

Real-time Fluorescence PCR assays for the Detection and Characterization of Heat- labile and Heat-stable Enterotoxin Genes from Enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli*



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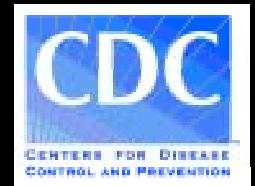
N. Lehn

Udo Reischl

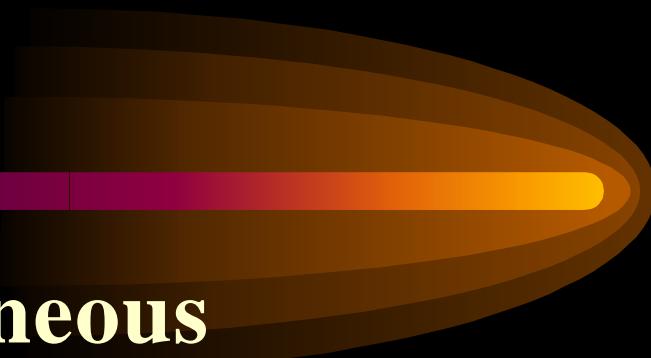


Enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli* (ETEC)

- Recognized as a pathogen in 1968, Calcutta, India
- Cause watery (cholera-like) diarrhea
 - Developing world
 - Travelers to endemic areas
- 26 outbreaks in US from 1975-present
- Produce plasmid-encoded enterotoxins
 - Heat-labile (LT)
 - Heat-stable (ST)



Detection of ETEC



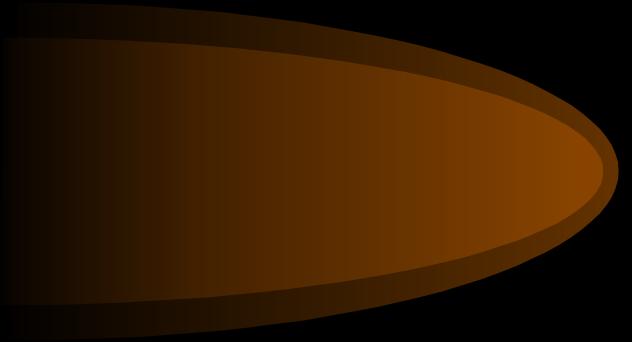
- Phenotypically heterogeneous
 - No bacteriologic culture methods
- Identified by detecting enterotoxins
 - Animal and cell culture
 - Immunological
 - DNA-hybridization
 - PCR

Conventional PCR challenges

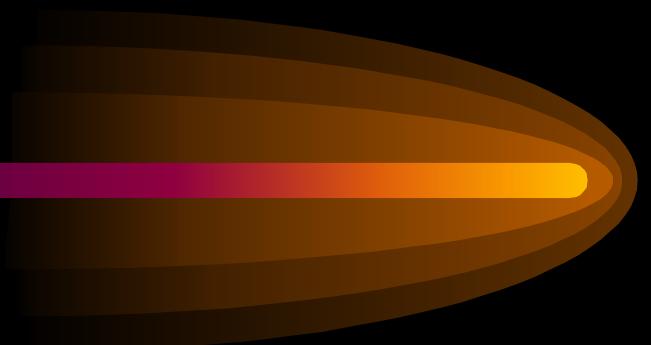
Gel-based detection format

- Labor-intensive
- Slow – gels required several hours
- Non-specific bands complicate interpretation
- Sequence confirmation of products not practical for most laboratories
- Opportunities to contaminate lab with PCR products



