1 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	33.3	17.3	18.8	6.4	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.9	21.8	25.0	14.9	2 / 12	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	142	92	67	40	9	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.2	10.9	9.0	5.0	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.4	14.1	13.4	5.0	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.5	6.5	9.0	2.5	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.3	20.7	22.4	7.5	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.8	26.1	29.9	17.5	2 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	57	22	4	4	2
Number of transfers	66	55	21	4	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	4.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	23.2	19.4	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	20.0	4.8	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.7	27.3	9.5	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	1.8	4.8	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.3	30.9	14.3	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.4	36.4	33.3	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	5	3	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			12		
Number of transfers	9			11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	10 / 19			38.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 9			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 9			1 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 9			2 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 9			3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 9			5 / 11		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Women and Infants' Center for Reproduction and Infertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF THE CAROLINAS

UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GROUP, DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY

GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul B. Miller, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	Other factor	14%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 209 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	22	21	6	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.1	4.5	4.8	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.3	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	35.7	35.9	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.7	0 / 19	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	40.9	38.1	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	50.0	42.9	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	4.5	4.8	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.1	54.5	47.6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4	59.1	71.4	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	20	19	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.5	45.0	8 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.8	55.0	9 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.2	5.0	1 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	54.5	60.0	10 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	65.0	15 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	13	15	5	3	2
Number of transfers	37	11	15	4	3	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.1	1.4	1.2	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.7	2.3	1.7	2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	35.0	23.1	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.1	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.2	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	2 / 11	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.8	4 / 11	3 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.6	4 / 11	3 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	4	9	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f		Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		4		4		
Number of transfers		3		4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 6		4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3		2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3		2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 3		1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 3		3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 3		3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of the Carolinas, University Medical Group,
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PIEDMONT REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY GROUP, PA GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by John E. Nichols, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 33%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	11%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 399 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		108	47	34	4	7	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		1.9	4.3	5.9	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	2.3	2.7	2.3	2.3	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		50.0	35.1	18.2	1 / 7	0 / 14	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		21.7	4.7	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.1	29.8	14.7	1 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.6	34.0	17.6	1 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		11.1	8.5	8.8	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		47.2	42.6	26.5	1 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		56.5	57.4	32.4	1 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		95	43	29	3	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.4	32.6	17.2	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		34.7	37.2	20.7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.6	9.3	10.3	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		53.7	46.5	31.0	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		64.2	62.8	37.9	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		62	23	25	2	2	0
Number of transfers		61	23	25	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.9	2.9	2.5	1.0	0.7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.1	1.8	1.5	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.2	31.3	22.2	3 / 3	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.2	8.7	16.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.9	17.4	24.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		8.2	4.3	4.0	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.7	21.7	28.0	2 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		45.9	39.1	36.0	2 / 2	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		13	0	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		30			31		
Number of transfers		27			31		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.0			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		14.8			16.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		22.2			25.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		33.3			12.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.6			41.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		70.4			48.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COASTAL FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by John Schnorr, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 3%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	25%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 690 (includes 9 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	127	52	43	10	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.1	1.9	4.7	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0	17.1	13.2	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	38.1	10.0	1 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	7.9	5.8	7.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.4	5.8	7.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	3.8	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	11.0	9.6	7.0	0 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	12.6	9.6	14.0	2 / 10	1 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	21	17	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	45.5	14.3	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.5	14.3	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	9.5	0 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.6	23.8	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.7	23.8	6 / 17	2 / 3	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	181	77	45	11	0	0
Number of transfers	170	73	42	9	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.9	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.2	66.0	37.1	14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	44.7	35.6	26.2	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	43.8	31.0	3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.9	16.4	9.5	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.9	60.3	40.5	3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	76.7	64.3	3 / 9		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	33	18	13	4	1	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		29			34	
Number of transfers		28			32	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		61.1			43.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		50.0			21.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		64.3			28.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		7.1			12.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		71.4			40.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		75.0			46.9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Coastal Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER OF CHARLESTON MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Stephanie D. Singleton, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	61%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 217 (includes 15 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		65	19	18	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3.1	0 / 19	2 / 18	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	1.9	1.9	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		35.1	36.0	8.7	0 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		25.6	1 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		13.8	1 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		16.9	1 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		9.2	4 / 19	0 / 18	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		26.2	5 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		30.8	6 / 19	2 / 18	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		46	14	12	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.6	1 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		23.9	1 / 14	2 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		13.0	4 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.0	5 / 14	2 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		43.5	6 / 14	2 / 12	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		44	19	8	1	0	1
Number of transfers		43	19	8	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.4	1.9	2.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.7	2.0	2.0		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		49.3	34.4	3 / 14	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		39.5	2 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		44.2	4 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		14.0	3 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		58.1	7 / 19	3 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		62.8	8 / 19	4 / 8	0 / 1		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	4	2	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			6		
Number of transfers		0			6		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: The Fertility Center of Charleston					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER
NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

SANFORD WOMEN'S HEALTH SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Keith A. Hansen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 28%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	28%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 385 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	118	33	19	3	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.7	27.3	5 / 19	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	18.2	19.2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.5	2 / 16	0 / 9			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	6.1	2 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	9.1	2 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	3.0	0 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.0	12.1	3 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	15.2	3 / 19	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	95	17	13	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.5	2 / 17	2 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	3 / 17	2 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	1 / 17	0 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.4	4 / 17	3 / 13			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.5	5 / 17	3 / 13			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	88	35	17	3	1	0
Number of transfers	70	25	14	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.3	1.2	0.5	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.2	28.2	8 / 18	5 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.7	24.0	2 / 14	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	28.0	4 / 14	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	8.0	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	40.0	36.0	5 / 14	3 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.1	36.0	7 / 14	3 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	23	14	9	6	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		1			10	
Number of transfers		1			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 1			3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			4 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sanford Women's Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER, LLC CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Barry W. Donesky, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 212 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	11	9	5	1	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.0	2 / 11	6 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3	0 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3.3	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	63	12	4	2	2	0
Number of transfers	63	12	2	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	0.8	0.2	0.3	2.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.2	9 / 17	2 / 3	0 / 3	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	4 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	6 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.1	6 / 12	2 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	15	10	10	7	1	3
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			14	
Number of transfers		3			14	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4			11 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 3			1 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3			4 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3			5 / 14	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3			8 / 14	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center, LLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TENNESSEE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ringland S. Murray, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 24% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	6%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	42%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 240 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	18	11	8	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.0	0 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 8		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.3	5 / 19	3 / 9	2 / 8		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	28.6	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	1 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.0	3 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1 / 18	0 / 11	1 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.0	4 / 18	2 / 11	1 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.0	5 / 18	2 / 11	1 / 8		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	11	6	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.1	1 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	3 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	1 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.3	4 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.0	5 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	22	13	3	1	0
Number of transfers	38	21	13	2	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	1.6	0.9	0.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.3	60.6	11 / 18	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.2	42.9	3 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.7	57.1	7 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.4	9.5	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.2	66.7	8 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.1	81.0	11 / 13	2 / 2	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	8	13	2	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6		17		
Number of transfers		1		15		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0		1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 1		10 / 17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1		5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1		6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		0 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1		6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1		10 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Tennessee Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

QUILLEN FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S SERVICES JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Norman A. Assad, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	21%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	31%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 120 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	22	16	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.2	27.3	3 / 16	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.8	39.4	9.4	0 / 10		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.6	13.6	3 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.1	18.2	3 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	13.6	0 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	50.0	31.8	3 / 16	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	40.9	4 / 16	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	16	13	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.5	3 / 16	3 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.4	4 / 16	3 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.2	3 / 16	0 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.5	7 / 16	3 / 13	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.4	9 / 16	4 / 13	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	6	4	1	1	0
Number of transfers	10	5	4	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.7				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 17	1 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 10	1 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Quillen Fertility and Women's Services

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST TENNESSEE IVF AND ANDROLOGY CENTER KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gayla Harris, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	33%	Tubal factor	28%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 33% Female & male factors 39%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	44%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 18 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 6					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JEFFREY A. KEENAN, MD DBA
SOUTHEASTERN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY
KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	44%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 185 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	6	5	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	5 / 9	2 / 7			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 15	2 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	3 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 15	3 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	5	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 12	2 / 5	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	3 / 5	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	3 / 5	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	4	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	10	4	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5	1.3	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.0	0 / 7	0 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0			138	
Number of transfers		0			136	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					25.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					17.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					24.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					9.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					36.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					49.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD dba,
Southeastern Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KUTTEH KE FERTILITY ASSOCIATES OF MEMPHIS, PLLC MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Raymond W. Ke, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	87%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 521 (includes 20 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	66	36	21	8	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.1	11.1	4.8	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.4	40.0	30.0	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	21.9	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	5.6	23.8	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.2	11.1	23.8	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	13.9	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.8	25.0	23.8	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	30.6	28.6	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	22	11	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.8	9.1	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	18.2	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.6	22.7	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.6	40.9	5 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.8	50.0	6 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	134	43	36	14	3	0
Number of transfers	118	38	29	11	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.9	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.0	60.0	45.2	33.3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.7	34.2	24.1	4 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.2	42.1	31.0	5 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.1	18.4	10.3	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.3	60.5	41.4	5 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.9	73.7	55.2	6 / 11	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	63	21	16	9	4	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			23		
Number of transfers	1			16		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 1			45.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			3 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			4 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			1 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 1			5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 1			10 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REGIONAL ONE HEALTH REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laura Detti, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 44%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	66%	Male factor	44%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	18%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 85 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	11	8	1	1	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.4	0 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	4 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	7 / 12	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.0	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.6	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.5	1 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	48.1	3 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.9	4 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	21	7	5	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	2 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	2 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	23.8	1 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.9	3 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.7	4 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	9	3	1	0	0	1
Number of transfers	8	2	1	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.3		0.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 14	0 / 2	2 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 1			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	4	0	1	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	5			0		
Number of transfers	3			0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 5					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 3					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 3					

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Regional One Health Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jaime M. Vasquez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	10%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 50%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	45%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	1%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 150 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	10	5	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5			1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.7	1 / 9	1 / 3			0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.3	0 / 10	0 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.4	0 / 10	1 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	0 / 10	0 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.8	0 / 10	1 / 5			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	21.9	2 / 10	1 / 5			0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	5	2	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 2			0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	8	6	0	0	0
Number of transfers	28	8	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.3	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.7	6 / 15	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	2 / 8	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	2 / 8	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	2 / 8	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.9	4 / 8	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.7	4 / 8	3 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	22			34		
Number of transfers	19			32		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.3			20.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 19			18.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 19			34.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 19			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 19			34.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 19			40.6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NASHVILLE FERTILITY CENTER NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George A. Hill, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	76%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	6%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 823 (includes 36 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	189	73	63	8	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.3	24.7	23.8	2 / 8	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.0	31.2	22.1	0 / 13	0 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.4	7.7	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	17.8	7.9	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.5	21.9	9.5	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.2	5.5	4.8	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	30.7	28.8	14.3	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.5	31.5	23.8	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	129	49	36	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.2	26.5	13.9	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.3	32.7	16.7	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.7	8.2	8.3	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.0	42.9	25.0	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.5	46.9	41.7	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	154	59	39	12	3	1
Number of transfers	144	51	35	11	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.2	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	43.3	34.0	2 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.9	25.5	31.4	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	33.3	37.1	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	7.8	2.9	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.7	41.2	40.0	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	56.9	48.6	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	57	30	34	6	2	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4		46		
Number of transfers		3		42		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 4		34.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 3		26.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 3		38.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		4.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 3		42.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3		52.4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Nashville Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DFW CENTER FOR FERTILITY & IVF ALLEN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Victor E. Beshay, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 14% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	57%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 62 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	5	6	1	0	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1		1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.8			3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	3 / 10	3 / 7			0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 13	0 / 5	1 / 3			0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	2 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	2 / 5	3 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	5	4	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 13	2 / 5	2 / 4			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	2 / 5	3 / 4			0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	4	5	5	2	0	0
Number of transfers	4	5	5	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	2.5	1.7	0.4	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	3.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 7	2 / 8	4 / 15	2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4	0 / 5	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4	2 / 5	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4	3 / 5	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	1	3	5	2	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: DFW Center for Fertility & IVF

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUSTIN FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-WESTLAKE IVF AUSTIN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Shahryar K. Kavoussi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 169 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	57	27	30	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.8	3.7	3.3	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.5	32.6	14.3	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.5	10.0	0.0	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	22.2	16.7	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.5	25.9	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	22.8	7.4	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.4	33.3	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.9	40.7	30.0	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	49	20	26	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.4	30.0	19.2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.4	35.0	23.1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.5	10.0	0.0	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.9	45.0	23.1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	55.0	34.6	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	18	6	2	1	0	0
Number of transfers	18	6	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.5	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	1.5	4.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.4	3 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 18	2 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	3	3	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			4		
Number of transfers	4			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 4			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 4			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 4			2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Austin Fertility and Reproductive Medicine-Westlake IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AUSTIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE, PA AUSTIN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kenneth K. Moghadam, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	52%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 318 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	71	18	15	6	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.6	1 / 18	5 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.7		4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.3	7 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 8		0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 18	3 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.5	3 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.9	5 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.8	1 / 18	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	12.7	6 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	14.1	6 / 18	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	10	5	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 18	3 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 18	5 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 18	6 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 18	6 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	95	34	19	10	4	0
Number of transfers	95	34	18	10	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	3.4	1.4	2.5	1.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.5	30.4	21.1	9.1	0 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.9	29.4	4 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	47.4	32.4	4 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.6	2.9	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	35.3	4 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	66.3	52.9	9 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	8	2	6	2	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			15		
Number of transfers	7			15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 12			36.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7			3 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7			3 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 7			2 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 7			5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 7			6 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Austin Fertility Institute, PA

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**RMATX.COM, PLLC
RMA OF TEXAS-AUSTIN
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	71%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	<1%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 254 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	14	8	7	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	20.7	5 / 14	3 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 13	1 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.2	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.7	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	20.7	1 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	20.7	1 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	10	4	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	55	16	15	4	0	0
Number of transfers	51	16	15	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.4		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.8	8 / 18	11 / 16	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.1	6 / 16	9 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.0	8 / 16	10 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	0 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.9	8 / 16	10 / 15	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.7	8 / 16	11 / 15	0 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	27	20	7	0	1
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			10	
Number of transfers		2			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			7 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 2			5 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			1 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 2			6 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			6 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: RMATX.COM, PLLC, RMA of Texas-Austin

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER
VAUGHN, SILVERBERG & ASSOCIATES
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kaylen Silverberg, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,826 (includes 47 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	177	93	89	38	20	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.3	12.9	13.5	26.3	15.0	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.7	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	49.0	20.5	18.4	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	58.8	20.8	4.3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.0	7.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	10.2	8.6	7.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	11.9	8.6	7.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	12.4	12.9	10.1	0.0	5.0	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	37	27	25	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	43.2	25.9	16.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.6	29.6	28.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.1	0.0	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	56.8	29.6	28.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.5	44.4	36.0	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	366	214	132	66	13	7
Number of transfers	341	195	116	58	11	4
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.7	47.7	43.7	42.6	3 / 14	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.8	34.4	34.5	32.8	2 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	39.5	40.5	36.2	3 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	5.6	2.6	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.8	45.1	43.1	37.9	3 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	56.4	53.4	44.8	5 / 11	2 / 4
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	149	108	69	53	20	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		48			108	
Number of transfers		40			101	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		56.3			39.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		37.5			21.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			27.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0			8.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.0			36.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0			41.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Texas Fertility Center, Vaughn, Silverberg & Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BEDFORD, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin J. Doody, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 25%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 547 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	134	50	40	17	11	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.5	6.0	7.5	3 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	18.5	35.3	18.2	2 / 14	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	70.2	21.1	18.5	0 / 8	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.6	12.0	15.0	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.6	16.0	20.0	0 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	4.0	5.0	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.3	20.0	25.0	0 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.6	26.0	37.5	3 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	113	40	29	10	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.2	15.0	20.7	0 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.7	20.0	27.6	0 / 10	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.4	5.0	6.9	0 / 10	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	37.2	25.0	34.5	0 / 10	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.4	32.5	51.7	3 / 10	2 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	89	48	32	13	10	0
Number of transfers	88	48	31	13	9	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	2.4	1.6	0.8	1.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.1	35.7	43.2	24.0	4 / 19	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	20.8	22.6	5 / 13	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	29.2	29.0	5 / 13	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	6.3	9.7	0 / 13	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	35.4	38.7	5 / 13	3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	47.9	51.6	6 / 13	3 / 9	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	19	7	10	13	4	3
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	11			29		
Number of transfers	10			29		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 13			46.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 10			31.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 10			37.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10			13.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 10			51.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 10			62.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Assisted Reproduction

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DALLAS-FORT WORTH FERTILITY ASSOCIATES DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel J. Chantilis, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 20%
Unstimulated	1%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	36%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,096 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	242	94	80	54	18	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.3	13.8	30.0	31.5	7 / 18	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.6	3.1	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.2	31.0	16.9	3.7	4.5	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	38.8	19.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.6	19.1	5.0	1.9	1 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.9	20.2	6.3	1.9	1 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	5.3	3.8	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.3	25.5	10.0	1.9	1 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	28.9	30.9	12.5	9.3	1 / 18	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	124	56	34	23	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.3	32.1	11.8	4.3	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.7	33.9	14.7	4.3	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.5	8.9	8.8	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	42.9	23.5	4.3	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.5	51.8	29.4	21.7	1 / 7	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	181	62	43	15	3	1
Number of transfers	179	60	42	14	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	64.8	49.4	54.2	7 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.5	31.7	35.7	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.4	45.0	40.5	5 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.5	10.0	7.1	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.5	55.0	47.6	6 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.2	60.0	64.3	7 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	78	47	45	18	16	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		39			52	
Number of transfers		25			52	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		79.3			56.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0			36.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		64.0			42.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.0			9.6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		76.0			51.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		96.0			67.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Orhan Bukulmez, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	22%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 166 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	7	7	4	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 15	4 / 7	1 / 7	3 / 4	2 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 13	2 / 2	2 / 5			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 15	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 15	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3 / 15	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 15	1 / 7	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	9	1	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 9	1 / 1	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9	1 / 1	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	10	8	6	2	1
Number of transfers	13	9	8	6	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.0	8 / 13	5 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 13	0 / 9	1 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 13	0 / 9	1 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	3 / 9	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 13	3 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	5 / 9	4 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	25	11	23	23	7	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by J. Michael Putman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 25% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	24%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	33%	
				Endometriosis	17%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 218 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	7	6	5	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	3.0	3.0		5.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.7	5 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 6		0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	3 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.1	3 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.8	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.9	4 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.8	4 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	5	1	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	11 / 19	4 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 19	4 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	21	18	3	2	0
Number of transfers	28	21	18	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.3	44.1	50.0	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.3	33.3	5 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.6	42.9	8 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	14.3	3 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.9	57.1	11 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.6	61.9	13 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	20	26	20	8	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4		10		
Number of transfers		3		10		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 6		9 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 3		3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 3		4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3		2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 3		6 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 3		7 / 10		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Dallas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF INSTITUTE, PA DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Noel Peng, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	24%	Uterine factor	52%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	48%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	24%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 54 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	1	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)			0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)			1 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	6	5	5	0	0
Number of transfers	5	5	4	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.8	2.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 6	2 / 6	2 / 8	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5	2 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5	2 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5	2 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	6	1	6	5	2
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			1	
Number of transfers		0			1	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					0 / 1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Institute, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPROMED FERTILITY CENTER DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Anil B. Pinto, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	84%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 3% Female & male factors <1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	6%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	37%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 194 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	15	11	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.4	3 / 15	1 / 11	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.6	42.9	8 / 19			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.5	0 / 10	0 / 9			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	1 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.9	1 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.6	1 / 15	3 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.4	2 / 15	4 / 11	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.6	8 / 15	5 / 11	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	11	10	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	1 / 11	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	1 / 11	1 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	1 / 11	3 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	2 / 11	4 / 10			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.8	8 / 11	5 / 10			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	28	23	9	7	0	1
Number of transfers	27	20	8	6	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.7	36.8	6 / 14	3 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.6	30.0	4 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.0	30.0	4 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.4	15.0	0 / 8	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.4	45.0	4 / 8	1 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	74.1	55.0	5 / 8	3 / 6		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	17	12	7	2	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4		9		
Number of transfers		4		8		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		6 / 8		4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4		3 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 4		4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4		0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 4		4 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 4		4 / 8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: ReproMed Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Walid Saleh, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	15%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	16%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 268 (includes 3 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	29	21	7	6	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.7	10.3	0.0	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	41.7	51.9	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.3	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	17.2	23.8	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.1	24.1	33.3	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	6.9	9.5	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	41.4	31.0	42.9	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	41.4	57.1	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	52	20	16	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.8	25.0	5 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.5	35.0	7 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.2	10.0	2 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.8	45.0	9 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.3	60.0	12 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	19	12	3	0	1
Number of transfers	29	16	12	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.5		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.6	18.2	50.0	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.1	2 / 16	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.5	3 / 16	2 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.5	3 / 16	4 / 12	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.2	5 / 16	9 / 12	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	6	10	4	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		19		18		
Number of transfers		17		15		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		55.9		29.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 17		5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 17		5 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 17		1 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 17		6 / 15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		12 / 17		7 / 15		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TEXAS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DALLAS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Samuel P. Marynick, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 41%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	60%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 78 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	11	5	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	2 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 19	2 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	2 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8 / 19	2 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	2 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	9	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 16	2 / 9	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	3	4	1	0	0
Number of transfers	7	3	4	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.5	0.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.3	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7	0 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	6	7	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	2			4		
Number of transfers	1			4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 2			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			2 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA EL PASO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Luis S. Noble, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	32%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 93 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	18	13	7	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	2 / 18	2 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.4	3.0	3.5	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	46.2	36.4	7 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 19	1 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.8	5 / 18	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	5 / 18	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.5	1 / 18	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.2	6 / 18	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.8	7 / 18	5 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	20	13	8	4	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.0	5 / 13	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.0	5 / 13	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	1 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	6 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.0	7 / 13	5 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	10	6	3	1	0
Number of transfers	3	10	6	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.5	2.0	3.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 10	6 / 19	4 / 13	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	2 / 10	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 3	5 / 10	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	5 / 10	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 3	6 / 10	3 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BROOKE ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SAM HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rhiana D. Saunders, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	86%	Tubal factor	31%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 103 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	64	22	16	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.6	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.7	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.7	17.5	17.1	0 / 3		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	12.7	4.5	0 / 13	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.7	22.7	1 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.8	27.3	1 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	40.6	27.3	2 / 16	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	48.4	40.9	4 / 16	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	63	22	14	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	22.7	1 / 14	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	27.3	1 / 14	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.9	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	41.3	27.3	2 / 14	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	49.2	40.9	4 / 14	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0	
Number of transfers		0			0	
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Brooke Army Medical Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FORT WORTH FERTILITY, PA FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robert Kaufmann, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	21%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Male factor	32%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	24%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 676 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	132	47	34	17	2	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.1	14.9	5.9	0 / 17	0 / 2	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.0	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.2	21.2	45.2	0 / 12	0 / 1	1 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	23.2	3 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 5		0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.4	8.5	5.9	0 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.7	8.5	5.9	0 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	2.1	11.8	0 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	27.3	10.6	17.6	0 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.3	12.8	32.4	0 / 17	0 / 2	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	75	21	20	7	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.3	19.0	10.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.7	19.0	10.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.3	4.8	20.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.0	23.8	30.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	28.6	55.0	0 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	161	45	39	11	5	0
Number of transfers	157	45	38	6	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.3	1.7	0.5	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.0	21.3	21.7	2 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.8	17.8	18.4	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.3	22.2	18.4	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.6	4.4	2.6	0 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.9	26.7	21.1	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.9	31.1	28.9	3 / 6	1 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	28	16	8	7	7	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		28			68	
Number of transfers		11			67	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		63.6			27.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 11			20.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 11			28.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4 / 11			4.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		9 / 11			32.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 11			35.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fort Worth Fertility, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

DALLAS IVF FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brian D. Barnett, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	50%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	30%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 896 (includes 6 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	136	44	34	17	7	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.8	13.6	29.4	2 / 17	5 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.2	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.2	25.7	30.3	4 / 15		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	43.4	0 / 16	0 / 14	0 / 7		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.9	4.5	8.8	0 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	20.6	4.5	11.8	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	6.8	2.9	1 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.5	11.4	14.7	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	25.0	15.9	20.6	3 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	58	20	15	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.7	10.0	3 / 15	0 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	48.3	10.0	4 / 15	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	15.0	1 / 15	1 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.2	25.0	5 / 15	2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.6	35.0	7 / 15	3 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	188	87	44	12	1	0
Number of transfers	187	86	43	12	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.7	50.8	50.0	6 / 14	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.0	29.1	23.3	5 / 12	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.5	33.7	32.6	5 / 12	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	15.1	18.6	0 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.3	48.8	51.2	5 / 12	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.9	62.8	58.1	7 / 12	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	80	53	46	22	8	8
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		27		75		
Number of transfers		1		75		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 2		50.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1		34.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1		44.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1		10.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 1		54.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 1		60.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dallas IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF TEXAS, PLLC FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Jerald S. Goldstein, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	54%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 622 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	184	60	67	13	9	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.4	11.7	17.9	4 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.4	29.9	28.9	2 / 16	4.5	0 / 7
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6.3	10.3	7.3	0 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	16.7	10.4	1 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.0	18.3	13.4	2 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.3	8.3	7.5	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.3	26.7	20.9	2 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.2	30.0	32.8	2 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	114	42	46	7	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.9	23.8	15.2	1 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.7	26.2	19.6	2 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	26.3	11.9	10.9	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	38.1	30.4	2 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.9	42.9	47.8	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	31	31	2	1	0
Number of transfers	95	30	30	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.7	51.9	55.3	2 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.7	16.7	30.0	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.0	20.0	40.0	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.0	33.3	16.7	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.1	53.3	56.7	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.4	56.7	73.3	2 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	34	11	16	3	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	29			24		
Number of transfers	23			24		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.4			42.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.1			37.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.5			45.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.4			8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.9			54.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	78.3			62.5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRISCO INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FRISCO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Rinku V. Mehta, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	73%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 23%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Male factor	57%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 320 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	84	16	19	6	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.0	1 / 16	5 / 19	3 / 6	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 19	4 / 6	5 / 8	0 / 1		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	9 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2.4	2 / 16	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3.6	2 / 16	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.6	1 / 16	1 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	7.1	3 / 16	2 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8.3	3 / 16	3 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	4	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	2 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	3 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 16	3 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	90	20	20	9	4	1
Number of transfers	89	20	20	8	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.8	1.1	1.3	0.8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	2.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.7	53.1	35.7	3 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	35.0	25.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.4	50.0	35.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	10.0	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.9	60.0	40.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.9	70.0	50.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	16	4	10	5	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		5			4	
Number of transfers		4			4	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 7			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 4			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 4			0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			2 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael A. Allon, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	96%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	Other factor	30%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 382 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		65	20	16	7	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 3					
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 1					
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		1.5	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1.5	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		1.5	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		1	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		84	39	31	7	2	0
Number of transfers		83	39	28	6	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.2	1.1	1.3	0.4	0.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	1.8	1.9	2.7	1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		54.8	53.2	30.0	2 / 16	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.5	33.3	14.3	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.3	35.9	17.9	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		26.5	20.5	10.7	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.9	56.4	28.6	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		78.3	76.9	42.9	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		23	22	10	9	5	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		14			21		
Number of transfers		8			21		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 14			41.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 8			14.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 8			23.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			23.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 8			47.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 8			57.1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Texas					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by C. James Chuong, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	68%	Tubal factor	32%	Uterine factor	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 13% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 134 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	12	14	8	7	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.5	0 / 12	1 / 14	2 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.6	1 / 19	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 10	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.3	0 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.5	1 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	0 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.0	1 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	1 / 12	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	8	10	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	5	5	0	1	0
Number of transfers	10	5	4	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.5		4.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.8	2 / 14	0 / 10		0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	2	4	3	2	5
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	13			16		
Number of transfers	9			14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4			2.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9			33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 9			1 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 9			2 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 9			4 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 9			6 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 9			6 / 14		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by William E. Gibbons, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	23%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 278 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	38	17	15	4	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.4	5 / 17	2 / 15	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.8	2.1		2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	7 / 14	3 / 15			0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	8 / 14	2 / 5	1 / 6		0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.1	2 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	2 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.6	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	26.3	3 / 17	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.3	3 / 17	1 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	15	8	7	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	9 / 15	2 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 7		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 15	3 / 8	1 / 7		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 15	3 / 8	1 / 7		1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	52	9	13	5	3	0
Number of transfers	48	9	12	5	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.5	2.4	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.6	5 / 12	6 / 18	3 / 12	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.3	3 / 9	2 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.8	3 / 9	2 / 12	3 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 9	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	47.9	3 / 9	2 / 12	3 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.3	4 / 9	6 / 12	3 / 5	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	56	15	10	7	9	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			12	
Number of transfers		5			10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 5			5 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 5			2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5			3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			4 / 10	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Family Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE HEARD CLINIC HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael J. Heard, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 36%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	32%	Male factor	55%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	23%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 47 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	5	3	2	3	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	3.5	3.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8.0	2 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	1 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	4	2	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	0	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.7	0.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 4					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	2	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			6		
Number of transfers	6			6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 10			0 / 12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 6			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6			0 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Heard Clinic

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON FERTILITY INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ghassan F. Haddad, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	53%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 38% Female & male factors 43%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	30%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	38%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 3,537 (includes 149 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	474	162	139	63	38	9
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.1	6.2	5.8	7.9	13.2	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.5	27.3	16.7	12.8	0 / 16	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.8	5.0	3.8	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.0	9.3	6.5	1.6	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.3	11.7	9.4	3.2	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.7	3.1	0.7	1.6	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.0	14.8	10.1	4.8	0.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	17.1	17.9	16.5	7.9	0.0	0 / 9
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	143	65	63	21	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.6	23.1	14.3	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.8	29.2	20.6	9.5	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	7.7	1.6	4.8	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	49.7	36.9	22.2	14.3	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.6	44.6	36.5	23.8	0 / 9	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	832	294	226	82	28	1
Number of transfers	778	272	212	77	25	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.1	42.5	37.9	34.5	42.1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.5	27.9	23.6	19.5	28.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.1	35.3	30.7	26.0	36.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.2	9.6	8.5	6.5	4.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.6	44.9	39.2	32.5	40.0	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	60.4	57.0	50.9	45.5	52.0	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	343	164	173	87	18	21
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	50			184		
Number of transfers	32			170		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0			39.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.9			18.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0			25.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.1			13.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.1			39.4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.4			48.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON FERTILITY SPECIALISTS HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George M. Grunert, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 22%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	3%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	24%	
				Endometriosis	13%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,310 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	80	45	61	29	15	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.8	31.1	32.8	44.8	4 / 15	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	1.8	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	13.0	33.3	1 / 12	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	68.6	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6.3	11.1	1.6	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	8.8	15.6	1.6	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	8.8	17.8	1.6	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.8	17.8	3.3	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	45	17	8	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.1	5 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.6	7 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	15.6	8 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	24.4	8 / 17	2 / 8	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	247	149	85	43	13	5
Number of transfers	233	130	74	35	11	3
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	51.9	50.0	52.4	56.4	3 / 15	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.0	35.4	36.5	40.0	3 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.5	41.5	41.9	51.4	3 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.3	3.1	4.1	2.9	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	44.6	45.9	54.3	3 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.7	55.4	56.8	68.6	3 / 11	1 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	155	122	87	33	19	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		26			80	
Number of transfers		17			65	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.5			39.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 17			30.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 17			36.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 17			3.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 17			40.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		9 / 17			50.8	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Fertility Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON INFERTILITY CLINIC SONJA KRISTIENSEN, MD HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Sonja B. Kristiansen, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	80%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 2% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	6%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 127 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	20	14	5	4	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.3	10.0	0 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	1.8	3.0	2.0	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.0	27.8	12.5	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2.8	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.3	20.0	1 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.3	30.0	1 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.9	30.0	2 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.5	35.0	2 / 14	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	39	16	13	2	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.9	4 / 16	1 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.9	6 / 16	1 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	20.5	0 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	38.5	6 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	43.6	7 / 16	2 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	4	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	11	4	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.8	4.0	1.5	0.0		0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	1.7			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.7	3 / 8	2 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 11	3 / 4	2 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	1	1	2	0	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	7			5		
Number of transfers	6			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			2.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 10			2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 6			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Infertility Clinic, Sonja Kristiansen, MD

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON IVF HOUSTON, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Timothy N. Hickman, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	94%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	7%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	20%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 841 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	197	92	68	36	24	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.0	1.1	1.5	5.6	4.2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.9	2.1	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.8	40.4	15.8	7.7	7.7	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	5.6	5.5	1.9	0.0	0 / 12	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.9	19.6	16.2	8.3	8.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.0	25.0	20.6	8.3	8.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	26.4	16.3	2.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.9	42.4	23.5	8.3	8.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.4	51.1	30.9	16.7	12.5	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	189	80	60	27	19	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	29.1	22.5	18.3	11.1	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	28.8	23.3	11.1	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	27.5	18.8	3.3	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.4	48.8	26.7	11.1	2 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.1	58.8	35.0	22.2	3 / 19	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	97	53	46	9	7	0
Number of transfers	94	53	46	9	7	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.5	40.0	38.2	3 / 11	4 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.9	32.1	28.3	2 / 9	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.3	37.7	32.6	2 / 9	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.0	9.4	13.0	0 / 9	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.3	47.2	45.7	2 / 9	3 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.9	54.7	47.8	4 / 9	4 / 7	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	55	35	34	9	4	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		41			28	
Number of transfers		39			28	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		53.4			28.9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3			21.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		41.0			25.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		25.6			10.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		66.7			35.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		71.8			35.7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Houston IVF

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVFMD IRVING, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Sy Q. Le, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	3%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	8%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				11%
				Female & male factors				22%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 525 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	132	48	23	11	8	3
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.3	4.2	8.7	2 / 11	5 / 8	1 / 3
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.7		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.0	31.7	25.9	1 / 5		
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15.2	9.4	1 / 13	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.5	18.8	8.7	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	30.3	20.8	8.7	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	6.3	4.3	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.9	27.1	13.0	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.7	33.3	26.1	2 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	109	35	15	3	0	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.8	25.7	2 / 15	1 / 3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	28.6	2 / 15	1 / 3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.5	8.6	1 / 15	0 / 3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.2	37.1	3 / 15	1 / 3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.8	45.7	6 / 15	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	96	42	29	12	7	3
	Number of transfers	92	42	28	10	7	3
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.8	1.5	0.8	0.6	0.8
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.3	35.6	31.0	3 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 6
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	28.6	7.1	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.5	33.3	28.6	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.9	7.1	3.6	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	42.4	40.5	32.1	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	47.6	46.4	3 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 3
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		20	13	11	11	8	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	17			25		
	Number of transfers	11			25		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.7			1.7		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14 / 19			31.4		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11			24.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 11			28.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5 / 11			4.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 11			32.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	9 / 11			48.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: IVFMD					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTRE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUBBOCK, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Janelle O. Dorsett, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	25%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 37% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 158 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	7	10	6	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.8	0 / 7	1 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	14.3	3 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3.9	1 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	3.9	3 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3.9	3 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5.9	3 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	4	5	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 13	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 13	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 13	3 / 4	2 / 5	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	49	5	2	0	1	0
Number of transfers	47	5	2	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.5		1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.9	4 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.3	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.8	2 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	19.1	1 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	48.9	3 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	55.3	3 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	2	0	2	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	8			11		
Number of transfers	5			9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	6 / 8			5 / 14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 5			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 5			3 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 5			1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 5			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 5			4 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Centre for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY
LUBBOCK, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Jaou-Chen Huang, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	5%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 17%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 129 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		36	18	6	0	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0.0	2 / 18	0 / 6			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.9	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.3	46.4	2 / 11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		11.8	1 / 14	0 / 4			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		30.6	3 / 18	2 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		30.6	5 / 18	2 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		22.2	2 / 18	0 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		52.8	8 / 18	2 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.6	8 / 18	2 / 6			0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		34	15	6	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		32.4	3 / 15	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		32.4	5 / 15	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		23.5	2 / 15	0 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		55.9	8 / 15	2 / 6			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		58.8	8 / 15	2 / 6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		24	10	5	3	0	0
Number of transfers		20	10	4	3	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.3	0.9	0.6			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	1.6	1.8	1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		36.1	2 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		35.0	1 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0	2 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		10.0	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		50.0	2 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		50.0	2 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 3		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	7	7	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			3		
Number of transfers		0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred					1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE OF SOUTH TEXAS McALLEN, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Esteban O. Brown, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	42%	Uterine factor	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 165 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	16	22	6	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.1	2 / 16	13.6	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.6	25.0	19.2	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	22.5	2 / 11	1 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.3	4 / 16	13.6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	5 / 16	13.6	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.2	0 / 16	4.5	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.2	5 / 16	18.2	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.1	5 / 16	27.3	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	44	12	17	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	4 / 12	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.5	5 / 12	3 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	0 / 12	1 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.2	5 / 12	4 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	59.1	5 / 12	6 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	16	6	1	0	1
Number of transfers	25	16	6	1	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	2.7	2.0	1.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.5	2.0		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	59.0	56.5	4 / 8	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	5 / 16	2 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	8 / 16	4 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	28.0	2 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.0	10 / 16	4 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	12 / 16	5 / 6	0 / 1		1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		3			5	
Number of transfers		2			5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5			2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 5			6 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 2			2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 2			4 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2			5 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			5 / 5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Institute of South Texas

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTERS, PLLC ODESSA, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Botros Rizk, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	13%	Tubal factor	47%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	47%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	0%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				13%
				Female & male factors				27%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 15 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		10	1	3	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3	3.0	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		0 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 6			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		7	1	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval							
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			0		
Number of transfers		0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Advanced Fertility Centers, PLLC					
Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF PLANO PLANO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James Douglas, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	37%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 39%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	63%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 328 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	25	31	14	9	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.9	0.0	25.8	1 / 14	2 / 9	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.6	1.8	2.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	2 / 10	7.7	4 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 9
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5.7	4.0	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5.7	8.0	3.2	2 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9.4	8.0	3.2	2 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	11.3	8.0	9.7	3 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	5	14	7	5	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 14	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 14	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 12	2 / 5	3 / 14	3 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	33	22	4	3	1
Number of transfers	68	32	22	4	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.5	1.6	0.5	1.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.6	49.0	44.4	1 / 6	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	40.6	22.7	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.6	46.9	31.8	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.7	9.4	9.1	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	58.8	56.3	40.9	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	70.6	62.5	54.5	1 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	24	7	7	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		9			7	
Number of transfers		8			7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			2.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		8 / 10			6 / 15	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		4 / 8			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 8			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 8			1 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 8			2 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 8			3 / 7	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Plano

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL PLANO ARTS PLANO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Alfred J. Rodriguez, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	42%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 46% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	35%	Male factor	26%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	38%	
				Endometriosis	14%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 240 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		12	5	19	11	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		2 / 12	2 / 5	6 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)							
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		27	21	16	5	5	2
Number of transfers		27	20	15	5	4	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.9	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		51.6	64.3	24.0	1 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		33.3	45.0	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		37.0	55.0	3 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0.0	15.0	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		37.0	70.0	4 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		66.7	70.0	5 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		27	23	23	15	6	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			1			16	
Number of transfers			0			16	
Average number of embryos transferred						1.1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						11 / 17	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						6 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						8 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						9 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						11 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph E. Martin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	27%	Uterine factor	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 18% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	35%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	10%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 669 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	111	56	41	19	8	5
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.4	5.4	12.2	4 / 19	1 / 8	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.7	3.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.5	42.5	25.4	11.4	1 / 15	1 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	33.3	14.3	17.1	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.7	19.6	22.0	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	18.9	12.5	7.3	0 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	57.7	33.9	29.3	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	64.0	46.4	39.0	3 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 5
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	100	45	33	13	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.0	17.8	21.2	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.0	24.4	27.3	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	21.0	15.6	9.1	0 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	64.0	42.2	36.4	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	71.0	57.8	48.5	3 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	120	78	53	18	7	1
Number of transfers	114	68	51	16	7	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.5	2.8	0.9	1.2	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	39.6	34.0	37.5	42.9	4 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.8	30.9	25.5	5 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.2	32.4	35.3	5 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	2.9	3.9	1 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.5	35.3	39.2	6 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.8	45.6	49.0	9 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	41	28	12	16	6	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		17		27		
Number of transfers		13		25		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		69.2		48.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		3 / 13		44.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 13		56.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		6 / 13		4.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 13		60.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		11 / 13		72.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF TEXAS, PLLC SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Susan Hudson, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	
Unstimulated	6%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	6%			Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	Other factor	15%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	25%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				4%
				Female & male factors				4%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 121 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	1	6	3	0	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		3 / 7	0 / 1	4 / 6	2 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred							
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)							
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)							
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)							
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)							
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		36	8	9	2	1	0
Number of transfers		28	8	6	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.0	2.0	1.2	0.5	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		62.1	5 / 8	0 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		46.4	2 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		53.6	3 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3.6	1 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.1	4 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.7	5 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		24	3	2	1	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles			0			2	
Number of transfers			0			2	
Average number of embryos transferred						1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						2 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						2 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Gerard M. Honoré, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	70%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 21%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	33%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	33%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 32 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	3	1	0	1	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	3.0		1.0	4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1			0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3	1 / 3	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	2	2	1	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	3	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	10	3	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.5			0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 18	2 / 5				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 10	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 10	1 / 3				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 10	1 / 3				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	1	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of San Antonio

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH
ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Joseph R. Garza, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	44%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 17% Female & male factors 24%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	55%	Other factor	17%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 89 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		5	5	9	3	4	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		2 / 5	2 / 5	5 / 9	2 / 3	3 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		3	2	4	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		15	4	2	3	0	1
Number of transfers		15	4	2	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4	1.3	2.5	1.7		4.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		38.1	4 / 5	3 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		6 / 15	3 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		6 / 15	3 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 15	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 15	3 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 15	4 / 4	2 / 2	0 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		15	5	3	4	1	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2			4		
Number of transfers		2			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 3			2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Institute for Women's Health, Advanced Fertility Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF TEXAS, PA SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 603 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	120	31	28	7	12	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.3	6.5	17.9	1 / 7	2 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.1	47.8	31.1	3 / 8	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	44.6	20.0	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.0	25.8	17.9	0 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.7	38.7	21.4	0 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.8	16.1	3.6	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	47.5	54.8	28.6	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.7	61.3	39.3	2 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	100	28	22	4	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.0	28.6	22.7	0 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.0	42.9	27.3	0 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.0	17.9	4.5	1 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.0	60.7	36.4	1 / 4	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.0	67.9	50.0	2 / 4	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	131	32	23	10	0	0
Number of transfers	129	32	23	10	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.5	63.9	65.4	5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	39.5	59.4	52.2	3 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.9	65.6	56.5	4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.4	3.1	8.7	0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.4	68.8	65.2	4 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	68.8	73.9	5 / 10		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	67	45	35	13	7	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		6			22	
Number of transfers		4			22	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 6			46.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 4			31.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 4			45.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4			4.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 4			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 4			54.5	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UT MEDICINE FERTILITY CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Randal D. Robinson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	38%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	8%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	18%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	19%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 99 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	24	12	7	3	1	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.5		3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.3	7 / 17	4 / 12	1 / 5		0 / 3
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 16	4 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.5	1 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.7	2 / 12	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	58.3	4 / 12	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.5	5 / 12	4 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	10	6	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 6	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 19	2 / 10	0 / 6	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	14 / 19	4 / 10	1 / 6	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	15 / 19	5 / 10	4 / 6	1 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	11	6	0	0	1
Number of transfers	16	11	6	0	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	2.0			2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	22.7	6 / 16	1 / 12			0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 16	5 / 11	1 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 16	6 / 11	1 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 16	6 / 11	1 / 6			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 16	6 / 11	1 / 6			0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	3	3	1	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: UT Medicine Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SCOTT & WHITE TEMPLE, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Thomas J. Wincek, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	77%	Tubal factor	30%	Uterine factor	1%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	2%	
				Endometriosis	29%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 98 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	37	9	7	8	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.9	2 / 9	2 / 7	1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.6	4 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 14		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	24.3	4 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	29.7	4 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.5	0 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	43.2	4 / 9	0 / 7	0 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.1	4 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 8		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	29	5	5	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.0	4 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.9	4 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.2	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.2	4 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.0	4 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	2	3	2	0	1
Number of transfers	26	1	2	2	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.5	2.5		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.6	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.2	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Scott & White Clinic-Temple

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH HOUSTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA THE WOODLANDS, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Dorothy J. Roach, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	74%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 84 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	30	13	8	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.9	37.5	2 / 18	0 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.7	1 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.3	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	60.0	6 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.3	7 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	30	13	8	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	3 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	43.3	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.7	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	60.0	6 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.3	7 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	7	2	2	0	0
Number of transfers	11	7	2	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.7	7.0	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.1	3 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	7 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			4	
Number of transfers		0			4	
Average number of embryos transferred					1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					3 / 4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: North Houston Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE (CORM) WEBSTER, TEXAS

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Vicki L. Schnell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	78%	Tubal factor	5%	Uterine factor	10%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only <1% Female & male factors 1%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	5%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Male factor	13%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	9%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 602 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	102	49	35	14	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	9.8	18.4	14.3	2 / 14	2 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	52.4	27.7	16.2	2 / 15		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	50.0	5.9	0 / 18	0 / 8		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	10.2	8.6	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.4	12.2	8.6	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.9	8.2	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.3	20.4	8.6	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	42.2	32.7	14.3	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	70	36	21	9	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	13.9	14.3	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	41.4	16.7	14.3	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	11.1	0.0	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	52.9	27.8	14.3	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.4	44.4	23.8	2 / 9		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	110	46	41	8	8	1
Number of transfers	99	38	31	7	8	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.5	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	47.1	41.9	23.4	2 / 12	1 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.4	26.3	16.1	1 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.5	34.2	25.8	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	7.9	3.2	0 / 7	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.5	42.1	29.0	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.6	52.6	32.3	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	26	16	28	9	7	4
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		27			65	
Number of transfers		21			54	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		66.7			45.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		19.0			31.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.0			40.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		38.1			9.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		57.1			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		76.2			55.6	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UTAH FERTILITY CENTER PLEASANT GROVE, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Russell Foulk, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Male factor	31%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	7%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 904 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	312	67	46	16	4	6
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.2	0.0	10.9	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.5	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	41.8	33.3	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.2	7.1	2.9	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.9	20.9	19.6	1 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	28.4	23.9	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	20.5	11.9	10.9	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	52.9	40.3	34.8	2 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.5	58.2	45.7	4 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 6
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	262	61	37	12	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.1	23.0	24.3	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.2	31.1	29.7	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	24.4	13.1	13.5	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.0	44.3	43.2	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	73.3	63.9	56.8	4 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	189	37	31	15	4	2
Number of transfers	184	36	30	15	4	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.7	1.0	0.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	54.8	44.8	47.8	21.7	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.2	38.9	33.3	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.7	50.0	33.3	3 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.1	8.3	13.3	1 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	62.0	58.3	46.7	4 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	72.8	61.1	70.0	4 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	54	22	25	9	3	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		43			16	
Number of transfers		38			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.3			44.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		21.1			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		31.6			6 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		31.6			2 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.2			8 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.6			11 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Utah Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST BAY FERTILITY CENTER PROVO, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Larry G. Andrew, DO

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	92%	Tubal factor	23%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 5%
Unstimulated	6%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	23%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 115 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	56	19	9	2	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.6	1 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.5	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.9	26.8	1 / 15	2 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.6	2 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.1	2 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	3 / 19	0 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	46.4	5 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.6	7 / 19	1 / 9	1 / 2		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	52	18	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.2	2 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.6	2 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.4	3 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.7	7 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	20	2	1	1	0	0
Number of transfers	20	2	1	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.5		1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.1	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	10.0	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	15.0	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.0	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	30.0	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.0	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			1		
Number of transfers	0			1		
Average number of embryos transferred				3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: East Bay Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Erica B. Johnstone, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	46%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	3%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 16%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	43%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 634 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	179	44	22	10	7	3
	Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.4	9.1	0.0	0 / 10	2 / 7	1 / 3
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.0	
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.3	51.7	48.1	1 / 9	0 / 1	
	Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	33.1	10.7	2 / 13	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle							
	Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	20.7	34.1	31.8	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.5	43.2	31.8	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	13.4	9.1	9.1	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	37.4	52.3	40.9	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
	Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.3	54.5	50.0	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer							
	Number of transfers	129	35	15	4	1	0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.7	42.9	7 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	54.3	7 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.6	11.4	2 / 15	0 / 4	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	65.7	9 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.8	68.6	11 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
	Number of cycles	137	33	23	9	7	1
	Number of transfers	133	30	21	9	6	1
	Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.5
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.3	2.0
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	48.0	45.0	52.8	7 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.6	26.7	42.9	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.6	40.0	47.6	5 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	6.7	14.3	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.9	46.7	61.9	6 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 1
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.9	53.3	76.2	6 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles		33	21	18	11	8	2
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
	Number of cycles	35			31		
	Number of transfers	32			30		
	Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.5		
	Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	65.9			43.9		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.6			20.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	46.9			26.7		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	18.8			10.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	65.6			40.0		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	75.0			50.0		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER SANDY, UTAH

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

UTAH

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Keith L. Blauer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 12% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Male factor	47%	
Used gestational carrier	1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	16%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 672 (includes 40 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	204	74	35	12	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.4	4.1	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	5.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.8	33.0	18.3	8.7	3 / 15	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	19.5	24.0	3.8	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.5	17.6	17.1	1 / 12	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	20.3	17.1	2 / 12	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.3	6.8	5.7	0 / 12	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.3	27.0	22.9	2 / 12	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.7	37.8	25.7	2 / 12	2 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	161	56	30	11	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	23.2	20.0	1 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.7	26.8	20.0	2 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	8.9	6.7	0 / 11	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.0	35.7	26.7	2 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.6	50.0	30.0	2 / 11	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	123	60	25	6	0	0
Number of transfers	118	53	24	6	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	2.0	1.1	0.7	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.7	29.1	41.2	3 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.4	17.0	25.0	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.1	22.6	29.2	3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	3.8	12.5	0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.1	26.4	41.7	3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.4	37.7	50.0	3 / 6		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	11	14	7	1	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			29		
Number of transfers	8			29		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 15			27.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 8			20.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 8			34.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 8			34.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 8			37.9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT MEDICAL CENTER
VERMONT CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
BURLINGTON, VERMONT**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth McGee, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a		Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	With ICSI	Tubal factor	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 0%
Unstimulated	PGD/PGS	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Male factor	0%	
Used gestational carrier		Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	Other factor	100%	
		Endometriosis	0%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)						
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	1	0	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval						
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2					
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1					
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1					
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Vermont Medical Center, Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHEASTERN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLCHESTER, VERMONT