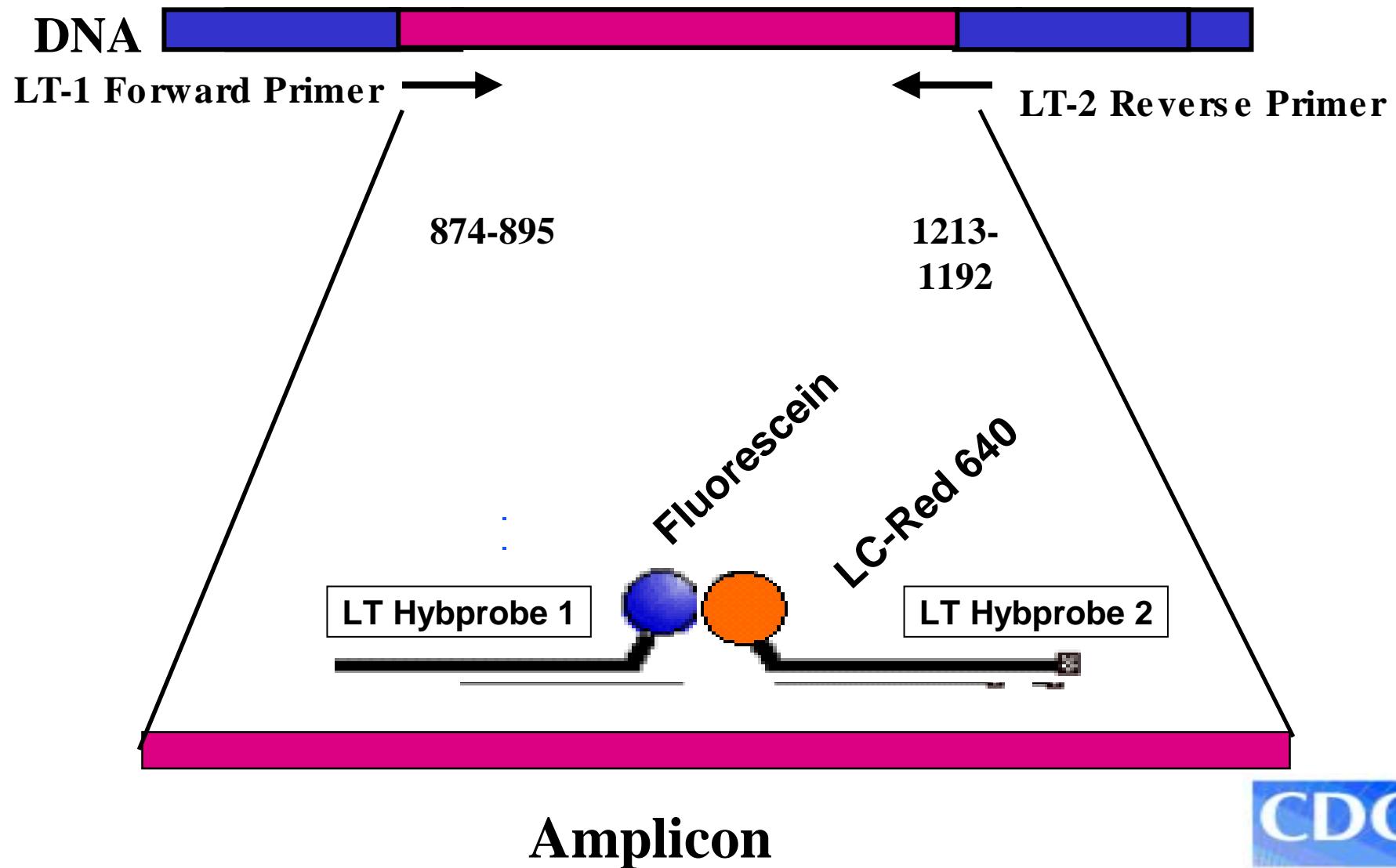


Objective

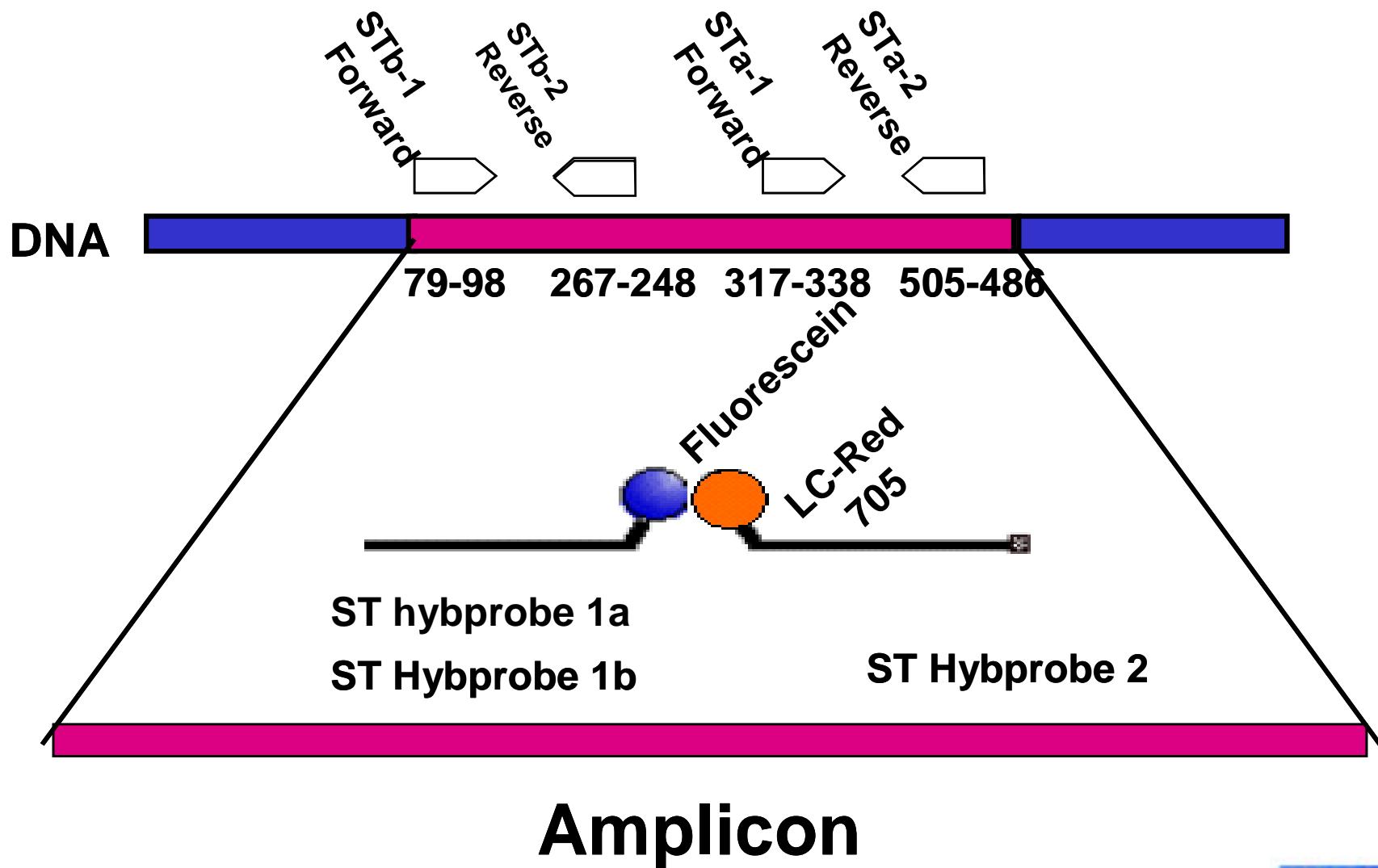