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Peter R. Casson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	60%	Tubal factor	7%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 8%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	15%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 297 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	32	35	9	5	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	10.0	15.6	14.3	2 / 9	4 / 5	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0		2.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.7	42.5	17.5	2 / 12		1 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.3	34.6	15.4	0 / 6		0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	28.1	17.1	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.3	34.4	22.9	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	8.3	9.4	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.7	43.8	22.9	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.7	50.0	25.7	2 / 9	0 / 5	1 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	43	26	28	6	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.2	34.6	21.4	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	32.6	42.3	28.6	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	11.6	11.5	0.0	0 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.2	53.8	28.6	2 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.2	61.5	32.1	2 / 6		1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	40	19	18	4	3	1
Number of transfers	34	17	15	3	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	27.1	25.0	27.3	1 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.5	4 / 17	6 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.5	4 / 17	6 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.9	1 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.4	5 / 17	6 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	35.3	7 / 17	6 / 15	1 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	11	10	9	3	10	6
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	12			7		
Number of transfers	10			5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5			1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	9 / 15			2 / 8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10			1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 10			0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 10			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 10			2 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Northeastern Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON FERTILITY CENTER ANNANDALE, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Pierre Asmar, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	58%	Tubal factor	12%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 11% Female & male factors 15%
Unstimulated	4%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Male factor	25%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 204 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	15	17	13	9	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 17	1 / 13	1 / 9	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	29.6	40.0	15.0	2 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	11 / 19	0 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.1	2 / 15	2 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.1	2 / 15	2 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3 / 15	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	5 / 15	2 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.5	5 / 15	3 / 17	3 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	13	11	8	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.3	2 / 13	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	27.3	2 / 13	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	3 / 13	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	27.3	5 / 13	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	45.5	5 / 13	3 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	23	11	11	0	6	1
Number of transfers	21	10	8	0	1	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.3	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.9		1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.1	7 / 18	8 / 15		1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.6	2 / 10	4 / 8		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	3 / 10	5 / 8		1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.8	2 / 10	1 / 8		0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	33.3	5 / 10	6 / 8		1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.6	5 / 10	6 / 8		1 / 1	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	6	6	4	4	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		22			14	
Number of transfers		20			13	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.4			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		40.7			8.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		40.0			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		40.0			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5.0			0 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		45.0			1 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		55.0			2 / 13	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Washington Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DOMINION FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael DiMattina, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	59%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 37% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	90%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	66%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,360 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	115	84	132	84	90	104
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	18.3	23.8	22.0	28.6	27.8	34.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.4	27.5	23.4	9.5	7.1	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.3	6.0	6.8	2.4	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.2	7.1	6.8	2.4	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	2.4	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	12.2	9.5	6.8	3.6	1.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	13.9	10.7	7.6	8.3	2.2	0.0
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	60	38	46	43	28	26
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.7	13.2	19.6	4.7	3.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.3	15.8	19.6	4.7	3.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	5.3	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	23.3	21.1	19.6	7.0	3.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.7	23.7	21.7	16.3	7.1	0.0
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	107	77	38	25	15	1
Number of transfers	101	72	33	22	13	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.9	47.0	39.0	34.6	2 / 14	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.6	31.9	27.3	27.3	2 / 13	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.5	44.4	33.3	40.9	2 / 13	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1.0	2.8	6.1	0.0	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.5	47.2	39.4	40.9	2 / 13	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4	52.8	45.5	40.9	3 / 13	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	79	66	75	54	51	45
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			117		
Number of transfers	0			105		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				46.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				26.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				36.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1.9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				38.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				45.7		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER OF VIRGINIA, PLC CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christopher D. Williams, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 21% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Male factor	33%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	20%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 319 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	42	25	8	5	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.6	23.8	24.0	2 / 8	1 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	3.1	3.4	4.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	26.2	28.8	19.1	1 / 17	1 / 17	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	27.7	4.2	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.9	19.0	12.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	17.4	19.0	16.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	5.8	0.0	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.2	21.4	16.0	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.5	26.2	32.0	1 / 8	1 / 5	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	50	25	16	5	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.0	32.0	3 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	24.0	32.0	4 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	32.0	36.0	4 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	38.0	44.0	8 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	14	10	4	0	0
Number of transfers	65	14	10	4	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	0.8	0.6	2.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.6	65.0	7 / 14	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	27.7	6 / 14	5 / 10	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	35.4	6 / 14	5 / 10	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	2 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.6	8 / 14	5 / 10	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.8	9 / 14	6 / 10	1 / 4		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	11	12	1	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		11		25		
Number of transfers		11		24		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 16		36.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 11		29.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		3 / 11		33.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		3 / 11		8.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 11		41.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 11		54.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of Virginia, PLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENETICS & IVF INSTITUTE FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laurence C. Udoff, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	67%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	Other factor	31%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 454 (includes 60 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	21	19	13	3	3
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	19.2	9.5	2 / 19	2 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	1.7	2.3	2.0	1.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	7 / 17	6 / 17	2 / 18	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	6 / 12	0 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	14.3	2 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.2	14.3	4 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	4.8	0 / 19	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.1	19.0	4 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	26.9	28.6	6 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	16	10	11	8	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 16	3 / 10	2 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	3 / 10	4 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 16	4 / 10	4 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 16	6 / 10	6 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	28	34	8	4	5
Number of transfers	47	27	32	8	4	5
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.4	1.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.1	50.0	45.5	5 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.3	33.3	25.0	3 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	42.6	40.7	43.8	3 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2.1	3.7	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.8	44.4	46.9	3 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	57.4	66.7	53.1	5 / 8	2 / 4	1 / 5
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	26	16	23	11	9	4
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			82	
Number of transfers		11			78	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		10 / 15			46.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 11			23.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 11			41.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 11			7.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		6 / 11			48.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		8 / 11			55.1	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Genetics & IVF Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Laurel A. Stadtmauer, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	81%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	27%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 457 (includes 10 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	130	78	39	18	7	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.9	12.8	23.1	4 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.4	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	32.2	14.0	7.8	0.0	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	1.0	2.3	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.4	11.5	10.3	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	14.1	10.3	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	1.3	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	36.9	15.4	10.3	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.8	16.7	12.8	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	104	51	27	12	5	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.7	17.6	14.8	0 / 12	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.7	21.6	14.8	0 / 12	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.5	2.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	46.2	23.5	14.8	0 / 12	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	51.0	25.5	18.5	0 / 12	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	32	15	6	1	2
Number of transfers	41	31	15	5	1	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	1.5	1.1	2.5		2.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.9	36.4	22.2	0 / 8	0 / 2	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.1	16.1	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.5	22.6	3 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.8	19.4	1 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.3	41.9	4 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	39.0	54.8	5 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	2 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	18	6	5	0	0	1
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		23			21	
Number of transfers		19			18	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		31.6			24.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 19			4 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 19			5 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		5 / 19			1 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		7 / 19			6 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 19			7 / 18	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VIRGINIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RESTON, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Fady I. Sharara, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	97%	Tubal factor	17%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 32% Female & male factors 43%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	49%	
Used gestational carrier	3%			Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	Other factor	44%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	<1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 190 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	31	22	12	8	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.2	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.6		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	57.6	66.7	8 / 12	6 / 11		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	60.0	2 / 11	3 / 6	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	38.7	22.7	7 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.2	27.3	8 / 12	4 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	22.7	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.6	50.0	8 / 12	4 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	58.1	59.1	8 / 12	5 / 8	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	26	18	9	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.2	5 / 18	7 / 9	2 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	53.8	6 / 18	8 / 9	4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	5 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	61.5	11 / 18	8 / 9	4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.2	13 / 18	8 / 9	5 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	16	8	5	2	2	1
Number of transfers	16	8	5	2	2	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.7	2.0	1.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.1	1.4	2.0	1.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	38.1	2 / 9	0 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 16	2 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 16	2 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 16	2 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 16	2 / 8	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	10	17	13	3	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	18			18		
Number of transfers	17			18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3			1.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	77.3			40.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9 / 17			7 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 17			7 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3 / 17			1 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	13 / 17			8 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	13 / 17			10 / 18		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Michael C. Edelstein, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 9%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	38%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	21%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 262 (includes 14 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		49	31	14	5	7	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		4.1	16.1	1 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0	2.3	3.0	3.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		45.5	43.9	4 / 18	1 / 6	1 / 17	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		36.0	14.3	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		24.5	29.0	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		26.5	35.5	1 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		6.1	6.5	1 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		32.7	41.9	2 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		34.7	45.2	3 / 14	1 / 5	2 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		26	22	8	2	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		46.2	40.9	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0	50.0	1 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		11.5	9.1	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		61.5	59.1	2 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		65.4	63.6	3 / 8	1 / 2	2 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		51	28	21	9	0	0
Number of transfers		50	28	21	9	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	1.9	1.4	1.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		61.0	48.9	45.2	3 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		44.0	32.1	19.0	1 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		52.0	46.4	19.0	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		18.0	10.7	19.0	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		70.0	57.1	38.1	2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		74.0	67.9	57.1	5 / 9		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		8	4	8	2	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		2			9		
Number of transfers		2			9		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 3			11 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			5 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2			2 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 2			7 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 2			8 / 9		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Fertility Institute of Virginia					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESOURCE FERTILITY CENTER RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Joseph G. Gianfortoni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	89%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 61%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	77%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	Other factor	16%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	1%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 115 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	5	3	1	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	3 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 7	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	6	5	3	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	29	8	20	2	3	0
Number of transfers	26	8	17	2	2	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.7	2.8	0.7	2.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	58.1	5 / 11	26.1	2 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.2	3 / 8	3 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	50.0	4 / 8	3 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	0 / 8	0 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.8	4 / 8	3 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.4	4 / 8	5 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	3	4	3	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			7		
Number of transfers	0			6		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				4 / 6		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has closed since 2015. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE RICHMOND CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by George F. Tidey, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	16%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 27%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Male factor	45%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	12%	
				Endometriosis	11%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 277 (includes 19 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	53	21	15	11	4	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.7	0.0	2 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	3.2	3.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.1	31.0	7 / 19	8.3	0 / 12	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	30.3	1 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.6	28.6	3 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.6	28.6	3 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.4	4.8	1 / 15	0 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	32.1	33.3	4 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.0	38.1	6 / 15	3 / 11	1 / 4	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	33	16	10	9	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	36.4	6 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.4	6 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.2	1 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.5	7 / 16	4 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.5	8 / 16	6 / 10	3 / 9	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	51	23	23	2	4	0
Number of transfers	49	21	17	2	4	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.3	1.5	0.5	0.8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	45.9	48.5	50.0	2 / 3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	22.4	38.1	6 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.6	52.4	6 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	22.4	9.5	2 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.0	61.9	8 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	61.2	61.9	10 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	9	8	7	2	3	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4			18	
Number of transfers		4			16	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8			1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 7			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 4			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		0 / 4			3 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 4			1 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		0 / 4			4 / 16	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 4			8 / 16	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Richard S. Lucidi, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 14%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	40%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	32%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	18%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 106 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	27	16	12	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	7.4	3 / 16	4 / 12	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.3	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	25.0	28.6	1 / 18	2 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	18.2	4 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.8	4 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.2	5 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.7	0 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	25.9	5 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	33.3	7 / 16	1 / 12	2 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	24	12	8	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.7	4 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	5 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.2	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	29.2	5 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	37.5	7 / 12	1 / 8	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	5	4	0	2	0
Number of transfers	16	5	4	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.1	0.7	0.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.5		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	70.4	2 / 5	3 / 6		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9 / 16	2 / 5	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 16	2 / 5	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	12 / 16	2 / 5	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	14 / 16	3 / 5	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	4	2	2	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			7		
Number of transfers	0			5		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				4 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				3 / 5		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: VCU Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PARTNERS FOR FERTILITY AND IVF
VIENNA, VIRGINIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

**THE BEACH CENTER FOR INFERTILITY, ENDOCRINOLOGY AND IVF
VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

THE NEW HOPE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Robin L. Poe-Zeigler, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	20%	Uterine factor	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 15% Female & male factors 32%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	2%			Diminished ovarian reserve	42%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	15%	Unknown factor	6%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 333 (includes 5 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	70	26	15	8	4	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	3.8	2 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 4	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.0	2.3	2.7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	20.6	1 / 13	3 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	20.6	1 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	8.6	3.8	0 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	12.9	3.8	1 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.9	0.0	1 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	15.7	3.8	2 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	18.6	3.8	2 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	7	4	5	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.8	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	5.3	0 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.9	1 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.2	1 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	54	27	14	7	5	0
Number of transfers	52	27	14	3	3	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.3	1.6	1.1	1.5	0.8	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.9	25.0	22.7	1 / 6	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	18.5	1 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.8	25.9	1 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.7	7.4	2 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.5	33.3	3 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	40.4	40.7	4 / 14	1 / 3	1 / 3	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	12	2	5	2	3	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	23			43		
Number of transfers	16			41		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.0			15.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 16			14.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 16			19.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8 / 16			0.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 16			19.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	10 / 16			29.3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRANCISCO M. IRIANNI, MD WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	8%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 12%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	46%	
Used gestational carrier	11%			Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	Other factor	4%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 26 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	11	4	3	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	3.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.4	1 / 7	3 / 9			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 11	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	11	3	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	0	3	1	0	0
Number of transfers	3	0	2	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0		2.0	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7		1.5	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8		1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3		0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3		1 / 2	0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OVERLAKE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, INC., PS BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kevin M. Johnson, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	47%	Uterine factor	0%	
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	55%	Male factor	50%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	72%	Other factor	<1%	
				Endometriosis	12%	Unknown factor	<1%	
				Multiple Factors:				
				Female factors only				34%
				Female & male factors				47%

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 305 (includes 2 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	2	0	1	0	2
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 2	2 / 2		1 / 1		2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)						
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		0 / 2
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	17	14	3	3	1
Number of transfers	61	17	13	3	3	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.0	3.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.4	68.2	7 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	42.6	11 / 17	5 / 13	0 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	49.2	12 / 17	5 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.8	1 / 17	1 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	63.9	13 / 17	6 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.2	14 / 17	8 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	72	30	38	19	10	7
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		4		17		
Number of transfers		2		16		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 3		57.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 2		6 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 2		8 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 2		0 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2		8 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2		9 / 16		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James I. Kustin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	52%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 3% Female & male factors 4%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	77%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Male factor	11%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	59%	
				Endometriosis	1%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 182 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	46	39	22	5	0	7
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.3	0.0	4.5	0 / 5		2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.7		1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	37.5	25.9	3 / 12	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	29.6	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	17.4	5.1	9.1	1 / 5		0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.7	7.7	9.1	1 / 5		0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.5	5.1	0.0	0 / 5		0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.3	12.8	9.1	1 / 5		0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.8	12.8	18.2	1 / 5		0 / 7
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	30	18	10	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	26.7	2 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	33.3	3 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.0	2 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.3	5 / 18	2 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.3	5 / 18	4 / 10	1 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	17	27	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	17	26	5	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	2.4	1.7			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.8			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	16.7	30.0	1 / 9			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 17	26.9	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 17	30.8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 17	3.8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 17	34.6	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 17	42.3	1 / 5			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	9			3		
Number of transfers	4			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8			1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 7			2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 4			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 4			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 4			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 4			1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 4			2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BELLINGHAM IVF & FERTILITY CARE BELLINGHAM, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Emmett Branigan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	90%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 54%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	31%	Male factor	72%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	Other factor	6%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 66 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	19	10	8	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 19	0 / 10	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.3	30.0	4 / 14	1 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 19	2 / 10	4 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 19	4 / 10	4 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	9 / 19	5 / 10	4 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 19	5 / 10	4 / 8	1 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	18	10	7	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	6 / 18	2 / 10	4 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	7 / 18	4 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	9 / 18	5 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	11 / 18	5 / 10	4 / 7	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	6	3	0	0	0
Number of transfers	6	6	3	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0	1.5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.3			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 12	2 / 12	2 / 7			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6	2 / 6	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6	2 / 6	2 / 3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 6	2 / 6	2 / 3			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	6			3		
Number of transfers	6			3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 8			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	3 / 6			0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	5 / 6			1 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Bellingham IVF & Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

POMA FERTILITY KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Michael S. Opsahl, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	48%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	Other factor	13%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	17%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 414 (includes 11 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	69	36	35	8	7	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.7	2.8	2.9	0 / 8	1 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.8	3.7	2.7	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	34.6	50.0	25.3	13.6	1 / 8	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	26.3	25.8	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.4	41.7	17.1	2 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.9	47.2	20.0	2 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	11.1	11.4	0 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	39.1	58.3	31.4	2 / 8	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.9	61.1	40.0	2 / 8	1 / 7	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	31	31	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.6	48.4	19.4	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.3	54.8	22.6	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	8.5	12.9	12.9	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.8	67.7	35.5	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.5	71.0	45.2	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	25	21	7	5	3
Number of transfers	31	19	19	7	5	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	76.5	16 / 18	60.0	4 / 9	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	48.4	13 / 19	4 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.8	13 / 19	4 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	12.9	0 / 19	5 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	67.7	13 / 19	9 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	77.4	16 / 19	12 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	23	22	16	9	4	3
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		30			45	
Number of transfers		22			38	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		76.2			43.8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		36.4			39.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		50.0			44.7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		9.1			5.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		59.1			50.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		81.8			55.3	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Poma Fertility

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OLYMPIA WOMEN'S HEALTH OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by James F. Moruzzi, MD, PhD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	0%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	29%	Male factor	9%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	21%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 36 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	12	2	3	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	4 / 16	23.8	2 / 5	1 / 7		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 6	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	3 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 10	3 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	1 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	4 / 10	4 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 10	4 / 12	2 / 2	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	8	10	2	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 8	3 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 8	3 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 8	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 8	4 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	4 / 8	4 / 10	2 / 2	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	1	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	2	1	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	1.0	1.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			2		
Number of transfers	0			2		
Average number of embryos transferred				2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Olympia Women's Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST FERTILITY AND IVF SPECIALISTS SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Lorna A. Marshall, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	74%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 6% Female & male factors 6%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	10%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Male factor	24%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	49%	Other factor	8%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	9%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 1,085 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	41	27	21	6	4
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	13.1	22.0	25.9	42.9	3 / 6	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.1	2.3		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	41.5	9 / 19	3 / 17	3 / 9		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	25.0	4 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	11.5	4.9	3.7	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	11.5	4.9	3.7	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.6	7.3	3.7	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.0	12.2	7.4	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	23.0	14.6	7.4	4.8	0 / 6	0 / 4
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	12	8	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.0	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	16.0	3 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	44.0	5 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	56.0	6 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	174	97	98	28	14	2
Number of transfers	159	88	92	27	14	2
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	60.3	68.9	49.1	41.2	8 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	46.5	45.5	39.1	25.9	2 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	51.6	47.7	43.5	25.9	3 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	10.2	0.0	3.7	0 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	57.9	58.0	43.5	29.6	3 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	69.8	72.7	56.5	48.1	8 / 14	0 / 2
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	88	73	92	45	13	6
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		53			141	
Number of transfers		22			135	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.1			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		68.0			63.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		54.5			42.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		59.1			51.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		4.5			5.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		63.6			56.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		72.7			70.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SEATTLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE INTEGRATED AMERICA SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Paul S. Dudley, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	63%	Tubal factor	13%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 8% Female & male factors 13%
Unstimulated	<1%	PGD/PGS	1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	34%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Other factor	10%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	12%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 2,183 (includes 145 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	304	163	151	66	59	18
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	8.9	11.7	22.5	27.3	27.1	6 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.4	3.3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	44.9	31.1	27.1	5.3	9.5	0.0
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	54.0	34.0	9.3	0.0	0.0	0 / 8
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.0	19.0	12.6	1.5	5.1	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.3	19.6	14.6	1.5	5.1	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.2	3.7	5.3	0.0	1.7	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	35.5	23.3	19.9	1.5	6.8	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	41.4	32.5	23.8	7.6	10.2	0 / 18
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	239	123	98	32	28	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	31.8	25.2	19.4	3.1	10.7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.0	26.0	22.4	3.1	10.7	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.2	4.9	8.2	0.0	3.6	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	45.2	30.9	30.6	3.1	14.3	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	52.7	43.1	36.7	15.6	21.4	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	313	174	114	36	16	1
Number of transfers	282	152	103	28	12	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	40.8	41.0	53.0	36.7	4 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.1	31.6	39.8	21.4	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	34.8	35.5	47.6	28.6	0 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.6	2.0	2.9	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.4	37.5	50.5	28.6	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	47.9	50.0	59.2	39.3	4 / 12	0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	117	106	96	36	29	9
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		22			208	
Number of transfers		18			177	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.3			1.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		65.2			38.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		8 / 18			24.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		9 / 18			31.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		2 / 18			4.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		11 / 18			35.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		14 / 18			45.2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Integrated America

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUND FERTILITY CARE, PLLC SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Kathleen Lin, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	26%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 42% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Male factor	16%	
Used gestational carrier	11%			Diminished ovarian reserve	63%	Other factor	37%	
				Endometriosis	3%	Unknown factor	11%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 65 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	10	2	1	3	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	1.0		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 3	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 7	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	7	1	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	6	0	4	5	0	2
Number of transfers	6	0	2	2	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.0	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 9		2 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 6		2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 6		2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 6		0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 6		2 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 6		2 / 2	1 / 2		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	5	8	6	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Sound Fertility Care, PLLC

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE CARE
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON**

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Diane Woodford, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	69%	Tubal factor	37%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 19% Female & male factors 49%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	63%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	46%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	3%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 78 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	11	11	4	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2 / 15	0 / 11	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	2.3	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	7 / 16	6 / 14	5 / 11	1 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 15	2 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 15	2 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	5 / 15	3 / 11	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 15	4 / 11	5 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	11	9	6	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 11	2 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 11	2 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 11	3 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 11	4 / 9	5 / 6	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	7	6	7	3	2	0
Number of transfers	7	5	7	3	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.5	5.0	1.4	1.5	0.3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.3	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 9	6 / 7	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 7	3 / 5	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	2 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 7	4 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 7	5 / 5	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	1	0	5	2	3	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Care, University of Washington

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Edwin Robins, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	85%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 29%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Male factor	51%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	Other factor	21%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 304 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	61	20	10	2	6	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	1.6	35.0	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	42.5	2 / 5				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	65.4	3 / 4				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.0	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	21.3	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.6	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.0	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	27.9	10.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 6	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	32	4	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.4	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.6	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.1	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	43.8	2 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	53.1	2 / 4				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	20	17	4	1	0
Number of transfers	68	20	17	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.4	1.4	0.9	0.7	1.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	63.2	57.7	43.5	2 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	30.9	40.0	4 / 17	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	36.8	55.0	5 / 17	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	17.6	10.0	2 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	55.9	65.0	7 / 17	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	67.6	65.0	8 / 17	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	26	12	15	4	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		0		37		
Number of transfers		0		37		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.4		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				45.3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				29.7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				35.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				8.1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				43.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				56.8		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SRM SPOKANE SPOKANE VALLEY, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Brenda Houmard, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	49%	Tubal factor	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Male factor	28%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	5%	Unknown factor	14%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 145 (includes 16 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	32	14	7	7	2	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	6.3	1 / 14	5 / 7	3 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	43.3	5 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	61.9	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	28.1	0 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.1	0 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	6.3	2 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.4	2 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.4	4 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	22	8	2	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	40.9	0 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	40.9	0 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	50.0	2 / 8	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	4 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	22	13	1	0	0	0
Number of transfers	22	10	1	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.8	1.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	53.6	5 / 16	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	50.0	3 / 10	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	54.5	3 / 10	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.5	1 / 10	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.1	4 / 10	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	63.6	5 / 10	0 / 1			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	5	4	0	2	1	1
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			16		
Number of transfers	1			13		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0			1.2		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 1			5 / 16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			5 / 13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			5 / 13		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: SRM Spokane

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**GYFT CLINIC, PLLC
TACOMA, WASHINGTON**

This clinic provided ART services during 2015 and is therefore required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This clinic either did not submit 2015 ART cycle data or the clinic's Medical Director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART cycle data for inclusion in this report.

MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER TACOMA, WASHINGTON

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Ronald D. Beesley, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	66%	Tubal factor	18%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 7% Female & male factors 18%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	39%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 114 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	47	19	11	8	2	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	12.8	2 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.5	2.5	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.7	40.0	4 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 5	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	35.3	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.1	5 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	19.1	6 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	12.8	3 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	31.9	9 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.2	10 / 19	3 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	38	17	8	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.7	5 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	23.7	6 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	15.8	3 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	39.5	9 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	44.7	10 / 17	3 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	5	3	3	0	1
Number of transfers	13	4	3	3	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.9	4.0		1.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	2.5	1.0	1.7		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	5 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 5		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	7 / 13	2 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	2	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

This clinic has reorganized since 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further information.

Current Name: Madigan Army Medical Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Pickens A. Gantt, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	100%	Tubal factor	2%	Uterine factor	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 10%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	29%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	2%	Unknown factor	7%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 41 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	2	2	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	1.5	2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	23.5	2 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	4.8	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	15.4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	3.8	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	34.6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	34.6	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	25	2	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	16.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	28.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	36.0	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.0	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	2	2	0	1	0	0
Number of transfers	2	2	0	1	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.0	2.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0		2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 4	0 / 4		0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 2	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	3			2		
Number of transfers	3			2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	0 / 4			0 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	0 / 3			0 / 2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CABELL HUNTINGTON HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by William N. Burns, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	88%	Tubal factor	19%	Uterine factor	0%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Male factor	48%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	10%	Unknown factor	0%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 32 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		6	4	4	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		2 / 9	3 / 10	3 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6	1 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 6	1 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		2 / 6	2 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 6	2 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		5	4	4	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5	1 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5	1 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 5	2 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 5	2 / 4	3 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		7	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers		6	1	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		2.0				0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		4 / 10	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 6	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 6	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 6	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		4 / 6	1 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		4 / 6	1 / 1				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		0	0	0	0	1	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		1			4		
Number of transfers		1			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		1 / 2			1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		0 / 1			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 1			0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		1 / 1			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		1 / 1			1 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital, Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Roger C. Toffle, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	75%	Tubal factor	21%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 16% Female & male factors 39%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Male factor	69%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	19%	
				Endometriosis	19%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 90 (includes 4 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	43	14	7	1	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	4.7	1 / 14	0 / 7	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	30.6	33.3	1 / 11			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	14.0	2 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	16.3	2 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	7.0	2 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	23.3	4 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	32.6	5 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	28	11	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	21.4	2 / 11	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.0	2 / 11	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	10.7	2 / 11	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	35.7	4 / 11	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	50.0	5 / 11	1 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	15	2	0	0	0	0
Number of transfers	14	2	0	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.6	2.0	0.0			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	8 / 19	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	3 / 14	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	3 / 14	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 14	0 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	5 / 14	1 / 2				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	6 / 14	1 / 2				
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles	1	0	1	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		0			2	
Number of transfers		0			2	
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)					2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)					0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)					0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)					1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)					1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)					1 / 2	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor eggs?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES THE WOMEN'S CENTER AT AURORA BAYCARE MEDICAL CENTER GREEN BAY, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE				Data verified by Aida Shanti, MD				
Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	15%	Uterine factor	2%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 55%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Male factor	77%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Other factor	43%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	2%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES ^c		Total number of cycles ^d : 192 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)					
Type of Cycle		Age of Woman					
		<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		51	17	5	2	1	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)		13.7	4 / 17	1 / 5	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9	1.8	1.5			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		49.2	8 / 14	0 / 3			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)		0.0	1 / 7	0 / 1			
Outcomes per Cycle							
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		17.6	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)		19.6	3 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)		13.7	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)		35.3	5 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)		41.2	5 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Outcomes per Transfer							
Number of transfers		34	8	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		26.5	2 / 8	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		29.4	3 / 8	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		20.6	2 / 8	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		52.9	5 / 8	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		61.8	5 / 8	0 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs							
Number of cycles		49	19	8	6	0	1
Number of transfers		40	18	8	6	0	1
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval		1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5	1.4	1.1	1.2		2.0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		52.7	40.9	3 / 7	3 / 7		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		27.5	4 / 18	0 / 8	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		27.5	5 / 18	1 / 8	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		12.5	1 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		40.0	6 / 18	1 / 8	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		60.0	10 / 18	4 / 8	3 / 6		0 / 1
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles							
		13	5	4	4	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles		3			4		
Number of transfers		2			4		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			1.8		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		3 / 4			4 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 2			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		1 / 2			2 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 2			1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		2 / 2			3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		2 / 2			3 / 4		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE		Current Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services, The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare Medical Center					
Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.
^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.
^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.
^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).
^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FROEDTERT & MEDICAL COLLEGE OF WISCONSIN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER MENOMONEE FALLS, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Estil Strawn, Jr., MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	91%	Tubal factor	14%	Uterine factor	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 9% Female & male factors 11%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Male factor	37%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	Other factor	5%	
				Endometriosis	7%	Unknown factor	13%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 530 (includes 8 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	108	58	50	4	10	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	2.8	5.2	14.0	0 / 4	2 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.3	2.3	1.6	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	28.8	18.1	12.9	2 / 7	0 / 13	
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	53.7	15.4	6.9	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	19.4	15.5	8.0	0 / 4	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	25.9	15.5	12.0	0 / 4	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	2.8	5.2	2.0	1 / 4	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	28.7	20.7	14.0	1 / 4	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.6	20.7	14.0	1 / 4	0 / 10	
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	90	44	31	3	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	23.3	20.5	12.9	0 / 3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	31.1	20.5	19.4	0 / 3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	3.3	6.8	3.2	1 / 3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.4	27.3	22.6	1 / 3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.7	27.3	22.6	1 / 3	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	122	51	27	4	1	0
Number of transfers	116	50	24	4	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	2.4	1.9	1.2	1.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5	2.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	35.5	30.8	30.8	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	25.9	18.0	16.7	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	26.7	22.0	16.7	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	7.8	4.0	12.5	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	34.5	26.0	29.2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	36.2	32.0	33.3	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	13	8	11	3	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		16			36	
Number of transfers		16			33	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.2			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 19			37.2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		5 / 16			30.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		5 / 16			33.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		0 / 16			6.1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 16			39.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		5 / 16			42.4	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin, Reproductive Medicine Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-GENERATIONS FERTILITY CARE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Christina E. Broadwell, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	64%	Tubal factor	9%	Uterine factor	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 4% Female & male factors 19%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Male factor	42%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	Other factor	3%	
				Endometriosis	8%	Unknown factor	26%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 212 (includes 12 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	68	26	16	4	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	11.8	7.7	1 / 16	2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.5		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.3	60.7	7 / 15	0 / 5		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	68.6	5 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	32.4	23.1	2 / 16	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	39.7	23.1	3 / 16	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	11.8	19.2	2 / 16	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	51.5	42.3	5 / 16	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	54.4	46.2	8 / 16	0 / 4		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	59	18	12	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.3	6 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	45.8	6 / 18	3 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	13.6	5 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	59.3	11 / 18	5 / 12	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	62.7	12 / 18	8 / 12	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	35	19	11	1	1	0
Number of transfers	35	18	9	1	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.7	2.6	1.1	0.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	56.5	48.1	7 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	37.1	6 / 18	4 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	37.1	7 / 18	5 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	14.3	3 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	51.4	10 / 18	6 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	65.7	10 / 18	7 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	6	3	7	1	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	1			1		
Number of transfers	1			1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			2.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	1 / 2			1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 1			0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	1 / 1			1 / 1		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WISCONSIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Elizabeth Pritts, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	83%	Tubal factor	6%	Uterine factor	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 5% Female & male factors 7%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	<1%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Male factor	14%	
Used gestational carrier	<1%			Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	Other factor	9%	
				Endometriosis	4%	Unknown factor	20%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 366 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	59	23	12	6	3	1
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	5.1	17.4	2 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.8	3.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	15.4	0 / 11	3 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1.7	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	1.7	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1.7	0.0	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	3.4	0.0	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	5.1	0.0	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	6	4	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	1 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	2 / 13	0 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	3 / 13	0 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	92	33	19	7	5	0
Number of transfers	82	29	17	6	5	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	21.6	25.5	24.2	0 / 14	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	18.3	10.3	4 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	22.0	17.2	5 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	6.1	10.3	1 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	28.0	27.6	6 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	30.5	37.9	7 / 17	0 / 6	1 / 5	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	7	5	4	0	0	0
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		18		72		
Number of transfers		7		63		
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		9 / 12		18.5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		2 / 7		19.0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		4 / 7		22.2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 7		1.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		5 / 7		23.8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		7 / 7		30.2		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY CENTER MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Grace M. Janik, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	65%	Tubal factor	4%	Uterine factor	4%	Multiple Factors: Female factors only 0% Female & male factors 35%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Male factor	62%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	Other factor	0%	
				Endometriosis	27%	Unknown factor	4%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 26 (includes 0 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	12	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	36.4	2 / 6	1 / 4			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	12	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	5 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	6 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	3	4	1	0	1	0
Number of transfers	3	4	1	0	1	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	3.0					
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.0		3.0	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	2 / 3	4 / 6	1 / 2		1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	0 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 1		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	0 / 3	2 / 4	1 / 1		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	1 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	1 / 3	3 / 4	1 / 1		1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	2 / 3	4 / 4	1 / 1		1 / 1	
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			0		
Number of transfers	0			0		
Average number of embryos transferred						
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)						
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)						

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialty Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GUNDERSEN FERTILITY CENTER ONALASKA, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Catherine Ryan, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	95%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 29% Female & male factors 26%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	2%	Ovulatory dysfunction	39%	Male factor	41%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	Other factor	29%	
				Endometriosis	30%	Unknown factor	8%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 74 (includes 7 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	26	10	5	0	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	3.8	1 / 10	0 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.6	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	55.0	6 / 13	1 / 10			
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	15 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 5			
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	34.6	3 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	38.5	3 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	38.5	4 / 10	1 / 5			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	46.2	5 / 10	1 / 5			
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	19	8	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9 / 19	3 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	10 / 19	3 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	0 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	10 / 19	4 / 8	1 / 5			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	12 / 19	5 / 8	1 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	14	3	5	0	0	0
Number of transfers	11	2	4	0	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.8	1.0	1.3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	2.0			
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	68.2	2 / 2	3 / 8			
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	5 / 11	2 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	6 / 11	2 / 2	0 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	2 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 11	2 / 2	1 / 4			
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 11	2 / 2	2 / 4			
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	0	1	0	0	0	0
Donor Eggs						
	Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f		
Number of cycles	0			3		
Number of transfers	0			3		
Average number of embryos transferred				1.7		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)				2 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)				2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)				2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)				0 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)				2 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)				2 / 3		

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Gundersen Fertility Center

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	No	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES, WEST ALLIS WEST ALLIS, WISCONSIN

Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful. Patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary (see pages 11–20).

2015 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Data verified by Aida Shanti, MD

Type of ART and Procedural Factors ^a				Patient Diagnosis ^b				
IVF	100%	With ICSI	79%	Tubal factor	11%	Uterine factor	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i> Female factors only 10% Female & male factors 55%
Unstimulated	0%	PGD/PGS	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Male factor	67%	
Used gestational carrier	0%			Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Other factor	42%	
				Endometriosis	6%	Unknown factor	5%	

2015 ART SUCCESS RATES^c

Total number of cycles^d: 294 (includes 1 cycle[s] using frozen eggs)

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	44	14	3	5	0	0
Percentage of cancellations before retrieval (%)	15.9	1 / 14	1 / 3	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0				
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	50.0	2 / 2				
Percentage of elective single embryo transfers (eSET) (%)	2 / 13	0 / 1				
Outcomes per Cycle						
Percentage of cycles resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	9.1	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in singleton live births (%)	9.1	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in twin live births (%)	9.1	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births (%)	18.2	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies (%)	18.2	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Outcomes per Transfer						
Number of transfers	13	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	4 / 13	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	4 / 13	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	4 / 13	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	8 / 13	0 / 1				
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	8 / 13	1 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	76	31	9	6	0	0
Number of transfers	67	22	9	5	0	0
Estimated average number of transfers per retrieval	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.0		
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)	61.8	65.6	6 / 10	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)	35.8	40.9	4 / 9	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)	44.8	54.5	5 / 9	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)	9.0	18.2	0 / 9	0 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)	53.7	72.7	5 / 9	3 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)	68.7	77.3	6 / 9	3 / 5		
Number of Egg/Embryo Banking Cycles						
	40	20	14	8	0	0
Donor Eggs						
		Fresh Embryos^f			Frozen Embryos^f	
Number of cycles		12			11	
Number of transfers		5			9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.6			1.3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation (%)		5 / 8			9 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in term, normal weight & singleton live births ^e (%)		1 / 5			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births (%)		2 / 5			4 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in twin live births (%)		1 / 5			2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births (%)		3 / 5			6 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in pregnancies (%)		3 / 5			7 / 9	

CURRENT SERVICES & PROFILE

Current Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services, West Allis

Donor eggs?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	Single women?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Donor embryos?	Yes	Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes	SART member?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects features of fresh nondonor cycles. If IVF is less than 100%, the remaining cycles are GIFT, ZIFT, or a combination of these procedures with IVF.

^b Total patient diagnosis percentages may be greater than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.

^c Fractions are used for rates with denominators less than 20. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live infant are counted as one live birth.

^d Total cycle number includes those using frozen eggs. It excludes 0 cycle(s) evaluating new procedures. Both cycle types are excluded from ART success rates.

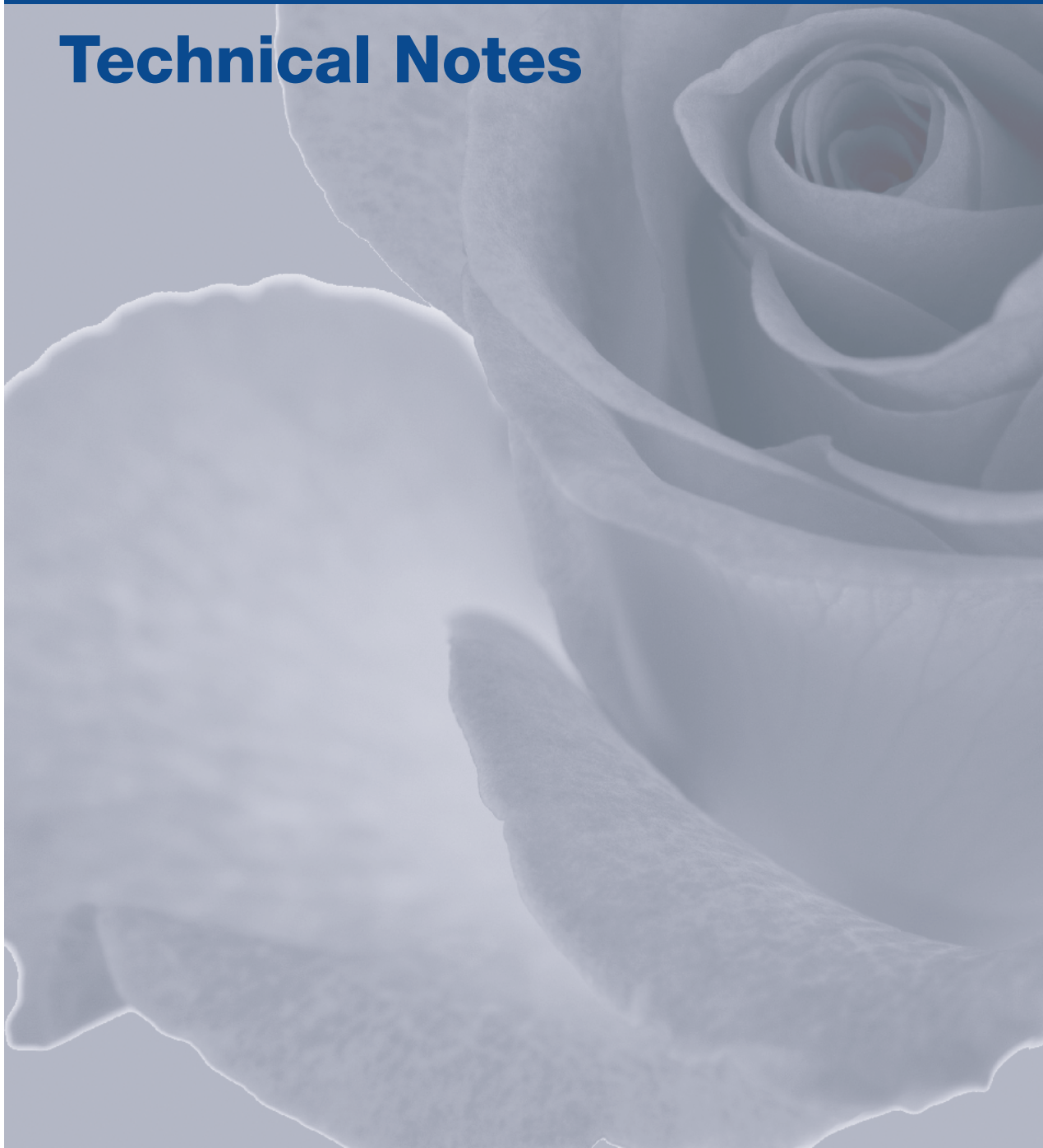
^e In this report, births are defined as term if at least 37 full weeks gestation and normal birth weight if at least 2,500 grams (approximately 5 pounds, 8 ounces).

^f All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

2015

Appendix A

Technical Notes



APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL NOTES

Validation of 2015 ART Data

Site visits to assisted reproductive technology (ART) clinics for validation of 2015 ART data were conducted during April through June 2017. For validation of 2015 data, 34 of the 464 reporting clinics were randomly selected after taking into consideration the number of ART cycles performed at each clinic, some cycle and clinic characteristics, and whether the clinic had been selected before. During each validation visit, ART data reported by the clinic to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention were compared with information documented in medical records.

For each clinic, the fully validated sample included up to 40 cycles resulting in pregnancy and up to 20 cycles not resulting in pregnancy. Up to 10 cycles using donor eggs or embryos were included among the fully validated sample at each clinic. In total, 1,958 ART cycles performed in 2015 across the 34 clinics were randomly

selected for full validation, along with 315 egg/embryo banking cycles selected for partial validation. The full validation included review of 1,257 cycles for which a pregnancy was reported. Among the nondonor cycles, 193 were multiple-fetus pregnancies. In addition, among patients whose cycles were fully validated, we verified the number of ART cycles performed during 2015. For each of these patients, we compared the total number of cycles reported with the total number of cycles in the medical record. If unreported ART cycles were identified in selected medical records, up to 10 of these cycles were also selected for partial validation.

Discrepancy rates are listed on the next pages for the validated items of interest. Overall, validation of 2015 ART cycle data indicated that most discrepancy rates were low (less than 4%).

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval†)	Comments
Patient date of birth	0.9% (0.3–1.5)	
Cycle intention	0.9% (0.0–1.9)	
Cycle cancellation	0.3% (0.0–0.7)	
Number of eggs or embryos transferred	1.7% (0.6–2.7)	For approximately half of the discrepancies, the clinic reported fewer embryos transferred than were found in the medical record.
Outcome of ART treatment (i.e., pregnant or not pregnant)	1.7% (0.6–2.8)	For 40% of the discrepancies, the ART treatment outcome was misreported as clinical intrauterine gestation.
Number of fetal hearts on ultrasound	1.8% (0.6–3.1)	Of the discrepancies, 15% were misreported as single-fetus pregnancies instead of multiple-fetus pregnancies, whereas approximately half were misreported as having one or more fetal hearts when there were none indicated in the medical record.
Pregnancy outcome (for example, miscarriage, live birth, or stillbirth)	1.1% (0.4–1.7)	For 30% of the discrepancies, pregnancy outcome was misreported as a live birth when there was no information on pregnancy outcome in the medical record to confirm the birth.
Date of pregnancy outcome	2.5% (1.3–3.7)	For approximately one out of four discrepancies, there was no information on pregnancy outcome date in the medical record. For another 40% of the discrepancies, the date in the medical record was within 7 days of the reported date.
Number of infants born	0.3% (0.1–0.6)	
Cycle count	1.6% (0.4–2.8)	For approximately 40% of the discrepancies, fewer cycles were reported by the clinic than were found in the medical record. For the remaining discrepancies, more cycles were reported by the clinic than were found in the medical record.

Discrepancy Rates by Data Fields Selected for Validation (Cont'd)

Data Field Name	Discrepancy Rate* (Confidence Interval†)	Comments
Patient Diagnosis—Reason for ART		
Tubal factor	3.4% (1.3–5.5)	All reasons for ART were underreported except for unknown factor that, as a reason for ART, was overreported.
Ovulatory dysfunction	4.0% (1.6–6.4)	
Diminished ovarian reserve	5.3% (2.1–8.5)	
Endometriosis	3.1% (1.1–5.1)	
Uterine factor	2.7% (1.4–4.1)	
Male factor	4.5% (2.2–6.8)	
Other factor	5.6% (2.2–9.0)	
Unknown factor	5.1% (1.6–8.6)	

Note: ART = assisted reproductive technology.

* Discrepancy rates estimate the proportion of all ART cycles with differences for a particular data item. The discrepancy rate calculations weight the data from validated cycles to reflect the overall number of cycles performed at each clinic. Thus, findings from larger clinical practices were weighted more heavily than those from smaller practices.

† This table shows a range, called the 95% confidence interval, that conveys the reliability of the discrepancy rate. For a general explanation of confidence intervals, see page 528.

How to Interpret Confidence Intervals for Discrepancy Rates

What is a confidence interval?

Simply speaking, confidence intervals are a useful way to consider margin of error, a statistic often used in voter polls to indicate the range within which a value is likely to be correct (for example, 30% of the voters favor a particular candidate with a margin of error of plus or minus 3.5%).

Why do we need to consider confidence intervals if we already know the exact discrepancy rates for each clinic?

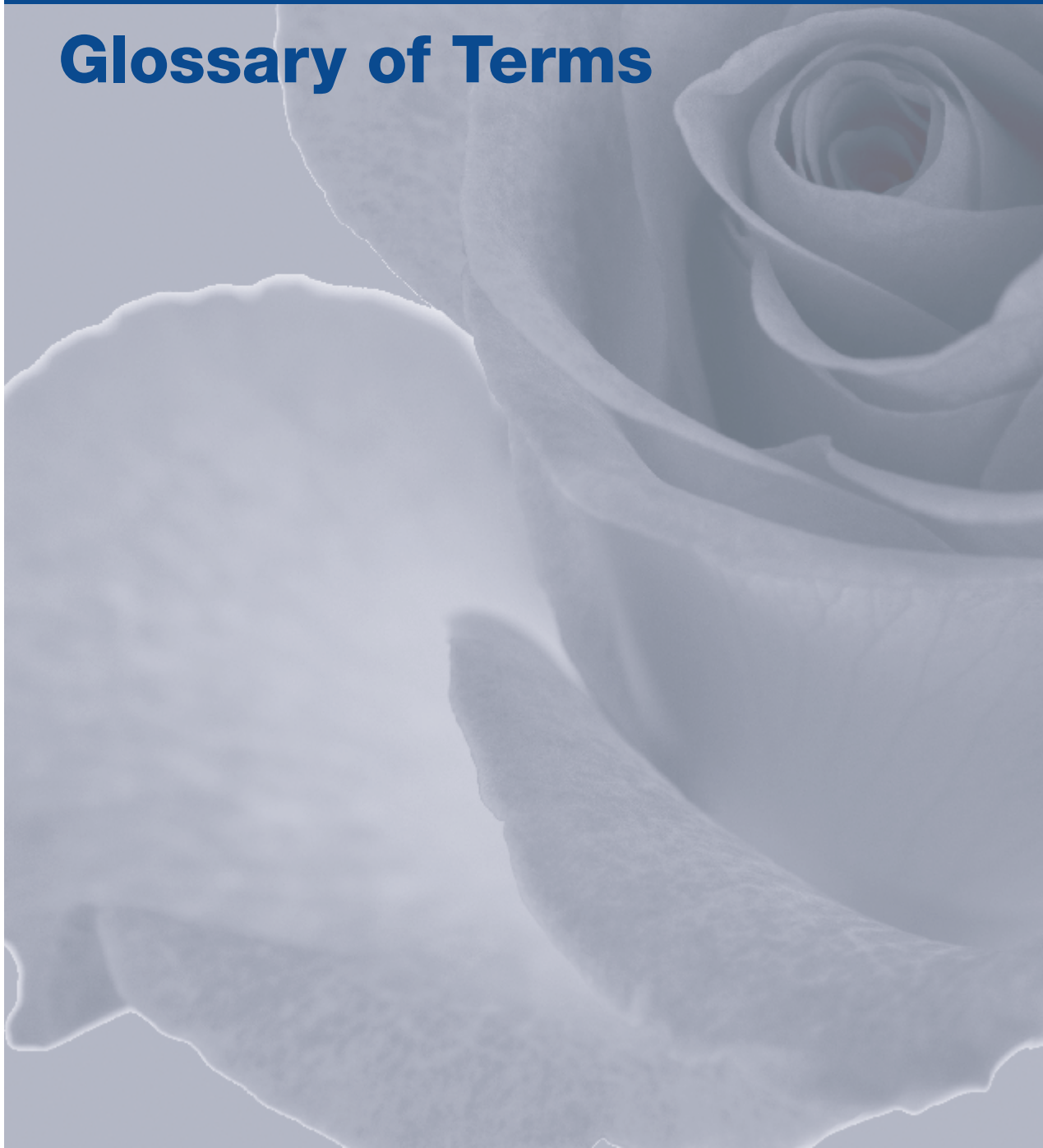
No discrepancy rate or statistic is absolute. Suppose that during validation, a sample of 100 cycles was reviewed, and a discrepancy rate of 15% was determined for a particular data item with a 95% confidence interval of 10%–20%. The 15% discrepancy rate tells us that we estimate the average chance that a discrepancy occurred for the selected data field among all reported cycles to be 15% based on the results of our sample of 100 cycles. However, that estimated discrepancy rate may not match the true discrepancy rate that we would calculate if we were to validate every single cycle during a reporting year.

The 95% confidence interval tells us that we are 95% confident that the true discrepancy rate is between 10% and 20%. In other words, if we were to repeat the process of selecting a sample of 100 cycles many times, calculating the discrepancy rate and 95% confidence interval for each sample, we would expect 95% of the calculated confidence intervals to capture the true discrepancy rate.

2015

Appendix B

Glossary of Terms



APPENDIX B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM). Professional society whose affiliate organization, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), is composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

ART (assisted reproductive technology). All treatments or procedures that include the handling of human eggs or embryos to help a woman become pregnant. ART includes but is not limited to in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT), tubal embryo transfer, egg and embryo cryopreservation, egg and embryo donation, and gestational surrogacy.