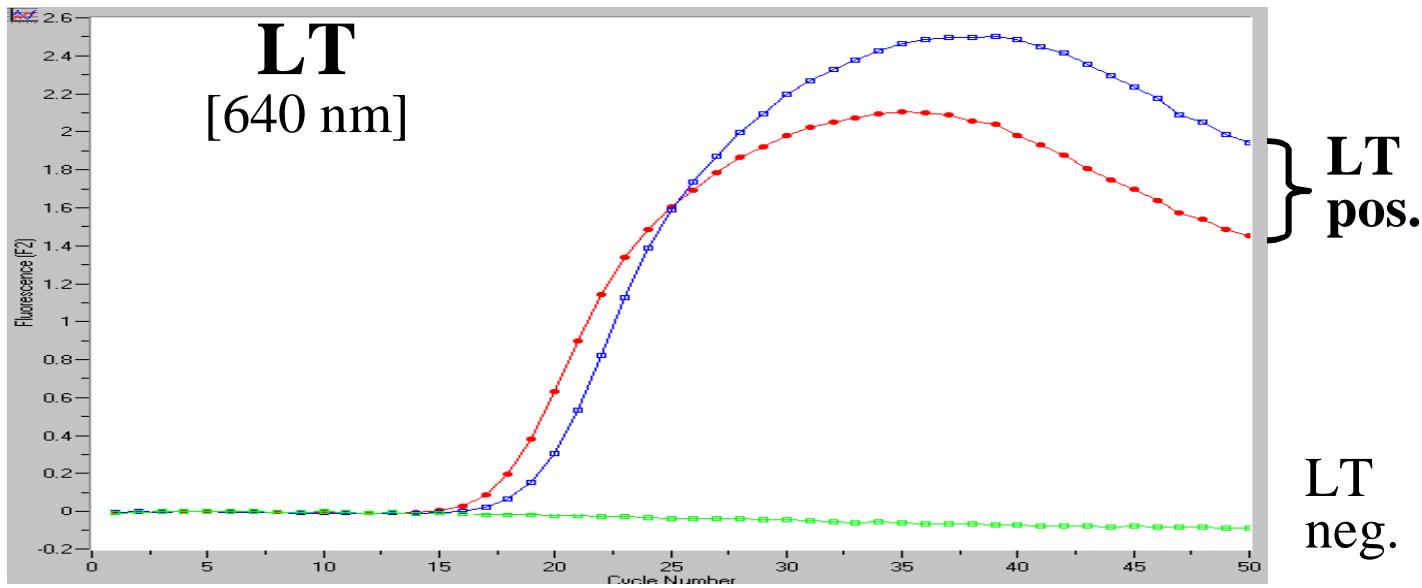
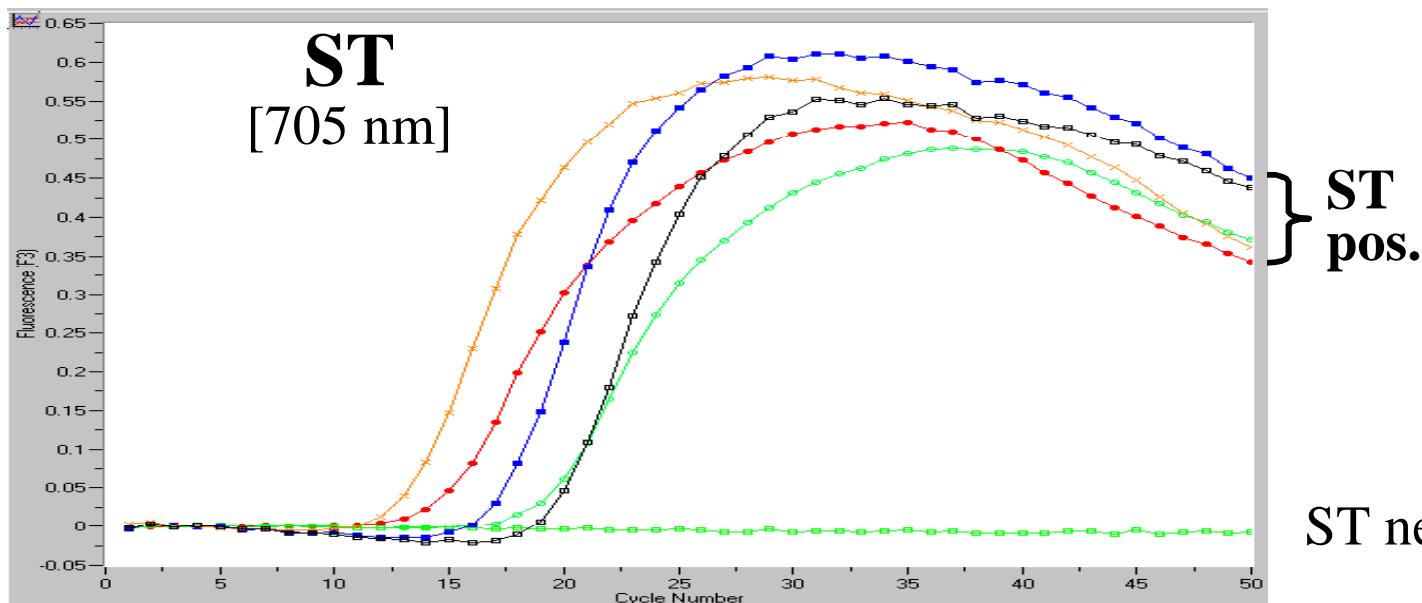
To develop a real-time fluorescence assay for the LightCycler to detect and characterize ETEC.