ART cycle. An ART cycle starts when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production. If eggs are produced, the cycle progresses to egg retrieval. Retrieved eggs are combined with sperm to create embryos. If fertilization is successful, at least one embryo is selected for transfer. If implantation occurs, the cycle may progress to clinical pregnancy and possibly live birth. ART cycles include any process in which (1) an ART procedure is performed, (2) a woman has undergone ovarian stimulation or monitoring with the intent of having an ART procedure, or (3) frozen embryos have been thawed with the intent of transferring them to a woman.

Canceled cycle. An ART cycle in which ovarian stimulation was performed but the cycle was stopped before eggs were retrieved or, in the case of frozen embryo cycles, before embryos were transferred. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.

Cryopreservation. The practice of freezing eggs or embryos from a patient's ART cycle for potential future use.

Diminished ovarian reserve. This diagnosis means that the ability of the ovary to produce eggs is reduced. Reasons include congenital, medical, or surgical causes or advanced age.

Donor egg cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo is formed from the egg of one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman (the recipient). Sperm from either the recipient's partner or a donor may be used.

Donor embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo that is donated by a patient or couple who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available is transferred to another woman (the recipient).

Ectopic pregnancy. A pregnancy in which the fertilized egg implants in a location outside of the uterus—usually in the fallopian tube, the ovary, or the abdominal cavity. Ectopic pregnancy is a dangerous condition that must receive prompt medical treatment.

Egg. A female reproductive cell, also called an oocyte or ovum.

Egg/Embryo banking cycle. An ART cycle started with the intention of freezing (cryopreserving) all resulting eggs or embryos for potential future use.

Egg retrieval (also called oocyte retrieval). A procedure to collect the eggs contained in the ovarian follicles.

Egg transfer (also called oocyte transfer). The transfer of retrieved eggs into a woman's fallopian tubes through laparoscopy. This procedure is used only in GIFT.

Embryo. An egg that has been fertilized by a sperm and has then undergone one or more cell divisions.

Embryo transfer. Placement of embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix after IVF: in ZIFT, zygotes are placed in a woman's fallopian tube.

Endometriosis. A medical condition that involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in abnormal locations.

eSET (elective single embryo transfer). Elective single embryo transfer is a procedure in which one embryo, selected from a larger number of available embryos, is placed in the uterus or fallopian tube. The embryo selected for eSET might be a frozen (cryopreserved) embryo from a previous IVF cycle or a fresh embryo selected from a larger number of fresh embryos yielded during the current fresh IVF cycle.

Female factor infertility. Infertility due to ovulatory disturbances, diminished ovarian reserve, pelvic abnormalities affecting the reproductive tract, or other abnormalities of the reproductive system.

Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act of 1992 (FCSRCA). Law passed by the United States Congress in 1992 requiring all clinics performing ART in the United States to annually report their success rate data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Fertilization. The penetration of the egg by the sperm and the resulting combining of genetic material that develops into an embryo.

Fetus. The unborn offspring from the eighth week after conception to the moment of birth.

Follicle. A structure in the ovaries that contains a developing egg.

Fresh eggs, sperm, or embryos. Eggs, sperm, or embryos that have not been frozen.

Fresh embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which fresh (never frozen) embryos are transferred to the woman. The fresh embryos are conceived with fresh eggs and fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen egg cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) eggs are thawed, fertilized, and then the resulting fresh embryo is transferred to the woman. Frozen and thawed eggs may be fertilized with either fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) embryos are thawed and transferred to the woman. Frozen embryos may have been conceived using fresh or frozen eggs and fresh or frozen sperm.

Gamete. A reproductive cell, either a sperm or an egg.

Gestational age. The deviation of time from estimated last menstrual period (LMP) to birth. LMP is estimated using the date of retrieval or transfer.

Gestational carrier (also called a gestational surrogate). A woman who gestates, or carries, an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman with the expectation of returning the infant to its intended parents.

Gestational sac. A fluid-filled structure that develops within the uterus early in pregnancy. In a normal pregnancy, a gestational sac contains a developing fetus.

GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from the woman's ovary and using a laparoscope to place the unfertilized eggs and sperm into the woman's fallopian tube through small incisions in her abdomen.

ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection). A procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg; this procedure is commonly used to overcome male infertility problems.

Implantation rate. A measurement of ART success when the ART cycle results in an intrauterine clinical pregnancy, defined as the larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts by ultrasound or maximum infants born, including live births and stillbirths, out of the total number of embryos transferred.

Induced or therapeutic abortion. A procedure used to end a pregnancy.

Infertility. In general, infertility refers to the inability to conceive after 12 months of unprotected intercourse. Women aged 35 and older unable to conceive after 6 months of unprotected intercourse generally are considered infertile for the purpose of initiating medical treatment.

IUI (intrauterine insemination). A medical procedure that involves placing sperm into a woman's uterus to facilitate fertilization. IUI is not considered an ART procedure because it does not involve the manipulation of eggs.

IVF (in vitro fertilization). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and fertilizing them outside her body. The resulting embryos are then transferred into a woman's uterus through the cervix.

Live birth. The delivery of one or more infants with any signs of life.

Male factor infertility. Any cause of infertility due to low sperm count or problems with sperm function that makes it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

Miscarriage (also called spontaneous abortion). A pregnancy ending in the spontaneous loss of the embryo or fetus before 20 weeks of gestation.

Multifetal pregnancy reduction. A procedure used to decrease the number of fetuses a woman carries and improve the chances that the remaining fetuses will develop into healthy infants. Multifetal reductions that occur naturally are referred to as spontaneous reductions.

Multiple factor infertility, female and male. A diagnostic category used when one or more female cause of infertility and male factor infertility are diagnosed.

Multiple factor infertility, female only. A diagnostic category used when more than one female cause of infertility but no male factor infertility is diagnosed.

Multiple-fetus pregnancy. A pregnancy with two or more fetuses, determined by the number of fetal hearts observed on an ultrasound.

Multiple-infant birth. A pregnancy that results in the birth of more than one infant.

NASS (National ART Surveillance System). Web-based data collection system used by all ART clinics to report data for each ART procedure to CDC.

Nondonor cycle. An ART cycle in which an embryo is formed from the egg of the patient and either partner or donor sperm and then transferred back to the patient.

Oocyte. The female reproductive cell, also called an egg.

Other causes of infertility. These include immunological problems, chromosomal abnormalities, cancer chemotherapy, and serious illnesses.

Ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome. A possible complication of ovarian stimulation or ovulation induction that can cause enlarged ovaries, a distended abdomen, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea, fluid in the abdominal cavity or chest, breathing difficulties, changes in blood volume or viscosity, and diminished kidney perfusion and function.

Ovarian monitoring. The use of ultrasound, or blood or urine tests to monitor follicle development and hormone production.

Ovarian stimulation. The use of drugs (oral or injected) to stimulate the ovaries to develop follicles and eggs.

Ovulatory dysfunction. A diagnostic category used when a woman's ovaries are not producing eggs normally. It is usually characterized by irregular menstrual cycles reflective of ovaries that are not producing one mature egg each month. It includes polycystic ovary syndrome and multiple ovarian cysts.

PGD/PGS (preimplantation genetic diagnosis or screening). Techniques performed on embryos prior to transfer. PGD is for detecting specific genetic conditions to reduce the risk of passing inherited diseases to children. PGS screens embryos for an abnormal number of chromosomes, which is of special value for women with advanced age, recurrent miscarriages, or prior failed IVF.

Pregnancy (clinical). A pregnancy documented by ultrasound that shows a gestational sac in the uterus. For ART data reporting purposes, pregnancy is defined as a clinical pregnancy rather than a chemical pregnancy (that is, a positive pregnancy test).

Singleton. A single infant.

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART). An affiliate of ASRM composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

Sperm. The male reproductive cell.

Spontaneous abortion. See Miscarriage.

Stillbirth. The birth of an infant that shows no sign of life after 20 or more weeks of gestation.

Stimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which a woman receives oral or injected fertility drugs to stimulate her ovaries to develop follicles that contain mature eggs.

Thawed embryo cycle. Same as frozen embryo cycle.

Tubal factor infertility. A diagnostic category used when the woman's fallopian tubes are blocked or damaged, making it difficult for the egg to be fertilized or for an embryo to travel to the uterus.

Ultrasound. A technique used in ART for visualizing the follicles in the ovaries, the gestational sac, or the fetus.

Unknown cause of infertility. A diagnostic category used when no cause of infertility is found in either the woman or the man.

Unstimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which the woman does not receive drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles and eggs. Instead, follicles and eggs develop naturally.

Uterine factor infertility. A structural or functional disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.

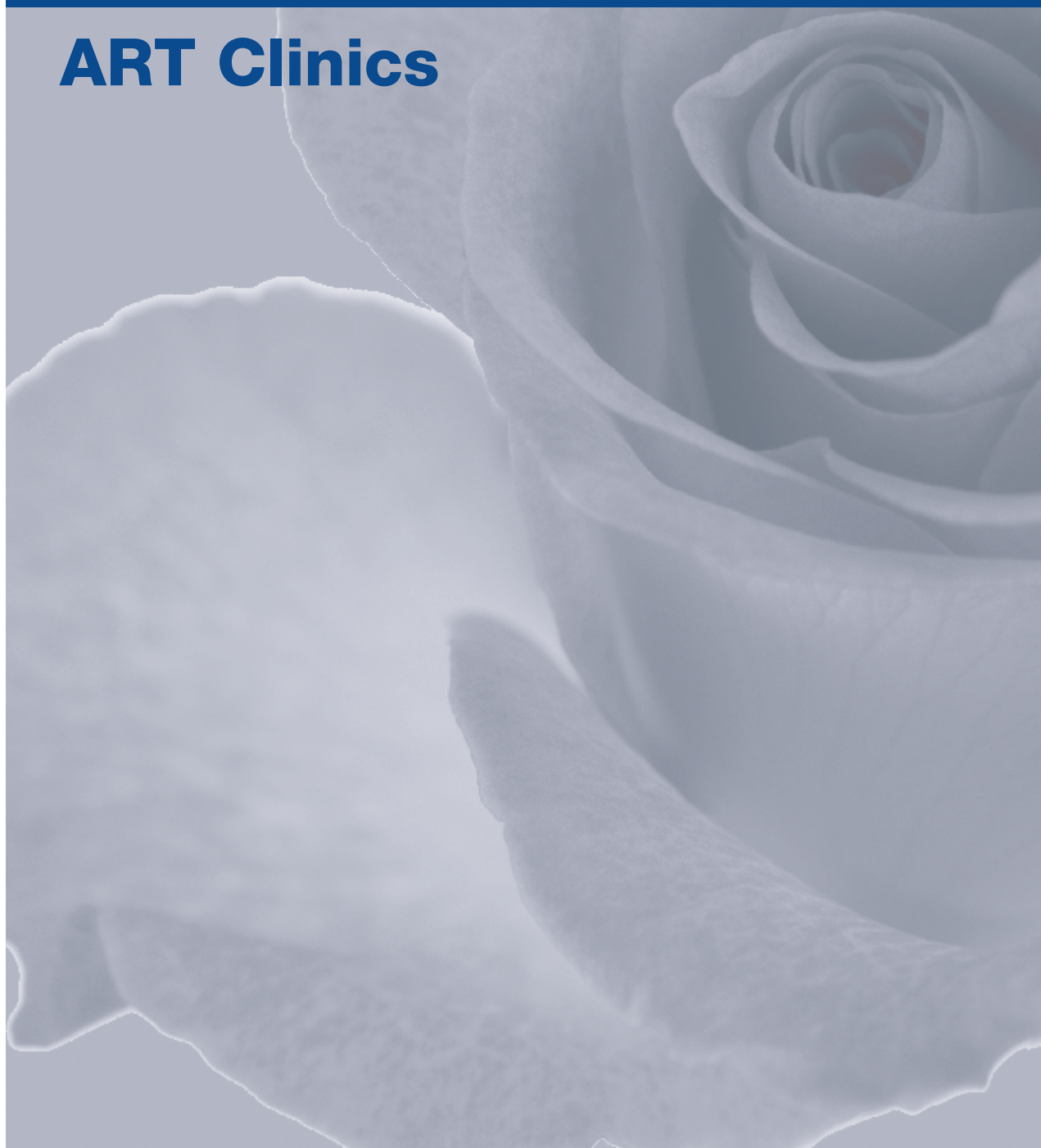
ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovary and fertilized outside her body. A laparoscope is then used to place the resulting zygote into the woman's fallopian tube through a small incision in her abdomen.

Zygote. A fertilized egg before it begins to divide.

2015

Appendix C

ART Clinics



APPENDIX C: ART CLINICS

2015 Reporting Clinics, by State

If the clinic name has changed since 2015, the current name is listed in italics directly under the 2015 name. If the clinic location has changed since 2015, the clinic is listed alphabetically by the current city and state.

Clinic names preceded by the § symbol have reorganized since January 1, 2015. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since January 1, 2015. Contact the NASS Help Desk for further clinic information at 1-888-650-0822 or nass@westat.com.

The accrediting agencies referenced throughout this list are:

- College of American Pathologists, Reproductive Laboratory Accreditation Program (CAP)
- The Joint Commission
- New York State Tissue Bank Program (NYSTB)

NOTE that the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) does not oversee any of these accreditation programs. For further information on how to contact accrediting organizations directly, see page 20.

ALABAMA

Alabama Fertility Specialists
2700 Hwy 280, Suite 370E
Birmingham AL 35223
Telephone: (205) 874-0000; Fax: (205) 874-7021
Lab Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§ART Fertility Program of Alabama
2006 Brookwood Medical Center Dr, Suite 508
Birmingham AL 35209
Telephone: (205) 870-9784; Fax: (205) 870-0698
Lab Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama IVF/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Alabama at Birmingham
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
Women and Infants Center-OB/GYN
1700 6th Ave South, Suite 9103
Birmingham AL 35233
Telephone: (205) 996-3130; Fax: (205) 996-3164
Lab Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham
Gamete Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
20 Hughes Rd, Suite 203
Madison AL 35758
Telephone: (256) 213-2229; Fax: (256) 213-9978
Lab Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine
3 Mobile Infirmary Cir, Suite 213
Mobile AL 36607
Telephone: (251) 438-4200; Fax: (251) 438-4211
Lab Name: Center for
Reproductive Medicine-Alabama
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility Division
251 Cox St, Suite 100
Mobile AL 36604
Telephone: (251) 415-1491; Fax: (251) 415-1552
Lab Name: University of South Alabama IVF &
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ARIZONA

New Direction Fertility Centers
1760 E. Pecos Rd, Suite 532
Gilbert AZ 85295
Telephone: (480) 351-8222; Fax: (480) 351-8221
Lab Name: New Direction Fertility
Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Troché Fertility Centers
17612 N. 59th Ave, Suite 100
Glendale AZ 85308
Telephone: (602) 993-8636; Fax: (602) 993-2528
Lab Name: Troché Fertility Centers ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists
1701 E. Thomas Rd, Bldg 1, Suite 101
Phoenix AZ 85016
Telephone: (602) 343-2767; Fax: (602) 343-2766
Lab Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southwest Fertility Center
3125 N. 32nd St, Suite 200
Phoenix AZ 85018
Telephone: (602) 956-7481; Fax: (602) 956-7591
Lab Name: Southwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Care, PLLC
9819 N. 95th St, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 874-2229; Fax: (480) 874-2231
Lab Name: Arizona Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health
8573 E. Princess Dr, Suite 101
Scottsdale AZ 85255
Telephone: (480) 946-9900; Fax: (480) 946-9914
Lab Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive
Health ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Fertility Studies
(ACFS)
8997 E. Desert Cove Ave, 2nd Floor
Scottsdale AZ 85260
Telephone: (480) 860-4792; Fax: (480) 860-6819
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Fertility
Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Boston IVF, The Arizona Center
8901 E. Mountain View Rd, Suite 201
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 559-0252; Fax: (480) 661-4141
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Arizona
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Phoenix
9817 N. 95th St, Bldg I, Suite 107
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (602) 765-2229; Fax: (602) 493-6641
Lab Name: IVF Phoenix Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Treatment Center, PC
2155 E. Conference Dr, Suite 115
Tempe AZ 85284
Telephone: (480) 831-2445; Fax: (480) 897-1283
Lab Name: Fertility Treatment Center
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
5190 E. Farness Dr, Suite 114
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 326-0001; Fax: (520) 326-7451
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Vivere Arizona Reproductive Institute
1775 E. Skyline Dr, Suite 175
Tucson AZ 85718
Telephone: (520) 222-8400; Fax: (520) 219-2351
Lab Name: Vivere Arizona Reproductive
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ARKANSAS

Arkansas Fertility Center
Little Rock Fertility Center
9101 Kanis Rd, Suite 300
Little Rock AR 72205
Telephone: (501) 801-1200; Fax: (501) 801-1207
Lab Name: Arkansas Fertility and
Gynecology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CALIFORNIA

LifeStart Fertility Center
29525 Canwood St, Suite 220
Agoura Hills CA 91301
Telephone: (818) 889-4532; Fax: (818) 889-4536
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program
2999 Regent St, Suite 101A
Berkeley CA 94705
Telephone: (510) 649-0440; Fax: (510) 649-8700
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology
(CRH&G)
99 N. La Cienega Blvd, Suite 109
Beverly Hills CA 90211
Telephone: (310) 360-7584; Fax: (310) 360-9827
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health
& Gynecology
Accreditation: CAP

Southern California Reproductive Center
450 N. Roxbury Dr, Suite 500
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 277-2393; Fax: (310) 274-5112
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Care of Orange County
203 N. Brea Blvd, Suite 100
Brea CA 92821
Telephone: (714) 256-0777; Fax: (714) 256-0105
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Central California IVF Program
Women's Specialty and Fertility Center
729 N. Medical Center Dr West, Suite 205
Clovis CA 93611
Telephone: (559) 299-7700; Fax: (559) 297-9679
Lab Name: Women's Specialty & Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California IVF Fertility Center
1550 Drew Ave, Suite 100
Davis CA 95618
Telephone: (530) 771-1077; Fax: (530) 771-0135
Lab Name: California IVF Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

California Center for Reproductive Medicine
477 N. El Camino Real, Suite C310
Encinitas CA 92024
Telephone: (760) 274-2000; Fax: (760) 274-2006
Lab Name: California Center for Reproductive
Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles, New
York, Guadalajara
16030 Ventura Blvd, Suite 404
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 728-4600; Fax: (818) 728-4616
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: The Fertility Institutes IVF Lab
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Encino
15503 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 788-7288; Fax: (818) 788-5988
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Zouves Fertility Center
1241 E. Hillside Blvd, Suite 100
Foster City CA 94404
Telephone: (650) 378-1000; Fax: (650) 577-1128
Lab Name: Zouves Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

West Coast Fertility Centers
11160 Warner Ave, Suite 411
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 513-1399; Fax: (714) 513-1393
Lab Name: West Coast Fertility Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Xpert Fertility Care of California
Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG
11180 Warner Ave, Suite 465
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 429-5848; Fax: (714) 429-5878
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health
39141 Civic Center Dr, Suite 350
Fremont CA 94538
Telephone: (510) 248-6900; Fax: (510) 248-6981
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP

CARE Fertility
1500 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 450
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 230-7778; Fax: (818) 484-2424
Lab Name: CARE Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Marin Fertility Center
1100 S. Eliseo Dr, Suite 107
Greenbrae CA 94904
Telephone: (415) 925-9404; Fax: (415) 484-7045
Lab Name: MFC Lab, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.
15500 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 100
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 726-0600; Fax: (949) 726-0601
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.,
Reproductive Specialty Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Southern California
2192 Martin St, Suite 110
Irvine CA 92612
Telephone: (949) 955-0072; Fax: (949) 955-0077
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Life IVF Center
3500 Barranca Pkwy, Suite 300
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 788-1133; Fax: (949) 788-1136
Lab Name: Life IVF Center Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Fertility Center-OC
16300 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 911
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 453-8600; Fax: (949) 453-8601
Lab Name: Reproductive Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners Fertility Center-San Diego
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 800
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 552-9177; Fax: (858) 552-9188
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc., Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP

Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF
Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics
11370 Anderson St, Suite 3950
Loma Linda CA 92354
Telephone: (909) 558-2851; Fax: (909) 558-2450
Lab Name: Loma Linda University Health Care
Fertility Science Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

California Fertility Partners
11818 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 300
Los Angeles CA 90025
Telephone: (310) 828-4008; Fax: (310) 828-3310
Lab Name: California Fertility Partners Reproductive
Technology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Cedars Sinai Medical Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
444 S. San Vicente Blvd, Suite 1002
Los Angeles CA 90048
Telephone: (310) 423-9964; Fax: (310) 423-9777
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

§CHA Fertility Center
5455 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1904
Los Angeles CA 90036
Telephone: (323) 525-3377; Fax: (323) 525-3376
Lab Name: CHA Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
10921 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 700
Los Angeles CA 90024
Telephone: (310) 209-7700; Fax: (310) 209-7799
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP

§UCLA Fertility Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Medical Plaza, Suite 220
Los Angeles CA 90095
Telephone: (310) 825-9500; Fax: (310) 206-9731
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
1127 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1400
Los Angeles CA 90017
Telephone: (213) 975-9990; Fax: (213) 975-9997
Lab Name: USC Fertility ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Innovative Fertility Center
3500 N. Sepulveda Blvd
Manhattan Beach CA 90266
Telephone: (310) 648-2229; Fax: (310) 333-0666
Lab Name: HMR Life Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

The Fertility and Gynecology Center
Monterey Bay IVF Program
9833 Blue Larkspur Ln
Monterey CA 93940
Telephone: (831) 649-4483; Fax: (831) 649-9010
Lab Name: Fertility and Gynecology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Nova In Vitro Fertilization
2500 Hospital Dr, Bldg #7
Mountain View CA 94040
Telephone: (650) 325-6682; Fax: (650) 968-6682
Lab Name: Nova IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

HRC Fertility-Orange County
500 Superior Ave, Suite 210
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 287-5600; Fax: (626) 585-1603
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Orange County Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Newport Fertility Center
20072 S.W. Birch St, Suite 230
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 222-1290; Fax: (949) 222-1289
Lab Name: CCRM Orange County
Accreditation: CAP

OC Fertility
1401 Avocado Ave, Suite 403
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 706-2229; Fax: (949) 706-8490
Lab Name: CCRM Orange County
Accreditation: CAP

†Reproductive Specialty Medical Center
1441 Avocado Ave, Suite 203
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 640-7200; Fax: (949) 720-0203
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

**Southern California Center for
Reproductive Medicine**
361 Hospital Rd, Suite 333
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 642-8727; Fax: (949) 642-5413
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Newport Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Lane Fertility Institute
101 Rowland Way, Suite 305
Novato CA 94945
Telephone: (415) 893-0391; Fax: (415) 892-4455
Lab Name: Lane Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

American Reproductive Centers
1199 N. Indian Canyon Dr
Palm Springs CA 92262
Telephone: (760) 346-4334; Fax: (760) 346-3663
Lab Name: American Reproductive
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bay In Vitro Fertilization Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1681 El Camino Real
Palo Alto CA 94306
Telephone: (650) 322-0500; Fax: (650) 322-5404
Lab Name: Bay IVF Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Stanford Medicine
Fertility & Reproductive Health, see
Sunnyvale, CA

HRC Fertility-Pasadena
333 S. Arroyo Pkwy, 3rd Floor
Pasadena CA 91105
Telephone: (626) 440-9161; Fax: (626) 585-1603
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Pasadena Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Partners-Beverly Hills, Redondo
Beach & Westminster
510 N. Prospect Ave, Suite 202
Redondo Beach CA 90277
Telephone: (310) 318-3010; Fax: (310) 798-7304
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc., Laboratory-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP

Northern California Fertility Medical Center
1130 Conroy Ln, Suite 100
Roseville CA 95661
Telephone: (916) 773-2229; Fax: (916) 773-8391
Lab Name: Northern California Fertility Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
1650 Response Rd, Suite 1A
Sacramento CA 95815
Telephone: (916) 614-5134; Fax: (916) 614-5045
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists Medical Group
8010 Frost St, Plaza Level
San Diego CA 92123
Telephone: (858) 505-5500; Fax: (858) 505-5555
Lab Name: San Diego Center for Reproductive
Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Naval Medical Center San Diego Infertility
34800 Bob Wilson Dr
San Diego CA 92134
Telephone: (619) 532-5363; Fax: (619) 532-5448
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical Group,
Inc., Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Sciences Medical Center
3661 Valley Centre Dr, Suite 100
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 436-7186; Fax: (858) 436-7171
Lab Name: Reproductive Sciences Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§San Diego Fertility Center
11515 El Camino Real, Suite 100
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 794-6363; Fax: (858) 794-6360
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Laurel Fertility Care
1700 California St, Suite 570
San Francisco CA 94109
Telephone: (415) 673-9199; Fax: (415) 673-8796
Lab Name: Laurel Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Fertility Center
55 Francisco St, Suite 500
San Francisco CA 94133
Telephone: (415) 834-3000; Fax: (415) 834-3080
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UCSF Center for Reproductive Health
499 Illinois St, 6th Floor
San Francisco CA 94158
Telephone: (415) 353-3040; Fax: (415) 353-7744
Lab Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Palo Alto Medical Foundation Fertility Physicians of
Northern California
2581 Samaritan Dr, Suite 302
San Jose CA 95124
Telephone: (408) 356-5000; Fax: (408) 356-8954
Lab Name: PAMF for Healthcare Research &
Education, IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Alex Steinleitner, MD
35 Casa St, Suite 260
San Luis Obispo CA 93405
Telephone: (805) 543-2228; Fax: (805) 269-0226
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco
Bay Area
100 Park Pl, Suite 200
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 867-1800; Fax: (925) 820-2279
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San
Francisco Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Barbara Fertility Center
536 E. Arrellaga St, Suite 201
Santa Barbara CA 93103
Telephone: (805) 965-3400; Fax: (805) 965-1222
Lab Name: Santa Barbara Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Monica Fertility
2825 Santa Monica Blvd, Suite 100
Santa Monica CA 90404
Telephone: (866) 991-1990; Fax: (310) 566-1485
Lab Name: Assisted Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Santa Monica UCLA GYN Subspecialties Group
1450 Tenth St, Suite 404
Santa Monica CA 90401
Telephone: (310) 451-8144; Fax: (310) 451-3414
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Assisted Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.
1111 Sonoma Ave, Suite 214
Santa Rosa CA 95405
Telephone: (707) 575-5831; Fax: (707) 575-4379
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical
Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Center for Reproductive Health
Tina Koopersmith, MD
13320 Riverside Dr, Suite 220
Sherman Oaks CA 91423
Telephone: (818) 986-1648; Fax: (818) 986-1653
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Stanford Medicine Fertility & Reproductive Health
1195 W. Fremont Ave
Sunnyvale CA 94087
Telephone: (650) 498-7911; Fax: (669) 233-2888
Lab Name: Lucille Salter Packard Children's
Hospital at Stanford Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

The Center for Fertility and Gynecology
Vermesh Center for Fertility
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 301
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 881-9800; Fax: (818) 881-1857
Lab Name: A.R.T. Medical Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tree of Life Center for Fertility
Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 511
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 344-8522; Fax: (818) 344-8521
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: HRC Fertility-Encino Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Surgical Associates of California
325 Rolling Oaks Dr, Suite 110
Thousand Oaks CA 91361
Telephone: (805) 778-1122; Fax: (805) 778-0855
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific Reproductive Center
3720 Lomita Blvd, Suite 200
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 376-7000; Fax: (310) 373-0319
Lab Name: Pacific Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Fertility Center
23550 Hawthorne Blvd, Suite 210
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 378-7445; Fax: (310) 378-7427
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Fertility Center
California Center for Reproductive Health
9201 W. Sunset Blvd, Suite 202
West Hollywood CA 90069
Telephone: (310) 550-1951; Fax: (310) 550-1971
Lab Name: In Vitrotech Labs, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

COLORADO

Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center
265 Parkside Dr, Suite 200
Colorado Springs CO 80910
Telephone: (719) 475-2229; Fax: (719) 475-2227
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine
University of Colorado
3055 Roslyn St, Suite 230
Denver CO 80238
Telephone: (303) 724-8089; Fax: (303) 724-8149
Lab Name: University of Colorado Hospital
IVF Clinical Laboratory, Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology
4600 E. Hale Pkwy, Suite 350
Denver CO 80220
Telephone: (303) 321-7115; Fax: (303) 321-9519
Lab Name: Colorado Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertile Hope IVF
Albrecht Women's Care Denver IVF
9780 Pyramid Ct, Suite 260
Englewood CO 80112
Telephone: (720) 420-1570; Fax: (866) 657-9471
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine
1080 E. Elizabeth St
Fort Collins CO 80524
Telephone: (970) 493-6353; Fax: (970) 493-6366
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive
Medicine IVF/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Conceptions Reproductive Associates of Colorado
271 W. County Line Rd
Littleton CO 80129
Telephone: (303) 794-0045; Fax: (303) 794-2054
Lab Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates of
Colorado Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine
10290 RidgeGate Cir
Lone Tree CO 80124
Telephone: (303) 788-8300; Fax: (303) 788-8310
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Colorado
Accreditation: CAP

Rocky Mountain Fertility Center
9235 Crown Crest Blvd, Suite 250
Parker CO 80138
Telephone: (303) 999-3877; Fax: (303) 999-3878
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

CONNECTICUT

For current information for CT Fertility, see
Trumbull, CT

The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services
2 Batterson Park Rd
Farmington CT 06032
Telephone: (844) 467-3483; Fax: (860) 838-6481
Lab Name: Lab at the Center for Advanced
Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP

Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC
55 Holly Hill Ln, Suite 270
Greenwich CT 06830
Telephone: (203) 863-2990; Fax: (203) 863-2980
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Yale Fertility Center
150 Sargent Dr, 2nd Floor
New Haven CT 06511
Telephone: (203) 785-4708; Fax: (203) 764-6475
Lab Name: Yale University School of Medicine, Yale
Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut
761 Main Ave, Suite 200
Norwalk CT 06852
Telephone: (203) 750-7400; Fax: (203) 846-9579
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Connecticut Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

New England Fertility Institute
1275 Summer St, Suite 201
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 325-3200; Fax: (203) 323-3130
Lab Name: New England Fertility
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Stamford Hospital
1 Hospital Plaza
Stamford CT 06904
Telephone: (203) 276-7559; Fax: (203) 276-7259
Lab Name: New England Fertility
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§CT Fertility
100 Technology Dr, Suite 210
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 373-1200; Fax: (203) 880-5730
Lab Name: CT Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
5520 Park Ave, Suite MG-250
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 372-6700; Fax: (203) 372-6706
Lab Name: Park Avenue Fertility and
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

DELAWARE

Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA
Medical Arts Pavilion 1
4745 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 111
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 738-4600; Fax: (302) 738-3508
Lab Name: Delaware Institute for Reproductive
Medicine, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Associates of Delaware
Medical Arts Pavilion 2
4735 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 3217
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 602-8822; Fax: (302) 623-4241
Lab Name: Reproductive Associates of
Delaware Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Columbia Fertility Associates
2440 M St N.W., Suite 401
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 293-6567; Fax: (202) 778-6190
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

George Washington University Medical
Faculty Associates
Fertility and IVF Center
2150 Pennsylvania Ave N.W., Suite 6-300
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 741-2520; Fax: (202) 741-2519
Lab Name: Medical Faculty Associates,
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

James A. Simon, MD, PC
1850 M St N.W., Suite 450
Washington DC 20036
Telephone: (202) 293-1000; Fax: (202) 463-6150
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

FLORIDA

BocaFertility
875 Meadows Rd, Suite 334
Boca Raton FL 33486
Telephone: (561) 368-5500; Fax: (561) 368-4793
Lab Name: Boca Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Palm Beach Fertility Center
7015 Beracasa Way, Suite 201
Boca Raton FL 33433
Telephone: (561) 477-7728; Fax: (561) 477-7035
Lab Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Polcz Fertility Center
9868 S. State Rd 7, Suite 320
Boynton Beach FL 33472
Telephone: (561) 736-6006; Fax: (561) 736-5788
Lab Name: Polcz Fertility Lab
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Florida Fertility Institute
2454 N. McMullen Booth Rd, Suite 601
Clearwater FL 33759
Telephone: (727) 796-7705; Fax: (727) 796-8764
Lab Name: Florida Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
15730 New Hampshire Ct, Suite 101
Fort Myers FL 33908
Telephone: (239) 561-3430; Fax: (239) 561-3430
Lab Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and
Surgery, PA
Embryo Donation International, PL
12611 World Plaza Ln, Bldg 53
Fort Myers FL 33907
Telephone: (239) 275-8118; Fax: (239) 275-5914
Lab Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine &
Surgery/Embryo Donation International
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

UF Health Reproductive Medicine at Springhill
4037 N.W. 86th Terrace, 1st Floor
Gainesville FL 32606
Telephone: (352) 265-6200; Fax: (352) 594-1676
Lab Name: University of Florida IVF and
Andrology Lab
Accreditation: CAP

Assisted Fertility Program
3627 University Blvd South, Suite 450
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 398-1473; Fax: (904) 399-3436
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Brown Fertility
14540 Old Saint Augustine Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 2497
Jacksonville FL 32258
Telephone: (904) 260-0352; Fax: (904) 861-6130
Lab Name: Brown Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
836 Prudential Dr, Suite 902
Jacksonville FL 32207
Telephone: (904) 399-5620; Fax: (904) 399-5645
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine
7051 Southpoint Pkwy, Suite 200
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 493-2229; Fax: (904) 396-4546
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
19844 N. Dale Mabry Hwy, Suite 101
Lutz FL 33556
Telephone: (813) 948-8400; Fax: (813) 948-8409
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Fertility Center of Orlando
1000 N. Maitland Ave
Maitland FL 32751
Telephone: (407) 345-9006; Fax: (407) 345-9007
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Orlando
Accreditation: None

IVF Florida Reproductive Associates
2960 N. State Rd 7, Suite 300
Margate FL 33063
Telephone: (954) 247-6235; Fax: (954) 247-6296
Lab Name: IVF Florida Reproductive
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Viera Fertility Center
Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
for Women
3160 Alzante Cir
Melbourne FL 32940
Telephone: (321) 751-4673; Fax: (321) 751-4567
Lab Name: Viera Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility
and Genetics
4425 Ponce de Leon Blvd, Suite 110
Miami FL 33146
Telephone: (305) 446-4673; Fax: (786) 360-2891
Lab Name: Conceptions Florida: Center for Fertility
& Genetics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.
8950 N. Kendall Dr, Suite 103
Miami FL 33176
Telephone: (305) 596-4013; Fax: (305) 596-4557
Lab Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Miami Infertility Center
1400 N.W. 12th Ave, Suite 5
Miami FL 33136
Telephone: (305) 243-8642; Fax: (305) 324-0363
Lab Name: University of Miami Infertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA
3435 Pinehurst Ave
Orlando FL 32804
Telephone: (407) 740-0909; Fax: (407) 740-7262
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Institute
258 S. Chickasaw Tr, Suite 310
Orlando FL 32825
Telephone: (407) 281-9229; Fax: (407) 207-7180
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine
Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

New Leaders in Fertility & Endocrinology, LLC
4400 Bayou Blvd, Suite 36
Pensacola FL 32503
Telephone: (850) 857-3733; Fax: (850) 512-1301
Lab Name: New LIFE Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility & Genetics
201 N. Pine Island Rd, 2nd Floor
Plantation FL 33324
Telephone: (954) 584-2273; Fax: (954) 587-9630
Lab Name: LIFE Laboratories, LC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of Florida
6050 Cattleridge Blvd, Suite 103
Sarasota FL 34232
Telephone: (941) 342-1568; Fax: (941) 342-8296
Lab Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of
Florida Laboratory
Accreditation: None

South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
7300 S.W. 62nd Pl, 4th Floor
South Miami FL 33143
Telephone: (305) 662-7901; Fax: (305) 662-7910
Lab Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Associates, PA
Catherine L. Cowart, MD, FACOG
2919 Swann Ave, Suite 307
Tampa FL 33609
Telephone: (813) 872-0018; Fax: (813) 876-1149
Lab Name: Florida Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Reproductive Medicine Group
5245 E. Fletcher Ave, Suite 1
Tampa FL 33617
Telephone: (813) 676-8844; Fax: (813) 676-8815
Lab Name: RMG ART Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

University of South Florida IVF
2 Tampa General Cir, 6th Floor
Tampa FL 33606
Telephone: (813) 259-0962; Fax: (813) 259-0882
Lab Name: University of South Florida IVF
Accreditation: None

F.I.R.S.T.
Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences
and Technologies
2300 N. Commerce Pkwy, Suite 313
Weston FL 33326
Telephone: (954) 217-3456; Fax: (954) 217-3462
Lab Name: LIFE Laboratories, LC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproductive Specialists, LLC
2100 Aloma Ave, Suite 100
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 339-2229; Fax: (407) 339-2039
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Orlando
Accreditation: None

Fertility CARE (Center of Assisted Reproduction
& Endocrinology)
5901 Brick Ct
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 672-1106; Fax: (407) 678-2790
Lab Name: Vivere-Winter Park Fertility
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

GEORGIA

Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine
5909 Peachtree Dunwoody Rd, Suite 720
Atlanta GA 30328
Telephone: (770) 928-2276; Fax: (770) 592-2092
Lab Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Emory Reproductive Center
550 Peachtree St N.E., Suite 1800
Atlanta GA 30308
Telephone: (404) 778-3401; Fax: (404) 686-4956
Lab Name: Emory Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC
5445 Meridian Mark Rd, Suite 270
Atlanta GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-2229; Fax: (404) 843-0812
Lab Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates
810 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 722-4434; Fax: (706) 722-9647
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Servy Massey Fertility Institute
Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology
812 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 724-0228; Fax: (706) 722-2387
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility, LLC
2323 Whittlesey Rd
Columbus GA 31909
Telephone: (706) 653-6344; Fax: (706) 653-8933
Lab Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology & Infertility, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Biology Associates
1100 Johnson Ferry Rd N.E., Suite 200
Sandy Springs GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-3064; Fax: (404) 256-1528
Lab Name: Reproductive Biology
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine
5354 Reynolds St, Suite 510
Savannah GA 31405
Telephone: (912) 352-8588; Fax: (912) 352-8893
Lab Name: The Georgia Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP

HAWAII

Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii
1319 Punahou St, Suite 510
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 949-6611; Fax: (808) 949-6610
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology of
Hawaii, Inc.
1401 S. Beretania St, Suite 250
Honolulu HI 96814
Telephone: (808) 545-2800; Fax: (808) 262-3744
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IVF Hawaii
1329 Lusitana St, Suite 607
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 538-6655; Fax: (808) 537-5500
Lab Name: IVF Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute
Kapi`olani Medical Center for Women and Children
1319 Punahou St, Suite 980
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 946-2226; Fax: (808) 943-1563
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute
Department of OB/GYN
1 Jarrett White Rd
Tripler AMC HI 96859
Telephone: (808) 433-5954; Fax: (808) 433-1552
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

IDAHO

Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
111 Main St, Suite 100
Boise ID 83702
Telephone: (208) 342-5900; Fax: (208) 342-2088
Lab Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ILLINOIS

Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health
2020 Ogden Ave, Suite 250
Aurora IL 60504
Telephone: (630) 978-6254; Fax: (630) 499-2487
Lab Name: Rush-Copley Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§Fertility Centers of Illinois–River North IVF
900 N. Kingsbury St, River Walk 6
Chicago IL 60610
Telephone: (312) 222-8230; Fax: (847) 724-1649
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)
409 W. Huron St, Suite 500
Chicago IL 60654
Telephone: (312) 288-6420; Fax: (312) 288-6421
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Innovations,
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Northwestern University
259 E. Erie St, Suite 2400
Chicago IL 60611
Telephone: (312) 695-1364; Fax: (312) 472-0226
Lab Name: Northwestern Medical Group IVF &
Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

University of Chicago Medicine Center for
Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
333 S. Desplains St, Suite 201
Chicago IL 60661
Telephone: (773) 702-6642; Fax: (773) 702-5848
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program
1801 W. Taylor St, M/C 652, Suite 4A
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 355-2634; Fax: (312) 355-3161
Lab Name: University of Illinois at Chicago
IVF Program
Accreditation: CAP

Women's Health Consultants
1725 W. Harrison St, Suite 408E
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 997-2229; Fax: (312) 997-2354
Lab Name: Rush Center for Advanced Reproductive
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF
2246 Weber Rd
Crest Hill IL 60403
Telephone: (815) 725-4161; Fax: (815) 725-4341
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health, SC/
Joliet IVF, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Fertility Center
4333 Main St
Downers Grove IL 60515
Telephone: (630) 810-0212; Fax: (630) 810-1027
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.
Alexian Brother's Hospital, Wimmer Bldg
800 Biesterfield Rd, Suite 402
Elk Grove Village IL 60007
Telephone: (847) 545-4733; Fax: (847) 952-7457
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Innovations,
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Global IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Davies Fertility & IVF Specialists, SC
2640 Patriot Blvd, Suite 260
Glenview IL 60026
Telephone: (847) 972-0300; Fax: (847) 972-0043
Lab Name: Davies Fertility & IVF Specialists,
SC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago
30 Tower Ct, Suite F
Gurnee IL 60031
Telephone: (847) 662-1818; Fax: (847) 662-3001
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Center of
Chicago Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Centers of Illinois-Highland Park IVF Center
767 Park Ave West, Suite B400
Highland Park IL 60035
Telephone: (847) 433-9050; Fax: (847) 433-9126
Lab Name: aParent IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Hinsdale Center for Reproduction
121 N. Elm St
Hinsdale IL 60521
Telephone: (630) 856-3535; Fax: (630) 856-3545
Lab Name: Hinsdale Center for
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

InVia Fertility Specialists
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Suite 406
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 884-8884; Fax: (847) 884-8093
Lab Name: InVia Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 401
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 843-7090; Fax: (847) 843-0584
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Reena Jabamoni MD, SC, Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.
1515 Essington Rd
Joliet IL 60435
Telephone: (815) 730-1100; Fax: (815) 730-1066
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.,
IVF/Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

The Advanced IVF Institute
Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates
120 Osler Dr, Suite 100
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 428-2229; Fax: (630) 428-0336
Lab Name: Charles E. Miller, MD, SC &
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF1
3 N. Washington St
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 357-6540; Fax: (630) 357-6435
Lab Name: Naperville Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Institute
2425 W. 22nd St, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 954-0054; Fax: (630) 954-0064
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Institute
Accreditation: CAP

Daniel Rostein, MD, SC
2208 Midwest Rd, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 472-9100; Fax: (630) 472-9101
Lab Name: Naperville Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
5401 N. Knoxville Ave, Suite 102
Peoria IL 61614
Telephone: (309) 689-0411; Fax: (309) 689-0784
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Center
435 N. Mulford Rd, Suite 9
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 229-1700; Fax: (815) 229-1831
Lab Name: Advanced IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health and Fertility Center
973 Featherstone Rd, Suite 100
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 986-3737; Fax: (815) 986-3748
Lab Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Chicago IVF
5225 Old Orchard Rd, Suite 21
Skokie IL 60077
Telephone: (866) 483-2446; Fax: (708) 403-5272
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Health Centers,
Ltd. IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

North Shore Fertility
4250 W. Dempster St
Skokie IL 60076
Telephone: (847) 763-8850; Fax: (847) 763-8851
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Innovations,
LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Southern Illinois University School of Medicine
Fertility and IVF Center
751 N. Rutledge St, Suite 0100
Springfield IL 62702
Telephone: (217) 545-2229; Fax: (217) 545-3119
Lab Name: SIU School of Medicine Fertility and IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Seth Levrant, MD, PC
Partners in Reproductive Health
16345 S. Harlem Ave, Suite 100
Tinley Park IL 60477
Telephone: (708) 532-7017; Fax: (708) 845-5287
Lab Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, In-Vitro Lab
Accreditation: CAP

INDIANA

Midwest Fertility Specialists
12188-A N. Meridian St, Suite 250
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 571-1637; Fax: (317) 571-9483
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Advanced Fertility Group
1222 Professional Blvd
Evansville IN 47714
Telephone: (812) 469-4920; Fax: (812) 469-4930
Lab Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Fertility Group
201 N. Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1300; Fax: (317) 817-1306
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Community Reproductive Endocrinology
7250 Clearvista Dr, Suite 380
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 621-0600; Fax: (317) 621-0610
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Family Beginnings, PC
8435 Clearvista Pl, Suite 104
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 595-3665; Fax: (317) 595-3666
Lab Name: Family Beginnings, PC
Accreditation: CAP

Indiana University Hospital
550 N. University Blvd, Room 4921
Indianapolis IN 46202
Telephone: (317) 944-1640; Fax: (317) 944-0869
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

John C. Jarrett, II, MD
American Health Network Reproductive Medicine
Indiana Fertility Institute
10610 N. Pennsylvania St, Suite 101
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 575-6565; Fax: (317) 575-6575
Lab Name: Indiana Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Care of Indiana
201 Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 325
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1800; Fax: (317) 817-1810
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Boston IVF at the Women's Hospital
4199 Gateway Blvd, Suite 2600
Newburgh IN 47630
Telephone: (812) 842-4530; Fax: (812) 842-4595
Lab Name: Boston IVF at The Women's
Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC
9660 E. 146th St, Suite 300
Noblesville IN 46060
Telephone: (317) 774-1200; Fax: (317) 214-4122
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

IOWA

Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC
1371 N.W. 121st St
Clive IA 50325
Telephone: (515) 222-3060; Fax: (515) 222-9563
Lab Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
Center for Advanced Reproductive Care
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Hawkins Dr
Iowa City IA 52242
Telephone: (319) 356-8483; Fax: (319) 353-6659
Lab Name: University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics
IVF & Reproductive Testing Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

KANSAS

Midwest Reproductive Center, PA
Doctors Bldg 1
20375 W. 151st St, Suite 403
Olathe KS 66061
Telephone: (913) 780-4300; Fax: (913) 780-4250
Lab Name: Midwest Reproductive
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
10777 Nall Ave, Suite 200
Overland Park KS 66211
Telephone: (913) 588-2229; Fax: (913) 588-6258
Lab Name: University of Kansas Medical Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Resource Center of Greater
Kansas City
12200 W. 106th St, Suite 120
Overland Park KS 66215
Telephone: (913) 894-2323; Fax: (913) 894-0841
Lab Name: Reproductive Resource Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Medicine
9300 E. 29th St North, Suite 102
Wichita KS 67226
Telephone: (316) 687-2112; Fax: (316) 687-1260
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine,
CRM Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

KENTUCKY

Bluegrass Fertility Center
1760 Nicholasville Rd, Suite 501
Lexington KY 40503
Telephone: (859) 260-1515; Fax: (859) 260-1425
Lab Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Lexington Fertility Center
170 N. Eagle Creek Dr, Suite 101
Lexington KY 40509
Telephone: (859) 277-5736; Fax: (859) 276-2236
Lab Name: Lexington Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Fertility and Endocrine Associates
Louisville Reproductive Center
4123 Dutchman's Ln, Suite 414
Louisville KY 40207
Telephone: (502) 897-2144; Fax: (502) 897-9929
Lab Name: Louisville Reproductive Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility First
Reproductive Endocrine Services
6420 Dutchmans Pkwy, Suite 395
Louisville KY 40205
Telephone: (502) 749-6420; Fax: (502) 749-6426
Lab Name: Boston IVF at The Women's
Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§University of Louisville Physicians OB/GYN &
Women's Health Fertility Center
401 E. Chestnut St, Suite 410
Louisville KY 40202
Telephone: (502) 588-4400; Fax: (502) 588-4315
Lab Name: University of Louisville Physicians
OBGYN & Women's Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

LOUISIANA

Fertility Answers, LLC-Baton Rouge
500 Rue de La Vie, Suite 510
Baton Rouge LA 70817
Telephone: (225) 926-6886; Fax: (225) 922-3730
Lab Name: Fertility Answers, LLC-Baton
Rouge Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Answers, LLC-Lafayette
206 E. Farrel Rd
Lafayette LA 70508
Telephone: (337) 989-8795; Fax: (337) 989-8766
Lab Name: Women's and Children's
Hospital Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Institute of New Orleans
800 N. Causeway Blvd, Suite 2C
Mandeville LA 70448
Telephone: (985) 892-7621; Fax: (985) 892-9245
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New
Orleans Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Audubon Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
4321 Magnolia St
New Orleans LA 70115
Telephone: (504) 891-1390; Fax: (504) 891-1391
Lab Name: Vivere New Orleans Fertility
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

Arklatex Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
2401 Greenwood Rd, Suite A
Shreveport LA 71103
Telephone: (318) 841-5800; Fax: (318) 841-5817
Lab Name: E and A Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

MAINE

Boston IVF, The Maine Center
778 Main St, Suite 2
South Portland ME 04106
Telephone: (207) 358-7600; Fax: (207) 761-7019
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Maine
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MARYLAND

The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center
8901 Rockville Pike, Bldg 10, Rm 2104
Bethesda MD 20889
Telephone: (301) 400-2151; Fax: (301) 400-1800
Lab Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington,
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Endrika Hinton, MD
10751 Falls Rd, Suite 302
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 616-7777; Fax: (410) 616-7767
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Johns Hopkins Fertility Center
10753 Falls Rd, Suite 335
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 847-3650; Fax: (410) 583-2792
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Montgomery Fertility Center
3202 Tower Oaks Blvd, Suite 370
Rockville MD 20852
Telephone: (301) 946-6962; Fax: (301) 946-6022
Lab Name: Montgomery Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center
9601 Blackwell Rd, 4th Floor
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1188; Fax: (301) 340-1612
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive
Science Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center of Maryland
110 West Rd, Suite 102
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 296-6400; Fax: (410) 296-6405
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Maryland Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Shady Grove Fertility RSC-Towson
901 Dulaney Valley Rd, Suite 616
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 512-8300; Fax: (410) 512-8390
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility
RSC-Towson Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MASSACHUSETTS

Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted
Reproductive Technology
Brigham and Women's Hospital
75 Francis St, Tower 5C
Boston MA 02115
Telephone: (617) 732-5570; Fax: (617) 975-0825
Lab Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital Center
for Assisted Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center
32 Fruit St, Yawkey 10A
Boston MA 02114
Telephone: (617) 726-8868; Fax: (617) 724-8882
Lab Name: Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Solutions, PC
45 Stergis Way
Dedham MA 02026
Telephone: (781) 326-2451; Fax: (781) 329-2684
Lab Name: Fertility Solutions, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF New England
450 Bedford St, Suite 1000
Lexington MA 02420
Telephone: (781) 674-1200; Fax: (781) 674-2442
Lab Name: IVF New England Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Fertility Centers of New England, Inc.
New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.
20 Pond Meadow Dr, Suite 101
Reading MA 01867
Telephone: (781) 942-7000; Fax: (781) 942-7200
Lab Name: New England Clinic of Reproductive
Medicine, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Baystate Reproductive Medicine
Tolosky Center
3300 Main St, Suite B
Springfield MA 01199
Telephone: (413) 794-1950; Fax: (413) 794-1857
Lab Name: Baystate Medical Center, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility, LLC
2 Main St, Suite 150
Stoneham MA 02180
Telephone: (781) 438-9600; Fax: (781) 438-9601
Lab Name: Boston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Boston IVF
130 Second Ave
Waltham MA 02451
Telephone: (781) 434-6400; Fax: (781) 434-6464
Lab Name: Boston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MICHIGAN