LightCycler PCR for the detection of LT

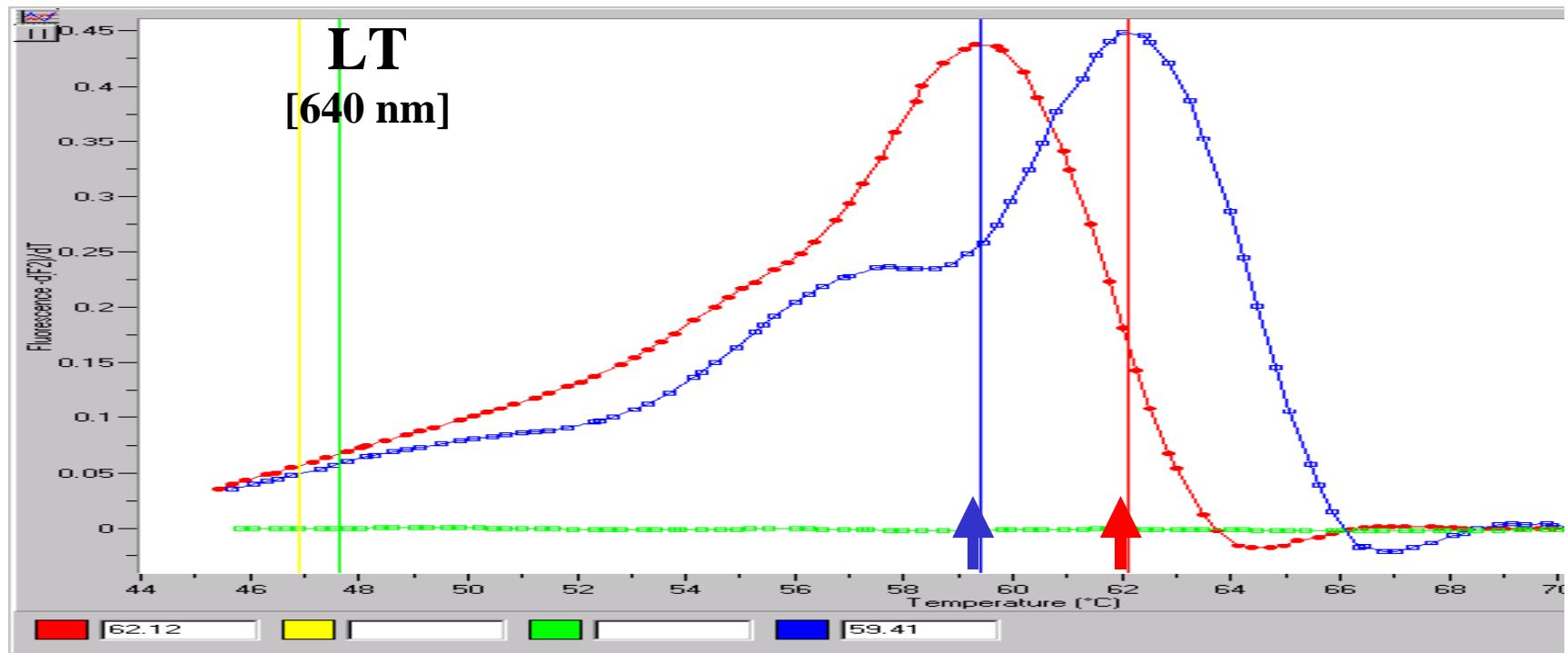


LightCycler PCR for the detection of ST



A**B**

Melting curve analysis of LT PCR products



61°C

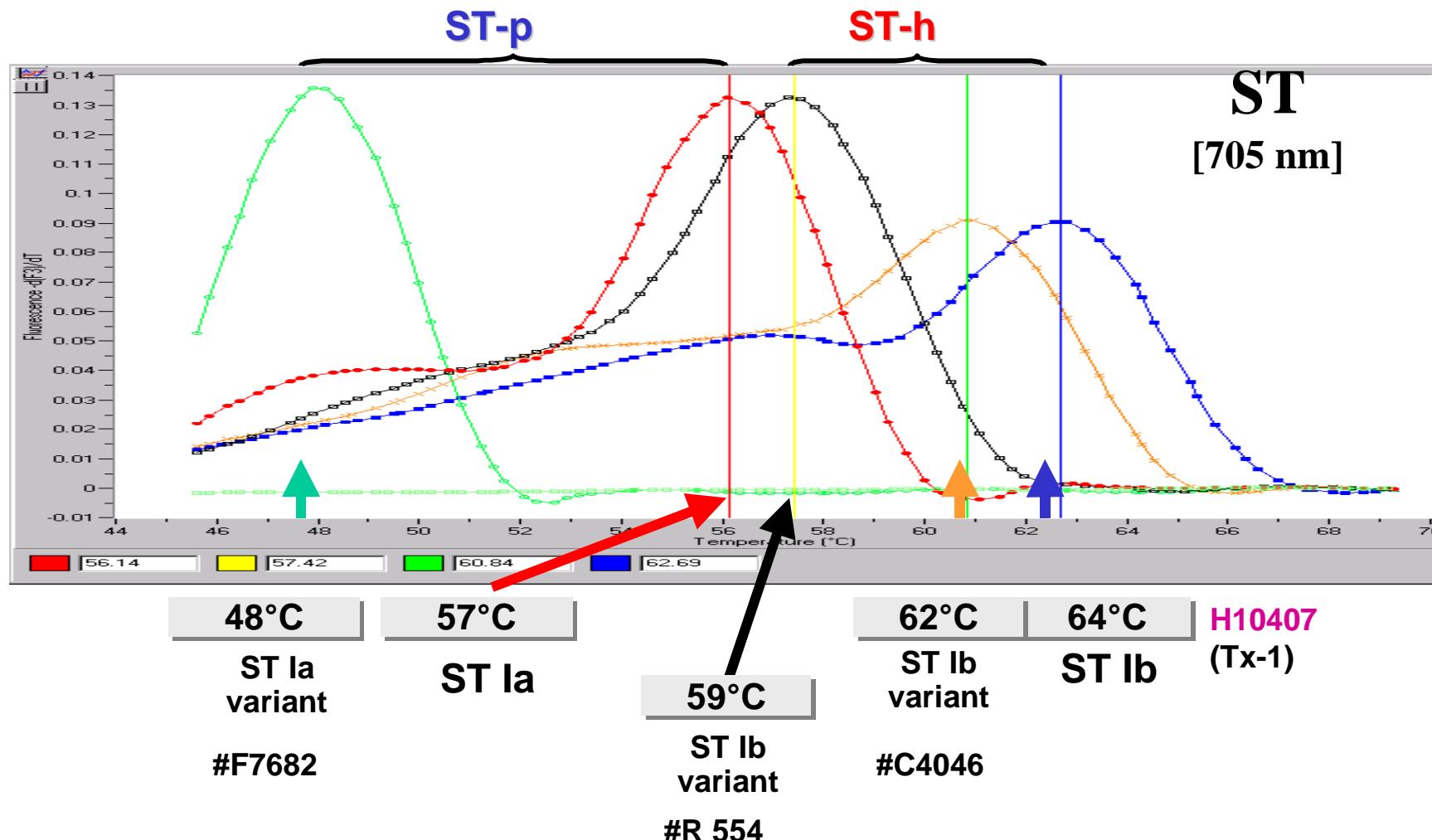
63°C

LT
variant
#F5176

LT
H10407



Melting curve analysis of ST PCR products



E. coli strains tested by conventional and LightCycler PCR assays (n = 160)

	Number of Strains
ETEC (45 serotypes)	137
LT	74
ST1a (STp)	48