§Center for Reproductive Medicine
University of Michigan Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
475 Market Pl, Suite B
Ann Arbor MI 48108
Telephone: (734) 763-4323; Fax: (734) 763-7682
Lab Name: University of Michigan, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC
4190 Telegraph Rd, Suite 1500
Bloomfield Hills MI 48302
Telephone: (248) 203-0900; Fax: (248) 203-0902
Lab Name: Michigan Center IVF, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Michigan Fertility Center
37000 Woodward Ave, Suite 350
Bloomfield Hills MI 48304
Telephone: (248) 952-9600; Fax: (248) 952-9650
Lab Name: IVF Michigan Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Reproductive Medicine
41000 Woodward Ave, Suite 100E
Bloomfield Hills MI 48304
Telephone: (248) 593-6990; Fax: (248) 593-5925
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gago IVF
2250 Genoa Business Park Dr, Suite 110
Brighton MI 48114
Telephone: (810) 227-3232; Fax: (810) 227-3237
Lab Name: Gago IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center
18181 Oakwood Blvd, Suite 109
Dearborn MI 48124
Telephone: (313) 299-6650; Fax: (313) 299-6658
Lab Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
3230 Eagle Park Dr N.E., Suite 100
Grand Rapids MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 988-2229; Fax: (616) 988-2009
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

IVF Michigan Rochester Hills & Flint, PC
3950 S. Rochester Rd, Suite 2300
Rochester Hills MI 48307
Telephone: (248) 844-8845; Fax: (248) 844-9039
Lab Name: IVF Michigan Rochester Hills & Flint,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Wayne State University Physician Group
University Women's Care
26400 W. 12 Mile Rd, Suite 140
Southfield MI 48034
Telephone: (248) 352-8200; Fax: (248) 356-8255
Lab Name: Wayne State University Physician Group
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine
1500 W. Big Beaver Rd, Suite 105
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 637-4050; Fax: (248) 637-0115
Lab Name: Henry Ford Health System, Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC
415 E. Maple Rd, Suite 101
Troy MI 48083
Telephone: (248) 524-1001; Fax: (248) 851-6522
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan
130 Town Center Dr, Suite 106
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 619-3100; Fax: (248) 619-9031
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's
Health, PLC
4700 E. 13 Mile Rd
Warren MI 48092
Telephone: (586) 576-0431; Fax: (586) 576-0924
Lab Name: Michigan Center IVF, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MINNESOTA

CCRM Minneapolis
6565 France Ave South, Suite 400
Edina MN 55435
Telephone: (952) 225-1630; Fax: (952) 225-1609
Lab Name: CCRM Minneapolis Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
Arbor Lakes Medical Bldg
12000 Elm Creek Blvd North, Suite 350
Maple Grove MN 55369
Telephone: (763) 494-7700; Fax: (763) 494-7706
Lab Name: Midwest Center for Reproductive Health,
Assisted Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine
Advanced Reproductive Technologies
2828 Chicago Ave South, Suite 400
Minneapolis MN 55407
Telephone: (612) 863-5390; Fax: (612) 863-2697
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§ Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies
200 First St S.W., Charlton 3A
Rochester MN 55905
Telephone: (507) 266-3995; Fax: (507) 284-1774
Lab Name: Mayo Clinic Fertility Testing Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates
Woodbury Medical Arts Bldg
2101 Woodwinds Dr, Suite 100
Woodbury MN 55125
Telephone: (651) 222-6050; Fax: (651) 222-5975
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine &
Infertility Associates, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory-Woodbury
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine &
Infertility Associates, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory-Edina
Accreditation: CAP

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Reproductive Medicine, PLLC
1040 River Oaks Dr, Suite 202
Flowood MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 936-3650; Fax: (866) 491-0274
Lab Name: Mississippi Reproductive Medicine,
PLLC Laboratory
Mississippi Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Mississippi Medical Center
2925 Layfair Dr, Room 146
Flowood MS 39232
Telephone: (601) 984-5330; Fax: (601) 984-6759
Lab Name: University of Mississippi Medical Center
IVF & Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MISSOURI

Infertility Center of St. Louis
224 S. Woods Mill Rd, Suite 730
Chesterfield MO 63017
Telephone: (314) 576-1400; Fax: (314) 576-1442
Lab Name: St. Luke's Hospital Assisted
Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and
Surgery, Inc.
1506 E. Broadway, Suite 220
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 443-4511; Fax: (573) 443-7860
Lab Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine
and Fertility
University of Missouri
Department of Obstetrics, Gynecology and
Women's Health
500 N. Keene St, Suite 203
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 817-3128; Fax: (573) 882-9010
Lab Name: University of Missouri, Missouri Center
for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility-ART Lab
Accreditation: CAP

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis
555 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 150
Creve Coeur MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 983-9000; Fax: (314) 983-9023
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine
Laboratory-St. Louis
Accreditation: CAP

Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists
2340 E. Meyer Blvd, Bldg 2, Suite 598
Kansas City MO 64132
Telephone: (816) 444-6888; Fax: (816) 444-8430
Lab Name: Research Medical Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Partnership
5401 Veterans Memorial Pkwy, Suite 201
Saint Peters MO 63376
Telephone: (636) 441-7770; Fax: (636) 441-7775
Lab Name: Fertility Partnership Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine & Robotic Surgery
522 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 206
St. Louis MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 473-1285; Fax: (314) 473-1287
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine &
Robotic Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Infertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
at Washington University School of Medicine and
Barnes-Jewish Hospital
*Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
at Washington University School of Medicine and
Barnes-Jewish Hospital*
4444 Forest Park Ave, Suite 3100
St. Louis MO 63108
Telephone: (314) 286-2400; Fax: (314) 286-2455
Lab Name: Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
Center at Washington University Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

MONTANA

Billings Clinic
Reproductive Medicine and Fertility Care
1045 N. 30th St
Billings MT 59101
Telephone: (406) 238-2904; Fax: (406) 238-2806
Lab Name: Billings Clinic IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEBRASKA

Reproductive Health Specialists
717 N. 190th Plaza, Suite 2500
Elkhorn NE 68022
Telephone: (402) 815-1915; Fax: (402) 815-1065
Lab Name: Methodist Women's Hospital Andrology/
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC
7308 S. 142nd St
Omaha NE 68138
Telephone: (402) 717-4200; Fax: (402) 717-4230
Lab Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEVADA

Green Valley Fertility Partners
2510 Wigwam Pkwy, Suite 201
Henderson NV 89074
Telephone: (702) 722-2229; Fax: (702) 778-7672
Lab Name: Green Valley Fertility Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Las Vegas
8851 W. Sahara Ave, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89117
Telephone: (702) 254-1777; Fax: (702) 254-1213
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Las Vegas
Accreditation: CAP

Red Rock Fertility Center
9120 W. Russell Rd, Suite 200
Las Vegas NV 89148
Telephone: (702) 262-0079; Fax: (702) 685-6910
Lab Name: Red Rock Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Las Vegas
5320 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 300
Las Vegas NV 89118
Telephone: (702) 892-9696; Fax: (702) 892-9666
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Las Vegas
Accreditation: CAP

The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine
645 Sierra Rose Dr, Suite 205
Reno NV 89511
Telephone: (775) 828-1200; Fax: (775) 828-1785
Lab Name: The Nevada Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
1 Medical Center Dr, 5th Floor
Lebanon NH 03756
Telephone: (603) 653-9240; Fax: (603) 650-0905
Lab Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NEW JERSEY

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
171 State Route 173, Suite 301
Asbury NJ 08802
Telephone: (908) 781-0666; Fax: (908) 238-5197
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey
140 Allen Rd
Basking Ridge NJ 07920
Telephone: (973) 971-4600; Fax: (973) 290-8370
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Clifton Low Cost IVF
1033 Route 46 East, Suite 102
Clifton NJ 07013
Telephone: (973) 779-7979; Fax: (973) 246-7299
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NJ Best OB/GYN
716 Broad St, Suite 2A
Clifton NJ 07013
Telephone: (973) 221-3122; Fax: (973) 710-0620
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey
234 Industrial Way West, Suite A104
Eatontown NJ 07724
Telephone: (732) 918-2500; Fax: (732) 918-2504
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of New
Jersey Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
& Fertility
Four Ethel Rd, Suite 405A
Edison NJ 08817
Telephone: (732) 339-9300; Fax: (732) 339-9400
Lab Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Women's Fertility Center
106 Grand Ave, Suite 400
Englewood NJ 07631
Telephone: (201) 569-6979; Fax: (201) 569-0269
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

North Hudson I.V.F.
Center for Fertility and Gynecology
385 Sylvan Ave
Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
Telephone: (201) 871-1999; Fax: (201) 871-1031
Lab Name: North Hudson IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: None

University Reproductive Associates, PC
214 Terrace Ave
Hasbrouck Heights NJ 07604
Telephone: (201) 288-6330; Fax: (201) 288-6331
Lab Name: University Reproductive Associates,
PC Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine
Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine
Morgan Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
475 Route 70 West, Suite 201
Lakewood NJ 08701
Telephone: (732) 363-4777; Fax: (732) 363-2004
Lab Name: Shore Area IVF Laboratories, PC
Accreditation: CAP

Delaware Valley OBGYN & Infertility Group, PC
Princeton IVF
2 Princess Rd, Suite C
Lawrenceville NJ 08648
Telephone: (609) 896-0777; Fax: (609) 896-3266
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science
Saint Barnabas Medical Center
94 Old Short Hills Rd, East Wing, Suite 403
Livingston NJ 07039
Telephone: (973) 322-8286; Fax: (973) 322-8890
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and
Science at Saint Barnabas Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP

Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics
6000 Sagemore Dr, Suite 6102
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 988-0072; Fax: (856) 988-0056
Lab Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and
Genetics Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

South Jersey Fertility Center
400 Lippincott Dr, Suite 130
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 596-2233; Fax: (856) 596-2411
Lab Name: South Jersey Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Diamond Institute for Infertility
89 Millburn Ave
Millburn NJ 07041
Telephone: (973) 761-5600; Fax: (973) 761-5100
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for
Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
17000 Commerce Pkwy, Suite C
Mount Laurel NJ 08054
Telephone: (856) 751-5575; Fax: (856) 751-7289
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York
680 Kinderkamack Rd, Suite 200
Oradell NJ 07649
Telephone: (201) 666-4200; Fax: (201) 666-2262
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Valley Hospital Fertility Center
The Robert and Audrey Luckow Pavilion
1 Valley Health Plaza, 1st Floor
Paramus NJ 07652
Telephone: (201) 634-5400; Fax: (201) 634-5506
Lab Name: Valley Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Damien Fertility Partners
655 Shrewsbury Ave, Suite 300
Shrewsbury NJ 07702
Telephone: (732) 758-6511; Fax: (732) 758-0148
Lab Name: Damien Fertility Partners Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
Louis R. Manara, DO
200 Route 73, Suite A
Voorhees NJ 08043
Telephone: (856) 767-0009; Fax: (856) 767-0990
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Fertility Institute of New
Jersey and New York, see Oradell, NJ

NEW MEXICO

†Center for Reproductive Medicine of New Mexico
Presbyterian Professional Bldg
201 Cedar St S.E., Suite S1-20
Albuquerque NM 87106
Telephone: (505) 248-0000; Fax: (505) 842-0000
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

NEW YORK

The Fertility Institute at New York Methodist Hospital
506 6th St, KP4
Brooklyn NY 11215
Telephone: (718) 780-5065; Fax: (718) 780-5085
Lab Name: The Fertility Institute at New York
Methodist Hospital
Accreditation: NYSTB

Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
6010 Bay Pkwy
Brooklyn NY 11204
Telephone: (718) 283-8600; Fax: (718) 283-6580
Lab Name: Brooklyn IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western
New York
4510 Main St
Buffalo NY 14226
Telephone: (716) 839-3057; Fax: (716) 839-1477
Lab Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC
400 Westage Business Center Dr, Suite 109
Fishkill NY 12524
Telephone: (845) 765-0125; Fax: (845) 765-0128
Lab Name: Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

The New York Fertility Center
42-31 Colden St, Suite 202
Flushing NY 11355
Telephone: (718) 261-9068; Fax: (718) 261-9067
Lab Name: The New York Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine
and Health
141 S. Central Ave, Suite 201
Hartsdale NY 10530
Telephone: (914) 997-1060; Fax: (914) 997-1099
Lab Name: Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive
Medicine and Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

New York Reproductive Wellness
380 N. Broadway Ave, Suite 305
Jericho NY 11753
Telephone: (516) 605-2626; Fax: (516) 605-2624
Lab Name: New York Reproductive Wellness
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Boston IVF, The Albany Center
399 Albany Shaker Rd
Loudonville NY 12211
Telephone: (518) 434-9759; Fax: (518) 436-9822
Lab Name: Boston IVF, The Albany
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

North Shore University Hospital
The Center for Human Reproduction
300 Community Dr
Manhasset NY 11030
Telephone: (516) 562-2229; Fax: (516) 562-1710
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Long Island IVF
8 Corporate Center Dr, Suite 101
Melville NY 11747
Telephone: (631) 752-0606; Fax: (631) 752-0654
Lab Name: Long Island IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

Reproductive Specialists of New York
200 Old Country Rd, Suite 350
Mineola NY 11501
Telephone: (516) 739-2100; Fax: (516) 739-2179
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Reproductive Medicine
344 E. Main St, Suite 403
Mt. Kisco NY 10549
Telephone: (914) 218-8955; Fax: (914) 218-8956
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Advanced Fertility Services
1625 Third Ave
New York NY 10128
Telephone: (212) 369-8700; Fax: (212) 289-8461
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Chelsea Fertility NYC
105 E. 37th St, Suite 1
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 685-2229; Fax: (646) 726-4449
Lab Name: Chelsea Fertility NYC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

§Columbia University Center for Women's
Reproductive Care
5 Columbus Cir, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (646) 756-8282; Fax: (646) 756-8280
Lab Name: Columbia University Center for Women's
Reproductive Care Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Libera Medical, PLLC
425 5th Ave, 3rd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (646) 792-7476; Fax: (646) 274-0600
Lab Name: Libera Medical, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission, NYSTB

Andrew Loucopoulos, MD, PhD
1001 Fifth Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 472-7186; Fax: (212) 472-8608
Lab Name: Manhattan Fertility Services Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Manhattan Reproductive Medicine
159 E. 74th St, Suite 1C
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 794-0080; Fax: (212) 794-0066
Lab Name: Manhattan Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Medical Offices for Human Reproduction
Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)
21 E. 69th St
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 994-4400; Fax: (212) 994-4499
Lab Name: Medical Offices for Human
Reproduction/CHR
Accreditation: NYSTB

Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC
422 W. End Ave
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 580-2252; Fax: (212) 580-2258
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

New Hope Fertility Center-West Side
4 Columbus Cir, 4th Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 400-9624; Fax: (212) 489-6294
Lab Name: New Hope Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Institute
1016 Fifth Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 734-5555; Fax: (212) 734-6059
Lab Name: New York Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Services, PC
Batzofin Fertility Services, PC
16 E. 40th St, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 679-2289; Fax: (212) 679-2288
Lab Name: Batzofin Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

New York Reproductive Medical Services, PC
133 E. 58th St, Suite 1002
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 317-8700; Fax: (877) 396-8029
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: NYSTB

Neway Medical
123 W. 79th St
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 750-3330; Fax: (646) 462-3353
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC dba
Neway Medical
Accreditation: NYSTB

Noble Fertility Center
137 E. 36th St
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 804-6666; Fax: (212) 502-3386
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: NYSTB

NYU Fertility Center
660 First Ave, 5th Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 263-8990; Fax: (212) 263-7853
Lab Name: NYU Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine, PC
51 E. 67th St
New York NY 10065
Telephone: (212) 535-5350; Fax: (212) 535-5080
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP
635 Madison Ave, 10th Floor
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 756-5777; Fax: (212) 756-5770
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New York, LLP
Accreditation: NYSTB

Weill Medical College of Cornell University
Center for Reproductive Medicine
1305 York Ave, 6th Floor
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (646) 962-2764; Fax: (646) 962-0359
Lab Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell
University CRMI Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

WESTMED Reproductive Services
3030 Westchester Ave
Purchase NY 10577
Telephone: (914) 607-6270; Fax: (914) 607-6244
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center,
PC Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Rochester Fertility Care, PC
1561 Long Pond Rd, Suite 410
Rochester NY 14626
Telephone: (585) 453-7760; Fax: (585) 453-7771
Lab Name: Rochester Fertility Care
Accreditation: NYSTB

Strong Fertility Center
500 Red Creek Dr, Suite 220
Rochester NY 14623
Telephone: (585) 487-3378; Fax: (585) 334-8998
Lab Name: Strong Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Island Reproductive Services, PC
237 Richmond Valley Rd
Staten Island NY 10309
Telephone: (718) 948-6100; Fax: (718) 948-6114
Lab Name: Reproductive Center of Central
New Jersey
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

CNY Fertility Center
195 Intrepid Ln
Syracuse NY 13205
Telephone: (315) 469-8700; Fax: (315) 469-6789
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Latham
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Syracuse
Accreditation: NYSTB

University IVF
SUNY Upstate Medical University
725 Irving Ave, Suite 600
Syracuse NY 13210
Telephone: (315) 464-3929; Fax: (315) 464-4615
Lab Name: University IVF, SUNY Upstate
Medical University
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Fertility and
Reproductive Endocrinology
136 S. Broadway, Suite 100
White Plains NY 10605
Telephone: (914) 949-6677; Fax: (914) 949-5758
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

Gold Coast IVF
Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center
246 Crossways Park Dr West
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 682-8900; Fax: (516) 682-8901
Lab Name: Gold Coast IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine
The Talbert Fertility Institute
400 Ashville Ave, Suite 200
Cary NC 27518
Telephone: (919) 233-1680; Fax: (919) 233-1685
Lab Name: North Carolina Center for
Reproductive Medicine, North Carolina
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Program for Assisted Reproduction at Carolinas
Medical Center
CMC Women's Institute
1025 Morehead Medical Dr, Suite 500
Charlotte NC 28204
Telephone: (704) 355-3153; Fax: (704) 355-9322
Lab Name: Carolinas Medical Center Andrology and
ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Endocrinology Associates of Charlotte
1524 E. Morehead St
Charlotte NC 28207
Telephone: (704) 343-3400; Fax: (704) 343-3428
Lab Name: Reproductive Endocrinology Associates
of Charlotte Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Duke Fertility Center
Duke University Medical Center
5704 Fayetteville Rd
Durham NC 27713
Telephone: (919) 572-4673; Fax: (919) 484-0461
Lab Name: Duke Fertility Center, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Womack Army Medical Center
WAMC Mailstop A
2817 Reilly Rd, MCXC-OB
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Telephone: (910) 907-9270; Fax: (910) 907-7825
Lab Name: North Carolina IVF Labs
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Reproductive Concepts
9800 W. Kinsey Ave, Suite 160
Huntersville NC 28078
Telephone: (704) 947-9000; Fax: (704) 992-1900
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts,
PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Atlantic Reproductive Medicine Specialists
10208 Cerny St, Suite 306
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 248-8777; Fax: (919) 248-8776
Lab Name: Atlantic Fertility Center Partners
Accreditation: CAP

Carolina Conceptions, PA
2601 Lake Dr, Suite 301
Raleigh NC 27607
Telephone: (919) 782-5911; Fax: (919) 861-6400
Lab Name: Carolina Conceptions Embryology/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UNC Fertility
7920 ACC Blvd, Suite 300
Raleigh NC 27617
Telephone: (919) 908-0000; Fax: (919) 596-6147
Lab Name: UNC Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Carolinas Fertility Institute
3821 Forrestgate Dr
Winston Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 448-9100; Fax: (336) 778-7995
Lab Name: Carolinas Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Medical Plaza-Miller
131 Miller St, 2nd Floor
Winston Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 716-6476; Fax: (336) 716-0194
Lab Name: Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

NORTH DAKOTA

Sanford Health Reproductive Medicine Institute
1111 Harwood Dr South
Fargo ND 58104
Telephone: (701) 234-2700; Fax: (701) 234-2783
Lab Name: Sanford Health Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OHIO

Fertility Unlimited, Inc.
Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center
468 E. Market St
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 376-2300; Fax: (330) 376-4807
Lab Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Akron
95 Arch St, Suite 250
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 375-7722; Fax: (330) 375-3986
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology,
LLC Laboratory-Akron
Accreditation: CAP

Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
26900 Cedar Rd, Suite 220S
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 839-3150; Fax: (216) 839-3195
Lab Name: Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

University Hospitals Fertility Center
Kathy Risman Pavilion
1000 Auburn Dr, Suite 310
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 285-5028; Fax: (216) 201-5388
Lab Name: University Hospitals Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SpringCreek Fertility
7095 Clio Rd
Centerville OH 45459
Telephone: (937) 458-5084; Fax: (937) 458-5089
Lab Name: SpringCreek Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

§Bethesda Fertility Center
10506 Montgomery Rd, Suite 303
Cincinnati OH 45242
Telephone: (513) 865-1675; Fax: (513) 865-1676
Lab Name: Reproductive Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Institute for Reproductive Health
3805 Edwards Rd, Suite 450
Cincinnati OH 45209
Telephone: (513) 924-5550; Fax: (513) 924-5549
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Health
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§MetroHealth Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
2500 MetroHealth Dr
Cleveland OH 44109
Telephone: (216) 778-4444; Fax: (216) 778-8642
Lab Name: Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Ohio Reproductive Medicine
4830 Knightsbridge Blvd, Suite E
Columbus OH 43214
Telephone: (614) 451-2280; Fax: (614) 451-4352
Lab Name: Reproductive Diagnostics Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Wright State Physicians OB/GYN
Berry Women's Health Pavilion
1 Wyoming St, Suite 4130
Dayton OH 45409
Telephone: (937) 208-6810; Fax: (937) 208-2030
Lab Name: Reproductive Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Kettering Reproductive Medicine
3533 Southern Blvd, Suite 4100
Kettering OH 45429
Telephone: (937) 395-8444; Fax: (937) 395-8450
Lab Name: Kettering Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Wellness Institute of Ohio
6396 Thornberry Ct, Suite 710
Mason OH 45040
Telephone: (513) 326-4300; Fax: (513) 326-4306
Lab Name: UC Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UC Center for Reproductive Health
7675 Wellness Way, Suite 315
West Chester OH 45069
Telephone: (513) 475-7600; Fax: (513) 475-7601
Lab Name: UC Center for Reproductive
Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Gynecology, Inc.-Westerville
540 N. Cleveland Ave, Suite 100
Westerville OH 43082
Telephone: (614) 895-3333; Fax: (614) 895-3338
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology,
LLC Laboratory-Westerville
Accreditation: CAP

OKLAHOMA

Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute
3433 N.W. 56th St, Bldg B, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73112
Telephone: (405) 949-6060; Fax: (405) 949-6872
Lab Name: Integris Canadian Valley Hospital Lab,
Bennett Fertility Institute Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP

OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine
840 Research Pkwy, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73104
Telephone: (405) 271-1616; Fax: (405) 271-9222
Lab Name: OU Reproductive Medicine, Department
of OB/GYN ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Tulsa Fertility Center
115 E. 15th St
Tulsa OK 74119
Telephone: (918) 584-2870; Fax: (918) 587-3602
Lab Name: Tulsa Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

OREGON

The Fertility Center of Oregon
590 Country Club Pkwy, Suite A
Eugene OR 97401
Telephone: (541) 683-1559; Fax: (541) 868-9774
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of Oregon
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Oregon Reproductive Medicine
808 S.W. 15th Ave
Portland OR 97205
Telephone: (503) 274-4994; Fax: (503) 274-4946
Lab Name: The Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Fertility Consultants
Oregon Health & Science University
OHSU Center for Health & Healing
3303 S.W. Bond Ave
Portland OR 97239
Telephone: (503) 418-3700; Fax: (503) 418-3708
Lab Name: Oregon Health & Science
University, Andrology/Embryology
Accreditation: CAP

PENNSYLVANIA

Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF
and Genetics
Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences
Arches Bldg
1200 Old York Rd, 2nd Floor
Abington PA 19001
Telephone: (215) 887-2010; Fax: (215) 481-7550
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania
1401 N. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 200
Allentown PA 18104
Telephone: (610) 820-6888; Fax: (610) 820-6818
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Family Fertility Center
95 Highland Ave, Suite 100
Bethlehem PA 18017
Telephone: (610) 868-8600; Fax: (610) 868-8700
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP

Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
825 Old Lancaster Rd, Suite 170
Bryn Mawr PA 19010
Telephone: (484) 380-4879; Fax: (474) 380-4866
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program
100 N. Academy Ave
Danville PA 17822
Telephone: (570) 271-5620; Fax: (570) 271-5629
Lab Name: Geisinger Medical Center ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center
2010 West Chester Pike, Suite 350
Havertown PA 19083
Telephone: (610) 447-2727; Fax: (610) 447-6549
Lab Name: Health Access Network,
Andrology/IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center
35 Hope Dr, Suite 202
Hershey PA 17033
Telephone: (717) 531-8478; Fax: (717) 531-6286
Lab Name: Milton S. Hershey Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia
625 Clark Ave, Suite 17B
King of Prussia PA 19406
Telephone: (215) 654-1544; Fax: (215) 654-1543
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates
of Philadelphia
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Society Hill Reproductive Medicine
822 Pine St, Suite 4B
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 829-8110; Fax: (215) 829-8119
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Pennsylvania
Penn Fertility Care
3701 Market St, Suite 730
Philadelphia PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 662-7455; Fax: (215) 615-4304
Lab Name: University of Pennsylvania, Penn Fertility
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, The Joint Commission

§Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny
Health System
9335 McKnight Rd, Suite 240
Pittsburgh PA 15237
Telephone: (412) 847-1166; Fax: (412) 847-1168
Lab Name: Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny
Health System Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
419 Rodi Rd
Pittsburgh PA 15235
Telephone: (412) 731-8000; Fax: (412) 731-8399
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

University of Pittsburgh Physicians
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology
Magee Womens Hospital
300 Halket St, Suite 5150
Pittsburgh PA 15213
Telephone: (412) 641-1600; Fax: (412) 641-7453
Lab Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Endocrinology IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Fertility Center, see
Havertown, PA

Shady Grove Fertility RSC of Pennsylvania
945 Chesterbrook Blvd
Wayne PA 19087
Telephone: (610) 981-6000; Fax: (610) 964-0536
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC of
Pennsylvania Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

RHPN Women's Clinic & IVF-Fertility
301 S. 7th Ave, Suite 245
West Reading PA 19611
Telephone: (484) 628-7900; Fax: (610) 685-5264
Lab Name: RHPN Women's Clinic and IVF
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Fertility Center, LLC
130 Leader Heights Rd
York PA 17403
Telephone: (717) 747-3099; Fax: (717) 747-3214
Lab Name: The Fertility Center, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: None

PUERTO RICO

Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD IVF Program
Dr. Arturo Cadilla Bldg
100 Paseo San Pablo, Suite 503
Bayamon PR 00959
Telephone: (787) 798-0100; Fax: (787) 740-7250
Lab Name: PR Fertility and Reproductive Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo Caguas
Ave Muñoz Rivera, A-1, Suite 303
Caguas PR 00726
Telephone: (787) 704-3434; Fax: (787) 961-4546
Lab Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Accreditation: None

GREFI
Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology &
Fertility Institute
First Bank Bldg
1519 Ave Ponce de Leon, Suite 705
San Juan PR 00909
Telephone: (787) 721-3544; Fax: (787) 848-0979
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-Coto Laurel
Accreditation: None
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-San Juan
Accreditation: None

RHODE ISLAND

§Women and Infants' Center for Reproduction
and Infertility
90 Plain St, 5th Floor
Providence RI 02903
Telephone: (401) 453-7500; Fax: (401) 277-3638
Lab Name: Women and Infants Hospital
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SOUTH CAROLINA

Fertility Center of the Carolinas
University Medical Group, Department of Obstetrics
and Gynecology
890 W. Faris Rd, Suite 470
Greenville SC 29605
Telephone: (864) 455-1608; Fax: (864) 455-8492
Lab Name: Greenville Health System, Reproductive
Endocrinology & Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA
17 Caledon Ct, Suite C
Greenville SC 29615
Telephone: (864) 232-7734; Fax: (864) 232-7099
Lab Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology
Group, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Coastal Fertility Specialists
1375 Hospital Dr
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 883-5800; Fax: (843) 216-0061
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP, NYSTB

The Fertility Center of Charleston
1280 Hospital Dr, Suite 300
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 881-7400; Fax: (843) 881-7444
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of Charleston
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

SOUTH DAKOTA

Sanford Women's Health
1500 W. 22nd St, MB3, Suite 102B
Sioux Falls SD 57105
Telephone: (605) 328-8800; Fax: (605) 328-8831
Lab Name: Sanford Women's Health Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

TENNESSEE

Fertility Center, LLC
7407 Ziegler Rd
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 899-0500; Fax: (423) 899-2411
Lab Name: Fertility Center, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Tennessee Reproductive Medicine
6031 Shallowford Rd, Suite 101
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 876-2229; Fax: (423) 643-0699
Lab Name: Tennessee Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Quillen Fertility and Women's Services
1319 Sunset Dr, Suite 103
Johnson City TN 37604
Telephone: (423) 439-7246; Fax: (423) 282-4698
Lab Name: ETSU Physicians and Associates,
Quillen Fertility & Women's Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center
9301 Park West Blvd, Bldg A
Knoxville TN 37923
Telephone: (865) 249-7031; Fax: (865) 588-4510
Lab Name: East Tennessee IVF and
Andrology Center
Accreditation: None

Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD dba
Southeastern Center for Fertility and
Reproductive Surgery
11126 Kingston Pike
Knoxville TN 37934
Telephone: (865) 777-0088; Fax: (865) 777-2015
Lab Name: Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD dba Southeastern
Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Surgery Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC
80 Humphreys Center, Suite 307
Memphis TN 38120
Telephone: (901) 747-2229; Fax: (901) 747-4446
Lab Name: Memphis Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Regional One Health Reproductive Medicine
6555 Quince Rd, Suite 501
Memphis TN 38119
Telephone: (901) 515-3100; Fax: (901) 515-3199
Lab Name: Regional One Health Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

The Center for Reproductive Health
2410 Patterson St, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-8899; Fax: (615) 321-8877
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Nashville, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Nashville Fertility Center
345 23rd Ave North, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-4740; Fax: (615) 320-0240
Lab Name: FPG Labs of Nashville, LLC
Accreditation: CAP

TEXAS

DFW Center for Fertility & IVF
980 Raintree Cir
Allen TX 75013
Telephone: (214) 383-2600; Fax: (214) 383-2601
Lab Name: DFW Center for Fertility & IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Austin Fertility and Reproductive
Medicine-Westlake IVF
300 Beardsley Ln, Bldg B, Suite 200
Austin TX 78746
Telephone: (512) 444-1414; Fax: (512) 579-2720
Lab Name: Westlake IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Austin Fertility Institute, PA
2200 Park Bend Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 402
Austin TX 78758
Telephone: (512) 339-4234; Fax: (512) 339-4237
Lab Name: New Austin Health, LLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

RMATX.COM, PLLC
RMA of Texas-Austin
911 W. 38th St, Suite 402
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 479-7979; Fax: (512) 479-7985
Lab Name: RMATX.COM, PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Fertility Center
Vaughn, Silverberg & Associates
6500 N. Mopac Expressway, Bldg 1, Suite 1200
Austin TX 78731
Telephone: (512) 451-0149; Fax: (512) 451-0977
Lab Name: Ovation Fertility-Austin
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Center for Assisted Reproduction
1701 Park Place Ave
Bedford TX 76022
Telephone: (817) 540-1157; Fax: (817) 267-0522
Lab Name: Center for Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates
5477 Glen Lakes Dr, Suite 200
Dallas TX 75231
Telephone: (214) 363-5965; Fax: (214) 363-0639
Lab Name: Dallas Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Outpatient Building
1801 Inwood Rd, Suite 616
Dallas TX 75390
Telephone: (214) 645-3858; Fax: (214) 645-7930
Lab Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of Dallas
Baylor Medical Pavilion
3900 Junius St, Suite 610
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (972) 884-5700; Fax: (972) 884-5709
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Dallas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Institute, PA
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C-108
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6868; Fax: (972) 566-6860
Lab Name: IVFMD-Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

ReproMed Fertility Center
3800 San Jacinto St
Dallas TX 75204
Telephone: (214) 827-8777; Fax: (214) 827-8622
Lab Name: Medical Research Center
Accreditation: None

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C638
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6686; Fax: (972) 566-6670
Lab Name: Sher Institute for
Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Barnett Tower
3600 Gaston Ave, Suite 504
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (214) 821-2274; Fax: (214) 821-2373
Lab Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP

Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
700 S. Mesa Hills
El Paso TX 79912
Telephone: (915) 842-9998; Fax: (915) 842-9972
Lab Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive
Health, PA
Accreditation: None

Brooke Army Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
3551 Roger Brooke Dr
Fort Sam Houston TX 78234
Telephone: (210) 916-6305; Fax: (210) 916-6350
Lab Name: BAMC IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fort Worth Fertility, PA
1800 Mistletoe Blvd
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 348-8145; Fax: (817) 348-8264
Lab Name: Texas Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Dallas IVF
2840 Legacy Dr, Bldg 1, Suite 100
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 297-0027; Fax: (214) 297-0035
Lab Name: Dallas IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC
5757 Warren Pkwy, Suite 300
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 618-2044; Fax: (214) 618-7838
Lab Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine
8380 Warren Pkwy, Suite 201
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (972) 377-2625; Fax: (972) 377-2667
Lab Name: Frisco IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Center of Texas
10901 Katy Freeway
Houston TX 77079
Telephone: (713) 467-4488; Fax: (713) 467-9499
Lab Name: Center for Women's Medicine
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Cooper Institute for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
7500 Beechnut St, Suite 308
Houston TX 77074
Telephone: (713) 771-9771; Fax: (713) 771-9773
Lab Name: Cooper Institute
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Family Fertility Center
Texas Children's Pavilion for Women
6651 Main St, Suite E350
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (832) 826-7463; Fax: (832) 825-9413
Lab Name: Southwest Women's Health Alliance,
PLLC Fertility Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP
Lab Name: Family Fertility
Center Laboratory-Houston
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

The Heard Clinic
1315 St. Joseph Pkwy, Suite 1305
Houston TX 77002
Telephone: (713) 878-0878; Fax: (713) 654-8795
Lab Name: Cooper Institute Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Houston Fertility Institute
2500 Fondren Rd, Suite 350
Houston TX 77063
Telephone: (832) 237-1434; Fax: (832) 237-1436
Lab Name: New Houston Health IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Houston Fertility Specialists
7900 Fannin St, Suite 4400
Houston TX 77054
Telephone: (713) 512-7914; Fax: (713) 512-7853
Lab Name: Southwest Women's Health Alliance,
PLLC Fertility Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Houston Infertility Clinic
Sonja Kristiansen, MD
9055 Katy Freeway, Suite 450
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 862-6181; Fax: (713) 464-2810
Lab Name: Houston Infertility Clinic Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Houston IVF
929 Gessner Rd, Suite 2300
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 465-1211; Fax: (713) 550-1475
Lab Name: Houston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVFMD
7501 Las Colinas Blvd, Suite 200A
Irving TX 75063
Telephone: (972) 506-9986; Fax: (972) 506-0044
Lab Name: IVFMD-Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Centre for Reproductive Medicine
3405 22nd St, Suite 300
Lubbock TX 79410
Telephone: (806) 788-1212; Fax: (806) 788-1253
Lab Name: The Centre for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery
3502 9th St, Suite G10
Lubbock TX 79415
Telephone: (806) 743-4256; Fax: (806) 743-4462
Lab Name: Texas Tech University Health Sciences
Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Institute of South Texas
110 E. Savannah, Bldg B, Suite 103
McAllen TX 78503
Telephone: (956) 687-2693; Fax: (956) 687-2829
Lab Name: Reproductive Institute of South
Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC
705 Generations Dr, Suite 102
New Braunfels TX 78130
Telephone: (210) 277-8111; Fax: (830) 620-9077
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Advanced Fertility Centers, PLLC
605 E. 4th St, Suite 201
Odessa TX 79761
Telephone: (432) 614-6376; Fax: (432) 614-6377
Lab Name: Odessa Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

IVF Plano
6300 W. Parker Rd, MOB 2, Suite G28
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 612-2500; Fax: (972) 612-9601
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital
Plano ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS
6130 W. Parker Rd, Suite 215
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 981-3325; Fax: (972) 981-3336
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital
Plano ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Center of San Antonio
4499 Medical Dr, Suite 200
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 692-0577; Fax: (210) 692-1210
Lab Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

For current information for Fertility Institute of Texas, PLLC, see New Braunfels, TX

Fertility Specialists of San Antonio
225 E. Sonterra Blvd, Suite 206
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 402-1560; Fax: (210) 402-1570
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Institute for Women's Health
Advanced Fertility Center
18707 Hardy Oak Blvd, Suite 500
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 616-0680; Fax: (210) 616-0684
Lab Name: San Antonio IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA
19296 Stone Oak Pkwy
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 337-8453; Fax: (210) 337-8452
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UT Medicine Fertility Center
Medical Arts & Research Center
8300 Floyd Curl Dr, 5th Floor
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 450-9500; Fax: (210) 450-6028
Lab Name: UT Medicine Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Scott & White
Scott & White Clinic-Temple
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
2401 S. 31st St
Temple TX 76508
Telephone: (254) 724-2738; Fax: (254) 724-1046
Lab Name: Scott & White Clinic-Temple Laboratory
Accreditation: None

North Houston Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PA
111 Vision Park, Suite 110
The Woodlands TX 77384
Telephone: (281) 444-4784; Fax: (281) 444-0429
Lab Name: North Houston Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP

Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)
1015 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 2100
Webster TX 77598
Telephone: (281) 332-0073; Fax: (281) 332-1860
Lab Name: Center of Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

UTAH

Utah Fertility Center
1446 W. Pleasant Grove Blvd
Pleasant Grove UT 84062
Telephone: (801) 785-5100; Fax: (801) 785-4597
Lab Name: Utah Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

East Bay Fertility Center
746 E. 1910 South, Suite 1
Provo UT 84606
Telephone: (801) 377-0580; Fax: (801) 375-5582
Lab Name: East Bay Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine
675 Arapeen Dr, Suite 205
Salt Lake City UT 84108
Telephone: (801) 581-3834; Fax: (801) 585-2231
Lab Name: University of Utah School of Medicine
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Care Center
10150 Petunia Way
Sandy UT 84092
Telephone: (801) 878-8888; Fax: (801) 878-8890
Lab Name: Reproductive Care Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VERMONT

University of Vermont Medical Center
Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine
111 Colchester Ave, Main Campus, Main Pavilion,
Level 4
Burlington VT 05401
Telephone: (802) 847-1400; Fax: (802) 847-0111
Lab Name: University of Vermont Medical
Center, Vermont Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Northeastern Reproductive Medicine
105 West View Rd, Suite 302
Colchester VT 05446
Telephone: (802) 655-8888; Fax: (802) 497-3371
Lab Name: Northeastern Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

VIRGINIA

Washington Fertility Center
4316 Evergreen Ln
Annandale VA 22003
Telephone: (703) 658-3100; Fax: (703) 658-3103
Lab Name: Washington Fertility Center
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP

Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
4040 N. Fairfax Dr, Suite 600
Arlington VA 22203
Telephone: (703) 920-3890; Fax: (703) 892-6037
Lab Name: Dominion Fertility and
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of
Virginia, PLC
595 Martha Jefferson Dr, Suite 390
Charlottesville VA 22911
Telephone: (434) 654-8520; Fax: (434) 654-8521
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Surgery Center
of Virginia, PLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP (Pend)

Genetics & IVF Institute
3015 Williams Dr
Fairfax VA 22031
Telephone: (703) 698-7355; Fax: (703) 204-4617
Lab Name: Genetics & IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine
601 Colley Ave
Norfolk VA 23507
Telephone: (757) 446-0324; Fax: (757) 446-8998
Lab Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine
11150 Sunset Hills Rd, Suite 100
Reston VA 20190
Telephone: (703) 437-7722; Fax: (703) 437-0066
Lab Name: Virginia Reproductive Labs
Accreditation: CAP

Fertility Institute of Virginia
10710 Midlothian Turnpike, Suite 331
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 379-9000; Fax: (804) 379-9031
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

†LifeSource Fertility Center
7603 Forest Ave, Suite 204
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 741-9126; Fax: (804) 285-3109
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology
7603 Forest Ave, Suite 301
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 285-9700; Fax: (804) 285-9745
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University Center for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
VCU Reproductive Medicine
Stony Point Women's Health
9000 Stony Point Pkwy
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 327-8820; Fax: (804) 237-6637
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine
448 Viking Dr, Suite 100
Virginia Beach VA 23452
Telephone: (757) 496-5370; Fax: (757) 481-3354
Lab Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Francisco M. Irianni, MD
1820 W. Plaza Dr
Winchester VA 22601
Telephone: (540) 662-6092; Fax: (540) 667-2476
Lab Name: Medical Faculty Associates,
Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WASHINGTON

Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS
11232 N.E. 15th St, Suite 201
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 646-4700; Fax: (425) 646-1076
Lab Name: Overlake Reproductive Health
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine
1370 116th Ave N.E., Suite 100
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 462-6100; Fax: (425) 635-0742
Lab Name: Eastside Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Bellingham IVF & Fertility Care
2980 Squalicum Pkwy, Suite 103
Bellingham WA 98225
Telephone: (360) 715-8124; Fax: (360) 715-8126
Lab Name: Bellingham IVF & Fertility
Care Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Poma Fertility
12039 N.E. 128th St, Suite 110
Kirkland WA 98034
Telephone: (425) 822-7662; Fax: (425) 822-0172
Lab Name: Poma Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Olympia Women's Health
403 Black Hills Ln S.W., Suite E
Olympia WA 98502
Telephone: (360) 786-1515; Fax: (360) 754-7476
Lab Name: Olympia Women's Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists
1101 Madison Ave, Suite 1050
Seattle WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 515-0000; Fax: (206) 515-0001
Lab Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Seattle Reproductive Medicine
Integramed America
1505 Westlake Ave North, Suite 400
Seattle WA 98109
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (206) 285-1119
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Sound Fertility Care, PLLC
509 Olive Way, Suite 501
Seattle WA 98101
Telephone: (206) 651-4432; Fax: (206) 973-7999
Lab Name: Poma Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University Reproductive Care
University of Washington
4245 Roosevelt Way N.E., 4th Floor
Seattle WA 98105
Telephone: (206) 598-4225; Fax: (206) 598-8722
Lab Name: University Reproductive Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

The Center for Reproductive Health
508 W. 6th Ave, Suite 500
Spokane WA 99204
Telephone: (509) 462-7070; Fax: (509) 462-7071
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

SRM Spokane
15920 E. Indiana Ave, Suite 200
Spokane Valley WA 99216
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (509) 321-5679
Lab Name: SRM Spokane Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

§Madigan Army Medical Center
9040A Jackson Ave
Tacoma WA 98431
Telephone: (253) 968-3783; Fax: (253) 968-5295
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WEST VIRGINIA

West Virginia University Fertility Center
830 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 210
Charleston WV 25302
Telephone: (304) 388-2863; Fax: (304) 388-2802
Lab Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

Cabell Huntington Hospital
Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
1600 Medical Center Dr, Suite 4500
Huntington WV 25701
Telephone: (304) 526-2602; Fax: (304) 691-1410
Lab Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital, Center for
Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1322 Pineview Dr, Suite 2
Morgantown WV 26505
Telephone: (304) 598-3100; Fax: (304) 598-8301
Lab Name: West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

WISCONSIN

Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services
The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare
Medical Center
2845 Greenbrier Rd, Suite 350
Green Bay WI 54311
Telephone: (920) 288-8500; Fax: (920) 288-8570
Lab Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility
Services, Green Bay Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin
Reproductive Medicine Center
North Hills Health Center
W129 N0755 Northfield Dr, Bldg B, Suite 500
Menomonee Falls WI 53051
Telephone: (262) 253-9220; Fax: (262) 253-9221
Lab Name: Froedtert Hospital Reproductive
Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care
2365 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-6160; Fax: (608) 827-3040
Lab Name: University of Wisconsin-Generations
Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Wisconsin Fertility Institute
3146 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-0075; Fax: (608) 829-0748
Lab Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Reproductive Specialty Center
2350 N. Lake Dr, Suite 504
Milwaukee WI 53211
Telephone: (414) 289-9668; Fax: (414) 289-0974
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Gundersen Fertility Center
Center for Women
3111 Gundersen Dr, 4th Floor
Onalaska WI 54650
Telephone: (608) 775-2306; Fax: (608) 775-2993
Lab Name: Gundersen Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services,
West Allis
West Allis Memorial Hospital
8901 W. Lincoln Ave, 2nd Floor
West Allis WI 53227
Telephone: (414) 329-4300; Fax: (414) 329-4399
Lab Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility
Services, West Allis Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP

2015 Nonreporting Clinics, by State

The clinics listed below provided ART services and were in operation as of January 1, 2015 and accordingly were required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act passed by the US Congress. These clinics either failed to submit data or the clinic's medical director did not approve the clinic's 2015 ART data for inclusion in this report.

Consumers who are aware of a clinic that was in operation in 2015 but is not included in this report's lists of either reporting or nonreporting clinics are encouraged to contact us with the complete name, mailing address, and telephone number of the clinic, by e-mail at artinfo@cdc.gov or by regular mail at CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team; 4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop F-74; Atlanta GA 30341-3717. Providing this information will help ensure that clinics that should be in the report will be included in upcoming years.

Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since January 1, 2015.

†Peninsula Medical Center
John Nels Anderson, MD
265 N. Binkley St
Soldotna AK 99669
Telephone: (907) 262-4161; Fax: (907) 262-1545

Reproductive Health Center
4518 E. Camp Lowell Dr
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 733-0083; Fax: (520) 733-0771

Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD
1560 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 200
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 242-9933; Fax: (818) 242-9937

Hope IVF and Fertility Center
2500 Alton Pkwy, Suite 201
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 387-3888; Fax: (949) 387-3907

La Jolla IVF
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 610
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 558-2221; Fax: (858) 558-2263

Acacio Fertility Center
27882 Forbes Rd, Suite 200
Laguna Niguel CA 92677
Telephone: (949) 249-9200; Fax: (949) 249-9203

LA IVF Clinic
2080 Century Park East, Suite 400
Los Angeles CA 90067
Telephone: (310) 286-2800; Fax: (310) 691-1116

CARE for the Bay Area
555 Knowles Dr, Suite 212
Los Gatos CA 95032
Telephone: (408) 628-0783; Fax: (888) 850-3405

Women's Healthcare Institute
18546 Roscoe Blvd, Suite 220
Northridge CA 91324
Telephone: (818) 886-0600; Fax: (818) 886-0010

†IVF-Orange Surgery Center
431 S. Batavia St, Suite 102
Orange CA 92868
Telephone: (714) 771-7800; Fax: (714) 289-9900

Hanabusa IVF
4910 Directors Pl, Suite 150
San Diego CA 92121
Telephone: (858) 255-4781; Fax: (858) 630-5552

Williams OB/GYN & Associates
1334 W. Covina Blvd, Suite 102
San Dimas CA 91773
Telephone: (909) 599-8677; Fax: (909) 592-0999

Dr. Aimee Eyvazzadeh
5401 Norris Canyon Rd, Suite 106
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 277-0600; Fax: (925) 277-0801

†Garfield Fertility Center
1151 El Centro St, Suite A
South Pasadena CA 91030
Telephone: (626) 403-1888; Fax: (626) 403-2188

†Bonaventura Reproductive Medicine
10610 N. Pennsylvania St, Suite 100
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 580-4493; Fax: (317) 587-7056

Center for Reproductive Medicine
9711 Medical Center Dr, Suite 214
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 424-1904; Fax: (301) 424-1902

Siu Ng-Wagner, MD
14955 Shady Grove Rd Suite 125
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1495; Fax: (301) 838-9712

†Reproductive Medicine Center
606 24th Ave South, Suite 500
Minneapolis MN 55454
Telephone: (612) 627-4564; Fax: (612) 372-7040

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine
17300 N. Outer 40 Rd, Suite 101
Chesterfield MO 63005
Telephone: (636) 778-9915; Fax: (636) 778-9915

†Princeton Center for Reproductive Medicine
65 S. Main St, Bldg C, Suite 100
Pennington NJ 08534
Telephone: (609) 818-1114; Fax: (609) 818-1100

†IVF New Jersey
81 Veronica Ave
Somerset NJ 08873
Telephone: (732) 220-9060; Fax: (732) 545-1164

†Brooklyn/Westside Fertility Center
Brooklyn Fertility Center
60 W. 68th St, Suite 1A
New York NY 10023
Telephone: (212) 721-4545; Fax: (212) 721-4598

Braverman Reproductive Immunology, PC
800 Woodbury Rd, Suite G
Woodbury NY 11797
Telephone: (516) 584-8710; Fax: (516) 584-8711

†Premier Fertility Center
High Point Regional Health System
2783 NC Hwy 68, Suite 104
High Point NC 27265
Telephone: (336) 841-7070; Fax: (336) 841-7077

†Fertility Center of Northwest Ohio
2142 N. Cove Blvd
Toledo OH 43606
Telephone: (419) 291-8830; Fax: (419) 479-6005

Northwest Fertility Center
1750 S.W. Harbor Way, Suite 200
Portland OR 97201
Telephone: (503) 227-7799; Fax: (503) 227-5452

†Infertility Solutions, PC
1275 S. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 3
Allentown PA 18103
Telephone: (610) 776-1217; Fax: (610) 776-4149

GENES Fertility Institute
Doral Bank Center
576 César González Ave, Suite 505
San Juan PR 00918
Telephone: (787) 767-2220; Fax: (787) 767-7781

†Southeastern Fertility Center
9221 University Blvd, Suite D2C
North Charleston SC 29406
Telephone: (843) 881-3900; Fax: (843) 856-2751

†Advanced Fertility & Reproductive Endocrinology
2324 Sunset Blvd
West Columbia SC 29169
Telephone: (803) 939-1515; Fax: (803) 939-0977

†Dr. Jeffrey Youngkin
Austin Fertility Center
805 E. 32nd St, Suite 201
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 478-3188; Fax: (512) 478-5092

Office of Frank DeLeon, MD
1300 W. Terrell Ave, Suite 320
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 735-2300; Fax: (817) 882-8653

†Partners for Fertility and IVF
8100 Boone Blvd, Suite 430
Vienna VA 22182
Telephone: (703) 876-6311; Fax: (703) 876-6317

†The Beach Center for Infertility, Endocrinology
and IVF
844 First Colonial Rd, Suite 202
Virginia Beach VA 23451
Telephone: (757) 428-0002; Fax: (757) 428-4555

†GYFT Clinic, PLLC
2201 S. 19th St, Suite 101
Tacoma WA 98405
Telephone: (253) 475-5433; Fax: (253) 475-0290



**US Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Reproductive Health**