ST1b (STh)	66
Non-ETEC (13 serotypes)	23



Conventional PCR assays



Olive, M. 1989. J. Clin. Microbiol. 27:261-265.

Olsvik et al. 1991. J. Clin. Microbiol. 29:2375-2379.

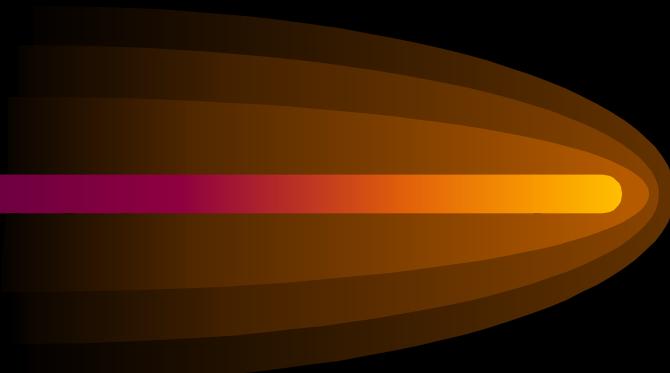
Schultsz *et al.* 1994. J. Clin. Microbiol. 32:2393-2397.

Correlation of conventional and LightCycler PCR results

n = 160 bacterial isolates

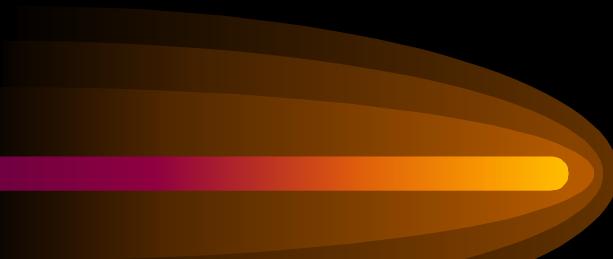
Target gene	Conventional PCR / LightCycler					Sensitivity	Specificity
	+/-	+/+	-/+	+/-	-/-		
ST Ia	48	0	0	122		100 %	100 %
ST Ib	66	0	0	105		100 %	100 %
LT	74	0	0	96		100 %	100 %

Summary



- **LightCycler ETEC PCR**
 - Equals conventional PCR in sensitivity and specificity
 - Faster (60 min vs 4.5-5 hrs)
 - Sequence-specific product identification
 - Detection of sequence variants
 - Limited multiplexing

Conclusion



LightCycler PCR is a good alternative
to conventional PCR for ETEC.